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## 1

$$T(1) = 1$$
  
 $T(n) = 2T(\frac{n}{2}) + 1000n \quad \forall n \ge 2$   
 $T(n) \in O(nlogn)$ , thus,  $T(n) \le cnlogn$   
Base case:  $n = 2$ 

$$T(2) = 2(1) + 1000(2) = 2002$$
 ,  $(2)log(2) = 2c$ 

Assumption that statement is true for k, k < n

$$T(k) \le cklogk$$

Induction

$$T(n) = 2T(\frac{n}{2}) + 1000n \le 2c\frac{n}{2}log\frac{n}{2} + 1000n =$$

$$cnlog\frac{n}{2} + 1000n =$$

$$cnlogn - cnlog2 + 1000n =$$

$$cnlogn - cn + 1000n =$$

$$cnlogn - (cn - 1000n) \le cnlogn$$

## $\mathbf{2}$

$$T(1) = 1$$

$$T(n) = 7T(\frac{n}{2}) + 18n^2 \quad \forall n \ge 2$$

$$T(n) \in O(n^3), \text{ thus, } T(n) \le cn^3$$
Base case: n=2

$$T(2) = 7(1) + 18(4) = 79$$
 ,  $c(2^3) = 8c$ 

Assumption that statement is true for k, k < n

$$T(k) \le ck^3$$

Induction

$$T(n) = 7T(\frac{n}{2}) + 18n^2 \le 7c(\frac{n}{2})^3 + 18n^2 =$$

$$\frac{7}{8}cn^3 + 18n^2 =$$

$$\frac{7}{8}cn^3 + 18n^2 + \frac{1}{8}cn^3 - \frac{1}{8}cn^3 =$$

$$cn^3 + 18n^2 - \frac{1}{8}cn^3 =$$

$$cn^3 - (\frac{1}{9}cn^3 - 18n^2) \le cn^3$$

3

$$\begin{split} T(1) &= 3 \\ T(n) &= T(\frac{n}{2} + n + 2 \quad \forall n \geq 2 \\ T(n) &\in O(nlogn), \text{ thus, } T(n) \leq cnlogn \\ \text{Base case: } n &= 2 \end{split}$$

$$T(2) = 5$$
 ,  $c(2)(log 2) = 2c$ 

Assumption that statement is true for k, k < n

$$T(k) = cklogk$$

Induction

$$T(n) = T(\frac{n}{2}) + n + 2 \le c\frac{n}{2}log\frac{n}{2} + n + 2 =$$

$$\frac{1}{2}cnlogn - \frac{1}{2}cnlog2 + n + 2 =$$

$$\frac{1}{2}cnlogn + \frac{1}{2}cn + n + 2 =$$

$$\frac{1}{2}cnlogn + \frac{1}{2}cn + n + 2 + \frac{1}{2}cnlogn - \frac{1}{2}cnlogn =$$

$$cnlogn + \frac{1}{2}cn + n + 2 - \frac{1}{2}cnlogn =$$

$$cnlogn - (\frac{1}{2}cnlogn - \frac{1}{2}cn - n - 2) \le cnlogn$$