

# Automating string processing in spreadsheets using input-output examples

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## Spreadsheets

	Α	В	С
1	Name	City	Phone
2	Α	Nanjing	12345678910
3	В	Yangzhou	10987654321
4	С	Zhenjiang	11111111111
5	D	Suzhou	222222222
6	E	Changzhou	3333333333
7	F	Wuxi	666666666
8	G	Nantong	999999999

#### Collect cities of residence

Name	Adress	City
A	Jiangsu, nanjing, nju	
В	Hubei, wuhan, hust	
C	Shandong, jinan, sdu	
D	Hunan, changsha, csu	

#### Copy-Paste one by one?

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- X Copy-Paste one by one?
- Flashfill using input-output example!

## Flashfill using input-output examples

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String Manipulation Language

```
SubStr2(
   Input(2),
   TokenSeq(AlphaToken),
   2
)
```

Program

## Flashfill using input-output examples

- String Manipulation Language
- Synthesize a program with input-output examples

```
1 Input(2) Output

Jiangsu,
A nanjing,
nju
Synthesize
```

```
SubStr2(
   Input(2),
   TokenSeq(AlphaToken),
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)
```

Input-output examples

Program

# String Manipulation Language

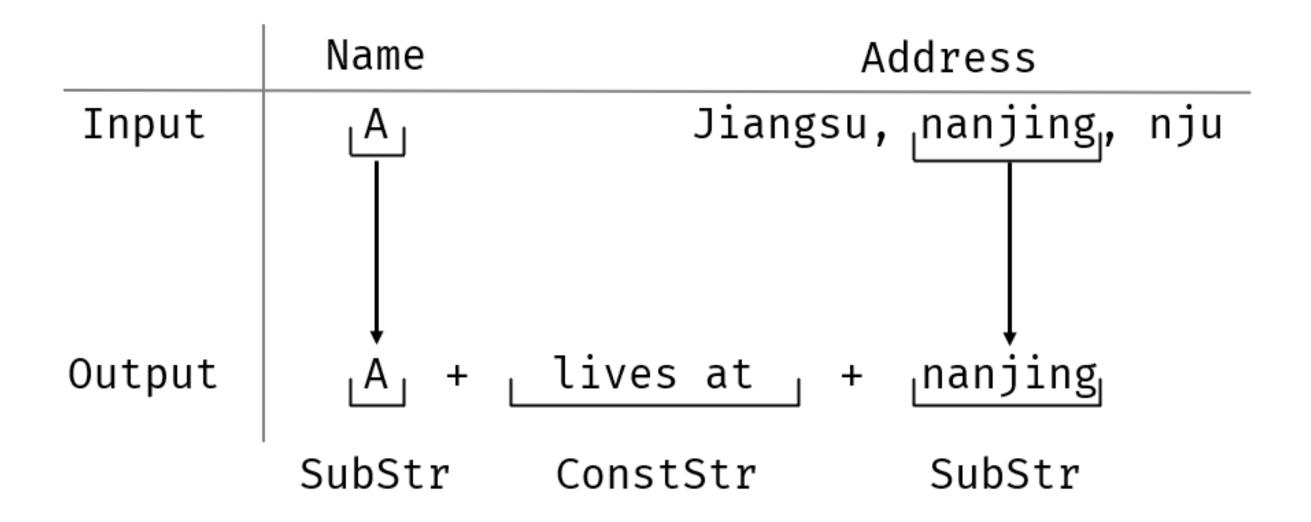
Construct Output Strings

#### Trace

Trace Expr is a <u>concatenation</u> of atom expressions, <u>substrings of inputs</u> or a <u>constant string</u>.

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Output: A lives at nanjing

```
SubStr( , , )
```

SubStr(Input, , )

Input : Index, which input string is used.

SubStr(Input, Left, Right)

Input : Index, which input string is used.

Left, Right: Position Expressions, the range of substring.

Name	Address		City
A	Jiangsu,	nanjing , nju	nanjing
	SubStr(		

SubStr(Input, Left, Right)

Input : Index, which input string is used.

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Name	Address	City
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	SubStr(Address,	

SubStr(Input, Left, Right)

Input : Index, which input string is used.

Left, Right: Position Expressions, the range of substring.

Name	Address	City
A	Jiangsu,   nanjing , nju	nanjing

SubStr(Address, CPos(9), CPos(-6))

SubStr(Input, Left, Right)

Input : Index, which input string is used.

Left, Right: Position Expressions, the range of substring.

Name	Address	City
A	Jiangsu,   nanjing , nju	nanjing

```
XSubStr(Address, CPos(9), CPos(-6))

✓SubStr(Address, Pos(ε, RE, 2), Pos(RE, ε, 2))
where RE = LowercaseTokens
```

Only use a small subset of regular expressions.

→ A Sequence of Tokens.

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```
R = TokenSequence(LowercaseTokens, NumericTokens)

R = [a-z]+ [0-9]+
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```
No kleen star ([a-z]*).
```

No <u>disjunct operation</u> ([a-z] | [0-9]).

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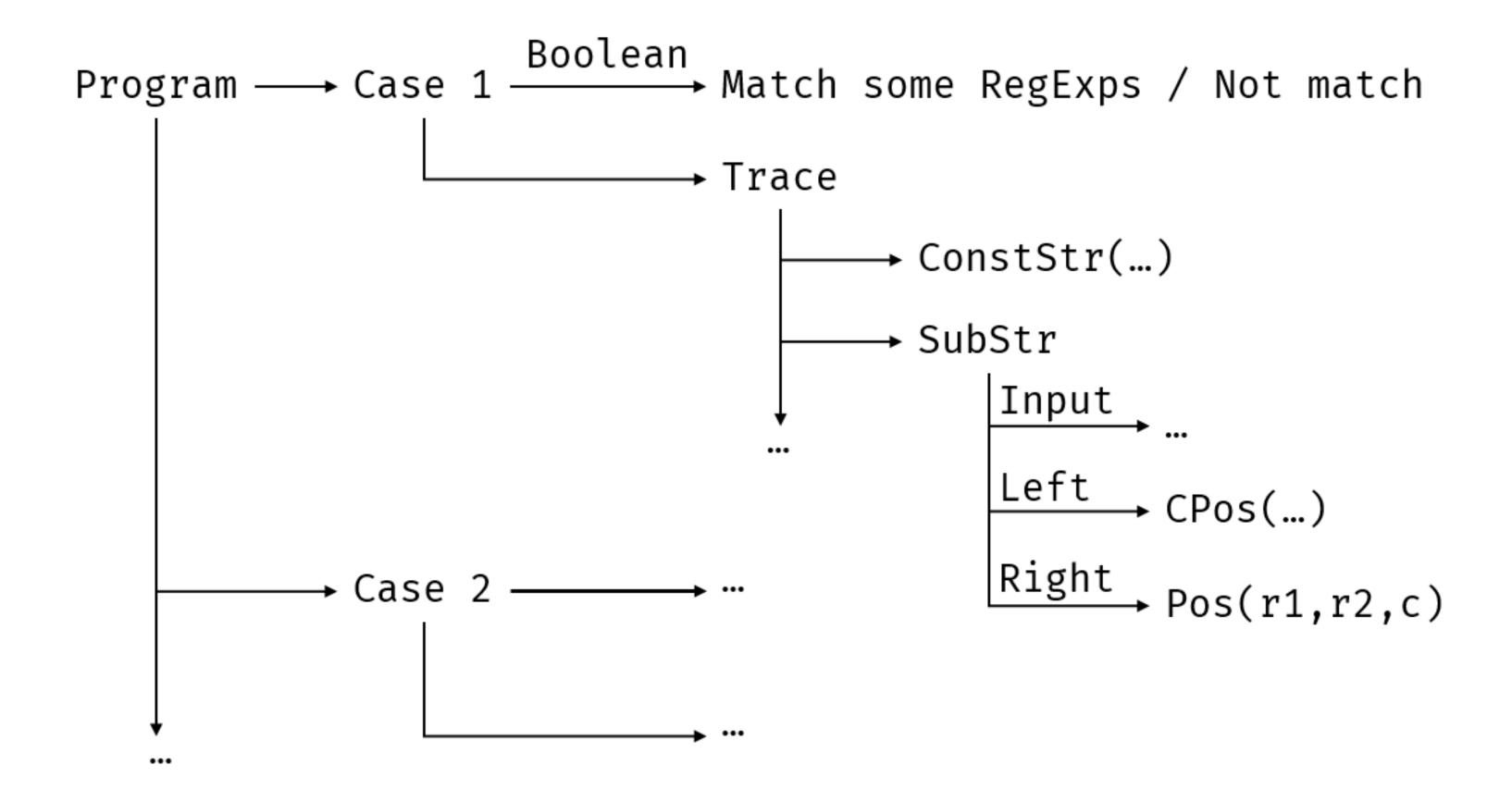
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R = TokenSequence(LowercaseTokens, NumericTokens)
R = [a-z]+ [0-9]+
```

No kleen star ([a-z]\*).

→ Efficient Algorithm

No <u>disjunct operation</u> ([a-z] | [0-9]).

#### Conditionals



## Example

Num	Rev	Code	
123	321	case 123: return 321;	
456	654	case 456: return 654;	
147	741		
258	852		

```
Trace("case_", SubStr(Num, CPos(0), CPos(-1)),

": return_", SubStr(Rev, CPos(0), CPos(-1)),

":'.")
```

## Example

Item	Output
Check-in: 2000 mora	2000 mora
New character: 180 fate	180 fate
Intertwined fate: 160 primogem	
New weapon: 240 fate	

Trace(SubStr(Item,

Pos(TokenSeq(Colon, Space), TokenSeq(Numeric), -1),
CPos(-1)))

## Alogrithom

Synthesize a program with input-output examples

Given some input-output examples  $(i_1,o_1),\ldots,(i_n,o_n)$ , Synthesize a program P such that  $P(i_1)=o_1,\ldots,P(i_n)=o_n$ .

1.

2.

3.

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1. Synthesize n programs  $P_k$  such that

$$P_1(i_1) = o_1, P_2(i_2) = o_2, \dots, P_n(i_n) = o_n$$

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2. Intersect programs into non-empty partitions greedily

$$(P_1\cap P_2,\{(i_1,o_1),(i_2,o_2)\}),(P_3\cap\ldots,\{(i_3,o_3),\ldots\}),\ldots$$

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3. Construct boolean classification for partitions

(Boolean Expression,  $P_1 \cap P_2$ ), ...

#### Generate Trace

**Goal.** Synthesize n programs  $P_k$  such that

$$P_1(i_1) = o_1, P_2(i_2) = o_2, \dots, P_n(i_n) = o_n$$

#### DAG

Nodes = **Each position** in the output string.

Edges = Each substring (i, j) where i < j.

The origin **exponential** problem  $\rightarrow$  **Quadratic** sub-problems!

## Generate Substring

The origin **exponential** problem  $\rightarrow$  **Quadratic** sub-problems

Goal. For each of  $n^2$  substrings, find all possible atom expressions to generate it.

**Use Brute-force!** 

#### Generate Partitions

Goal. Intersect programs into non-empty partitions

$$(P_1 \cap P_2, \{(i_1, o_1), (i_2, o_2)\}), (P_3 \cap \ldots, \{(i_3, o_3), \ldots\}), \ldots$$

#### **Boolean Classification**

Goal. Construct boolean classification for partitions

$$((\operatorname{Predicate} \wedge \ldots) \vee \ldots, P_1 \cap P_2), \ldots$$

where

 $Predicate := Match(Input, RegExp, Times) \mid \neg Match(...)$ 

**END** 

Q&A