

<System of linear Equations>

: Typically means more than one equation

A system of linear equations can have:

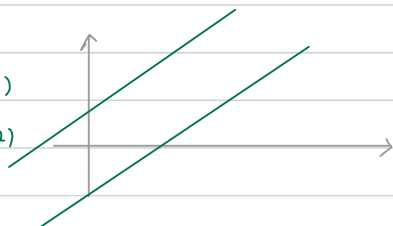
- No solutions
- Unique solution (means one & only one solution)
- Infinite number of solutions

Can not have 2 and only 2 solutions.

* No Solution

$$-2x + y = 2 \quad (a.1)$$

$$-4x + 2y = -2 \quad (a.2)$$



$$(a.1) \Rightarrow y = 2x + 2$$

Substitute in to (a.2)

$$-4x + 2(2x + 2) = -2$$

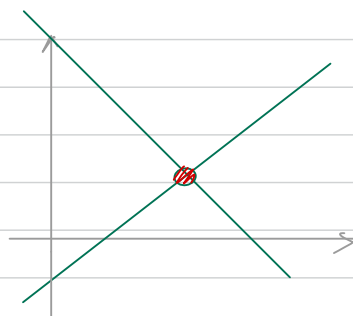
$$-4x + 4x + 4 = -2$$

$$4 = -2 \quad (\times) \text{ Contradiction}$$

* Unique Solution

$$3x - 3y = 3 \quad (b.1)$$

$$x + y = 7 \quad (b.2)$$



$$(b.1) \Rightarrow 3x = 3y + 3$$

$$x = y + 1$$

Substitute in to (b.2)

$$(y + 1) + y = 7$$

$$2y = 7 - 1 = 6 \Rightarrow y = 3 \quad (o)$$

$$x = 4$$

$$\text{Answer } \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

* Infinity of Solutions

$$x - 2y = -2 \quad (c.1)$$

$$3x - 6y = -6 \quad (c.2)$$

$$x + 2 = 2y$$

$$\left\{ y = \frac{1}{2}x + 1, x \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$

\Rightarrow all the solutions

