Homework2

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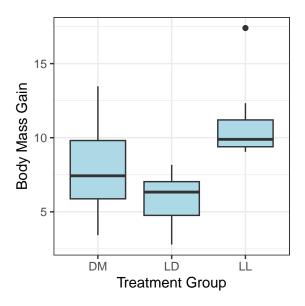
```
# libraries
library(tidyverse)
library(ggplot2)
library(perm)

# setup plot theme
theme_set(
   theme_bw() +
        theme(legend.position = "top")
   )

# import data
df = read_csv('./data/light.csv')
```

1. I will use boxplot to show the outcome by treatment group.

```
# boxplot
p1 = ggplot(df, aes(x = Light, y = BMGain)) +
  geom_boxplot(fill = "lightblue") +
  labs(x = "Treatment Group", y = "Body Mass Gain")
p1
```



2. Here I will subset the data to only consider LD (dark light) and LL (bright light) groups.

```
# filter by these two groups
df2 = df |>
  filter(Light == 'LL' | Light == 'LD')
summary(df2)
```

```
DayPct
##
      Light
                           BMGain
                                        Corticosterone
                                        Min. : 3.00
##
                      Min. : 2.790
                                                               :21.85
   Length:17
                                                         Min.
##
   Class :character
                       1st Qu.: 6.340
                                        1st Qu.: 23.40
                                                         1st Qu.:40.50
##
   Mode :character
                      Median : 9.050
                                        Median : 52.00
                                                         Median :61.45
##
                      Mean
                             : 8.618
                                        Mean : 59.86
                                                         Mean
                                                                :57.49
##
                       3rd Qu.: 9.890
                                        3rd Qu.: 70.47
                                                         3rd Qu.:81.60
##
                              :17.400
                       Max.
                                        Max.
                                              :191.22
                                                         Max.
                                                                :87.26
                                                           GTT120
##
    Consumption
                     GlucoseInt
                                           GTT15
##
   Min.
           :3.387
                    Length: 17
                                       Min.
                                              :226.6
                                                       Min.
                                                              :118.3
   1st Qu.:3.791
                                       1st Qu.:280.0
                                                       1st Qu.:153.7
##
                    Class :character
##
   Median :4.240
                    Mode :character
                                       Median :348.8
                                                       Median :227.3
##
  Mean
          :4.427
                                                              :251.8
                                       Mean
                                              :347.8
                                                       Mean
##
   3rd Qu.:4.873
                                       3rd Qu.:392.4
                                                       3rd Qu.:328.7
##
  {\tt Max.}
           :7.177
                                       Max.
                                              :500.0
                                                       Max.
                                                              :470.2
##
       Activity
##
  Min.
           : 153
  1st Qu.: 877
##
## Median :1649
## Mean
          :2660
## 3rd Qu.:4482
## Max.
           :6702
```

3. I will redefine the variables using generic names as follows:

```
    LL group: A = 1
    LD group: A = 0
    BMGain: Yohs
```

```
# edit df2 accordingly
df2 = df2 |>
mutate(A = ifelse(Light == "LL", 1, 0), # add variable A and input 1 for LL, 0 for LD group
    Y_obs = BMGain) |> # add new outcome column
select(-Light, -BMGain)
```

To evaluate the causal effect of light at night on weight gain, I will need the following quantities:

```
# define/calculate the quantities
N1 = sum(df2$A == 1)
N0 = sum(df2$A == 0)
N = N1 + N0
Yb_obs1 = df2 |>
  filter(A == 1) |>
  summarize(mean_Y_obs = mean(Y_obs)) |>
  pull(mean_Y_obs)
Yb_obs0 = df2 |>
  filter(A == 0) |>
```

```
summarize(mean_Y_obs = mean(Y_obs)) |>
pull(mean_Y_obs)
```

- Number of mice in LL group: $N_1 = 9$
- Number of mice in LD group: $N_0 = 8$
- Total number of mice in LL and LD group: N = 17
- Mean of the outcome variable for LL group: $\bar{Y}_1^{obs}=11.01$ Mean of the outcome variable for LD group: $\bar{Y}_0^{obs}=5.93$

4.

```
# calculate t_obs
T_{obs} = Yb_{obs1} - Yb_{obs0}
```

```
T_{obs} = \bar{Y}_1^{\text{obs}} - \bar{Y}_0^{\text{obs}} = 5.08
```

5. Under the completely randomized experiment where N1 and N0 are fixed, there are $\binom{N}{N_1} = 24310$ possibilities for A.

```
# enumerate them in a matrix
A = chooseMatrix(N, N1)
```

6. The sharp null hypothesis:

```
H_0: Y_i^1 = Y_i^0 for all i
```

where Y_i^1 is the potential outcome for mouse i if they are assigned to A=1, and Y_i^0 is the potential outcome for mouse i if they are assigned to A = 0.

```
# create df that has the group assignment based on the first row of matrix A
df3 = df2
df3\$A = A[1,]
# calculate t under the first possibility of A, under the sharp null hypothesis
T_stat = mean(df3\$Y_obs[df3\$A == 1]) - mean(df3\$Y_obs[df3\$A == 0])
```

Under the sharp null hypothesis, the test statistic under the first row of matrix A is 1.55.

7. I will iterate the process in 6 for all the possibilities of matrix A to obtain the exact randomization distribution for T under the sharp null hypothesis.

```
# set up df to store T statistic values
rdist = rep(NA, times = A_num)
# iteration
for (i in 1:A_num) {
  df_ite <- df2
  df_ite$A <- A[i,]</pre>
 rdist[i] <- mean(df_ite$Y_obs[df_ite$A == 1]) - mean(df_ite$Y_obs[df_ite$A == 0])</pre>
}
# plot histogram
ggplot(data.frame(t_stat = rdist), aes(x = t_stat)) +
  geom histogram(binwidth = 0.5, color = "black", fill = "skyblue") +
  labs(title = "Histogram of T Statistics", x = "T Statistic", y = "Frequency")
```

