## **DBMS ASSIGNMENT 8**

NAME- YASH JAIN

COURSE-B.TECH(H.)-CS-2<sup>ND</sup> YR

ROLL NO.- 2215800033

1. Write a PL/SQL code block to compute the factorial of a number.

```
    □ Feedback    ② Help    ② yash.jain_cs.h22@gla.ac.in    ✓

    Save
         SQL Worksheet
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      1 v declare
                                                  i int;
     2
     3
                                                    n int;
     4
                                                  mul int;
     5 <sub>v</sub> begin
                                                 mul:=1;
                                                  for i in 1..n
                                                 loop
10 mul:=mul*i;
11
                                                    end loop:
                                              dbms_output.put_line('factorial' || ' ' || mul);
12
13
14 end;
15
  Statement processed.
  factorial 120
```

2. Write a PL/SQL code block to determine whether the number is prime or not.

```
SQL Worksheet
                                                                   Find Actions V
                                                                                             ☐ Save
S SE STATE
 2
       n int;
 3
       i int;
       f int;
 _{\rm v} begin
 6
       f:=0;
 7
 8 ,
      for i in 2..(n-1)
 9
      loop
10
       if mod(n,i)=0
11
      then
12
      dbms_output.put_line('Not Prime');
13
       end if;
14
       end loop;
15
       if f=0
Statement processed.
Prime
```

3. Write a PL/SQL code block to display n terms of a fibonacci series.

```
SQL Worksheet
E AND PA
47 DECLARE
48
       n NUMBER := 10;
49
       a NUMBER := 0;
50
       b NUMBER := 1;
51
       fib NUMBER:
52 v BEGIN
       DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT(a || ' ' || b || ' ');
53
       FOR i IN 3..n LOOP
           fib := a + b;
           DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT(fib || ' ');
57
           a := b;
58
          b := fib:
       END LOOP;
59
60 END;
Statement processed.
```

4. Write a PL/SQL code block to display the names and GPA of students from student table using an explicit cursor.

```
DECLARE

CURSOR student_cursor IS

SELECT NAme, GPA FROM Student;

v_gpa Student.SName%TYPE;

v_gpa Student.GPA%TYPE;

BEGIN

OPEN student_cursor;

LOOP

BETCH student_cursor INTO v_student_name, v_gpa;

EXIT WHEN student_cursor*MOTFOUND;

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Student: ' || v_student_name || ', GPA: ' || v_gpa);

END LOOP;

CLOSE student_cursor;

ax FIND

Statement processed.

Student: Amy, GPA: 3.9

Student: Amy, GPA: 3.9

Student: Amy, GPA: 3.9

Student: Fay, GPA: 3.9

Student: Fay, GPA: 3.9

Student: Fay, GPA: 3.8

Student: Gary, GPA: 3.8

Student: Gary, GPA: 3.8

Student: Gary, GPA: 3.7

Student: Gary, GPA: 3.7

Student: Trene. GPA: 3.7

Student: Trene. GPA: 3.9
```

5. Write a PL/SQL code block that displays the names, GPA of students along with the g rades of students after calculation from student table using an explicit cursor.

Add a column grade to the student table; update the grades of students to the table after ca lculation. (The criteria of grade can be considered as grade = A if gpa>3.7; and grade = B, oth erwise).