

<!DOCTYPE>	Every HTML document must begin with this
<html>	Represent the root element. All other elements must be descendants of this element.
<head>	Head tag contains metadata about the document like title, style sheets and scripts
<title>	Defines a title for the document and very important for SEO.
<body>	represents the content of an HTML document.

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Content Sectioning

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<header>	The <header> element represents a container for introductory content or a set of navigational links.
<h1> to <h6>	represents six levels of headings. <h1> is the highest one and <h6> is the lowest.
<main>	The <main> tag specifies the main content of a document.
<nav>	The <nav> tag defines a set of navigation links, directing users within document or to another page.
<section>	The <section> element represents a standalone section.
<aside>	It represents a portion of a document whose content is indirectly related to the document's main content.
<address>	The <address> tag defines the contact information.
<footer>	The <footer> tag defines a footer for a document or section. It mainly contains information about the author of the section, copyright data or links to related documents.

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Text Sectioning

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<div>	The <div> tag is used as a container for HTML elements.
<dl> & <dd>	The <dl> tag defines a description list. The <dd> tag is used to describe a term/name in a description list.
	unordered list of items, typically rendered as a bulleted list.
	represents an ordered list of items, typically rendered as a numbered list.
	The HTML element is used to represent an item in a list.
<p>	The HTML <p> element represents a paragraph.
<figure>	The <figure> tag specifies self-contained content, like illustrations, diagrams, photos, code listings, etc
<figcaption>	The <figcaption> tag defines a caption for a <figure> element.