

🗶 SimpleFileServer 软件配置与运维文档

1. 配置管理

1.1 环境配置文件

• 所有环境变量应统一配置在.env文件中

示例内容:

```
BASE_DIRECTORY='F:/simple'
```

1.2 配置加载模块

- 使用 config. is 加载当前环境的配置项。
- 部分代码片段:

```
// Configuration for the file server
// You can customize the base directory to serve files from
require('dotenv').config();
const fs = require('fs');
const os = require('os');
const path = require('path');
const crypto = require('crypto');
const TMP_DIR = path.join(os.tmpdir(), 'simple-file-server');
const BASE_DIR = process.env.BASE_DIRECTORY || 'F:/simple';
const DB_NAME = crypto.createHash('sha256').update(BASE_DIR.endsWith('/') ?
BASE_DIR.slice(0, -1) : BASE_DIR).digest('hex') + '.db';
if (!fs.existsSync(TMP_DIR)) {
  fs.mkdirSync(TMP_DIR, { recursive: true });
}
module.exports = {
  port: process.env.PORT || 11073,
  baseDirectory: BASE_DIR,
  logsDirectory: process.env.LOG_DIRECTORY || 'logs',
  // Background image path - can be absolute or relative to server root
  backgroundImagePath: process.env.BACKGROUND_IMAGE_PATH || path.join(__dirname,
'bg.jpg'),
  // Background images folder - can be absolute or relative to server root
  backgroundImagesDir: process.env.BACKGROUND_IMAGES_DIR || path.join(__dirname,
'backgrounds'),
  uploadCountLimit: process.env.UPLOAD_COUNT_LIMIT || 10,
  uploadSizeLimit: process.env.UPLOAD_SIZE_LIMIT || 1024 * 1024 * 100, // 100MB
  contentMaxSize: process.env.CONTENT_MAX_SIZE || 5 * 1024 * 1024, // 5MB
```

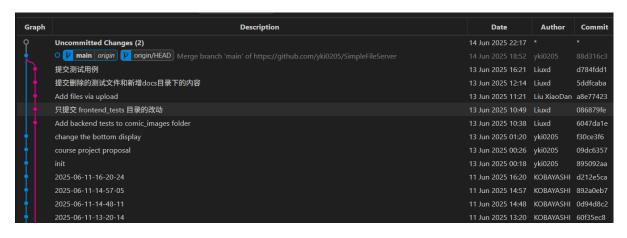
```
generateThumbnail: process.env.GENERATE_THUMBNAIL === 'true' || false,
  thumbnailCacheDir: process.env.THUMBNAIL_CACHE_DIR || path.join(TMP_DIR,
  'thumbnails')
}
```

1.3 敏感信息管理

- 敏感信息 (如 JWT 密钥) 不应硬编码在代码中, 应通过环境变量注入。
- CI/CD 构建时使用加密密钥管理工具 (如 GitHub Secrets) 注入敏感配置。

2. 版本控制 (Git)

这个软件项目的开发我们采用git丰富的版本控制机制来进行多人协作开发



3. 持续集成 (CI)

3.1 CI 工具

GitHub Actions

3.2 CI 流程设计

1. 安装依赖

```
bash
npm ci
```

2. 运行静态检查

```
bash
npm run lint
```

3. 单元测试

```
bash
npm run test
```

4. 构建

```
bash
npm run build
```

5. 打包 Docker 镜像

```
bash
docker build -t simplefileserver .
```

6. 推送镜像

bashdocker tag simplefileserver registry.example.com/simplefileserver:latest docker push registry.example.com/simplefileserver:latest

3.3 GitHub Actions 示例工作流

```
yamlname: Build & Deploy
on:
  push:
    branches:
      - main
jobs:
  build:
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest
    steps:
      - name: Checkout code
        uses: actions/checkout@v3
      - name: Setup Node.js
        uses: actions/setup-node@v3
        with:
          node-version: 18
      - name: Install dependencies
        run: npm ci
      - name: Lint
        run: npm run lint
      - name: Test
        run: npm run test
```

```
- name: Build
run: npm run build

- name: Deploy to server
  uses: appleboy/ssh-action@master
  with:
    host: ${{ secrets.HOST }}
    username: ${{ secrets.USERNAME }}
    password: ${{ secrets.PASSWORD }}
    script: |
        cd /var/www/simplefileserver
        git pull origin main
        npm install
        pm2 restart dist/server.js
```

4. 部署策略

4.1 本地部署

工具需求

• Node.js 18+ and npm

安装依赖

```
# Install backend dependencies
cd backend
npm install

# Install frontend dependencies
cd ../frontend
npm install
```

配置环境变量

```
BASE_DIRECTORY='F:/simple'
```

前端启动服务

```
bash
(Default port: 2711)
cd frontend
npm run build
npm start
```

后端启动服务

```
# Run the backend server (development mode) (Default port: 11073) cd backend npm run dev
```

打开浏览器访问应用

```
http://localhost:${YOUR_PORT_HERE}
```

4.2 Docker 部署

构建镜像

```
bash
docker build -t simplefileserver .
```

启动容器

```
bashdocker run -d \
  -p 3000:3000 \
  -v ./uploads:/app/uploads \
  -e PORT=3000 \
  --name simplefileserver \
  simplefileserver
```

5. 运维计划

5.1 日志监控

• 访问控制台打印输出的错误日志

5.2 性能监控

- 集成 Prometheus + Grafana 监控系统性能指标
- 使用 express-prom-bundle 收集 HTTP 请求数据

5.3 自动更新机制

- 使用 nodemon 实现热重载 (开发环境)
- pm2 start dist/server.js -i max --no-daemon

5.4 备份与恢复

- 定期备份
- 使用脚本或云存储实现定时备份

```
tar -czf backup_$(date +%Y%m%d).tar.gz uploads/
```

5.5 安全加固

- 强制 HTTPS (现在使用的还是http)
- 防止目录遍历攻击 (验证请求路径)
- 设置上传文件大小限制和类型白名单
- 使用 Helmet 中间件增强安全头设置