# Review of C-Programming: Structure, Enum

**Embedded Controller** 

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# **Structure-Basics**

#### **Structure**

# Structure type

- We can define our own data type
- A set of related field members
- Each field member can be defined with a different data type
- Structure declaration and definition
  - Structure variables, Tagged structures, Type-defined structures

```
typedef struct {
Example 1: Vector
                                     int32_t * val;
 Structure define
                                     unint16_t rows;
                                                                               Field member
(typedef structures)
                                     unint32_t norm;
                           }Vector;
                                                                               Structure name
                           typedef struct {
                                     double** at;
    Examle 2:
                                     int rows;
 Matrix Structure
                                     int cols;
                            }Matrix;
```

#### **Structure**

# • Example code

```
typedef struct {
     uint16_t sec;
     uint16_t min;
     uint16_t hour;
} TIME_TypeDef;
```

```
//variable with position_t type.

TIME_TypeDef time;

time.hour=18;
time.min=20;
time.sec=01;
```

```
// Also, we can define pointers to structures

TIME_TypeDef *pTime;

pTime=&time;

pTime->hour=17;

pTime->min=20;

pTime->sec=10;
```

C structure example.c



# **Structure: Exercise**

#### Exercise 2

<u>C structure exercise2.c</u>

- Define a structure member
- Structure
  - Typedef struct Handong
  - Members: char building\_name[100], int room\_number, char room\_name[100];
- Create structure variables room1, room2, room3. Assign the member values as

	Building name	Room number	Room name
room1	Newton	109	SSS-LAB
room2	Newton	118	Control-Lab
room3	Newton	119	SW-Lab

- Create `room1Pt` as Pointer variable of Handong type `room1`
- Print each room names as follows

```
Newton building, room 109 is SSSLAB
Newton building, room 118 is Control-Lab
Newton building, room 119 is SW-Lab
Newton building, room 119 is SW-Lab
room3 address=a43d7160 , roomPt = a43d7160
```

# **Structure: Exercise**

#### Exercise 3

C structure exercise3.c

- Define a structure member for 3D position
- Create the following functions

void addPos(POSITION\_TypeDef pos1, POSITION\_TypeDef pos1, POSITION\_TypeDef \*posOut); void getDist(POSITION\_TypeDef pos1, POSITION\_TypeDef pos1, POSITION\_TypeDef \*posOut); void printPos (POSITION\_TypeDef Pos);

# \*Structure for Embedded C

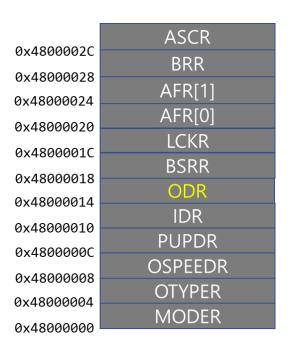
For Embedded Controller



#### **Structure: for Embedded C**

- Example in MCU programming: Structure
  - Use structure to define I/O Memory register

# **GPIO** register



```
typedef struct {
  volatile uint32 t MODER;
                             // Mode register
  volatile uint32 t OTYPER;
                             // Output type register
  volatile uint32 t OSPEEDR;
                             // Output speed register
  volatile uint32_t PUPDR;
                              // Pull-up/pull-down register
  volatile uint32 t IDR;
                              // Input data register
  volatile uint32 t ODR;
                              // Output data register
  volatile uint32 t BSRR;
                              // Bit set/reset register
                              // Configuration lock register
  volatile uint32 t LCKR;
  volatile uint32_t AFR[2];
                              // Alternate function registers
  volatile uint32 t BRR;
                             // Bit Reset register
  volatile uint32 t ASCR;
                              // Analog switch control
register
} GPIO TypeDef;
// Casting memory address to a pointer
#define GPIOA ((GPIO TypeDef *) 0x48000000)
```



# **Structure**

# • Structure within Structure

- Useful technique for embedded programming
- Example: structures for Finite State Machine, which you have learnt in Digital Logic

```
typedef struct{
           uint8_t Out
           uint8_t Time;
          const struct State *Next[2];
} State;
State State_t;
State_t FSM[4]={
           {0x21, 3000, {&FSM[0], &FSM[1] }}
          {0x22, 500, {&FSM[1], &FSM[1]}}
};
```

State Structure within State Structure



# Structure, Enum

#### Enumeration

- You may use enum to define argument parameter for I/O control
- Example: GPIO Pin Mode: Digital In, Digital Out, etc..

```
void GPIO_Initialize(GPIO_TypeDef *Port, uint32_t Pin, GPIO_Mode_Type mode);
...

GPIO_MODE_Type mode=MODE_IN;
GPIO_Initialize(GPIOA, PIN_5, mode);
```

