

①

$$(1) \frac{dy}{dx} + (\cos x)y = \sin 2x$$

1階微分方程式1点2"

$$y = e^{-r(x)} \left(\int e^{r(x)} \cdot Q(x) dx + C \right)$$

$$r(x) = \int \cos x dx, \quad Q(x) = \sin 2x \quad \text{1点2"}$$

$$y = e^{-\sin x} \left(\int e^{\sin x} \cdot \sin 2x dx + C \right)$$

$$= e^{-\sin x} \left(\int e^{\sin x} \cdot 2 \sin x \cos x dx + C \right)$$

$$t = \sin x \text{ とおくと } dt = \cos x dx$$

$$y = e^{-t} \left(\int e^t \cdot 2t dt + C \right)$$

$$= 2e^{-t} (te^t - \int e^t + C)$$

$$= 2e^{-t} (te^t - e^t + C)$$

$$= 2t - 2 + 2Ce^{-t}$$

$$= 2(\sin x - 1) + 2Ce^{-\sin x} \quad (C \text{ は定数})$$

$$(2) \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 6 \frac{dy}{dx} + 11y = 0$$

$$\text{特性方程式 } \lambda^2 + 6\lambda + 11 = 0 \text{ より } \lambda = -3 \pm \sqrt{2}i \text{ 1点2"}$$

$$\text{一般解 } y = \frac{C_1 e^{-3x} \cos \sqrt{2}x + C_2 e^{-3x} \sin \sqrt{2}x}{(C_1, C_2 \text{ は定数})}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{36 - 44}}{2} = -3 \pm \sqrt{2}i$$

$$(3) \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 6 \frac{dy}{dx} + 11y = 11x$$

$$\text{特殊解 } y = Ax + B \text{ とおくと}$$

$$y' = A, \quad y'' = 0$$

$$y'' + 6y' + 11y = 11x \text{ に代入すると}$$

$$6A + 11Ax + 11B = 11x$$

$$\begin{cases} 11A = 11 & A = 1 \\ 6A + 11B = 0 & B = -\frac{6}{11} \end{cases}$$

(2) の解と合わせて一般解 y は

$$y = \frac{C_1 e^{-3x} \cos \sqrt{2}x + C_2 e^{-3x} \sin \sqrt{2}x + x - \frac{6}{11}}{(C_1, C_2 \text{ は定数})}$$

$$(4) \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 6 \frac{dy}{dx} + 11y = \sin x$$

$$\text{特殊解 } y = A \sin x + B \cos x \text{ とおくと}$$

$$y' = A \cos x - B \sin x$$

$$y'' = -A \sin x - B \cos x$$

$$y'' + 6y' + 11y = \sin x \text{ に代入すると}$$

$$-A \sin x - B \cos x + 6A \cos x - 6B \sin x + 11A \sin x + 11B \cos x = \sin x$$

よって (2) の解と合わせて一般解 y は

$$y = \frac{C_1 e^{-3x} \cos \sqrt{2}x + C_2 e^{-3x} \sin \sqrt{2}x + \frac{5}{68} \sin x - \frac{3}{68} \cos x}{(C_1, C_2 \text{ は定数})}$$

$$\begin{cases} 10A - 6B = 1 \\ 10B + 6A = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$A = -\frac{5}{3}B$$

$$-\frac{50}{3}B - 6B = 1$$

$$B = -\frac{3}{68}, \quad A = \frac{5}{68}$$