

[3]

$$(1) \int_0^\pi \frac{\cos \theta}{3-2\cos \theta} d\theta$$

偶関数なので $= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{\cos \theta}{3-2\cos \theta} d\theta$

$$z = e^{i\theta} \text{ とおくと } dz = iz d\theta$$

$$|z|=1 \quad \cos \theta = \frac{z+z^{-1}}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{\cos \theta}{3-2\cos \theta} d\theta = \frac{1}{2} \int_{|z|=1} \frac{\frac{z+z^{-1}}{2}}{3-(z+z^{-1})} \frac{1}{iz} dz$$

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \int_{|z|=1} \frac{z+z^{-1}}{-z^2+3z-1} dz$$

$$= \frac{i}{4} \int_{|z|=1} \frac{z^2+1}{z(z^2-3z+1)} dz$$

被積分関数 $f(z) = \frac{z^2+1}{z(z^2-3z+1)}$ において

$|z|=1$ 内に含まれる特異点は $z=0, \frac{3-\sqrt{5}}{2}$ (1位の極点)

それぞれ留数は

$$\text{Res}[0] = \lim_{z \rightarrow 0} z f(z) = \lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \frac{z^2+1}{z^2-3z+1} = 1$$

$$\text{Res}\left[\frac{3-\sqrt{5}}{2}\right] = \lim_{z \rightarrow \frac{3-\sqrt{5}}{2}} \left(z - \frac{3-\sqrt{5}}{2}\right) f(z)$$

$$= \lim_{z \rightarrow \frac{3-\sqrt{5}}{2}} \frac{z^2+1}{z(z - \frac{3-\sqrt{5}}{2})}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{4}(14-6\sqrt{5})+1}{\frac{3-\sqrt{5}}{2}(-\sqrt{5})} = \frac{18-6\sqrt{5}}{2(5-3\sqrt{5})}$$

$$= \frac{(18-6\sqrt{5})(5+3\sqrt{5})}{2(25-45)} = -\frac{3}{20}(15-5\sqrt{5}+9\sqrt{5}-15) = -\frac{12}{20}\sqrt{5} = -\frac{3}{5}\sqrt{5}$$

留数定理より

$$\frac{1}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{\cos \theta}{3-2\cos \theta} d\theta = \frac{i}{4} 2\pi i (\text{Res}[0] + \text{Res}\left[\frac{3-\sqrt{5}}{2}\right])$$

$$= -\frac{\pi}{2} \left(1 - \frac{3}{5}\sqrt{5}\right)$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{2} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{5}-5}{5}\right) = \frac{3\sqrt{5}-5}{10} \pi$$

$$(2) \int_C \frac{\sin z}{z^n} dz$$

被積分関数 $f(z) = \frac{\sin z}{z^n}$ において 特異点は $z=0$ (n 重解)

n 位の極点 $z=0$ において 留数は

$$\text{Res}[0] = \frac{1}{(n-1)!} \lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{d}{dz}\right)^{n-1} z^n f(z)$$

$$= \frac{1}{(n-1)!} \lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{d}{dz}\right)^{n-1} \sin z$$

$$= \frac{1}{(n-1)!} \lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{d}{dz}\right)^{n-1} \left(z - \frac{1}{3!} z^3 + \frac{1}{5!} z^5 - \dots + \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n-1)!} z^{2n-1}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{(n-1)!} \begin{cases} 0 & (n=\text{奇数}) \\ -(n-1)! & (n=2m) \\ (n-1)! & (n=2m+2) \end{cases} ?$$

$$= \begin{cases} 0 & (n=\text{奇数}) \\ -1 & (n=2m) \\ 1 & (n=2m+2) \end{cases}$$

留数定理より

$$\int_C \frac{\sin z}{z^n} dz = \begin{cases} 0 & (n=\text{奇数}) \\ -2\pi i & (n=4m-2) \quad (m=1,2,3,\dots) \\ 2\pi i & (n=4m) \end{cases}$$

$$z = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{9-4}}{2} = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{5}}{2}$$

270-1)展開

$$\sin z = z - \frac{1}{3!} z^3 + \frac{1}{5!} z^5 - \dots + \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n-1)!} z^{2n-1}$$