

(1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{L}[f''(t)](s) &= \int_0^{\infty} e^{-st} f''(t) dt \\
 &= [e^{-st} f'(t)]_0^{\infty} - \int_0^{\infty} -s e^{-st} f'(t) dt \\
 &= 0 - f'(0) + [s e^{-st} f(t)]_0^{\infty} + \int_0^{\infty} s^2 e^{-st} f(t) dt \\
 &= -f'(0) + 0 - s f(0) + s^2 \int_0^{\infty} e^{-st} f(t) dt = \mathcal{L}[f(t)](s) \\
 &= s^2 \mathcal{L}[f(t)](s) - s f(0) - f'(0)
 \end{aligned}$$

(2)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{L}[t](s) &= \int_0^{\infty} t e^{-st} dt \\
 &= \left[ \frac{1}{s} t e^{-st} \right]_0^{\infty} + \int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{s} e^{-st} dt \\
 &= 0 - \left[ \frac{1}{s^2} e^{-st} \right]_0^{\infty} = \frac{1}{s^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} f(t) e^{-st} = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{L}[\sinh t](s) &= \int_0^{\infty} \sinh t e^{-st} dt \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\infty} \{ e^{(a-s)t} - e^{-(a+s)t} \} dt \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{a-s} e^{(a-s)t} + \frac{1}{a+s} e^{-(a+s)t} \right]_0^{\infty} \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{a-s} + \frac{1}{a+s} \right) = \frac{2a}{2(a^2 - s^2)} = \frac{a}{a^2 - s^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

(3)

$$x''(t) - a^2 x(t) = t$$

$$\mathcal{L}[x''(t)](s) - a^2 \mathcal{L}[x(t)](s) = \mathcal{L}[t](s)$$

(1), (2) &amp; (1)

$$s^2 \mathcal{L}[x(t)](s) - s f(0) - f'(0) - a^2 \mathcal{L}[x(t)](s) = \frac{1}{s^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{L}[x(t)](s) &= \frac{1}{s^2 - a^2} \cdot \frac{1}{s^2} = \frac{1}{a^2} \left( \frac{1}{s^2} - \frac{1}{s^2 - a^2} \right) \\
 &= \frac{1}{a^2} \left( \frac{1}{s^2} - \frac{1}{s^2 - a^2} \right) \\
 &= \frac{1}{a^3} \left( \frac{a}{s^2} + \frac{a}{a^2 - s^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

(2) &amp; (1)

$$x(t) = \frac{1}{a^3} (a t + \sinh t)$$

$$= \frac{t}{a^2} + \frac{1}{a^3} \sinh t$$