2013 ベクトル解析

(1) S,の面積とVの体積、 Ns(x,3,2)·hds (S,の面積) = 元·1²=元·# Vの体積は足も定数とすると X3平面 2"半径1-足の円だめら 元(1-足)²となり、 O S Z S 1 なので" V = So 元(1-2)² d Z · [-3元(1-2)³] = 元。

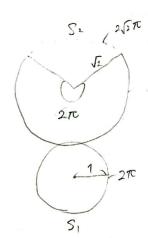
V= Jo 元(1-2)2 dz·[-また(1-2)]0=3...
Ns (x,1,2)·hds にずいる Sit Vの境界なのでがかみを散定理が Ns (x,1,2)·hds : Mr div(x,1,2)hds = 3MrdV=3x=10....

(2) $S_{1}(s,t)$ δh_{1} . $S_{2}(s,t)$ δh_{2} δR δh_{3} δR δh_{4} δR δh_{5} δR δh_{5} δR δh_{5} δ

 $S_{2}(z) = (u, v, 1 - \sqrt{u^{2}v^{2}})$ $\frac{\partial h}{\partial u} = (1, 0, -\sqrt{u^{2}v^{2}}), \frac{\partial h}{\partial v} = (0, 1, -\sqrt{v^{2}v^{2}})$ $\frac{\partial h}{\partial u} \times \frac{\partial v}{\partial v} = (\sqrt{u^{2}v^{2}}, \sqrt{v^{2}v^{2}}, 1)$ $h = \frac{1}{\sqrt{u^{2}v^{2}}} + \frac{v^{2}}{\sqrt{u^{2}v^{2}}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{u^{2}v^{2}}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{u$

(3) SIUJIBU, SIO面積、MVdivudV SIZ"はfixiy.z):OTaz"

 $U_{2}=(0.0.1)$ $(S_{2}, _{1})$ $= I_{2}$ $= I_{2}$



Ss, (x=1)ds X=rcox8. 3=rsin8 fofor rerardo = for [4r4]odo = 4 for do = 7