

## Running

```
# gdb <program> [core dump]
    Start GDB (with optional core dump).

# gdb --args <program> <args...>
    Start GDB and pass arguments

# gdb --pid <pid>
    Start GDB and attach to process.

set args <args...>
    Set arguments to pass to program to
    be debugged.

run
    Run the program to be debugged.

kill
    Kill the running program.
```

## Breakpoints

```
break <where>
    Set a new breakpoint.

delete <breakpoint#>
    Remove a breakpoint.

clear
    Delete all breakpoints.

enable <breakpoint#>
    Enable a disabled breakpoint.

disable <breakpoint#>
    Disable a breakpoint.
```

## Watchpoints

```
watch <where>
    Set a new watchpoint.

delete/enable/disable <watchpoint#>
    Like breakpoints.
```

## <where>

```
function_name
    Break/watch the named function.

line_number
    Break/watch the line number in the cur-
    rent source file.

file:line_number
    Break/watch the line number in the
    named source file.
```

## Conditions

```
break/watch <where> if <condition>
    Break/watch at the given location if the
    condition is met.
    Conditions may be almost any C ex-
    pression that evaluate to true or false.

condition <breakpoint#> <condition>
    Set/change the condition of an existing
    break- or watchpoint.
```

## Examining the stack

```
backtrace
where
    Show call stack.

backtrace full
where full
    Show call stack, also print the local va-
    riables in each frame.

frame <frame#>
    Select the stack frame to operate on.
```

## Stepping

```
step
    Go to next instruction (source line), di-
    ving into function.
```

```
next
    Go to next instruction (source line) but
    don't dive into functions.

finish
    Continue until the current function re-
    turns.

continue
    Continue normal execution.
```

## Variables and memory

```
print/format <what>
    Print content of variable/memory locati-
    on/register.

display/format <what>
    Like „print“, but print the information
    after each stepping instruction.

undisplay <display#>
    Remove the „display“ with the given
    number.

enable display <display#>
disable display <display#>
    En- or disable the „display“ with the gi-
    ven number.

x/nfu <address>
    Print memory.
    n: How many units to print (default 1).
    f: Format character (like „print“).
    u: Unit.

    Unit is one of:
        b: Byte,
        h: Half-word (two bytes)
        w: Word (four bytes)
        g: Giant word (eight bytes)).
```

## Format

<i>a</i>	Pointer.
<i>c</i>	Read as integer, print as character.
<i>d</i>	Integer, signed decimal.
<i>f</i>	Floating point number.
<i>o</i>	Integer, print as octal.
<i>s</i>	Try to treat as C string.
<i>t</i>	Integer, print as binary ( <i>t</i> = „two“).
<i>u</i>	Integer, unsigned decimal.
<i>x</i>	Integer, print as hexadecimal.

## <what>

*expression*

Almost any C expression, including function calls (must be prefixed with a cast to tell GDB the return value type).

*file\_name::variable\_name*

Content of the variable defined in the named file (static variables).

*function::variable\_name*

Content of the variable defined in the named function (if on the stack).

*{type}address*

Content at *address*, interpreted as being of the C type *type*.

*\$register*

Content of named register. Interesting registers are \$esp (stack pointer), \$ebp (frame pointer) and \$eip (instruction pointer).

## Threads

*thread <thread#>*

Chose thread to operate on.

## Manipulating the program

*set var <variable\_name>=<value>*  
Change the content of a variable to the given value.

*return <expression>*  
Force the current function to return immediately, passing the given value.

## Sources

*directory <directory>*  
Add *directory* to the list of directories that is searched for sources.

*list*  
*list <filename>:<function>*  
*list <filename>:<line\_number>*  
*list <first>,<last>*  
Shows the current or given source context. The *filename* may be omitted. If *last* is omitted the context starting at *start* is printed instead of centered around it.

*set listsize <count>*  
Set how many lines to show in „list“.

## Signals

*handle <signal> <options>*  
Set how to handle signles. Options are:

*(no)print*: (Don't) print a message when signals occurs.

*(no)stop*: (Don't) stop the program when signals occurs.

*(no)pass*: (Don't) pass the signal to the program.

## Informations

*disassemble*  
*disassemble <where>*  
Disassemble the current function or given location.

*info args*  
Print the arguments to the function of the current stack frame.

*info breakpoints*  
Print informations about the break- and watchpoints.

*info display*  
Print informations about the „displays“.

*info locals*  
Print the local variables in the currently selected stack frame.

*info sharedlibrary*  
List loaded shared libraries.

*info signals*  
List all signals and how they are currently handled.

*info threads*  
List all threads.

*show directories*  
Print all directories in which GDB searches for source files.

*show listsize*  
Print how many are shown in the „list“ command.

*whatis <variable\_name>*  
Print type of named variable.