Phase 2 Abstract Code w/SQL | CS6400 – Summer 2023 | Team 025

Table of Contents:

Main Menu	2
Enter Household Info	2
Add Appliance	3
Appliance Listing	5
Add Power Generation	6
Power Generation Listing	6
Wrapping Up	7
View reports	7
Top 25 popular manufacturers	8

Task Decomposition with Abstract Code

Main Menu

Abstract Code

- Show "Enter my household info" and "View Reports/Query Data" buttons.
- If "Enter my household info" button is pushed, perform Enter Household Info task
- If "View Reports/Query Data" button is pushed, perform View Report task

Enter Household Info

Abstract Code

- User enters '\$email', '\$postal_code'
- User selects '\$household type' from the dropdown
- User enters '\$square footage'
- User ticks "No Heat" box or enters '\$heating setting'
- User ticks "No Cooling" box or enters '\$cooling setting'
- User checks PublicUtilities (not required) '\$PublicUtility'
- If "Next" button is pushed,
 - Validate User Inputs as below:
 - If the '\$email' input already exists in Household table (namely the below query returns count > 0):

SELECT COUNT(email) FROM 'Household' WHERE email='\$email';

- Error message includes "Email already exists!"
- If the '\$postal_code' doesn't exist in Location table (namely the below query returns counts = 0):

SELECT COUNT(postal_code) FROM `Location` WHERE postal code='\$postal code';

- Error message includes "Postal code is not correct!"
- Elseif '\$postal_code' exists in Location table (namely the above query returns counts = 1):
 - Display city and state etc information for confirmation
 SELECT postal_code, city, state, latitude, longitude FROM
 `Location` WHERE postal_code='\$postal_code';
- If data validation of home_type, square_footage (positive whole number) doesn't pass:

- Error message includes "Please enter valid Home Type/Square footage"
- If "No Heat" box is not ticked
 - If data validation of *Thermostat setting for heating* (as a whole degrees Fahrenheit) doesn't pass:
 - Error message includes "Please enter valid thermostat setting for heating"
- If "No Cooling" box is not ticked
 - If data validation of *Thermostat setting for cooling* (as a whole degrees Fahrenheit) doesn't pass:
 - Error message includes "Please enter valid thermostat setting for cooling"
- If there is error message, **Pop Out Error Message Window and Go Back to Enter Household**
- If there is no error
 - Save Data To Household Table

INSERT INTO `Household` (email, square_footage, household_type, postal_code) VALUES ('\$email', '\$square_footage', '\$household_type', '\$postal_code');

If "No Heat" box is not ticked, Save Data to Household Table

INSERT INTO `Household` (email, heating_setting) VALUES ('\$email',
'\$heating_setting');

If "No Cooling" box is not ticked, Save Data to Household Table

INSERT INTO `Household` (email, cooling_setting) VALUES ('\$email',
'\$cooling_setting');

 If some Public Utilities are selected, for every selected utility, Save Data to PublicUtility Table

INSERT INTO `PublicUtility` (email, public_utility) VALUES ('\$email', '\$public utility');

Go To Add Appliance

Add Appliance

Abstract Code

Display Appliance Fields Based on User Selection

- Display dropdown menu of appliance_type and user selects '\$appliance_type',
 display dropdown menu for user selection of '\$manufacturer_name', display
 model and BTU and user enters '\$model' and '\$BTU'
- if user selects Air Handler
 - Displays fields of RPM and user enters '\$RPM'
 - Displays heating/cooling method of '\$AirHandlerType'
 - If user selects air conditioner, displays EER and user enters '\$EER'
 - If user selects heater, displays energy source and user enters '\$energy_source'
 - If user selects *heat pup*, displays *SEER and HSPF* and user enters '\$SEER' and '\$HSPF'
- If user selects Water Heater
 - Displays fields of tank size, current temperature setting and energy source
 - User enters '\$tank size', '\$current temperature' and '\$energy source'
- If "Add" button is pushed,
 - Run Data Validation of the Entered Fields
 - If '\$BTU' doesn't exist or not in whole number, add to error message
 - If '\$manufacturer name' or '\$model' is Null, add to error message
 - If Air Handler is selected
 - if '\$RPM' is Null or not in whole number, add to error message
 - If air conditioner is selected, '\$EER' is Null or not in decimal number to the tenth decimal point, add to error message
 - if heater is selected and '\$energy_source' is Null, add to error message
 - if *heat pup* is selected, '\$SEER' or '\$HSPF' *is Null* or not in decimal number to the tenth decimal point, add to error message
 - If Water heater is selected,
 - if '\$tank_size' is Null or not in decimal number to the tenth decimal point, add to error message
 - if '\$current_temperature' is not Null but not in whole number, add to error message
 - If '\$energy source' is Null, add to error message
 - If there is error message, Pop Out Error Message Window and Go Back to Add Appliance
 - If there is no error, based on user inputs

Create new Appliance to APPLIANCE database

INSERT INTO `Appliance` (email, manufacturer_name, model, BTU) VALUES ('\$email', '\$manufacturer_name', '\$model', '\$BTU');

- Get last auto insert ID applianceID
 - SET @applianceID = SELECT LAST INSERT ID();
- If '\$ApplianceType' is Air Handler

INSERT INTO `AirHandler` (email, applianceID, RPM) VALUES ('\$email', @applianceID, '\$RPM');

• If '\$AirHanlderType' is Air Conditioner

INSERT INTO `AirConditioner` (email, applianceID, EER) VALUES ('\$email', @applianceID, '\$EER');

If '\$AirHanlderType' is Heater

INSERT INTO `Heater` (email, applianceID, energy_source) VALUES ('\$email', @applianceID, '\$energy_source');

If '\$AirHanlderType' is HeatPump

INSERT INTO `HeatPump` (email, applianceID, SEER, HSPF) VALUES ('\$email', @applianceID, '\$SEER', '\$HSPF');

• If '\$ApplianceType' is Water Heater

INSERT INTO `WaterHeater` (email, applianceID, tank_size, current_temperature, energy_source) VALUES ('\$email', @applianceID, '\$tank_size', '\$ current_temperature', '\$energy_source');

• Then go to Appliance Listing

Appliance Listing

Abstract Code

- View Appliance
 - Query the Appliance table and display a list of appliances with info of Type,
 Manufacturer and Model

SELECT applianceID, appliance_type, manufacturer_name, model FROM `Appliance` WHERE email='\$email';

• If "delete" button is pushed, the related record is to **Delete Appliance** from Appliance table

DELETE From 'Appliance' where email='\$email' AND applianceID='\$applianceID';

• If "Add another appliance" button is pushed, go to Add Appliance

Jump to appliance form the page (as described above) and have the user input the appliance information.

• If "Next" button is pushed, go to Add Power Generation

Add Power Generation

Abstract Code

- Check if the user is Off-the-Grid
 - Only If '\$email' is in PublicUtility table, then Skip button is present
 SELECT COUNT(email) FROM `PublicUtility` WHERE email='\$email';
 - o If user presses **Skip** button, go to Power Generation Listing form
- If user presses Add button
 - If generation type is not selected, add to error message
 - If average monthly kilowatt hours is Null or not in whole number, add to error message
 - If battery storage capacity is not Null but not in whole number, add to error message
- If there is error message, Pop Out Error Message Window and Go Back to Add Power Generation
- If there is no error, based on user inputs, Save Data to PowerGenerator table and go to Power Generation Listing

```
INSERT INTO `PublicUtility` (email, generator_type, average_monthly_kilowatt_hours_generated, battery_storage_capacity_kilowatt_hours) VALUES ('$email', '$generator_type', '$average_monthly_kilowatt_hours_generated', '$battery_storage_capacity_kilowatt_hours');
```

Power Generation Listing

Abstract Code

- View Power Generation
 - Query the PowerGenerator table and display a list of Power Generation with info
 of Type, Monthly Kwh and MoBattery kWh

```
SELECT generatorID, generator_type,
average_monthly_kilowatt_hours_generated,
battery_storage_capacity_kilowatt_hours FROM `PublicUtility`
where email='$email';
```

• If "delete" button is pushed, the related record is to **Delete Power Generation** from POWERGENERATOR table

DELETE From `PowerGenerator` where email='\$email' AND generatorID='\$generatorID';

- If "Add more power" button is pushed, go to Add Power Generation form
- If "Finish" button is pushed,
 - If there is no power added and the user is not in PublicUtility table, i.e., the result of following query returns 0, pop up Window to remind adding power, then go back to Add Power Generation form

```
SELECT COUNT(email)
FROM (
SELECT pg.email
FROM `PowerGenerator` pg LEFT Outer JOIN `PublicUtility` pu ON pg.email = pu.email
WHERE pg.email='$email'
UNION
SELECT pu.email
FROM `PowerGenerator` pg RIGHT OUTER JOIN `PublicUtility` pu ON pg.email = pu.email
WHERE pu.email='$email'
) AS derived_table_alias;
```

- else:
 - Go to Wrapping Up form

Wrapping Up

Abstract Code

- Show "Return to the main menu" button.
- If "Return to the main menu" button is pushed, perform Main Menu task

View reports

Abstract Code

- Show links for the following sections: *Top 25 popular manufacturers, Manufacturer/model search, Heating/cooling method details, Water heater statistics by state, Off-the-grid household dashboard, Household averages by radius*
- If each of the link is pushed by the user, perform the corresponding task with the same name

- *e.g.*, if "*Top 25 popular manufacturers*" is pushed, perform **Top 25 popular** manufacturers
- If "Finish" button is pushed, perform Main Menu task

Top 25 popular manufacturers

Abstract Code

- List the top twenty-five manufacturers
 - Query the APPLIANCE table and MANUFACTURER table (with APPLICANCE left joined by MANUFACTURER via common key ManufacturerName)
 - Display the list of top 25 manufacturers with the most appliances, with columns of manufacturer name, raw count presented (see code below)
 - At each row show a button drilldown report to enable the subtask drilldown report
 - If *drilldown report* pushed by the user, perform *drilldown report* for the specific manufacturer in that row

```
## this is the code for list top 25 manufacturer
SELECT Appliance.manufacturer_name, count(*) AS count_appliances
FROM Appliance INNER JOIN Manufacturer
ON Appliance.manufacturer_name =Manufacturer.manufacturer_name
GROUP BY manufacturer_name
ORDER BY manufacturer_name DESC
LIMIT 25;
```

Drilldown report

- Display manufacturer name at the top
- Display a table with code as below

```
## assuming that the user select '$Manufacturer_Name'
SELECT * FROM
(
    SELECT 'WaterHeater' AS appliance_type, COUNT(*) AS count_appliances
    FROM Appliance AS A
    INNER JOIN WaterHeater AS WH ON A.email = WH.email AND A.applianceID
    WH.applianceID
    WHERE A.manufacturer_name = '$Manufacturer_Name'

UNION ALL

SELECT 'AirHandler' AS appliance_type, COUNT(*) AS count_appliances
    FROM Appliance AS A
```

```
INNER JOIN AirHandler AS AH ON A.email = AH.email AND A.applianceID =
AH.applianceID
  WHERE A.manufacturer name = '$Manufacturer Name'
 UNION ALL
  SELECT 'AirConditioner' AS appliance_type, COUNT(*) AS
count_appliances
  FROM Appliance AS A
  INNER JOIN AirConditioner AS AC ON A.email = AC.email AND
A.applianceID = AC.applianceID
  WHERE A.manufacturer name = '$Manufacturer Name'
  UNION ALL
  SELECT 'Heater' AS appliance_type, COUNT(*) AS count_appliances
  FROM Appliance AS A
  INNER JOIN Heater AS HT ON A.email = HT.email AND A.applianceID =
HT.applianceID
  WHERE A.manufacturer name = '$Manufacturer Name'
  UNION ALL
  SELECT 'HeatPump' AS appliance type, COUNT(*) AS count appliances
  FROM Appliance AS A
  INNER JOIN HeatPump AS HP ON A.email = HP.email AND A.applianceID =
HP.applianceID
  WHERE A.manufacturer name = '$Manufacturer Name'
) AS subquery;
```

Manufacturer/model search

Abstract Code

• User enters a string of *keyword* in the input field

```
## this is the code for Manufacturer/model search
## assume the user enter '$keyword'
SELECT model, manufacturer_name FROM Appliance
WHERE (model LIKE '%$keyword%' OR manufacturer_name LIKE '%$keyword%')
ORDER BY model ASC, manufacturer_name ASC;
```

 Highlight the any substring containing keyword in both columns (if any) of Model and ManufacturerName

Heating/cooling method details

Abstract Code

• Create temporary Tables

```
## this is the code for Heating/cooling method details
SET TEMPORARY TABLE Heating cooling AS
    (SELECT H.email, household_type, applianceID, BTU, RPM
    FROM Household AS H LEFT JOIN
        (SELECT A1.email, A1.applianceID, BTU, RPM
        FROM Appliance AS A1
         INNER JOIN AirHandler AS A2
         ON (A1.email = A2.email and
         A1.applianceID = A2.applianceID)) as A
    ON H.email = A.email);
CREATE TEMPORARY TABLE HC_AC AS
    (SELECT HC.email, HC.applianceID,
     household_type, RPM, BTU, EER
     FROM Heating_cooling as HC
     INNER JOIN AirConditioner as AC
     ON (HC.applianceID = AC.applianceID
     AND HC.email = AC.email));
CREATE TEMPORARY TABLE HC HT AS
    (SELECT HC.email, HC.applianceID,
     household_type, RPM, BTU, energy_source
     FROM Heating_cooling as HC
     INNER JOIN Heater as HT
     ON (HC.applianceID = HT.applianceID
     AND HC.email = HT.email));
CREATE TEMPORARY TABLE HC HP AS
    (SELECT HC.email, HC.applianceID,
     household_type, RPM, BTU, SEER, HSPF
     FROM Heating_cooling as HC
     INNER JOIN HeatPump as HP
     ON (HC.applianceID = HP.applianceID
     AND HC.email = HP.email));
```

• Air Conditioner Summary

```
SELECT H.household_type,
COALESCE(count_ac, 0) AS count_ac,
COALESCE(average_BTU_ac, 0) AS average_BTU_ac,
```

• Heater Summary

```
CREATE TEMPORARY TABLE common energy source AS
(SELECT household_type,
    energy_source AS most_common_energy_source
    FROM
        (SELECT household_type, energy_source,
        ROW NUMBER() OVER (PARTITION BY household type
        ORDER BY count_energy_source DESC) AS row_num
        FROM
            (SELECT household_type, energy_source,
            count(*) as count_energy_source
            FROM HC HT
            GROUP BY household_type, energy_source)
            AS sub1)
        AS sub2
    WHERE row_num = 1);
SELECT H.household_type, COALESCE(count_ht, 0) AS count_ht,
COALESCE(average BTU ht, 0) AS average BTU ht,
COALESCE(average_RPM_ht, 0) AS average_RPM_ht,
most_common_energy_source FROM
(SELECT DISTINCT(household type) FROM Household) AS H
LEFT JOIN
     (SELECT household_type, count(*) AS count_ht,
      round(avg(BTU), 0) AS average_BTU_ht,
      round(avg(RPM),1) AS average_RPM_ht
      FROM HC_HT GROUP BY household_type) HT_summary
ON H.household_type = HT_summary.household_type
LEFT JOIN common energy source
ON H.household_type = common_energy_source.household_type
ORDER BY H.household type ASC;
```

Heat bump Summary

```
SELECT H.household type,
COALESCE(count hp, 0) as count hp,
COALESCE(average BTU hp, 0) as average BTU hp,
COALESCE(average RPM hp, ∅) as average RPM hp,
COALESCE(average_SEER_hp, 0) as average_SEER_hp,
COALESCE(average_HSPF_hp, 0) as average_HSPF_hp
FROM
      (SELECT DISTINCT(household_type) FROM Household) H
LEFT JOIN
      (SELECT household_type, count(*) AS count_hp,
      round(avg(BTU), 0) AS average_BTU_hp,
      round(avg(RPM),1) AS average_RPM_hp,
      round(avg(SEER),1) AS average_SEER_hp,
      round(avg(HSPF),1) AS average_HSPF_hp
      FROM HC HP
      GROUP BY household type) HP summary
ON H.household_type = HP_summary.household_type
ORDER BY H.household_type ASC;
```

• If "Finish" button is pushed, perform View Reports task

Water heater statistics by state

Abstract Code

- List water heater statistics by state
 - Display query result:

```
LEFT JOIN WaterHeater as W
ON H.email= W.email
LEFT JOIN Appliance as A
ON W.email = A.email AND W.applianceID =
A.applianceID) as tmp
GROUP BY tmp.state
ORDER BY tmp.state ASC;
```

- At each row show a button *drilldown report* to enable the subtask *drilldown report*
- If *drilldown report* pushed by the user, perform *drilldown report* for the specific state in that row, get the selected state value '\$state'
- Drilldown report
 - Display state name at the top
 - Display query result:

```
SELECT tmp.energy source,
       ROUND(min(tmp.tank_size),0) as min_tank_size,
       ROUND(avg(tmp.tank_size),0) as avg_tank_size,
       ROUND(max(tmp.tank size),0) as max tank size,
       min(tmp.current_temperature) as min_temp_setting,
       ROUND(avg(tmp.current_temperature),1) as
      avg current temp,
       max(tmp.current_temperature) as max_temp_setting
       FROM
            (SELECT L.state, W.tank size, W.energy source,
            W.current_temperature
            FROM Household as H
            LEFT JOIN Location as L
            ON H.postal_code = L.postal_code
            LEFT JOIN WaterHeater as W
            ON H.email= W.email
            WHERE L.state='$state') as tmp
      GROUP BY tmp.energy source
      ORDER BY tmp.energy_source ASC;
```

Off-the-grid household dashboard

Abstract Code

- Produce following tables via code:
 - State with most off-grid

```
SELECT tmp.state, count(*) as household_count
    FROM
    (SELECT L.state
    FROM Household as H
    LEFT JOIN Location as L
    ON H.postal_code = L.postal_code
    WHERE H.email NOT IN
        (SELECT email FROM PublicUtility)
    ) as tmp
GROUP BY tmp.state
ORDER BY count(*) DESC LIMIT 1;
```

Average battery storage capacity per battery

```
SELECT ROUND(avg(tmp.battery_storage_capacity_kilowatt_hours))
as avg_battery_capacity

FROM

(SELECT P.battery_storage_capacity_kilowatt_hours

FROM Household as H

LEFT JOIN PowerGenerator as P

ON H.email = P.email

WHERE H.email NOT IN

(SELECT email FROM PublicUtility)
) as tmp;
```

Percentage of power generation type

```
SET @total_off_grid := (
    SELECT COUNT(*)
    FROM Household AS H
    LEFT JOIN PublicUtility AS PU ON H.email = PU.email
    WHERE PU.email IS NULL
);

SET @solar := (
    SELECT COUNT(*)
    FROM Household AS H
```

```
LEFT JOIN PowerGenerator AS PG ON H.email = PG.email
 WHERE H.email NOT IN (SELECT email FROM PublicUtility)
 AND PG.generator type = 'solar'
);
SET @wind := (
 SELECT COUNT(*)
 FROM Household AS H
 LEFT JOIN PowerGenerator AS PG ON H.email = PG.email
 WHERE H.email NOT IN (SELECT email FROM PublicUtility)
 AND PG.generator_type = 'wind-turbine'
);
SET @mixed := (
 SELECT COUNT(*)
 FROM Household AS H
 LEFT JOIN PowerGenerator AS PG ON H.email = PG.email
 WHERE H.email NOT IN (SELECT email FROM PublicUtility)
 AND PG.generator type = 'mixed'
);
SET @solar perc := ROUND((@solar / @total off grid) * 100, 1);
SET @wind_perc := ROUND((@wind / @total_off_grid) * 100, 1);
SET @mixed_perc := ROUND((@mixed / @total_off_grid) * 100, 1);
SELECT 'solar' AS generator_type, CONCAT(@solar_perc, '%') AS
percentage
UNION ALL
SELECT 'wind-turbine' AS generator type, CONCAT(@wind perc, '%') AS
percentage
UNION ALL
SELECT 'mixed' AS generator type, CONCAT(@mixed perc, '%') AS
percentage;
```

Percentage of household type

```
SET @total_off_grid := (
    SELECT COUNT(*)
    FROM Household AS H
    WHERE H.email NOT IN (SELECT email FROM PublicUtility)
);

SET @house_count := (
    SELECT COUNT(CASE WHEN household_type = 'house' THEN 1 END)
    FROM Household AS H
```

```
WHERE H.email NOT IN (SELECT email FROM PublicUtility)
);
SET @apartment count := (
 SELECT COUNT(CASE WHEN household type = 'apartment' THEN 1 END)
  FROM Household AS H
 WHERE H.email NOT IN (SELECT email FROM PublicUtility)
);
SET @townhome count := (
 SELECT COUNT(CASE WHEN household_type = 'townhome' THEN 1 END)
 FROM Household AS H
 WHERE H.email NOT IN (SELECT email FROM PublicUtility)
);
SET @condominium count := (
 SELECT COUNT(CASE WHEN household type = 'condominium' THEN 1 END)
 FROM Household AS H
 WHERE H.email NOT IN (SELECT email FROM PublicUtility)
);
SET @modular home count := (
 SELECT COUNT(CASE WHEN household_type = 'modular home' THEN 1 END)
 FROM Household AS H
 WHERE H.email NOT IN (SELECT email FROM PublicUtility)
);
SET @tiny house count := (
 SELECT COUNT(CASE WHEN household type = 'tiny house' THEN 1 END)
 FROM Household AS H
 WHERE H.email NOT IN (SELECT email FROM PublicUtility)
);
SET @total types := @house count + @apartment count +
@townhome count + @condominium count + @modular home count +
@tiny_house_count;
SELECT
  'house' AS type,
 CONCAT(ROUND((@house_count / @total_off_grid) * 100, 1), '%') AS
count percent
UNION ALL
SELECT
  'apartment' AS type,
```

```
CONCAT(ROUND((@apartment_count / @total_off_grid) * 100, 1), '%')
AS count percent
UNION ALL
SELECT
  'townhome' AS type,
 CONCAT(ROUND((@townhome_count / @total_off_grid) * 100, 1), '%')
AS count percent
UNION ALL
SELECT
 'condominium' AS type,
 CONCAT(ROUND((@condominium_count / @total_off_grid) * 100, 1),
'%') AS count_percent
UNION ALL
SELECT
  'modular home' AS type,
 CONCAT(ROUND((@modular_home_count / @total_off_grid) * 100, 1),
'%') AS count percent
UNION ALL
SELECT
  'tiny house' AS type,
 CONCAT(ROUND((@tiny_house_count / @total_off_grid) * 100, 1), '%')
AS count percent;
```

Average water heater tank size

```
SET @avg_off_grid := (
    SELECT ROUND(AVG(WH.tank_size), 1)
    FROM WaterHeater AS WH
    INNER JOIN Household AS H ON WH.email = H.email
    WHERE H.email NOT IN (SELECT email FROM PublicUtility)
);

SET @avg_on_grid := (
    SELECT ROUND(AVG(WH.tank_size), 1)
    FROM WaterHeater AS WH
    INNER JOIN Household AS H ON WH.email = H.email
    WHERE H.email IN (SELECT email FROM PublicUtility)
);

SELECT @avg_off_grid AS avg_off_grid, @avg_on_grid AS avg_on_grid;
```

Min, max, average BTU

```
SET @min_waterheater := (
```

```
SELECT ROUND(IFNULL(MIN(A.BTU), 0), 0)
  FROM Appliance AS A
  INNER JOIN Household AS H ON A.email = H.email
  INNER JOIN WaterHeater AS WH ON A.email = WH.email AND
A.applianceID = WH.applianceID
  WHERE H.email NOT IN (SELECT email FROM PublicUtility)
);
SET @avg waterheater := (
 SELECT ROUND(IFNULL(AVG(A.BTU), 0), 0)
 FROM Appliance AS A
 INNER JOIN Household AS H ON A.email = H.email
  INNER JOIN WaterHeater AS WH ON A.email = WH.email AND
A.applianceID = WH.applianceID
 WHERE H.email NOT IN (SELECT email FROM PublicUtility)
);
SET @max waterheater := (
 SELECT ROUND(IFNULL(MAX(A.BTU), 0), 0)
 FROM Appliance AS A
 INNER JOIN Household AS H ON A.email = H.email
 INNER JOIN WaterHeater AS WH ON A.email = WH.email AND
A.applianceID = WH.applianceID
 WHERE H.email NOT IN (SELECT email FROM PublicUtility)
);
SET @min airconditioner := (
 SELECT ROUND(IFNULL(MIN(A.BTU), 0), 0)
  FROM Appliance AS A
 INNER JOIN AirConditioner AS AC ON A.email = AC.email AND
A.applianceID = AC.applianceID
 INNER JOIN Household AS H ON AC.email = H.email
 WHERE H.email NOT IN (SELECT email FROM PublicUtility)
);
SET @avg airconditioner := (
 SELECT ROUND(IFNULL(AVG(A.BTU), 0), 0)
 FROM Appliance AS A
 INNER JOIN AirConditioner AS AC ON A.email = AC.email AND
A.applianceID = AC.applianceID
 INNER JOIN Household AS H ON AC.email = H.email
 WHERE H.email NOT IN (SELECT email FROM PublicUtility)
);
```

```
SET @max_airconditioner := (
  SELECT ROUND(IFNULL(MAX(A.BTU), 0), 0)
  FROM Appliance AS A
 INNER JOIN AirConditioner AS AC ON A.email = AC.email AND
A.applianceID = AC.applianceID
  INNER JOIN Household AS H ON AC.email = H.email
 WHERE H.email NOT IN (SELECT email FROM PublicUtility)
);
SET @min heater := (
 SELECT ROUND(IFNULL(MIN(A.BTU), 0), 0)
  FROM Appliance AS A
  INNER JOIN Heater AS H ON A.email = H.email AND A.applianceID =
H.applianceID
  INNER JOIN Household AS HH ON H.email = HH.email
  WHERE HH.email NOT IN (SELECT email FROM PublicUtility)
);
SET @avg heater := (
 SELECT ROUND(IFNULL(AVG(A.BTU), 0), 0)
  FROM Appliance AS A
  INNER JOIN Heater AS H ON A.email = H.email AND A.applianceID =
H.applianceID
  INNER JOIN Household AS HH ON H.email = HH.email
  WHERE HH.email NOT IN (SELECT email FROM PublicUtility)
);
SET @max heater := (
 SELECT ROUND(IFNULL(MAX(A.BTU), 0), 0)
  FROM Appliance AS A
  INNER JOIN Heater AS H ON A.email = H.email AND A.applianceID =
H.applianceID
  INNER JOIN Household AS HH ON H.email = HH.email
 WHERE HH.email NOT IN (SELECT email FROM PublicUtility)
);
SET @min heatpump := (
 SELECT ROUND(IFNULL(MIN(A.BTU), 0), 0)
  FROM Appliance AS A
  INNER JOIN HeatPump AS HP ON A.email = HP.email AND A.applianceID
= HP.applianceID
 INNER JOIN Household AS HHH ON HP.email = HHH.email
 WHERE HHH.email NOT IN (SELECT email FROM PublicUtility)
);
```

```
SET @avg heatpump := (
 SELECT ROUND(IFNULL(AVG(A.BTU), 0), 0)
 FROM Appliance AS A
 INNER JOIN HeatPump AS HP ON A.email = HP.email AND A.applianceID
= HP.applianceID
 INNER JOIN Household AS HHH ON HP.email = HHH.email
 WHERE HHH.email NOT IN (SELECT email FROM PublicUtility)
);
SET @max_heatpump := (
 SELECT ROUND(IFNULL(MAX(A.BTU), 0), 0)
 FROM Appliance AS A
 INNER JOIN HeatPump AS HP ON A.email = HP.email AND A.applianceID
= HP.applianceID
 INNER JOIN Household AS HHH ON HP.email = HHH.email
 WHERE HHH.email NOT IN (SELECT email FROM PublicUtility)
);
SELECT
  'WaterHeater' AS type,
 @min waterheater AS min BTU,
 @avg_waterheater AS avg_BTU,
 @max_waterheater AS max_BTU
UNION ALL
SELECT
  'AirConditioner' AS type,
 @min airconditioner AS min BTU,
 @avg airconditioner AS avg BTU,
 @max_airconditioner AS max_BTU
UNION ALL
SELECT
  'Heater' AS type,
 @min heater AS min BTU,
 @avg_heater AS avg_BTU,
 @max_heater AS max_BTU
UNION ALL
SELECT
  'HeatPump' AS type,
 @min_heatpump AS min_BTU,
 @avg_heatpump AS avg_BTU,
 @max heatpump AS max BTU;
```

Household averages by radius

Abstract Code

- User enters string of '\$postal_code' and '\$radius' in the input field
- If postal code entered is invalid, display error message "invalid postal code" (namely the below query returns counts = 0):

```
SELECT count(postal_code)

FROM Location

WHERE postal_code='$postal_code';
```

• Retrieve input postal code's latitude and longitude value:

```
SET @target_latitude:=(
     SELECT latitude FROM Location WHERE postal_code='$postal_code');
SET @target_longitude:=(
     SELECT longitude FROM Location WHERE postal_code='$postal_code');
```

Write a function called calc_distance

```
DELIMITER $$
CREATE FUNCTION calc_distance(
      lat1 DECIMAL,
      lon1 DECIMAL,
      lat2 DECIMAL,
      lon2 DECIMAL
RETURNS REAL
DETERMINISTIC
BEGIN
      DECLARE a REAL;
      DECLARE c REAL;
      DECLARE d REAL;
      SET a = POWER(SIN((lat2-lat1)/2),2)+COS(lat1)*COS(lat2)*
POWER(SIN((lon2-lon1)/2),2);
      SET c = 2*ATAN2(SQRT(a),SQRT(1-a));
      SET d = 3958.75*c;
      RETURN d;
END$$
DELIMITER;
```

• Create intermediate tables for household within the selected radius

```
CREATE TABLE Location_distance AS
```

```
SELECT L.postal code, calc distance(L.latitude, L.longitude,
              @target_latitude, @target_longitude) as distance
      FROM Location as L;
CREATE TABLE In radius household AS
      SELECT H.email, H.household_type, H.square_footage,
       H.heating_setting, H.cooling_setting
       FROM Household as H
       LEFT JOIN Location distance as L
       ON H.postal code = L.postal code
       WHERE L.distance <= '$radius';
CREATE TABLE In radius household with power AS
      SELECT H.email, P.generator_type,
             P.average_monthly_kilowatt_hours_generated,
             P.battery_storage_capacity_kilowatt_hours
       FROM Household as H
       LEFT JOIN Location distance as L
       ON H.postal_code = L.postal_code
       INNER JOIN PowerGenerator as P
       ON H.email = P.email
       WHERE L.distance <= '$radius';
CREATE TABLE In radius most common power AS
      SELECT generator_type
      FROM In_radius_household_with_power
      GROUP BY generator_type
      ORDER BY count(*) DESC LIMIT 1;
CREATE TABLE In radius power with battery AS
      SELECT email
      FROM In_radius_household_with_power
      WHERE battery storage capacity kilowatt hours IS NOT NULL;
CREATE TABLE In radius household with utility AS
      SELECT H.email, P.public_utility
      FROM Household as H
      LEFT JOIN Location distance as L
      ON H.postal_code = L.postal_code
```

```
LEFT JOIN PublicUtility as P
ON H.email = P.email
WHERE L.distance <= '$radius';</pre>
```

• Return query result:

```
WITH H AS (
       SELECT '$postal code' as postal code,
       '$radius' as search radius,
       COALESCE(count(DISTINCT IRH.email),0) AS count houshold,
       SUM(IRH.household type= 'house') AS count house,
       SUM (IRH.household_type= 'apartment') AS count_apartment,
       SUM (IRH.household type= 'townhome') AS count townhome,
       SUM (IRH.household_type= 'condominium') AS count_condominium,
       SUM (IRH.household_type= 'modular home') AS count_modular_home,
       SUM (IRH.household_type= 'tiny house') AS count_tiny_house,
       ROUND(AVG(IRH.square_footage),0) AS avg_footage,
       ROUND (AVG(IRH.heating_setting),1) AS avg_heat_temp,
       ROUND (AVG(IRH.cooling_setting),1) AS avg_cool_temp
       FROM In radius household AS IRH),
HU AS (
      SELECT '$postal_code' AS postal_code,
      GROUP CONCAT(DISTINCT (IRU.public utility) SEPARATOR ',') AS
              public_utilities,
      count(IRU.email) - count(IRU.public utility) AS num off grid
      FROM In radius household with utility AS IRU),
HP AS (
      SELECT '$postal code' AS postal code,
      COALESCE (count(DISTINCT IRP.email),0) AS count_with_power,
      ROUND (AVG(IRP.average monthly kilowatt hours generated),0) AS
      avg monthly power
      FROM In_radius_household_with_power AS IRP),
CP AS (
      SELECT '$postal_code' AS postal_code,
      GROUP CONCAT(DISTINCT (IRCP. generator type) SEPARATOR '') AS
      most_common_generator_method
      FROM In radius most common power AS IRCP),
PB AS (
      SELECT '$postal_code' AS postal_code,
      COALESCE (count(DISTINCT IRPB.email),0) AS count with battery
      FROM In_radius_power_with_battery AS as IRPB)
SELECT H.postal code, H.search radius, H.count houshold, H.count house,
H.count apartment, H.count townhome, H.count condominium,
H.count_modular_home, H.count_tiny_house, H.avg_footage, H.avg_heat_temp,
```

```
H.avg_cool_temp, HU.public_utilities, HU.num_off_grid,
HP.count_with_power, CP.most_common_generator_method,
HP.avg_monthly_power, PB.count_with_battery
FROM H
LEFT JOIN HU
ON H.postal_code = HU.postal_code
LEFT JOIN HP
ON H.postal_code = HP.postal_code
LEFT JOIN CP
ON H.postal_code = CP.postal_code
LEFT JOIN PB
ON H.postal_code = PB.postal_code;
```