# YIN LIN 林胤

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Center for Theoretical Physics, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA 02139 USA

# **EMPLOYMENT**

Postdoctoral Associate 2021 - 2024

- Center for Theoretical Physics

Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA USA

- The NSF AI Institute for Artificial Intelligence and Fundamental Interactions

#### **EDUCATION**

# Ph.D. in Theoretical Physics 2015 - 2021

Advisor: Andreas S. Kronfeld

The University of Chicago, Chicago, IL USA

**B.Sc. in Physics** 2011 - 2015

# Arnold Nordsieck Award, Physics Highest Academic Honors, Valedictorian

University of California Santa Barbara, Santa Barbara, CA USA

#### RESEARCH INTERESTS

artificial intelligence, high-performance computing, particle physics

#### **SKILLS**

Python (NumPy, SciPy, PyTorch, SQLAlchemy, pandas), C, C++, bash, OpenMP, MPI, Julia

#### RESEARCH PROJECTS

#### Lattice Quantum Chromodynamics (LQCD) and Machine Learning

2021 - present

Center for Theoretical Physics, Massachusetts Institute of Technology

- Proposed neural-network-based preconditioners to accelerate the Dirac equation solve in lattice gauge theory.
- Applied the contour deformation technique with the coupling-layer architecture to reduce the statistical noises of observables from Monte Carlo calculations.

#### **LQCD** and **Nucleon Physics**

2017 - present

Fermilab/University of Chicago

- Solved the long-standing theoretical issues with simulating nucleons with staggered fermion discretization in LQCD, which enabled more efficient Monte Carlo simulations.
- Optimized the software performance in systems with GPU accelerators with OpenMP and MPI.
- Analyzed data generated from Monte Carlo simulations to infer the internal structure of nucleons crucial to future neutrino scattering experiments.

# **Theoretical Cosmology**

2014 - 2015

Advisor: Siang Peng Oh, University of California Santa Barbara

- Performed 21cm simulations during the cosmic reionization to understand the morphology of ionized intergalactic medium.
- Compared different schemes in characterizing the bubble sizes and proposed a new method, the watershed algorithm, based on the image segmentation technique to properly capture their physical size distribution.

#### **Experimental Astrophysics**

2013 - 2014

Advisor: Ben Mazin, University of California Santa Barbara

- Designed and implemented an astrometry library in Python to calibrate telescope position using reference images, so the

captured images can be properly aligned and passed to the next stage in the processing pipeline.

#### PREPRINTS AND PUBLICATIONS

- [1] S. Calì, D. C. Hackett, Y. Lin, P. E. Shanahan, and B. Xiao, "Neural-network preconditioners for solving the Dirac equation in lattice gauge theory," (2022), arXiv:2208.02728 [hep-lat].
- [2] D. Boyda, S. Calì, S. Foreman, L. Funcke, D. C. Hackett, Y. Lin, et al., "Applications of Machine Learning to Lattice Quantum Field Theory," in 2022 Snowmass Summer Study (2022) arXiv:2202.05838 [hep-lat].
- [3] Y. Lin, A. S. Meyer, S. Gottlieb, C. Hughes, A. S. Kronfeld, J. N. Simone, and A. Strelchenko, "Computing Nucleon Charges with Highly Improved Staggered Quarks," Phys. Rev. D 103, 054510 (2021), arXiv:2010.10455 [hep-lat].
- [4] Y. Lin, A. S. Meyer, C. Hughes, A. S. Kronfeld, J. N. Simone, and A. Strelchenko, "*Nucleon mass with highly improved staggered quarks*," Phys. Rev. D **103**, 034501 (2021), arXiv:1911.12256 [hep-lat].
- [5] Y. Lin, C. Hughes, and A. S. Meyer, "Nucleon and  $\Omega$  Baryon Masses with All-HISQ Fermions at the Physical Point," in 37th International Symposium on Lattice Field Theory (2019) arXiv:1912.00028 [hep-lat].
- [6] Y. Lin, S. P. Oh, S. R. Furlanetto, and P. M. Sutter, "The Distribution of Bubble Sizes During Reionization," Mon. Not. Roy. Astron. Soc. 461, 3361 (2016), arXiv:1511.01506 [astro-ph.CO].
- [7] J. C. van Eyken, M. J. Strader, A. B. Walter, S. R. Meeker, P. Szypryt, C. Stoughton, K. O'Brien, D. Marsden, N. K. Rice, Y. Lin, and B. A. Mazin, "*The ARCON Pipeline: Data Reduction For MKID Arrays*," The Astrophysical Journal Supplement Series **219**, 14 (2015).

#### SELECTED PRESENTATIONS

### Accelerating Dirac equation solves in Lattice QCD with Neural-Network Preconditioners

2022

Machine Learning for Nuclear Theory, Institute of Nuclear Physics, University of Washington https://archive.int.washington.edu/talks/WorkShops/int\_22\_1/People/Lin\_Y/Lin.pdf

#### **Staggering Nucleon Matrix Elements**

2020

2020 MIT Virtual Lattice Field Theory Colloquium http://ctp.lns.mit.edu/latticecolloq/

#### Nucleon Mass and Omega Mass with All-HISO Fermions at the Physical Point

2019

The 37th International Symposium on Lattice Field Theory, Wuhan, China https://indico.cern.ch/event/764552/contributions/3420488/

#### TEACHING AND OUTREACH

#### **Data Visualization Workshop**

2020

Lecturer for data visualization of COVID-19 data with Python for Chicago public high-school students. https://github.com/ylin910095/Data\_visualization\_2020

#### **Analog and Digital Electronics**

office hours.

2017

Teaching assistant for the undergraduate analog and digital electronics lab at the University of Chicago. Held two lab sessions weekly.

# Introductory Physics 2015-2016

Teaching assistant for the introductory physics classes at the University of Chicago. Held weekly discussion sessions and

#### AWARDS AND HONORS

| URA Visiting Scholars Fermilab   | 2017 & 2021 |
|--|-------------|
| Arnold Nordsieck Award University of California Santa Barbara                | 2015        |
| Physics Highest Academic Honors University of California Santa Barbara       | 2015        |
| CCS Summer Undergraduate Fellowship University of California Santa Barbara   | 2014        |
| Worster Summer Research Fellowship<br>University of California Santa Barbara | 2014        |

#### **COMPUTING RESOURCE USAGE**

#### The ASCR Leadership Computing Challenge

2022-2023

https://science.osti.gov/ascr/Facilities/Accessing-ASCR-Facilities/ALCC

Project: High Precision Hadronic Vacuum Polarization Contribution to the Muon Anomalous Magnetic Moment using Highly Improved Staggered Quarks

100K node-hours on the Polaris supercomputer at Argonne Leadership Computing Facility.

# **USQCD Type-A Allocation**

2022-2023

https://www.usqcd.org/

Project: Nucleon Axial Charge with All-Staggered Lattice QCD

- 6M Skylake core-hours on the Fermilab cluster.

Project: Scale Setting Studies on the MILC HISQ Ensembles

- 7.75M KNL-core-hours on Brookhaven National Laboratory cluster.
- 7.25M KNL-core-hours on the Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility cluster.

#### The Extreme Science and Engineering Discovery Environment

2022-2023

https://www.xsede.org/

Project: Nucleon Axial Charge with All-Staggered Lattice QCD

1.8M KNL-node-hours on the Stampede2 supercomputer at Texas Advanced Computing Center.

# **Energy Research Computing Allocations Process**

2022-2023

https://www.nersc.gov/users/accounts/allocations/overview/

Project: Nucleon Axial Charge with All-Staggered Lattice QCD

- 100K KNL-node-hours on the Theta supercomputer at Argonne Leadership Computing Facility.

# **USQCD Type-A Allocation**

2021-2022

https://www.usqcd.org/

Project: Nucleon Axial Charge with All-Staggered Lattice QCD

- 3.5M Skylake core-hours on the Brookhaven National Laboratory cluster.
- 84K K80-GPU-hours on the Brookhaven National Laboratory cluster.

Project: Scale Setting Studies on the MILC HISQ Ensembles

14.2M KNL-core-hours on the Brookhaven National Laboratory cluster.

#### The ASCR Leadership Computing Challenge

2020-2021

Project: Nucleon Axial Charge with All-Staggered Lattice QCD

- 200K KNL-node-hours on the Theta supercomputer at Argonne Leadership Computing Facility.
- 870K KNL-node-hours on the Cori supercomputer at National Energy Research Scientific Computing Center.

# **USQCD Type-A Allocation**

2020-2021

https://www.usqcd.org/

Project: Nucleon Axial Form Factor with HISQ Ensembles

- 1.1M Skylake core-hours on the Brookhaven National Laboratory cluster.
- 100K K80-GPU-hours on the Brookhaven National Laboratory cluster.

# **USQCD Type-A Allocation**

2019-2020

https://www.usqcd.org/

Project: Nucleon Axial Form Factor with HISQ Ensembles

- 1M Skylake core-hours on the Fermilab cluster.
- 120K K80-GPU-hours on the Brookhaven National Laboratory cluster.

# **USQCD Type-A Allocation**

2018-2019

https://www.usqcd.org/

Project: Nucleon Axial Form Factor with HISQ Ensembles

- 1.8M Skylake core-hours on the Brookhaven National Laboratory cluster.
- 105K K80-GPU-hours on the Brookhaven National Laboratory cluster.