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% This program simulates a single server queue with Poisson
\% arrivals and exponential service times, up to the time when
% the Nth customer departs
clear all;
clc; clf;
tic;
N = 500; % Length of simulation
lambda = 1; % Arrival rate
mu = 10/9; % Service rate
NSim = 2000; % Number of simulation runs
W = zeros(N, 1); % Initialize waiting times vector
for k = 1:NSim
    % Initialize simulation
    t = 0;
    NA = 0;
    ND = 0;
    n0 = 10; % Initial number of customers
    n = n0;
    if n > 0
        tD = -\log(rand)/mu;
    else
        tD = Inf;
    end
    tA = -\log(rand)/lambda;
    Output = []; % Output data (i A(i) D(i))
    % Main algorithm
    while ND < N + n0
         \texttt{if} \ \texttt{tA} \ \mathrel{<=} \ \texttt{tD}
             t = tA;
             NA = NA + 1;
             n = n+1;
             tA = t - \log(rand)/lambda;
             if n == 1
                 Y = -\log(\text{rand})/\text{mu};
                 tD = t + Y;
             end
             Output = [Output; NA t 0];
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else
            t = tD;
            ND = ND + 1;
            n = n-1;
            if n == 0
                tD = Inf;
            else
                Y = -\log(rand)/mu;
                tD = t + Y;
            end
            Output (ND, 3) = t;
        end
    end
    % Compute the waiting times
    w = Output(n0+1:n0+N, 3) - Output(n0+1:n0+N, 2);
    W = W + w;
end
EW = W/NSim;
totTime = toc
figure
plot((1:1:N), EW)
title(('Expected Waiting Time'))
xlabel('i')
ylabel('EW_i')
```