

15(a) Let  $A \in M_{m \times n}$  with column vectors  $\mathbf{c}_1, \mathbf{c}_2, \dots, \mathbf{c}_n \in \mathbb{R}^m$ . Prove that if  $\mathbf{c}_1 + \mathbf{c}_2 + \dots + \mathbf{c}_n = \mathbf{0}$ , then  $\text{rank}(A) < n$ .

**Proof.** Recall that

$$A \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{pmatrix} = x_1 \mathbf{c}_1 + x_2 \mathbf{c}_2 + \dots + x_n \mathbf{c}_n.$$

Since

$$\mathbf{c}_1 + \mathbf{c}_2 + \dots + \mathbf{c}_n = \mathbf{0}$$

we have that

$$1\mathbf{c}_1 + 1\mathbf{c}_2 + \dots + 1\mathbf{c}_n = \mathbf{0}$$

and so

$$A \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ \vdots \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \mathbf{0}.$$

But then the equation  $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{0}$  has more than one solution. By Theorem 17 of the notes, we know that  $\text{rank}(A) = \text{rank}[A \mid \mathbf{0}] = n$  implies  $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{0}$  has exactly one solution. Therefore, it must be the case that  $\text{rank}(A) < n$ .