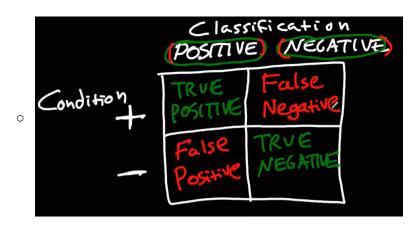
Week 2 Binary classification and confusion matrix

29 June 2020 18:02

Binary classification and confusion matrix

• binary outcomes and a binary classification -> confusion matrix



Confusion Matrix				
			Test Classification	Y
			"Positive"	"Negative"
			С	d
Condition X	"+"	a	e	f
	"_"	b	g	h
Individual Probabil		Name	a diata di Hall	
P("+")	а	Incidence of Co		
P("+") p("-")	a b	Incidence of Co	ondition "-"	
P("+") p("-") p(Test POS)	a b c	Incidence of Co Incidence of "Co Classification In	ondition "-" cidence "POS"	
P("+") p("-") p(Test POS) p(Test NEG)	a b c d	Incidence of Co Incidence of "Co Classification In Classification In	ondition "-" cidence "POS"	
P("+") p("-") p(Test POS) p(Test NEG) p(Test POS, "+")	a b c	Incidence of Co Incidence of "Co Classification In Classification In True Positives	ondition "-" cidence "POS" cidence "NEG"	
P("+") p("-") p(Test POS) p(Test NEG)	a b c d	Incidence of Co Incidence of "Co Classification In Classification In	ondition "-" cidence "POS" cidence "NEG"	

Probability Distributions		Name
P(X)	p(a,b)	Marginal Probability of the Condition
P(Y)	p(c,d)	Marginal Probability of the Classification
p(X,Y)	p(e,f,g,h)	Joint Distribution of X and Y
P(X)p(Y)	p(ac,ad,bc,bd)	Product Distribution of X and Y
Conditional Probabilities		Name
p(Test POS "+")	e/a	True Positive Rate
p(Test NEG "+")	f/a	False Negative Rate
p(Test POS "-")	g/b	False Positive Rate
p(Test NEG "-")	h/b	True Negative Rate
p("+" Test POS)	e/c	Positive Predictive Value (PPV)
p("-" Test POS)	g/c	1- PPV
p("+" Test NEG)	f/d	1- NPV
p("-" Test NEG)	h/d	Negative Predictive Value (NPV)
Other implied rules		
a+b = 1	e+f = a	
c+d = 1	g+h = b	
e+f+g+h=1	e+g = c	
	f+h=d	

ROC curve

- o x = false positive rate; y= true positive rate
 - FP rate: probability of FP conditional upon actually not sick
 - TP rate: probability of TP conditional upon actually sick
- o scatter plot with different threshold determined by cost of FN and FP
- Performance metrics for binary classification models: AUC(area under ROC curve)
 - o between 1/2 1
 - 1/2: same as random
 - 1: perfect model