Building Interoperable Knowledge Graphs with X3ML Framework Yannis Marketakis

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Tutorial presented in the 14th International Joint Conference on Knowledge Graphs (IJCKG 2025)



Outline Introduction 4-7 5' X3ML Framework 10' 8-18 X3ML Software 19-44 30' 45-54 Looking to the Future Conclusion 55-58 **Q&A Session** 59

Supplementary Resources

Learning Objectives Format and Schedule Audience

Building Interoperable Knowledhe Graphs with X3ML Framework Tutorial at IJCKG 2025, October 16, 2025

Description

This tutorial introduces participants to the X3ML Framework, a suite of specifications and tools for constructing knowledge graphs from structured data. The tutorial will provide both conceptual foundations and hands-on demonstrations, guiding attendees through the workflow of defining schema mappings and transforming source data into RDF aligned with domain ontologies. At the core of the framework is a declarative, technology-agnostic mapping language that supports collaborative and maintainable schema mapping practices. Participants will learn how X3ML facilitates not only the creation of semantic mappings but also the exploration and verification of the resulting knowledge graphs to ensure correctness and completeness. The session will further highlight domain-independent applications of X3ML across fields such as cultural heritage and biodiversity, while also showcasing emerging methods that integrate Large Language Models (LLMs) to accelerate and simplify schema mapping tasks.

Learning Objectives

By the end of this tutorial participants will be able to:

- understand the principles and challenges of transforming heterogenous source data into RDF knowledge graphs
- · apply the X3ML mapping language and associated tools to design, implement and validate schema mappings
- · gain hands-on experience in generating semantically rich knowledge graphs and verifying their quality
- · explore innovative techniques leveraging Large Language Models (LLMs) to reduce manual effort and enhance the schema mapping process

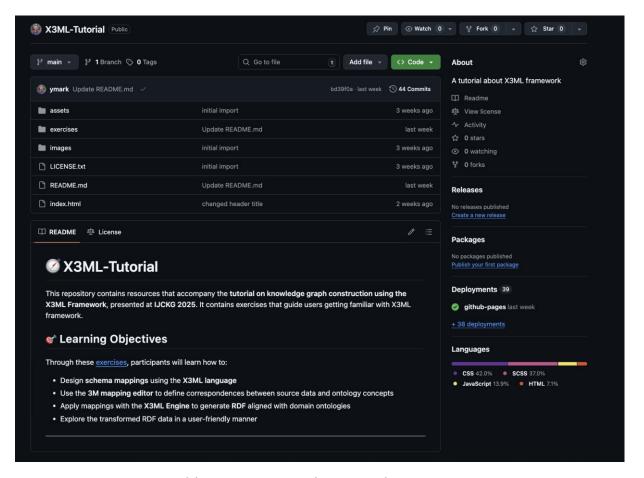
Equipped with this knowledge, participants will be able to effectively use X3ML framework in real-world scenarios to build interoperable, semantically robust knowledge graphs across diverse application domains.

Format and Schedule

The tutorial will be held on October 16, 2025 as part of the IJCKG 2025 conference, and it will be structured to balance conceptual understanding with practical application. It will begin with a slide-based presentation introducing the core concepts of knowledge graph construction and the X3ML framework. This will be followed by a live online demonstration, showcasing the workflow of schema mapping and RDF generation using the framework tools and resources. Finally, participants will engage in guided handson exercises to practice defining schema mappings and transforming data collections themselves. The entire session will last one hour, ensuring an engaging and focused learning experience that combines theory, demonstration and active participation within the conference program.

https://ymark.github.io/X3ML-Tutorial/

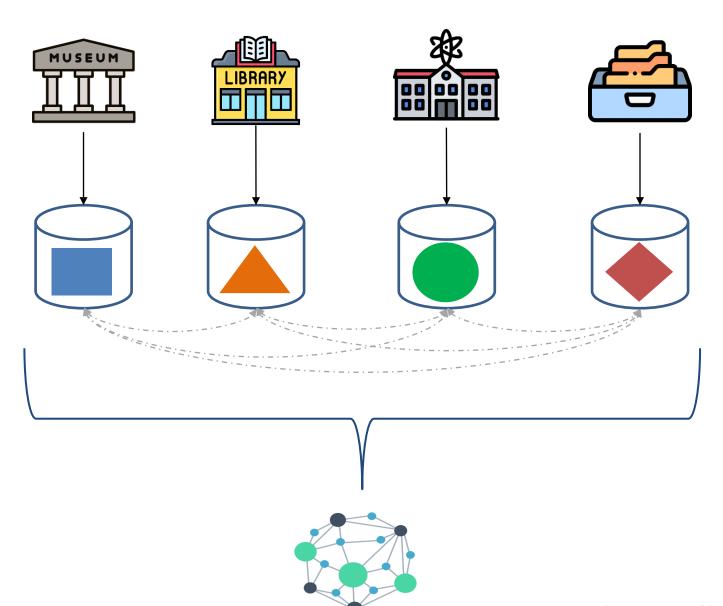




https://github.com/ymark/X3ML-Tutorial



Introduction / Motivation



Fragmented Reality

 Institutions curate diverse collections using different metadata standards, languages and practices

The Challenge

 This heterogeneity limits data sharing, interoperability, and crossdomain discovery

The Goal

 Integrate and aggregate metadata into unified, semantically rich knowledge graphs

• The Benefit

 Enable richer research, complex query answering, reuse and share resources

Introduction / Motivation The role of schema mappings

- Data sources use multiple schemas and formats to describe their contents
 - They describe similar concepts using different structures and terminologies
- To semantically integrate them we need
 - Schema mappings
 - Describe the correspondences between the source data elements and the target ontology concepts
 - Data transformation tools
 - Apply schema mappings to generate RDF representations of the original data sources aligned with a common target model (i.e. ontology)













Introduction / Motivation Data The Data Transformation Workflow Sources Parsing & normalization Mapping Ontology Data Adaptation Harvesting Data Parsing Data Schema Normalization Mappings Transformation Data **Publication** Transformation URI Transformed Generation Data Ingest Entity Reconciliation Knowledge Graph

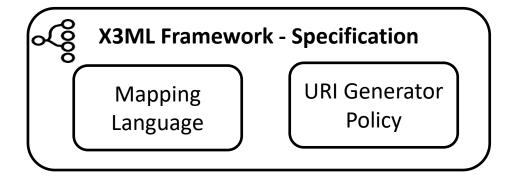
IJCKG 2025, October 2025, Heraklion, Greece

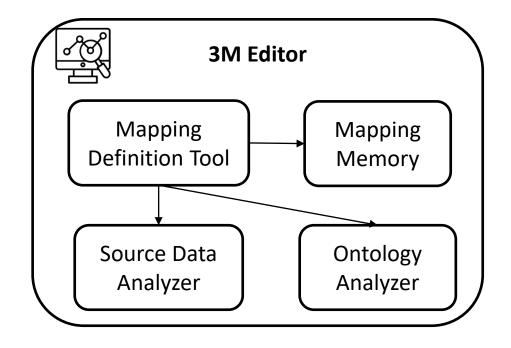
Tutorial Objectives

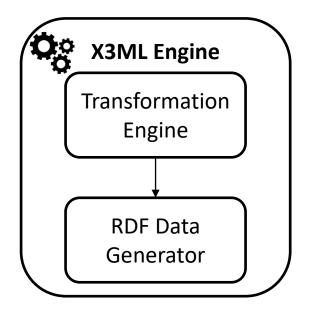


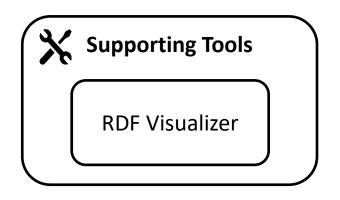
- Understanding the core definitions and the role of schema mappings in data integration
- Design schema mappings using X3ML language
- Use tools (3M, X3ML Engine) to practice with schema mapping definition and data transformation
- Experiment with different methods for assigning URIs (Uniform Resource Identifier) and labels
- Construction of interoperable knowledge graphs from diverse data sources
- Assess and evaluate data transformation results for semantic correctness and completeness
- Explore how Large Language Models (LLMs) can assist or automate parts of the schema mapping process, reducing manual effort and accelerating semantic data integration

X3ML Framework















X3ML Framework - Specification



X3ML Mapping Definition Language

9-16

7'



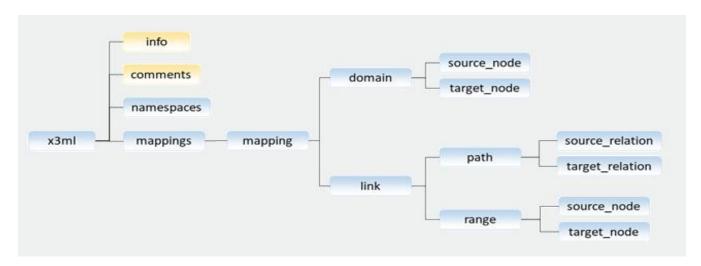
X3ML Generator Policy Definition

17-18

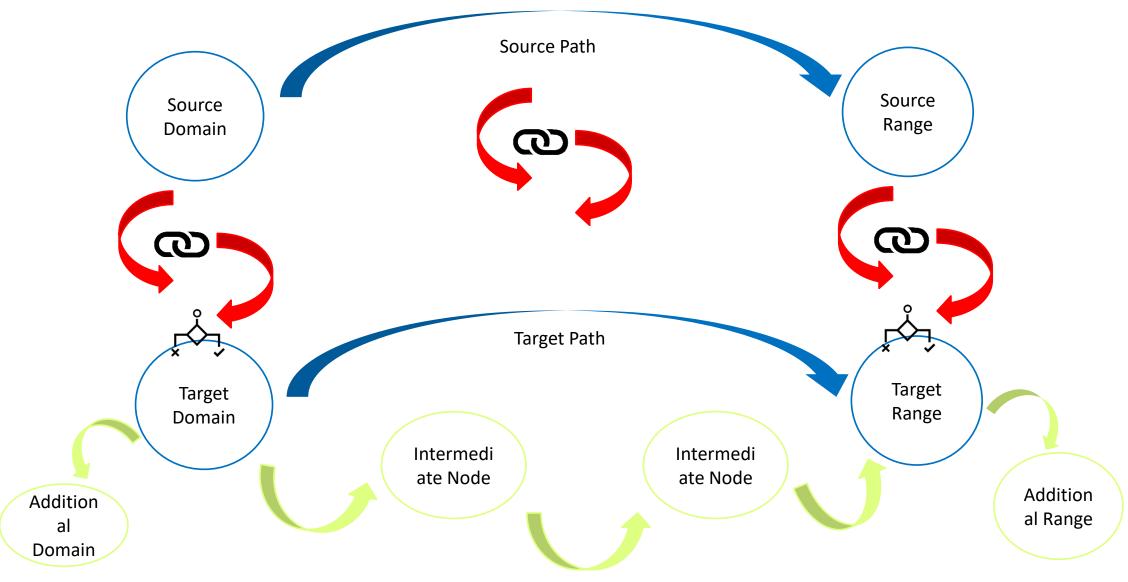
3'

X3ML Mapping Definition Language

- X3ML is a declarative, XML based language which describes schema mappings in such a way that they can be collaboratively created and discussed by experts.
- Key Features
 - It provides a declarative way for describing schema mappings
 - Focuses on properly mapping schema resources
 - Decoupled from the URI and values generation process
 - Mappings are described using XML serialization



X3ML Mapping Structure



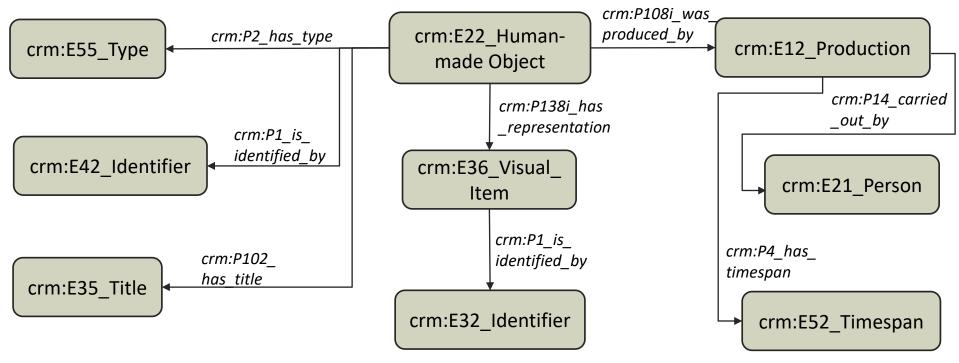
X3ML Mapping Definition Constructs

X3ML supports 1:N mappings and uses the following special constructs:

- Intermediate nodes used to represent the mapping of a simple source path to a complex target path.
- Constant expression nodes used to assign constant attributes to an entity.
- Conditional statements within the target node and target relation support checks for existence and equality of values and can be combined into Boolean expressions.
- "Same as" variable used to identify a specific node instance for a given input record that is generated once but is used in a number of locations in the mapping.
- Join operator (==) used in the source path to denote relational database joins.
- Info and comment blocks throughout the mapping specification bridge the gap between human author and machine executor.

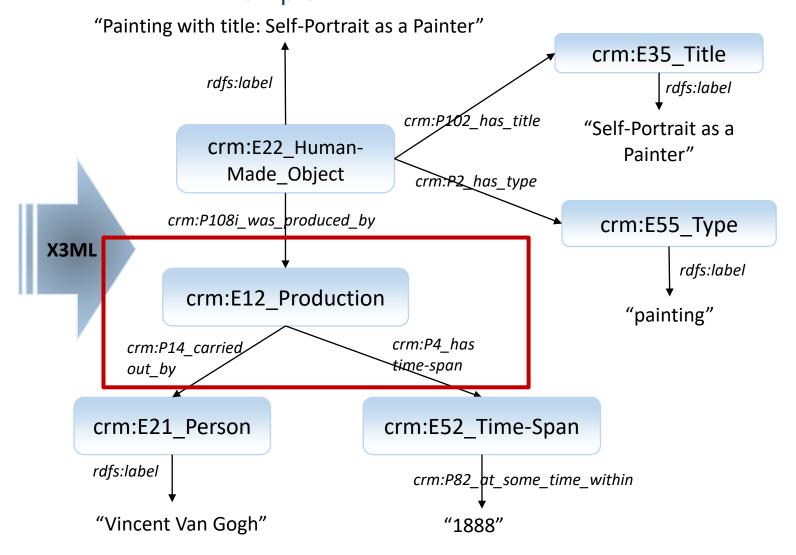
X3ML Mapping Definition Language Example

id	Painting title	painter	Creation date	Filename
p-1	Self-Portrait as a Painter	Vincent van Gogh	1888	p1.jpg
p-2	The Starry Night	Vincent van Gogh	1889	p2.jpg
p-3	The Ballet Class	Edgar Degas	1874	p3.jpg

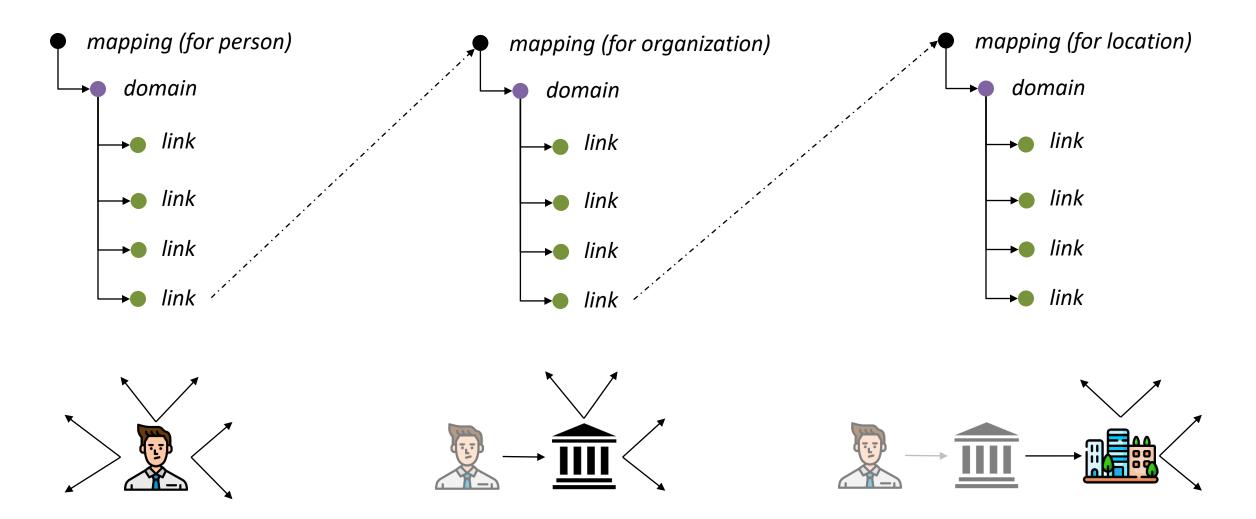


X3ML Mapping Definition Language Example



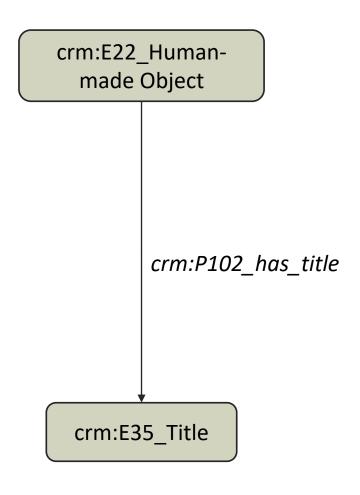


X3ML Mapping Definition Language Structure of mappings



X3ML Mapping Definition Language Structure of mappings

```
<mapping>
    <domain>
      <source_node>/root/painting</source_node>
      <target node>
        <entity>
         <type>crm:E22_Human-Made_Object</type>
        </entity>
      </target_node>
    </domain>
    k>
      <path>
        <source_relation>
         <relation>title</relation>
        </source relation>
        <target_relation>
         <relationship>crm:P102_has_title</relationship>
        </target_relation>
      </path>
      <range>
        <source_node>title</source_node>
        <target node>
         <entity>
           <type>crm:E35 Title</type>
         </entity>
        </target_node>
      </range>
    </link>
</mapping>
```



X3ML Generator Policy Definition

• Definition of rules for the generation of URIs and labels (i.e. rdfs:label)

```
<generator name="LocalTerm" prefix="pref">
                                                                            Use common
                    <pattern> {hierarchy}/resource/{term} </pattern>
                                                                              URI prefix
            </generator>
    Use
                                                                                 Generation
 parameters
            <generator name="SimpleLabel">
                                                                                    using
(within { }) and
                    <pattern> {label} </pattern>
                                                                                  templates
  constants

denerator>
                                                                                      Create hashed
                                                                                       values based
            <generator name="LocalTerm-hashed" prefix="pref" shorten="yes">
                                                                                        on contents
                    <pattern> {hierarchy}/resource/{term} </pattern>
            </generator>
                                                                                         Create unique
Declare once, "generator name="LocalTerm-uuid" prefix="pref" uuid="yes">
                                                                                          and random
                                                                                              URIs
                    <pattern> {hierarchy}/resource/ </pattern>
 use multiple
            </generator>
    times
```

X3ML Generator Policy Definition – cont'd

```
<painter>
                                           <generator name="LocalTerm" prefix="pref">
   <id>a-1</id>
                                                <pattern>{hierarchy}/resource/{term}</pattern>
   <name>Vincent Van Gogh</name>
                                           //generator>
 </painter>
 <painter>
                                           <generator name="SimpleLabel">
   <id>a-2</id>
                                                <pattern>{label}</pattern>
   <name>Edgar Degas</name>
                                           </generator>
 </painter>
                                                                          http://.../persons/resource/a-1
<instance_generator name="LocalTerm">
        <arg name="hierarchy" type="constant">persons</arg>
        <arg name="term" type="xpath">painter/id/text()</arg>
</instance_generator>
                                                                          http://.../persons/resource/a-2
<label_generator name="SimpleLabel">
                                                                          "Vincent Van Gogh"@en
        <arg name="label" type="xpath">painter/name/text()</arg>
        <arg name="language" type="constant">en</arg>
</label_generator>
                                                                           "Edgar Degas"@en
```







X3ML Software



3M Editor

20-40

24'



X3ML Engine

41-42

4'



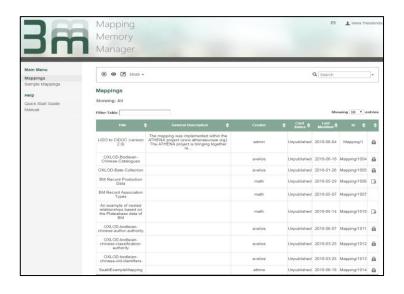
RDF Visualizer

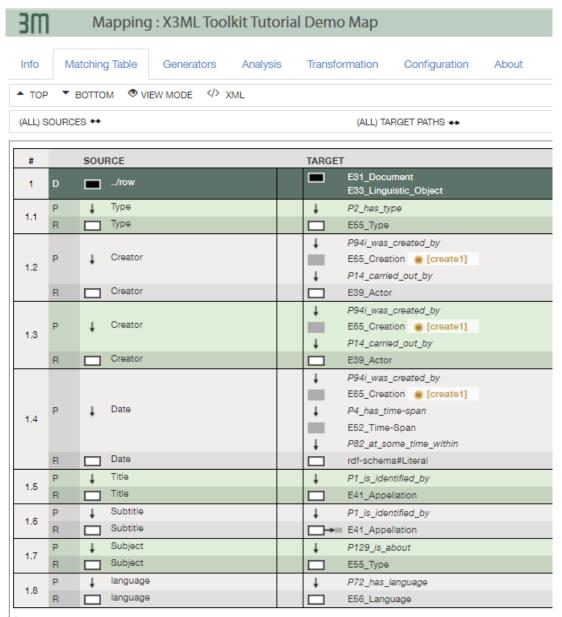
43-44

2'

3M Editor

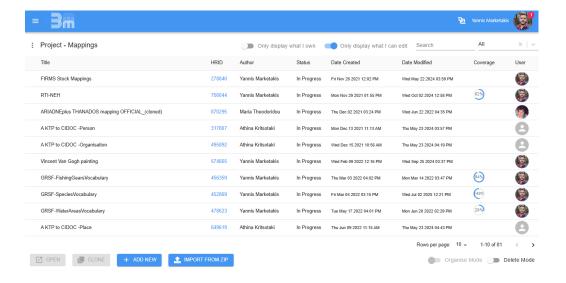
- Enables the creation of mapping definitions (X3ML) between source and target schemata
- Supports guided mappings by analyzing source resources and target schemata
- Provides user space and mapping storage
- Transforms data (in RDF format) using X3ML Engine

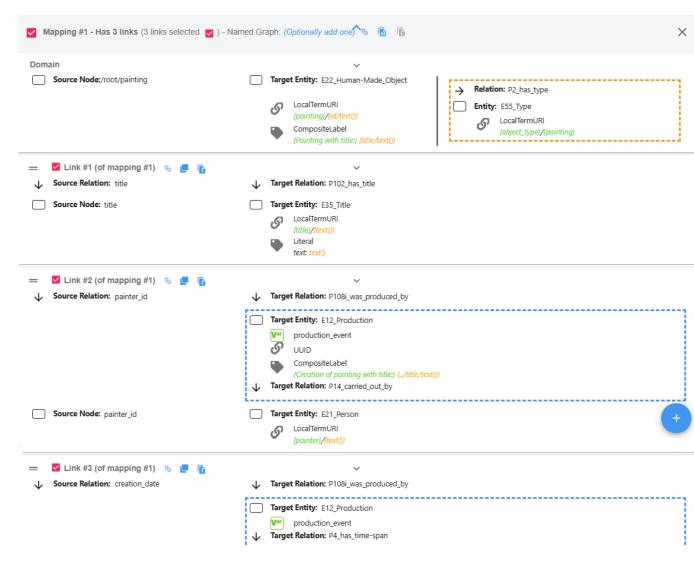




3M Editor – new version

- Implemented using modern and responsive technologies
- Faster and light-weight (at client side)
- Allows concurrent edits of mappings from different users (a la Google docs)
- In action since 2021





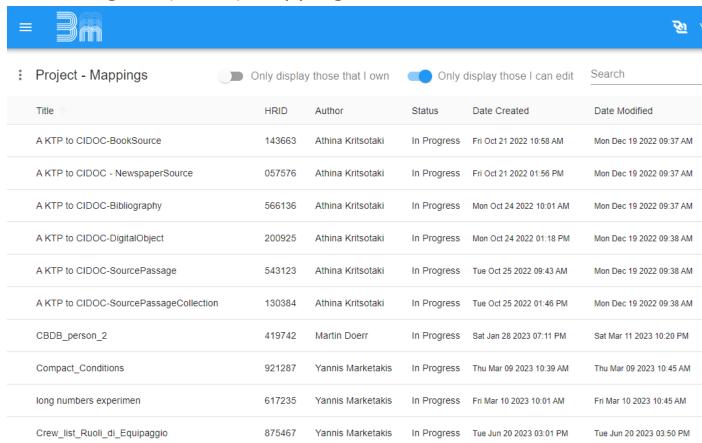
3M Editor

- Key features
 - Guided mappings by analyzing source records and target schemata (i.e. ontologies)
 - Collaborative definition of X3ML mappings
 - Integration with tools (i.e. X3ML Engine for data transformation, RDFVisualization for visualizing transformed data)
 - Smart features to facilitate mapping definition (e.g. copy/clone mappings, disable mappings, etc.)
 - Hybrid definition of mappings (i.e. editing mappings through the UI as well as through their XML serialization)
 - Import and export facilities
 - Enhanced dissemination and collaboration with link-to-share mappings

3M Editor

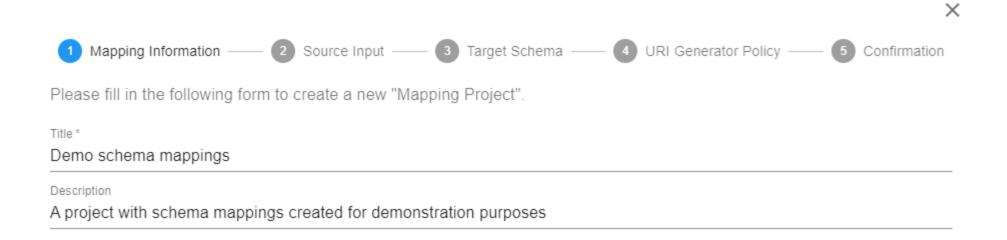
- Supports the collaborative creation and exchange of (X3ML) mapping definitions
 - Mappings definition
 - Mappings storage
 - Organized in projects
 - Collaborative (many users working on the same project)
 - Supports concurrent schema editing (à la google docs)





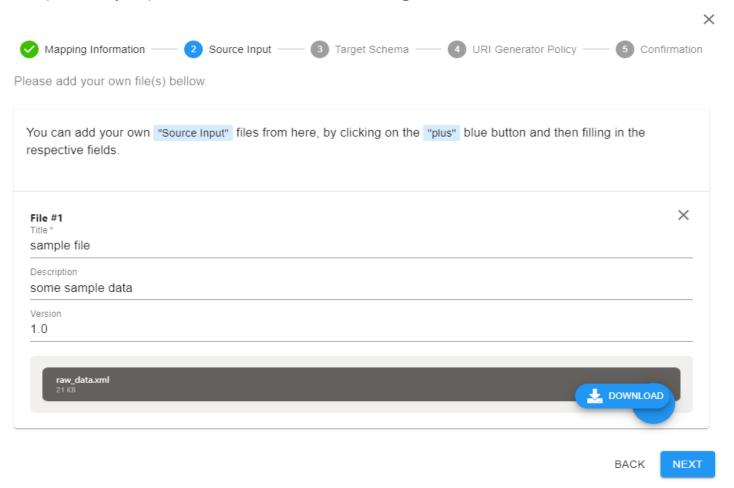
A new project is created in the form of a workflow (5 + 1 steps)

• Step 1: Define a title and a short description for the project

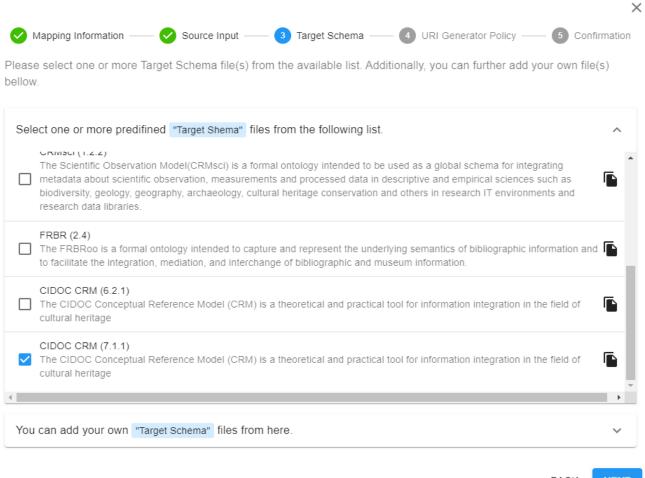


BACK NEXT

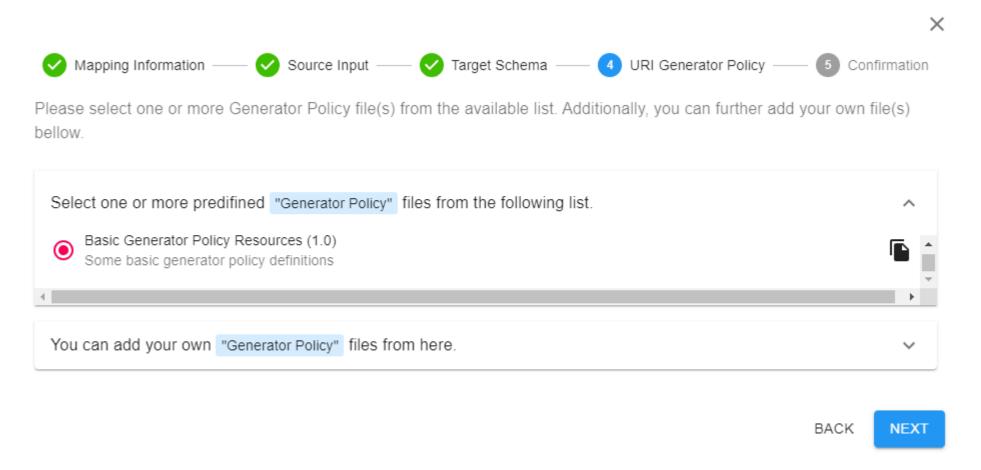
☐ Step 2: Upload (a sample) of the data in their original format



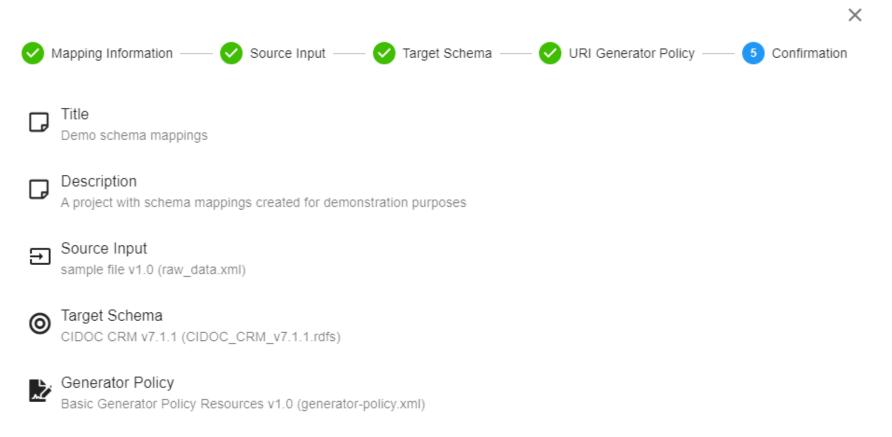
☐ Step 3: Select or upload the target schema/ontology



☐ Step 4: Select or upload the URI and values generation policy

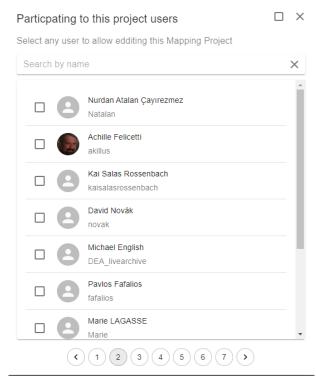


☐ Step 5: Inspect the project configuration and create the project



BACK FINISH

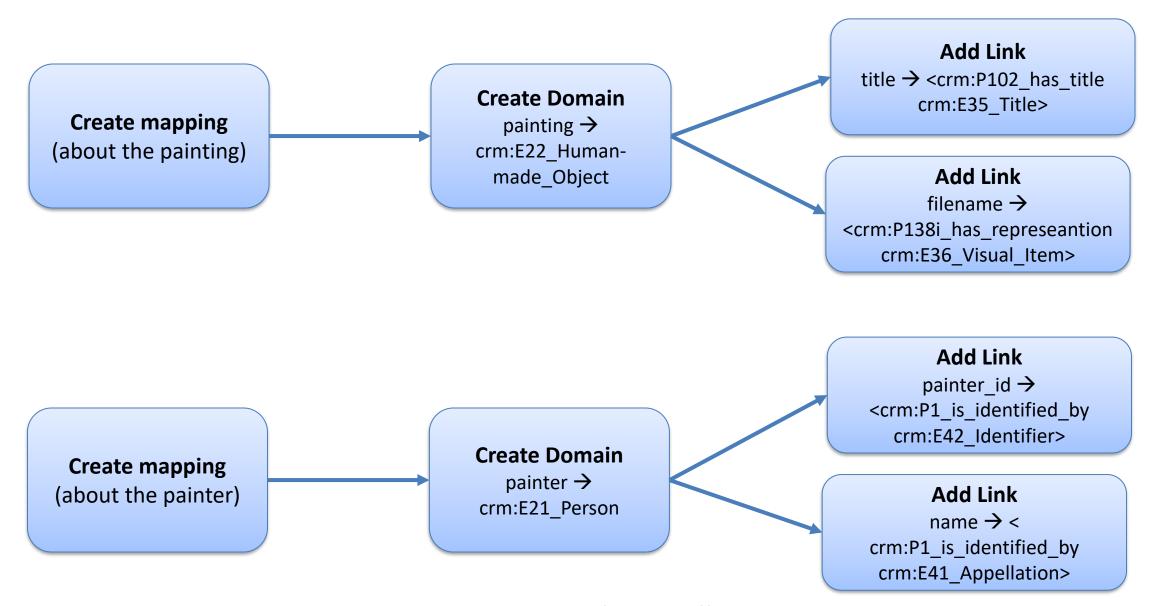
■ Extra Step



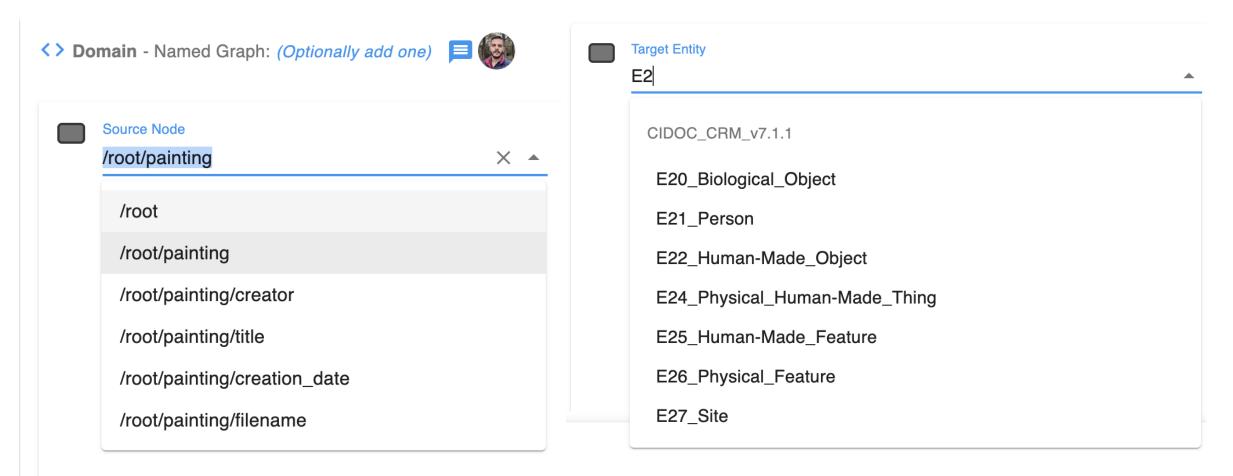
Invite collaborators



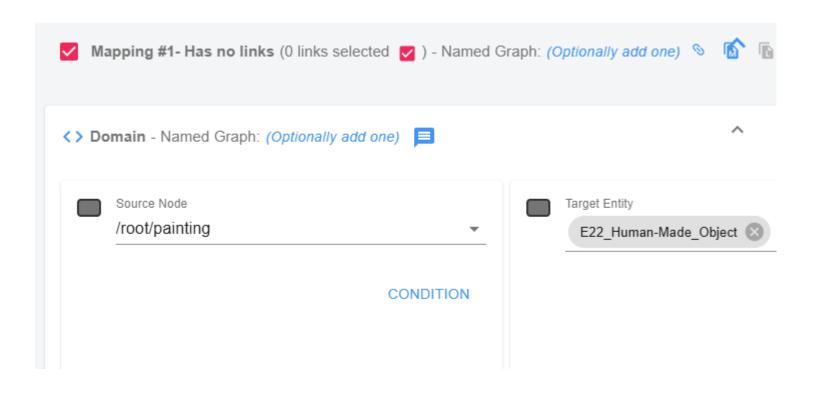
Start your mappings project



Guided mappings by analyzing source resources and target schemata

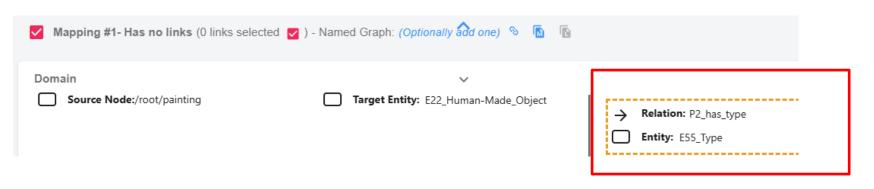


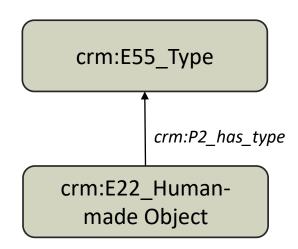
Create a mapping and a domain about painting objects



crm:E22_Humanmade Object

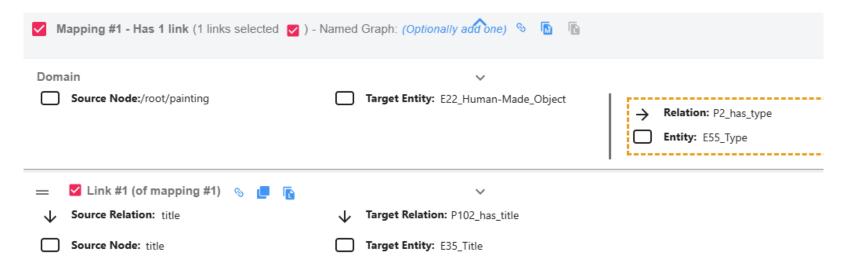
Add an additional node to specify the object type

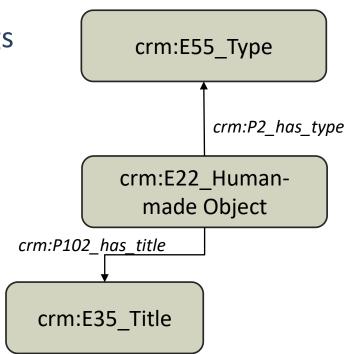


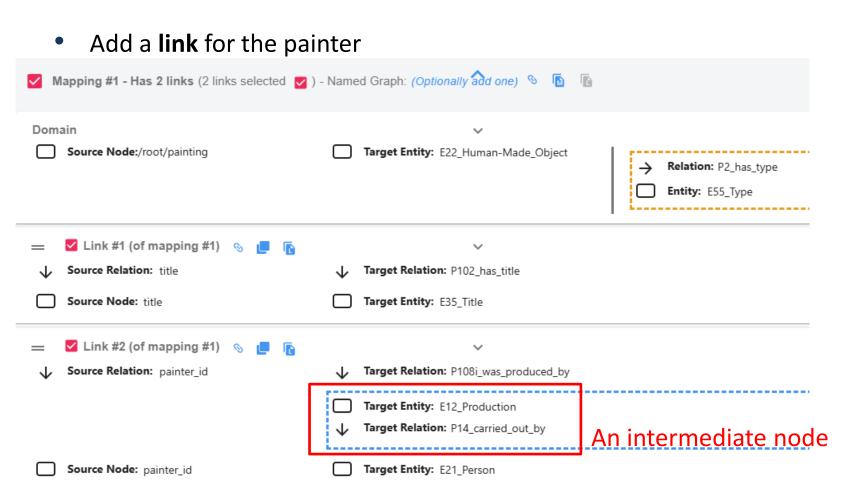


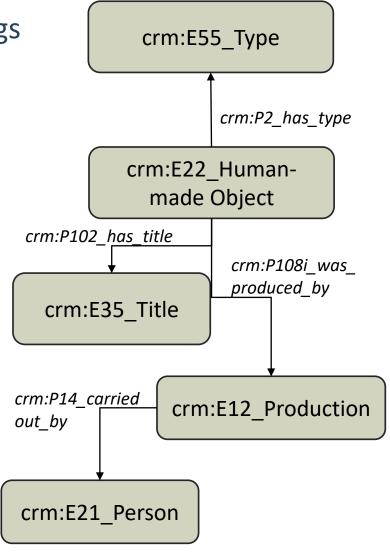
An additional node

Add a link for the painting title

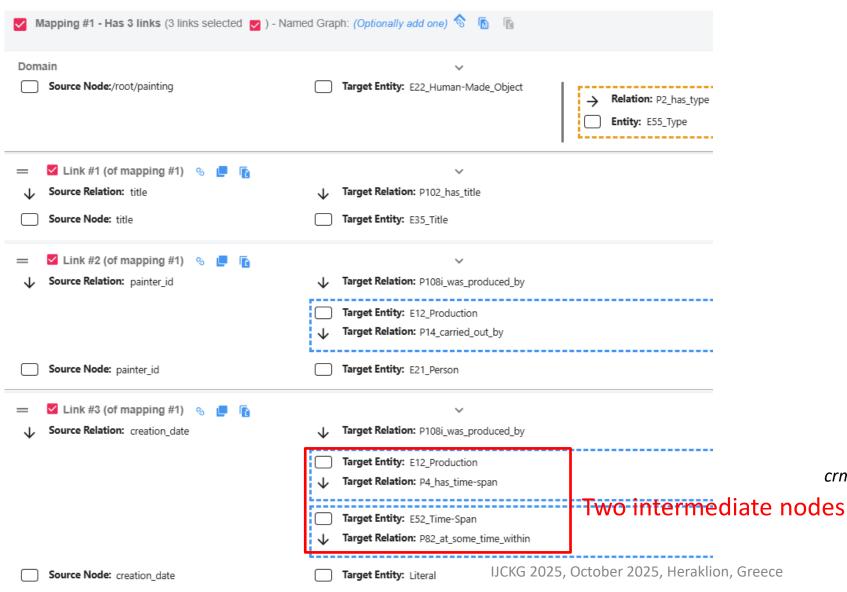


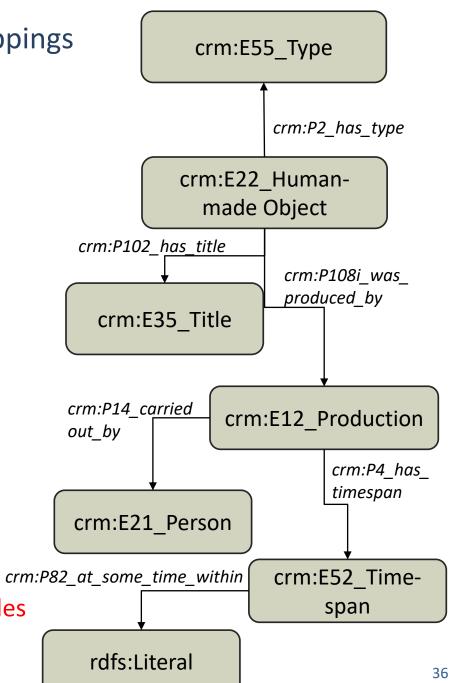


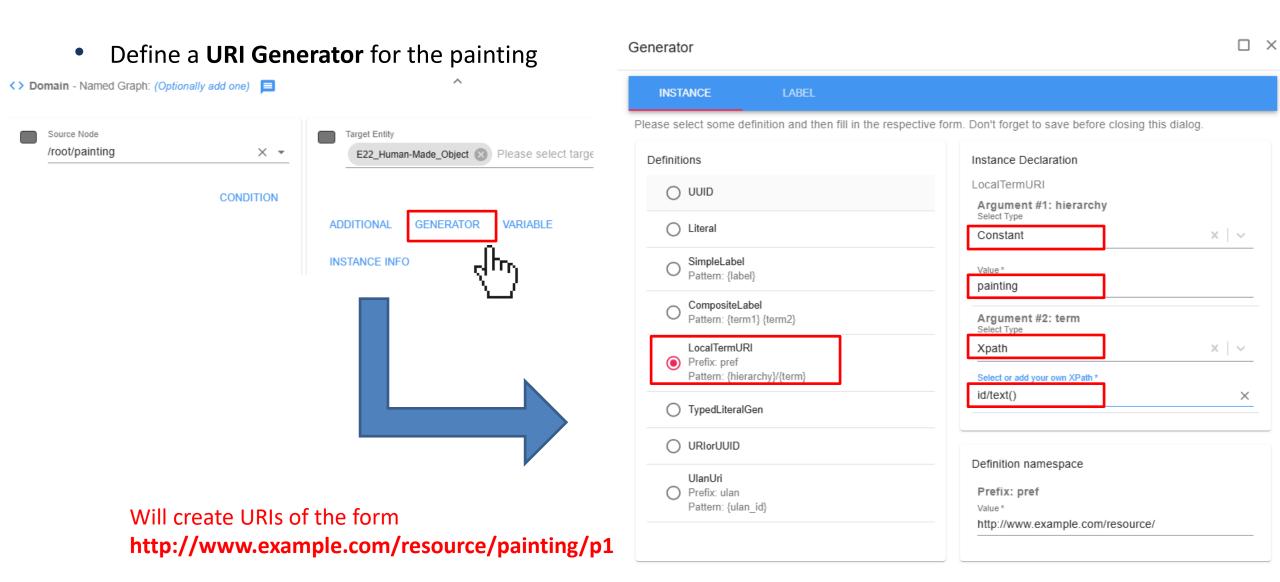




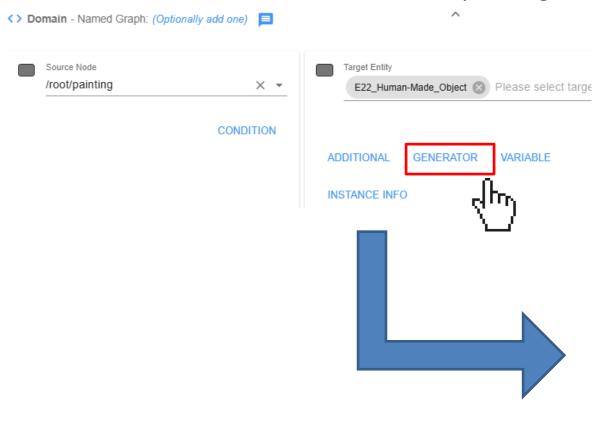
Add a link for the date of creating the painting



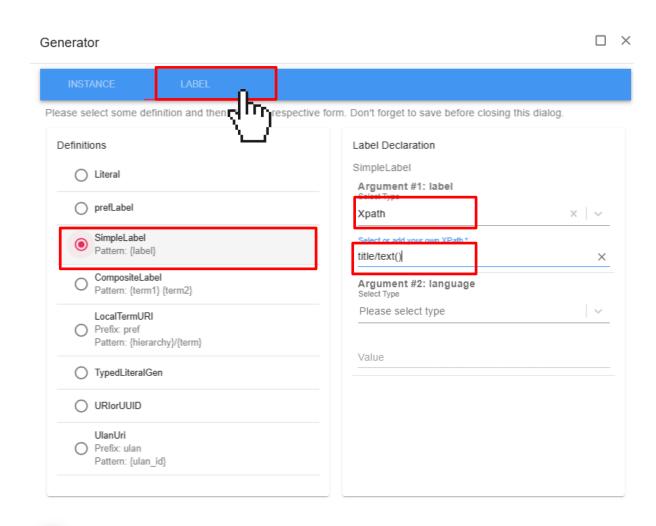




Define a label Generator for the painting

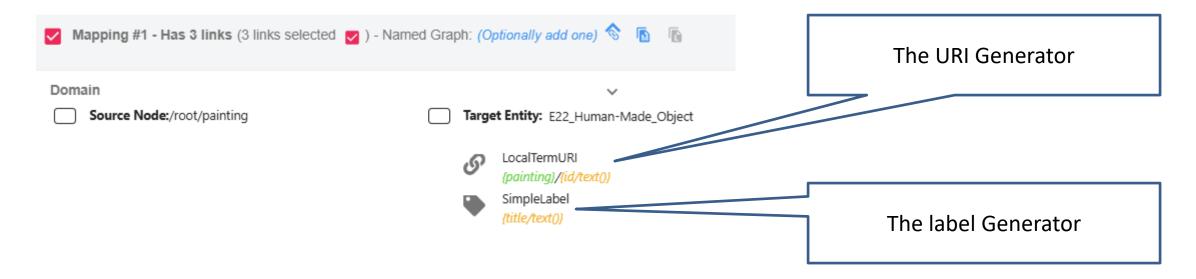


Will create labels with the title of paintings e.g. "Self-Portrait as a Painter"



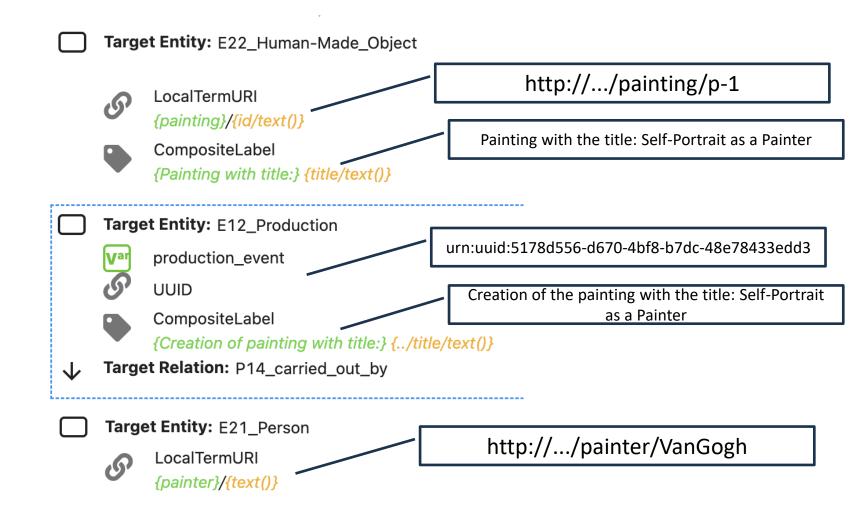
SAVE LABEL GENERATOR CLOSE

Define a **URI Generator** for the painting



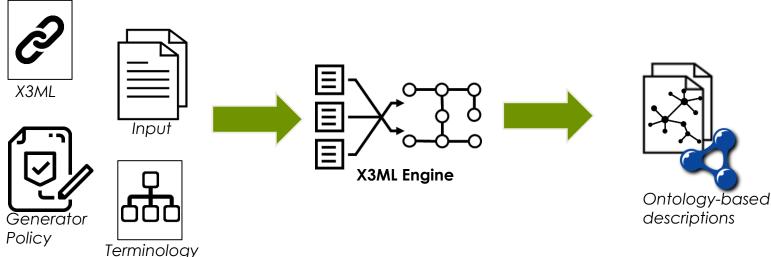
Green arguments: constant values

Yellow arguments: XPATH expressions (for collecting data from XML input)



X3ML Engine

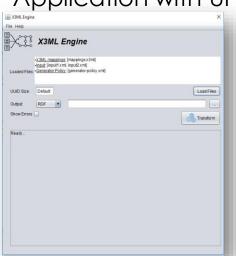
- X3ML Engine is a tool that realizes the transformation of data resources to a target format with respect to an X3ML Mapping definition language.
- Main principles:
 - Simplicity by design
 - Transparency in terms of expected output
 - Re-use of standards and technologies as much as possible
 - Facilitating the instance matching process



X3ML Engine

- X3ML Engine has been designed by FORTH.
 - The initial development has been carried out by DELVING B.V. under the support and contribution of FORTH (until version 1.3 March 2015)
 - FORTH took over the full development of X3ML Engine since March 2015.
- 30 Releases in total (Latest one: version 2.2.2 May 2025)
- Available as: API, executable (console-based & GUI), service

Application with UI



CLI tool

```
sage: x3ml -xml <input records> -x3ml <mapping file> hello
   -a,--assocTable <arg>
                               export the contents of the association table in XML format
                               Output format. Options:
                                -format application/rdf+xml (default)
                                -format application/n-triples
                                -format application/trig
   -i,--input <arg>
                               Option B-multiple files (comma-sep): --input input1.xml,input2.xml,input3.xml
                               Option D-URL: --input @input url
                               Option E-multiple URLs: --input @input_url1,input_url2,input_url3
                               Option F-stdin: --input @
                               merge the contents of the association table with the RDF output
   -m,--mergeAssocWithRDF
                               The output file name: --output output.rdf
                               The value policy file: --policy policy.xml
                               reports the progress of the transformations
                               the SKOS taxonomy
                               Option A-single file: --terms skosTerms.nt
                               Option B-URL: --terms @skos_terms_url
   -u,--uuidTestSize <arg>
                               Create a test UUID generator of the given size.
                               Default is UUID from operating system
   -x,--x3ml <arg>
                               X3ML mapping definition.
                               Option A-single file: --x3ml mapping.x3ml
                               Option B-multiple files (comma-sep): --x3ml mappings1.x3ml,mappings2.x3ml
                              Option C-URL: --x3ml @mappings_url
                               Option D-stdin: --x3ml @
ssing required options: i, x
```

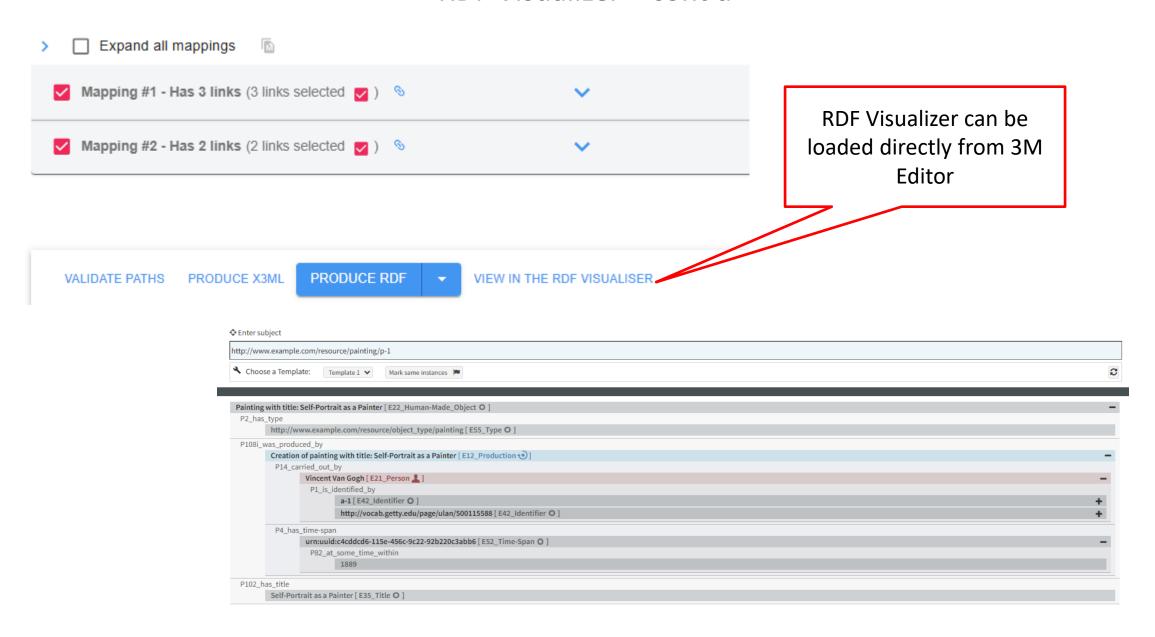
JAVA API

RDF Visualizer

RDF Visualizer is a generic browsing mechanism that gives the user a flexible, highly configurable, detailed overview of an RDF dataset/database



RDF Visualizer - cont'd









Looking to the Future



Introduction

46-47

2'

(Film)

How LLMs can support?

48

1'



Approaches / Prompts

49-51

2'



First Results

52-53

1



Issues / Challenges

54

1'

Looking to the Future Automatic the Definition of X3ML Schema Mappings

• What?

- Automate the transformation of large-scale structured data to RDF Knowledge Graphs
- Reduce the manual intervention of the schema mapping process

Why do we need it?

 Considering the tremendous volumes of data and their diversity, speeding up the semantic data integration process is the only way

Why it is difficult?

- The definition of schema mappings is a manual process
- It requires domain expertise and mapping experience
- Ensuring that mappings are accurate is a complex task (i.e. depends on the ontology, the input data, etc.)

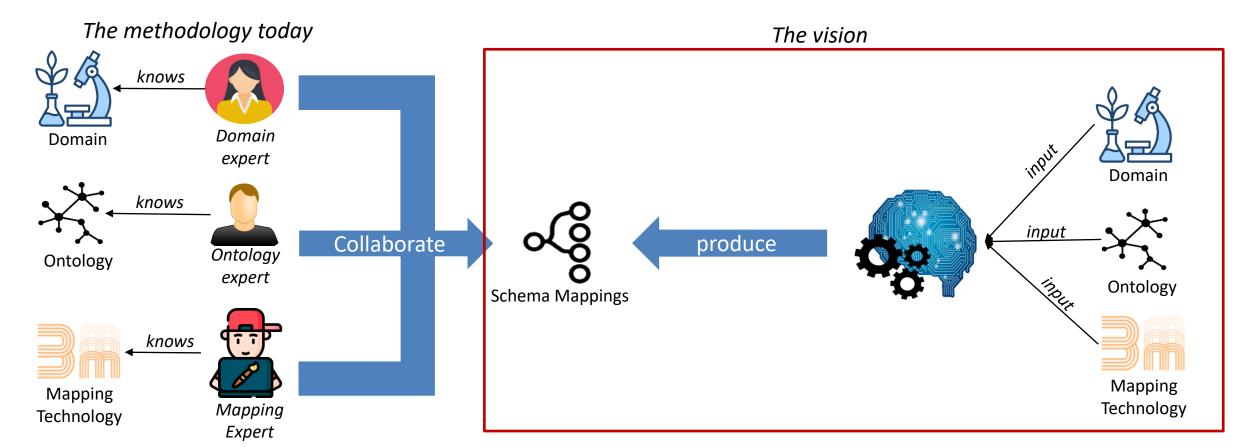
How?

- Focus on automation
 - Investigate how Large Language Models (LLMs) can support the definition of schema mappings
 - Explore different methods and approaches
 - Focus on mappings validation and evaluation



Looking to the Future How LLMs can support?

 Assign LLMs the roles of domain experts, ontology experts, and mapping experts to automate the data integration process



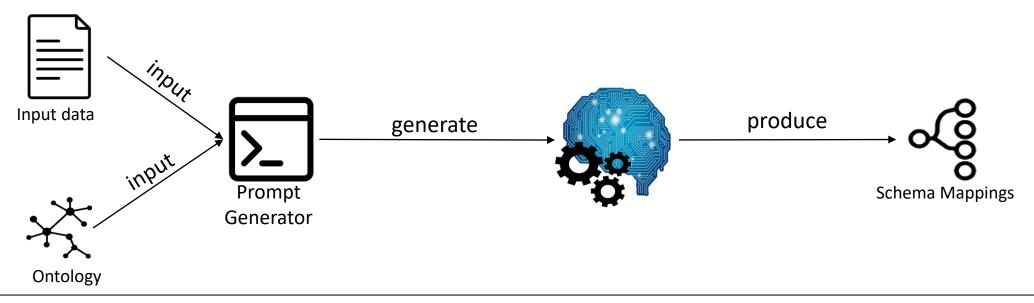
Looking to the Future Why focus on Schema Mappings?

- While other approaches utilize LLMs for transforming data we focus on generating schema mappings
 - It is an intermediate step that allows for verification and adjustments before the actual transformation
 - Easier debugging as potential errors (in the data transformation) can be traced by inspecting the mappings that were generated (data transformations using LLMs is a black box)
 - Direct data transformations using LLMs might introduce variability
 - Require to use only a small subset of the actual data
 - More efficient compared to transforming entire data collections using LLMs

Looking to the Future LLM-Supported Methods and Approaches

zero-shot

- Create a prompt asking the LLM to design X3ML schema mappings using as input
 - the original data
 - the target ontology

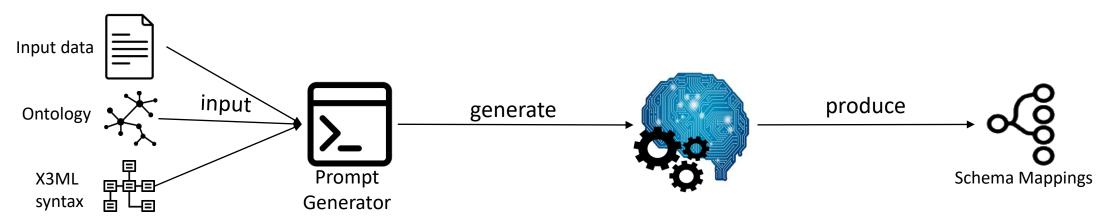


> Generate the schema mappings using X3ML mapping language for transforming the given dataset to CIDOC CRM ontology.

Looking to the Future LLM-Supported Methods and Approaches

syntax-aware

- Create a prompt asking the LLM to design X3ML schema mappings using as input
 - the original data
 - the target ontology
 - x3ml syntax

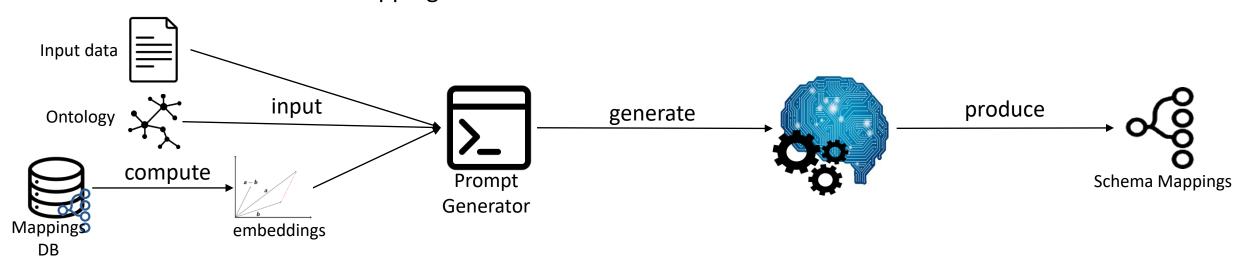


> Generate the schema mappings using X3ML mapping language for transforming the given dataset to CIDOC CRM ontology. You must generate a valid X3ML file, so you are given a sample X3ML file to understand how it is structured.

Looking to the Future LLM-Supported Methods and Approaches

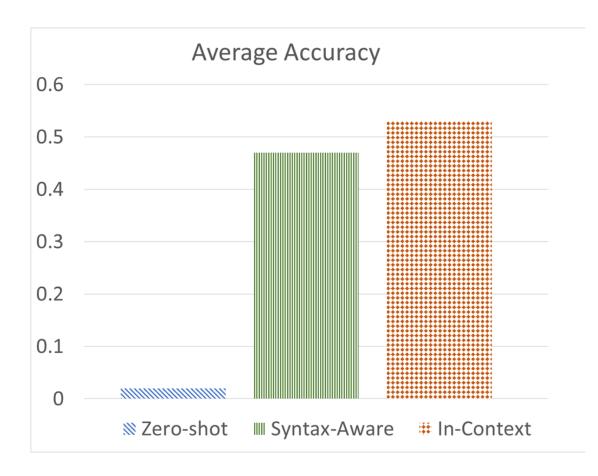
in-context mapping

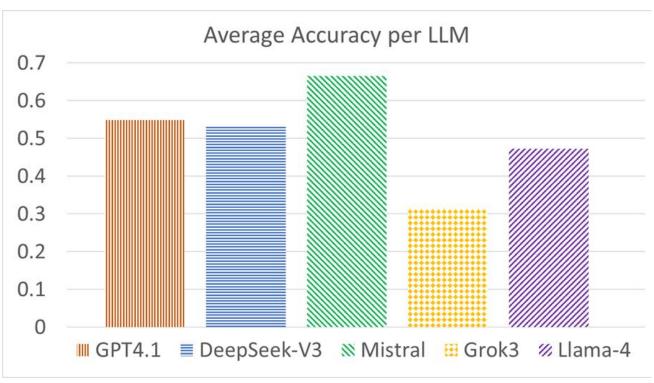
- Create a prompt asking the LLM to design X3ML schema mappings using as input
 - the original data
 - the target ontology
 - relevant x3ml mappings



> Generate the schema mappings using X3ML mapping language for transforming the given dataset to CIDOC CRM ontology. You are given a relevant X3ML mapping file used to describe the schema mappings for similar input like the one provided.

Looking to the Future Some first results



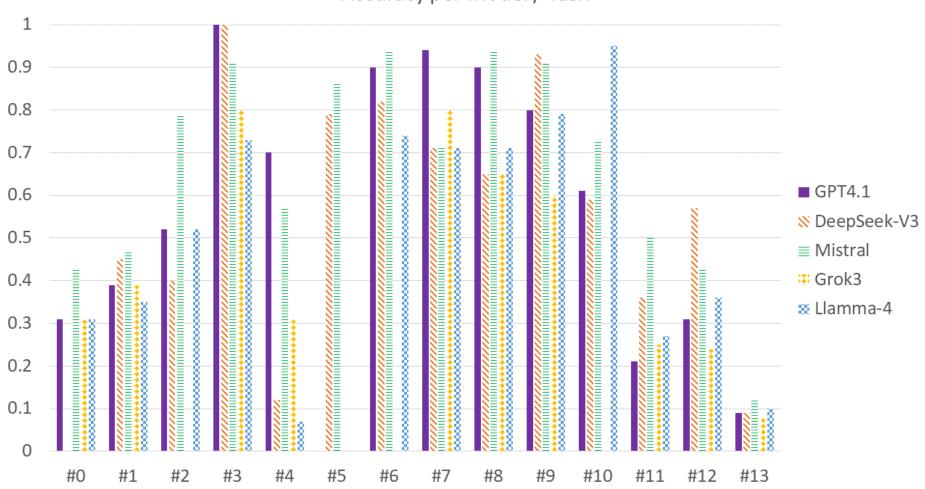


average accuracy (in-context) ≈ **53%**

average accuracy (in-context) of the best performing LLM ≈ **65%**

Looking to the Future Some first results – cont'd

Accuracy per Model / Task



Looking to the Future Issues & Challenges

- The generated X3ML mappings need to be validated
 - Validity of X3ML: is X3ML valid with respect to X3ML Schema?
 - Validity of resources: are resources (e.g. classes) syntactically correct?
 - Validity of resource connectivity: do classes and properties relate (in the adopted ontology)?
 - Validity of semantics: are mappings semantically correct?
- How to evaluate ?
 - Gold standard: real existing mapping projects (from various 3M installations)
 - More than 1500 X3ML mapping projects
- How to deal with the construction of URIs and labels?



Conclusions & Next Steps

Key takeaways

- Integrating heterogeneous data requires
 semantic alignment through schema mappings
- The X3ML framework offers a declarative, transparent, and reusable way to transform data into RDF knowledge graphs
- A well-defined schema mapping process ensures the construction of interoperable and semantically rich knowledge graphs
- Tools that facilitate the definition of schema mappings and promote collaboration of users

Looking Ahead

- X3ML continues to evolve toward greater usability
- Large Language Models (LLMs) can assist or automate parts of the mapping process
- Integration workflows are moving toward semiautomated, intelligent pipelines
- Community collaboration promote high-quality schema mappings and strengthen best practices

Some Statistics

Project / Activity	# Mappings	# Links	# RDF Triples
The Global Record of Stocks and Fisheries (GRSF) (so far)	86	315	6.4 million
SemantyFish (so far)	8	210	6.5 million
SeaLit	266	2284	18.5 million
RICONTRANS	116	683	? millions
DLN Sip Archiver	42	164	On demand
SKOS FoodEx2	5	51	2.8 million













References & Links

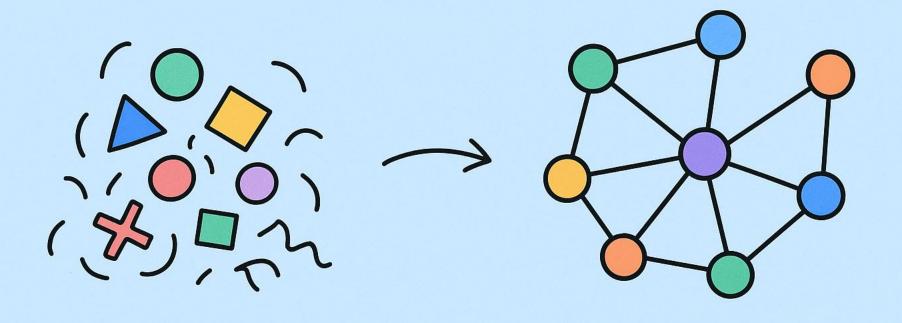
- Tutorial-related
 - https://ymark.github.io/X3ML-Tutorial/
 - https://github.com/ymark/X3ML-Tutorial (with exercises)
- X3ML-related
 - https://github.com/isl/x3ml
 - https://demos.isl.ics.forth.gr/3m/Projects
- Related Publications
 - Marketakis, Y., Lintanff--Castel, M., and Tzitzikas, Y., 2025. Using LLMs to Automate the
 Transformation of Any Structured Data to Ontology-based Descriptions (submitted under review)
 - Marketakis, Y., Minadakis, N., Kondylakis, H., Konsolaki, K., Samaritakis, G., Theodoridou, M., Flouris, G. and Doerr, M., 2017. X3ML mapping framework for information integration in cultural heritage and beyond. International Journal on Digital Libraries, 18(4), pp.301-319.
 - Minadakis, N., Marketakis, Y., Kondylakis, H., Flouris, G., Theodoridou, M., de Jong, G. and Doerr, M., 2015, September. X3ML Framework: An Effective Suite for Supporting Data Mappings. In EMF-CRM@ TPDL (pp. 1-12).

From Chaos to Knowledge Graphs

- Mission Accomplished!



Thanks for mapping with us!



Scan for more



Any Questions?