

# Natural History and Outcomes of Early Aortic Valve Replacement versus Conservative Management in Asymptomatic Severe Aortic Stenosis

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# Disclosure of Relevant Financial Relationships

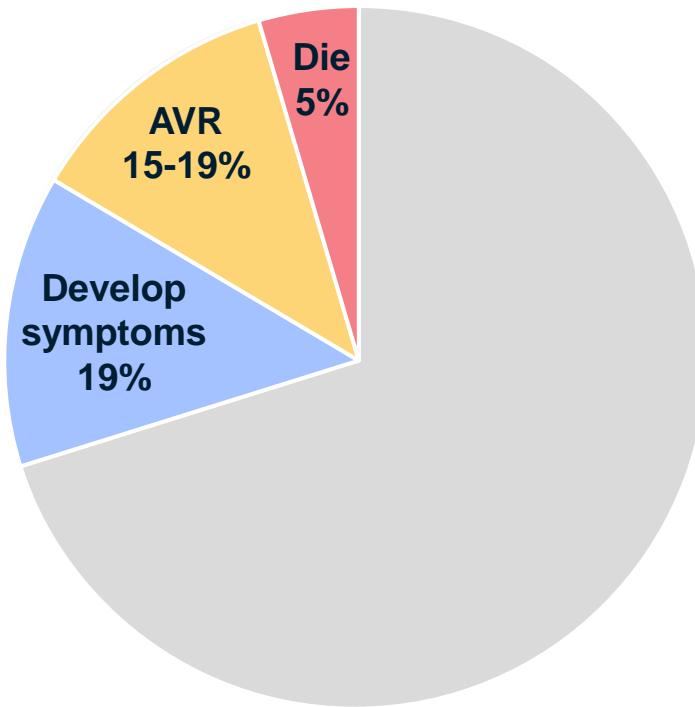
I, Justin Huang, do not have any financial relationships to disclose.

# Indications for AVR in Asymptomatic Severe AS

Class 1	Class 2a	Class 2b
LVEF < 50%	Positive stress test	Decreasing LVEF on 3 images to <60%
Cardiac surgery for other indication	Very Severe AS ( $V_{max} \geq 5 \text{ m/s}$ )	
	Increasing peak velocity by $\geq 0.3 \text{ m/s/year}$	
	BNP $> 3 \times \text{ULN}$	

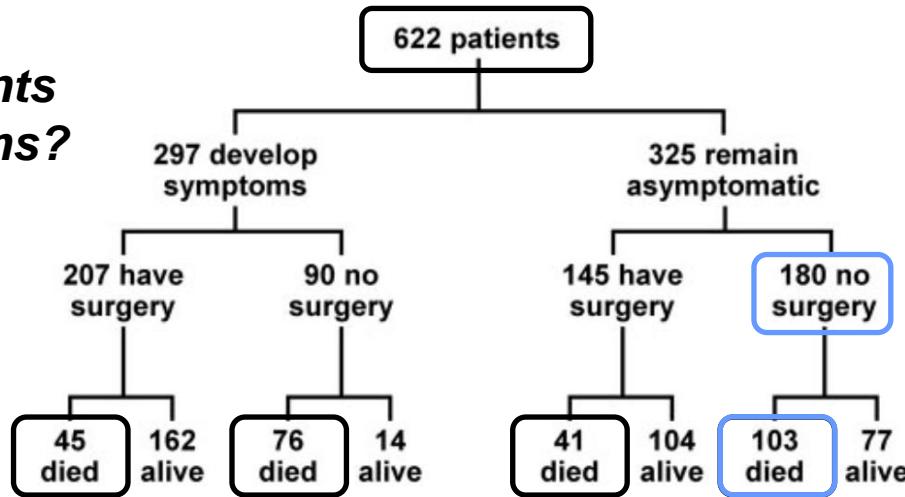
# Natural History of Asymptomatic Severe AS

Each year, out of 100 patients  
with asymptomatic severe AS...



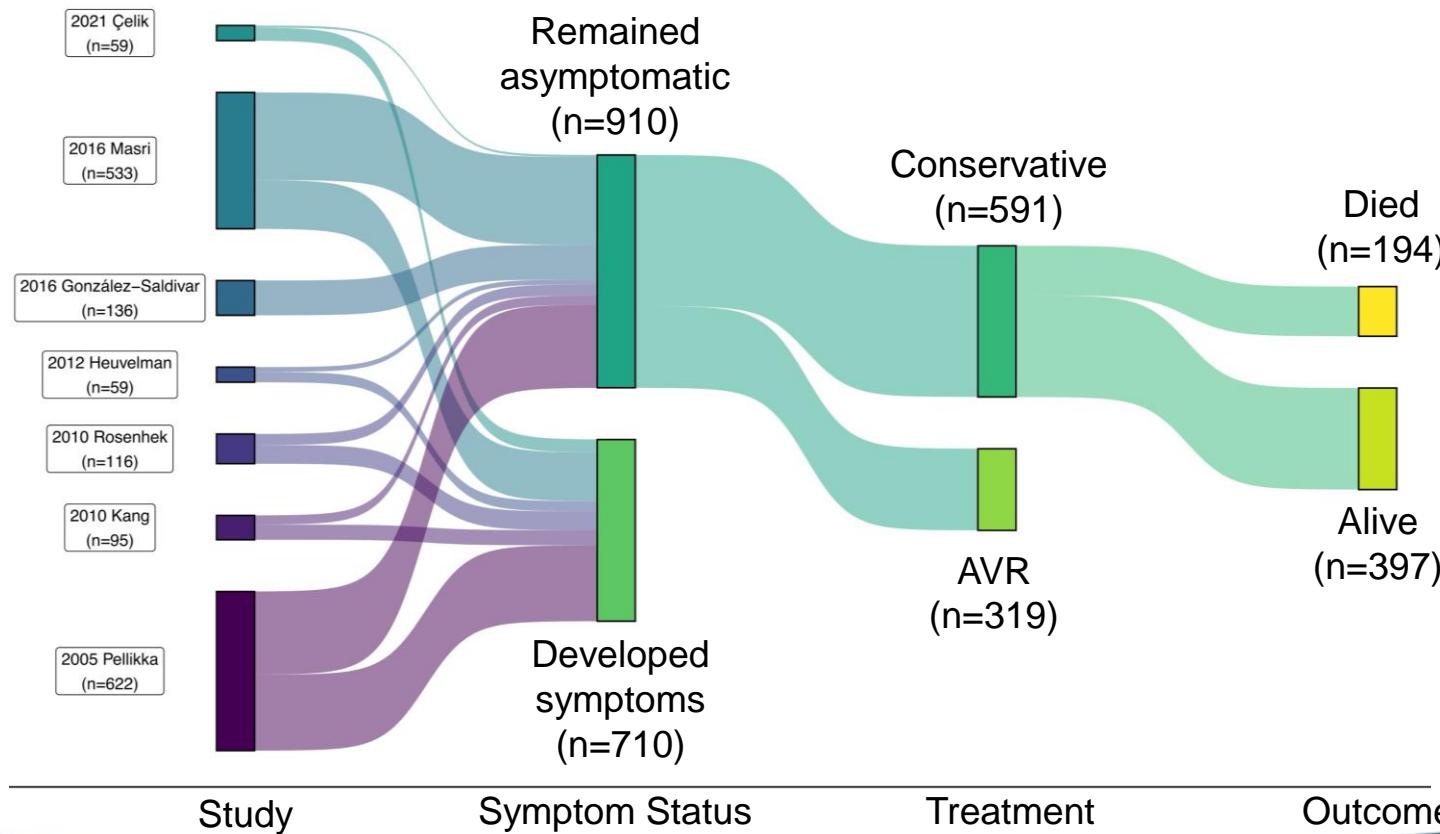
# Natural History Q's to Gauge Utility of Early AVR

**How many patients develop symptoms?**



*What if we don't operate on asymptomatic patients?*

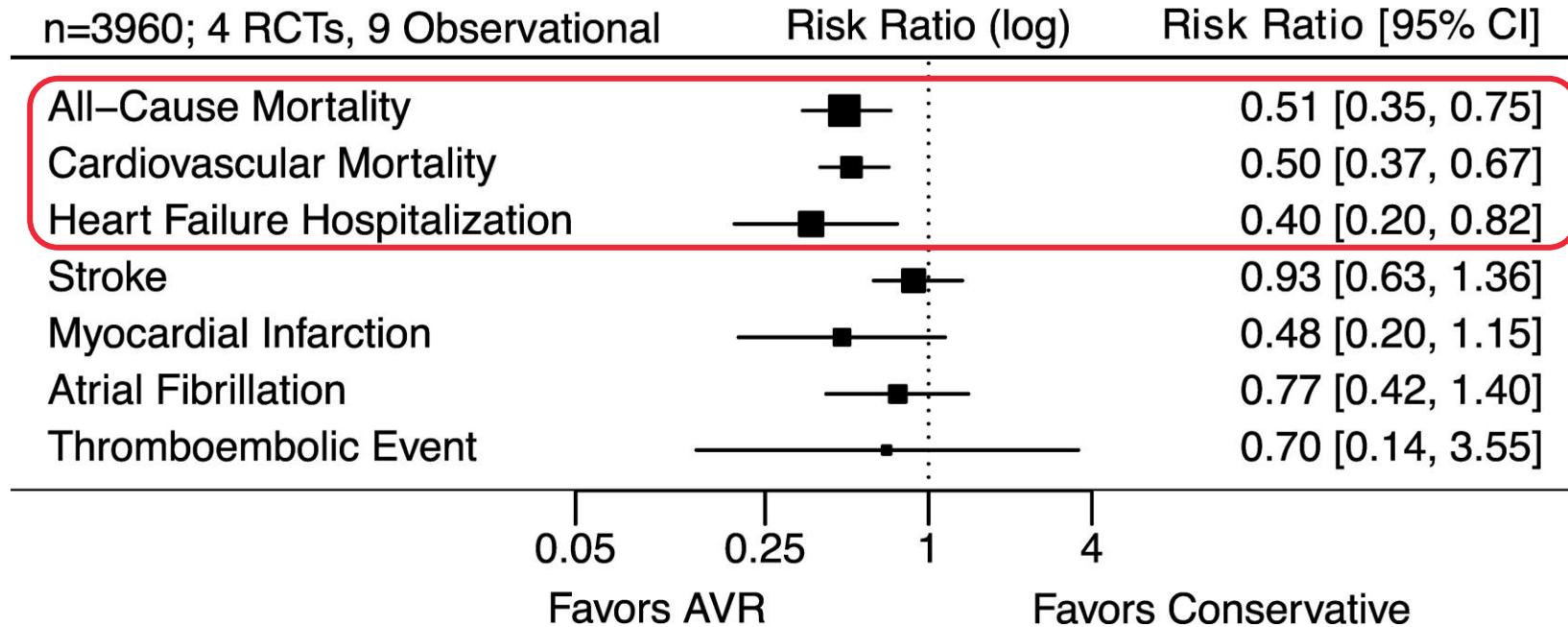
# Natural History of Asymptomatic Severe AS



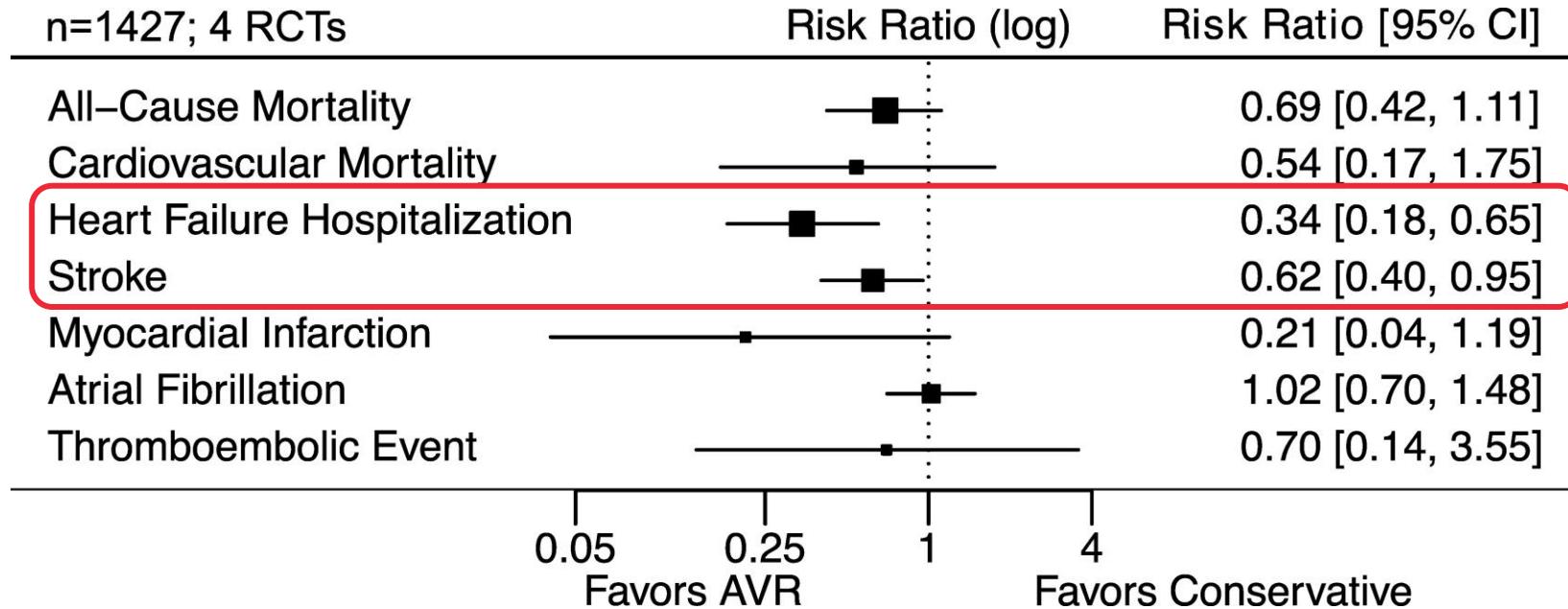
# RCTs of Early AVR vs Clinical Surveillance

	Mean or median FU	n	# AVR	Symptom Reporting	Inclusion Criteria
Génereux 2025 <i>Early TAVR</i>	3.8 yr	901	TAVR 455	Stress test (90%)	Age $\geq$ 65, LVEF $\geq$ 50%
Loganath 2025 <i>Evolved</i>	3.5 yr	224	TAVR 26 SAVR 80	Patient report	Age $\geq$ 18, LVEF $\geq$ 50% ↑Trop or LVH on ECG Myocardial fibrosis
Banovic 2024 <i>AVATAR</i>	5.3 yr	157	SAVR 78	Stress test	Age $\geq$ 18, LVEF $\geq$ 50%
Kang 2020 <i>RECOVERY</i>	6.2 yr	145	SAVR 73	Stress test if nonspecific sx	Age 20-80, LVEF $\geq$ 50%

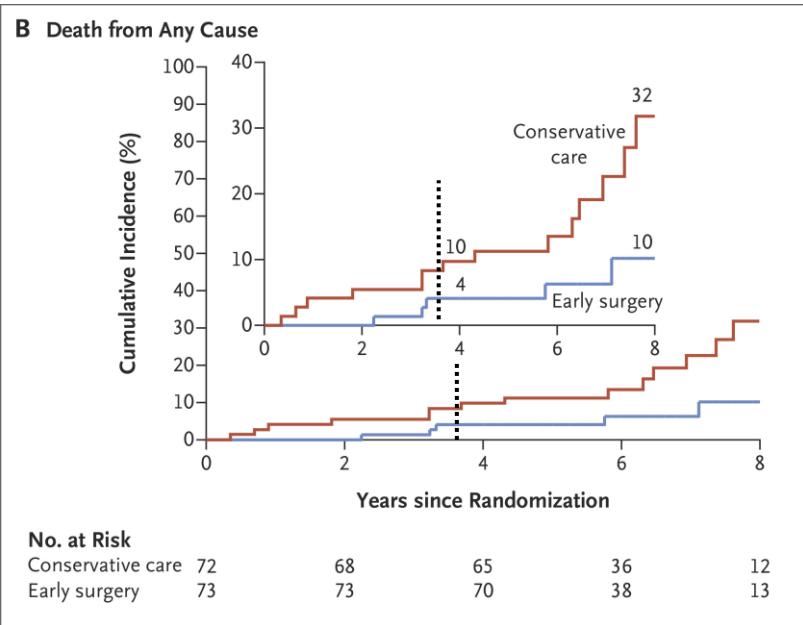
# Impact of Early AVR on Asymptomatic Severe AS



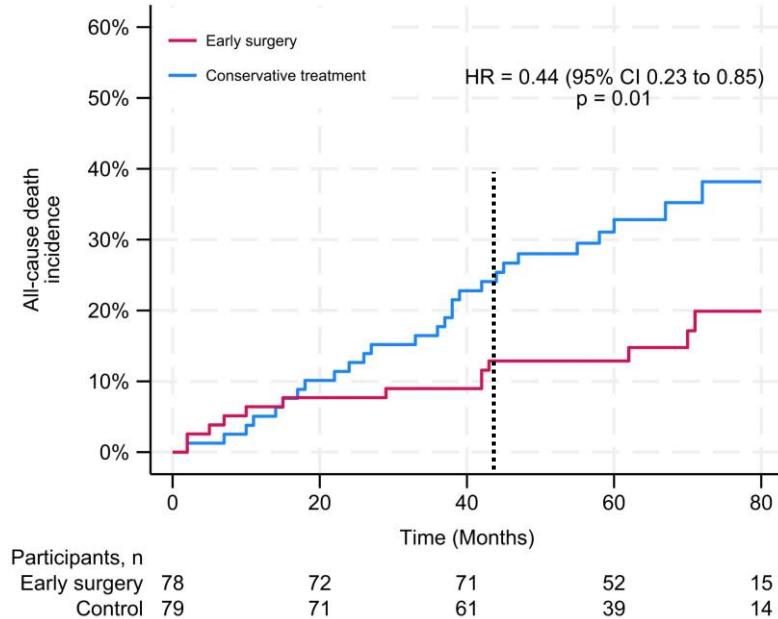
# Impact of Early AVR on Asymptomatic Severe AS



# Impact of Follow Up Duration: All Mortality



RECOVERY 2020



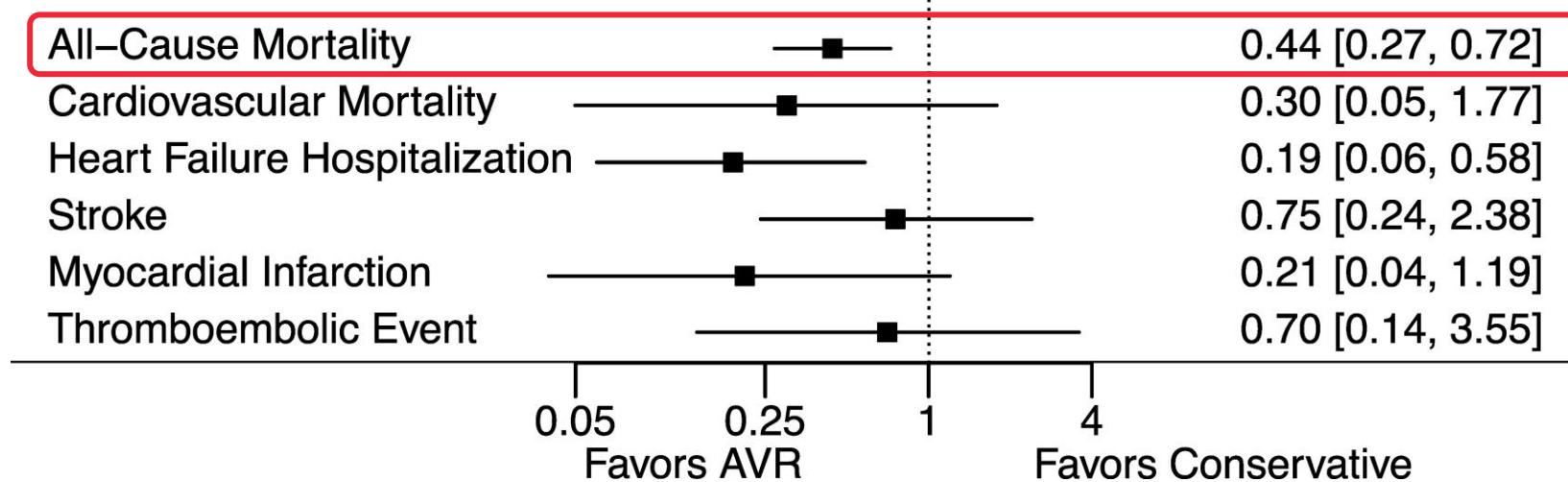
AVATAR 2024

# Impact of Early AVR on Asymptomatic Severe AS

n=302; 2 RCTs with mean FU > 5 yr

Risk Ratio (log)

Risk Ratio [95% CI]



# Impact of Close Clinical Surveillance on Outcomes

	% Surveillance to AVR	Median time from symptoms to AVR	HR for AVR Mortality Benefit
Généreux 2025 <i>Early TAVR</i>	87%	32d (18d – 58d)	0.93 (0.60 – 1.44)
Loganath 2025 <i>Evolved</i>	77%	100d (43d – 136d)	1.22 (0.59 – 2.51)
Banovic 2024 <i>AVATAR</i>	44%	123d (90d – 297d)	0.44 (0.23 – 0.85)
Kang 2020 <i>RECOVERY</i>	74%	Not reported	0.33 (0.12 – 0.90)

# Takeaways: Natural History

Over a follow-up of ~5 years:

- Nearly half of asymptomatic patients developed symptoms
- 1/3 of asymptomatic patients under clinical surveillance died

# Takeaways: Early AVR vs Surveillance

- Early AVR is associated with reduced HF hospitalization, and possibly reduced mortality, CV death, and stroke
- The lack of association between AVR and reduced mortality among only RCTs is likely influenced by
  - Exceptionally prompt conversion to AVR in the clinical surveillance group in Early TAVR
  - Shorter follow-up durations in Early TAVR and EVOLVED