Assignment 4

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Loading packages

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import plotly.express as px
from plotly.subplots import make_subplots
import plotly.graph_objs as go
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

Loading data

Show the first 5 lines of data to get an idea how the dataset looks like. This is a classification dataset, the response variable is "Revenue"

```
df = pd.read csv("online shoppers intention.csv")
df.head()
   Administrative Administrative_Duration Informational Informational_Duration ProductRelated ProductRelated
0
               0
                                                     0
                                     0.0
                                                                          0.0
                                                                                            1
1
               0
                                     0.0
                                                     0
                                                                          0.0
2
               0
                                                     0
                                     0.0
                                                                          0.0
                                                                                            1
               0
                                     0.0
                                                                          0.0
3
                                                                                            2
               0
                                                     0
4
                                     0.0
                                                                          0.0
                                                                                           10
```

Use describe function to show the statistical summary like mean, standard deviation, min, and max of each variable in the dataset.

```
In [3]: df.describe()
```

		Administrative	Administrative_Duration	intormational	Intormational_Duration	ProductKelated	Productkei
	count	12330.000000	12330.000000	12330.000000	12330.000000	12330.000000	
	mean	2.315166	80.818611	0.503569	34.472398	31.731468	
	std	3.321784	176.779107	1.270156	140.749294	44.475503	
	min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
	25%	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	7.000000	
	50%	1.000000	7.500000	0.000000	0.000000	18.000000	

```
      75%
      4.000000
      93.256250
      0.000000
      0.000000
      38.000000

      max
      27.000000
      3398.750000
      24.000000
      2549.375000
      705.000000
```

Data Cleaning

```
In [4]:
        import copy
         clean df = copy.deepcopy(df)
         clean df.dtypes
Out[4]: Administrative
                                     int64
        Administrative Duration float64
        Informational int64
Informational_Duration float64
        ProductRelated_Duration float64
        ProductRelated
                                    int64
        ExitRates
                                  float64
                                  float64
        PageValues
        SpecialDay
                                  float64
                                   object
        OperatingSystems
                                    int64
        Browser
                                    int64
                                    int64
        Region
        TrafficType
                                    int64
        VisitorType
                                    object
        Weekend
                                     bool
        Revenue
                                      bool
        dtype: object
```

Conver all the string varibale to categorical variable.

```
In [5]: clean_df["Month"] = clean_df.Month.astype("category")
    clean_df["VisitorType"] = clean_df.VisitorType.astype("category")
```

Load necessary pacakage.

```
In [6]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
    from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
```

Create One Hot Encoder functions to apply on the categorical features.

```
In [7]: # enc = OneHotEncoder(handle_unknown='ignore')
# encoded_df = enc.fit_transform(clean_df)
encoded_df = pd.get_dummies(clean_df)

In [8]: X = encoded_df.drop(['Revenue'], axis=1)
y = encoded_df['Revenue']
```

Split the data into train and test (80% as training and 20% as test)

```
In [9]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=25
```

Modeling

Set the seed to keep the random value to be same.

```
In [10]: import random random.seed(2535)
```

Load the necessary package.

```
In [11]: from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
    from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
    from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier, GradientBoostingClassifier, Bagging
    from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
    from lightgbm import LGBMClassifier
    from xgboost import XGBClassifier
    from sklearn.svm import SVC
    from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score, RepeatedStratifiedKFold
```

Baseling Model

Create the function for test the baseling model.

```
def base models():
   models = dict()
    models['Logistic'] = LogisticRegression(solver='liblinear')
    models['DecisionTree'] = DecisionTreeClassifier()
    models['RandomForest'] = RandomForestClassifier()
    models['KNN'] = KNeighborsClassifier()
    # models['SVC'] = SVC(gamma='auto')
    models['Bagging'] = BaggingClassifier()
    models['GBM'] = GradientBoostingClassifier()
    models['LightGBM'] = LGBMClassifier()
    models['XGBoost'] = XGBClassifier()
    return models
# Function to evaluate the list of models
def eval models(model):
 cv = RepeatedStratifiedKFold(n splits=10, n repeats=3, random state=1)
  scores = cross val score(model, X train, y train, cv=cv, n jobs=-1,
                            error score='raise')
  return scores
```

Print the evaluation of all the model.

```
# get the models to evaluate
baseline model = base models()
 # evaluate the models and store results
results, names = list(), list()
for name, model in baseline model.items():
  scores = eval models(model)
  results.append(scores)
  names.append(name)
  print('>%s %.3f (%.3f)' % (name, scores.mean(), scores.std()))
>Logistic 0.883 (0.007)
>DecisionTree 0.860 (0.010)
>RandomForest 0.903 (0.007)
>KNN 0.858 (0.008)
>Bagging 0.894 (0.007)
>GBM 0.900 (0.007)
>LightGBM 0.903 (0.007)
>XGBoost 0.897 (0.007)
```

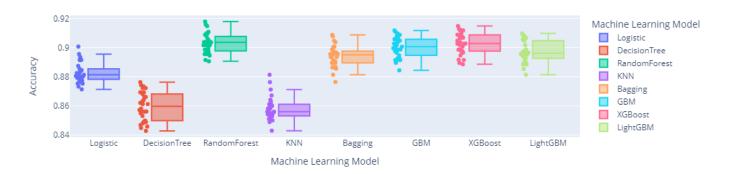
Convert the reuslt of evaluation model into dataframe.

```
In [14]: classificationmod = pd.DataFrame(np.transpose(results), columns = ["Logistic", "Decision"
    classificationmod = pd.melt(classificationmod.reset_index(), id_vars='index', value_vars=
    classificationmod.set_index('index', inplace=True)
    classificationmod.columns = ['Model', 'Score']
```

Generate a box plot to check the evaluation of each model.

```
In [15]: fig = px.box(classificationmod, x="Model", y="Score", color="Model", points='all',
```

Model Performance



Hyperparameter Search

Hyperparameter Search for Random Forest Classifier

Define model parameters

Grid search

Fit model.

Print the result.

```
# summarize results
print("Best: %f using %s" % (grid_result.best_score_, grid_result.best_params_))
means = grid_result.cv_results_['mean_test_score']
stds = grid_result.cv_results_['std_test_score']
params = grid_result.cv_results_['params']
for mean, stdev, param in zip(means, stds, params):
    print("%f (%f) with: %r" % (mean, stdev, param))

Best: 0.893106 using {'max_depth': 10, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'n_estimators': 150}
0.880860 (0.012162) with: {'max_depth': None, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'n_estimators': 1
```

0.885077 (0.016993) with: {'max depth': None, 'max features': 'sqrt', 'n estimators': 2

```
0.887672 (0.016359) with: {'max depth': None, 'max features': 'sqrt', 'n estimators': 5
0.888159 (0.015803) with: {'max depth': None, 'max features': 'sqrt', 'n estimators': 10
0.888321 (0.015634) with: {'max depth': None, 'max features': 'sqrt', 'n estimators': 15
0.889943 (0.015216) with: {'max depth': None, 'max features': 'sqrt', 'n estimators': 25
0.888808 (0.015703) with: {'max depth': None, 'max features': 'sqrt', 'n estimators': 10
0.878183 (0.017116) with: {'max depth': None, 'max features': 'log2', 'n estimators': 1
0.883942 (0.016092) with: {'max depth': None, 'max features': 'log2', 'n estimators': 2
0.885320 (0.015170) with: {'max depth': None, 'max features': 'log2', 'n estimators': 5
0.888240 (0.014892) with: {'max depth': None, 'max features': 'log2', 'n estimators': 10
0.889700 (0.015697) with: {'max depth': None, 'max features': 'log2', 'n estimators': 15
0.887916 (0.014848) with: {'max depth': None, 'max features': 'log2', 'n estimators': 25
0.888078 (0.015473) with: {'max depth': None, 'max features': 'log2', 'n estimators': 10
0.877210 (0.012555) with: {'max depth': 5, 'max features': 'sqrt', 'n estimators': 10}
0.879968 (0.010887) with: {'max_depth': 5, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'n_estimators': 25}
0.881509 (0.011040) with: {'max_depth': 5, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'n_estimators': 50}
0.881914 (0.015546) with: {'max depth': 5, 'max features': 'sqrt', 'n estimators': 100}
0.883942 (0.012302) with: {'max_depth': 5, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'n_estimators': 150}
0.881590 (0.015864) with: {'max depth': 5, 'max features': 'sqrt', 'n estimators': 250}
0.882238 (0.015150) with: {'max_depth': 5, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'n_estimators': 1000} 0.867315 (0.009234) with: {'max_depth': 5, 'max_features': 'log2', 'n_estimators': 10}
0.873723 (0.015486) with: {'max_depth': 5, 'max_features': 'log2', 'n_estimators': 25}
0.864396 (0.009832) with: {'max_depth': 5, 'max_features': 'log2', 'n_estimators': 50}
0.869262 (0.009677) with: {'max depth': 5, 'max features': 'log2', 'n estimators': 100}
0.864801 (0.008405) with: {'max depth': 5, 'max features': 'log2', 'n estimators': 150}
0.866748 (0.009699) with: {'max_depth': 5, 'max_features': 'log2', 'n estimators': 250}
0.866748 (0.009699) with: {'max_depth': 5, 'max_features': 'log2', 'n_estimators': 250}  
0.869019 (0.010105) with: {'max_depth': 5, 'max_features': 'log2', 'n_estimators': 1000}  
0.886537 (0.015049) with: {'max_depth': 10, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'n_estimators': 10}  
0.892701 (0.014898) with: {'max_depth': 10, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'n_estimators': 25}  
0.892944 (0.015546) with: {'max_depth': 10, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'n_estimators': 50}  
0.891890 (0.014513) with: {'max_depth': 10, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'n_estimators': 100}  
0.803106 (0.014041) with: {'max_depth': 10, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'n_estimators': 150}
0.893106 (0.014941) with: {'max_depth': 10, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'n_estimators': 150}
0.892701 (0.014689) with: {'max depth': 10, 'max features': 'sqrt', 'n estimators': 250}
0.891971 (0.014439) with: {'max depth': 10, 'max features': 'sqrt', 'n estimators': 100
0 }
0.882401 (0.012343) with: {'max_depth': 10, 'max_features': 'log2', 'n_estimators': 10}
0.886780 (0.013485) with: {'max_depth': 10, 'max_features': 'log2', 'n_estimators': 25} 0.889376 (0.015174) with: {'max_depth': 10, 'max_features': 'log2', 'n_estimators': 50}
0.890430 (0.013889) with: {'max depth': 10, 'max features': 'log2', 'n estimators': 100}
0.892052 (0.015569) with: {'max depth': 10, 'max features': 'log2', 'n estimators': 150}
0.891403 (0.012184) with: {'max_depth': 10, 'max_features': 'log2', 'n estimators': 250}
0.891322 (0.013864) with: {'max depth': 10, 'max features': 'log2', 'n estimators': 100
0.882887 (0.017452) with: {'max depth': 20, 'max features': 'sqrt', 'n estimators': 10}
0.887510 (0.016082) with: {'max_depth': 20, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'n_estimators': 25}
0.887105 (0.016739) with: {'max_depth': 20, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'n_estimators': 50}
0.887997 (0.015628) with: {'max_depth': 20, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'n_estimators': 100}
0.889051 (0.015875) with: {'max_depth': 20, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'n_estimators': 150}
0.888240 (0.015646) with: {'max_depth': 20, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'n_estimators': 250}
0.889213 (0.015890) with: {'max depth': 20, 'max features': 'sqrt', 'n estimators': 100
0.879400 (0.016534) with: {'max_depth': 20, 'max_features': 'log2', 'n_estimators': 10} 0.884996 (0.015439) with: {'max_depth': 20, 'max_features': 'log2', 'n_estimators': 25}
0.886699 (0.016066) with: {'max_depth': 20, 'max_features': 'log2', 'n_estimators': 50}
0.886131 (0.015329) with: {'max_depth': 20, 'max_features': 'log2', 'n_estimators': 100}
0.888159 (0.014829) with: {'max depth': 20, 'max features': 'log2', 'n estimators': 150}
0.888564 (0.016351) with: {'max_depth': 20, 'max_features': 'log2', 'n_estimators': 250}
0.889457 (0.015718) with: {'max depth': 20, 'max features': 'log2', 'n estimators': 100
```

```
0.883617 (0.017175) with: {'max depth': 50, 'max features': 'sqrt', 'n estimators': 10}
0.886699 (0.013968) with: {'max_depth': 50, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'n_estimators': 25}
0.886780 (0.015836) with: {'max_depth': 50, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'n_estimators': 50}
0.889862 (0.015202) with: {'max depth': 50, 'max features': 'sqrt', 'n estimators': 100}
0.887429 (0.014870) with: {'max depth': 50, 'max features': 'sqrt', 'n estimators': 150}
0.888889 (0.015984) with: {'max depth': 50, 'max features': 'sqrt', 'n estimators': 250}
0.889213 (0.016042) with: {'max depth': 50, 'max features': 'sqrt', 'n estimators': 100
0.884104 (0.018535) with: {'max depth': 50, 'max features': 'log2', 'n estimators': 10}
0.885969 (0.017557) with: {'max_depth': 50, 'max_features': 'log2', 'n_estimators': 25}
0.887672 (0.016091) with: {'max_depth': 50, 'max_features': 'log2', 'n_estimators': 50}
0.888240 (0.016204) with: {'max depth': 50, 'max features': 'log2', 'n estimators': 100}
0.887672 (0.015665) with: {'max_depth': 50, 'max_features': 'log2', 'n estimators': 150}
0.887916 (0.014857) with: {'max_depth': 50, 'max_features': 'log2', 'n estimators': 250}
0.887753 (0.015836) with: {'max depth': 50, 'max features': 'log2', 'n estimators': 100
0.881995 (0.015981) with: {'max_depth': 100, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'n_estimators': 10}
0.885807 (0.015050) with: {'max_depth': 100, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'n_estimators': 25}
0.888727 (0.014741) with: {'max depth': 100, 'max features': 'sqrt', 'n estimators': 50}
0.887672 (0.016662) with: {'max depth': 100, 'max features': 'sqrt', 'n estimators': 10
0.889457 (0.015229) with: {'max depth': 100, 'max features': 'sqrt', 'n estimators': 15
0.890835 (0.014999) with: {'max depth': 100, 'max features': 'sqrt', 'n estimators': 25
0.889376 (0.015752) with: {'max depth': 100, 'max features': 'sqrt', 'n estimators': 100
0.883131 (0.016311) with: {'max depth': 100, 'max features': 'log2', 'n estimators': 10}
0.886780 (0.016854) with: {'max depth': 100, 'max features': 'log2', 'n estimators': 25}
0.890754 (0.015773) with: {'max depth': 100, 'max features': 'log2', 'n estimators': 50}
0.888564 (0.016347) with: {'max depth': 100, 'max features': 'log2', 'n estimators': 10
0.888159 (0.015450) with: {'max depth': 100, 'max features': 'log2', 'n estimators': 15
0.888078 (0.014933) with: {'max depth': 100, 'max features': 'log2', 'n estimators': 25
0.888321 (0.015320) with: {'max depth': 100, 'max features': 'log2', 'n estimators': 100
```

Randomized Search

Fit model.

Print the result.

```
In [20]: # summarize results
    print("Best: %f using %s" % (rf_random.best_score_, rf_random.best_params_))
    means = rf_random.cv_results_['mean_test_score']
    stds = rf_random.cv_results_['std_test_score']
    params = rf_random.cv_results_['params']
    for mean, stdev, param in zip(means, stds, params):
        print("%f (%f) with: %r" % (mean, stdev, param))
```

```
Best: nan using {'n_estimators': 150, 'max_features': 'log2', 'max_depth': 10} nan (nan) with: {'n_estimators': 150, 'max_features': 'log2', 'max_depth': 10} nan (nan) with: {'n_estimators': 50, 'max_features': 'log2', 'max_depth': 100} nan (nan) with: {'n_estimators': 150, 'max_features': 'log2', 'max_depth': 100} nan (nan) with: {'n_estimators': 50, 'max_features': 'log2', 'max_depth': 5} nan (nan) with: {'n_estimators': 1000, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'max_depth': 5} nan (nan) with: {'n_estimators': 25, 'max_features': 'log2', 'max_depth': 50} nan (nan) with: {'n_estimators': 10, 'max_features': 'log2', 'max_depth': 20} nan (nan) with: {'n_estimators': 1000, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'max_depth': None} nan (nan) with: {'n_estimators': 1000, 'max_features': 'log2', 'max_depth': 100} nan (nan) with: {'n_estimators': 250, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'max_depth': None}
```

Hyperparameter Search for XGB Classifier

Grid Search

Fit model.

Print the result.

```
In [41]: # summarize results
    print("Best: %f using %s" % (grid_result.best_score_, grid_result.best_params_))
```

Best: 0.904602 using {'eval_metric': 'logloss', 'max_depth': 4, 'n_estimators': 10}

The output shows the best hyperparameters and the accuracy result.

Random Search

Fit model.

```
In [42]: rf_random = RandomizedSearchCV(estimator = model, param_distributions = grid, n_iter = :
    # Fit the random search model
    rf_random.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

Fitting 10 folds for each of 10 candidates, totalling 100 fits

Out[42]: RandomizedSearchCV(cv=10,

```
estimator=XGBClassifier(base score=None, booster=None,
                        colsample bylevel=None,
                        colsample bynode=None,
                        colsample bytree=None,
                        enable categorical=False, gamma=None,
                        gpu id=None, importance type=None,
                        interaction constraints=None,
                        learning_rate=None,
                        max delta step=None, max depth=None,
                        min child weight=None, missing=nan,
                        monotone_constraint...
                        predictor=None, random state=None,
                        reg alpha=None, reg lambda=None,
                        scale pos weight=None,
                        subsample=None, tree method=None,
                        use label encoder=False,
```

```
validate parameters=None,
                        verbosity=None),
n jobs=-1,
param distributions={'eval metric': ['logloss', 'auc',
                                      'error'],
                      'max depth': [4, 6, 8, 10],
                      'n_estimators': [10, 25, 50, 100, 150,
                                       250, 1000]},
random state=2535, scoring='accuracy', verbose=2)
```

Print the result.

```
In [43]: # summarize results
          print("Best: %f using %s" % (rf random.best score , rf random.best params ))
         Best: 0.902169 using {'n estimators': 25, 'max depth': 6, 'eval metric': 'error'}
```

Hyperparameter Search for Gradient Boosting Classifier

```
# define models and parameters
model = GradientBoostingClassifier()
n = [10, 25, 50, 100, 150, 250, 1000]
max_features = ['sqrt', 'log2']
max depth = [None, 5, 10, 20, 50, 100]
# define grid
grid = {'n estimators': n estimators,
               'max features': max features,
               'max depth': max depth}
```

Grid Search

Fit model.

```
grid search = GridSearchCV(estimator=model, param grid=grid, n jobs=-1, cv=10, scoring=
grid result = grid search.fit(X train, y train)
```

Print the result.

```
In [28]:
         # summarize results
          print("Best: %f using %s" % (grid result.best score , grid result.best params ))
         Best: 0.902372 using {'max depth': 50, 'max features': 'sqrt', 'n estimators': 250}
```

Random Search

Fit model.

```
In [29]: rf random = RandomizedSearchCV(estimator = model, param distributions = grid, n iter =
          # Fit the random search model
          rf random.fit(X train, y train)
         Fitting 10 folds for each of 10 candidates, totalling 100 fits
Out[29]: RandomizedSearchCV(cv=10, estimator=GradientBoostingClassifier(), n jobs=-1,
                            param distributions={'max depth': [None, 5, 10, 20, 50, 100],
                                                  'max features': ['sqrt', 'log2'],
                                                 'n estimators': [10, 25, 50, 100, 150,
                                                                  250, 1000]},
                            random state=2535, scoring='accuracy', verbose=2)
```

Print the result.

```
# summarize results
print("Best: %f using %s" % (rf_random.best_score_, rf_random.best_params_))
```

Best: 0.901865 using {'n estimators': 150, 'max features': 'log2', 'max depth': 10}

Hyperparameter Search for Bagging Classifier

Grid Search

Fit model.

Print the result.

```
In [47]: # summarize results
    print("Best: %f using %s" % (grid_result.best_score_, grid_result.best_params_))

Best: 0.903791 using {'max features': 0.9, 'max samples': 0.3, 'n estimators': 1000}
```

Random Search

Fit model.

Print the result.

```
In [49]: # summarize results
    print("Best: %f using %s" % (rf_random.best_score_, rf_random.best_params_))
Best: 0.903284 using {'n estimators': 25, 'max samples': 0.3, 'max features': 0.9}
```

Best hyperparameters from GridSearch

```
Random Forest: Best: 0.893106 using {'max_depth': 10, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'n_estimators': 150}
```

XGBClassifier: Best: 0.904602 using {'eval_metric': 'logloss', 'max_depth': 4, 'n_estimators': 10}

Gradient Boosting: Best: 0.902372 using {'max_depth': 50, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'n_estimators': 250}

Bagging: Best: 0.903791 using {'max_features': 0.9, 'max_samples': 0.3, 'n_estimators': 1000}

Best hyperparameters from RandomSearch

Random Forest: Best: nan using {'n_estimators': 150, 'max_features': 'log2', 'max_depth': 10}

XGBClassifier: Best: 0.902169 using {'n_estimators': 25, 'max_depth': 6, 'eval_metric': 'error'}

Gradient Boosting: Best: 0.901865 using {'n_estimators': 150, 'max_features': 'log2', 'max_depth': 10}

Bagging: Best: 0.903284 using {'n_estimators': 25, 'max_samples': 0.3, 'max_features': 0.9}

Plot accuracy boxplots with best hyperparametes from GridSearch

Create the function for test the GridSearch best models.

```
def grid_models():
    models = dict()
    models['RandomForest'] = RandomForestClassifier(max_depth= 10, max_features= 'sqrt',
    models['Bagging'] = BaggingClassifier(max_features= 0.9, max_samples= 0.3, n_estimat
    models['GradientBoosting'] = GradientBoostingClassifier(max_depth= 50, max_features=
    models['XGBoost'] = XGBClassifier(eval_metric= 'logloss', max_depth= 4, n_estimators
    return models
```

Print the evaluation of all the model.

```
In [51]: # get the models to evaluate
    grid_model = grid_models()
    # evaluate the models and store results
    results, names = list(), list()

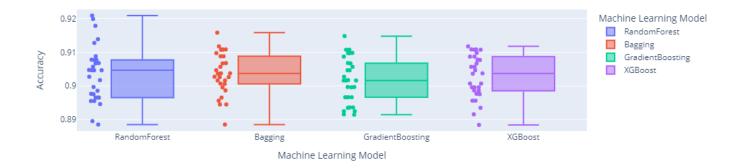
for name, model in grid_model.items():
    scores = eval_models(model)
    results.append(scores)
    names.append(name)
    print('>%s %.3f (%.3f)' % (name, scores.mean(), scores.std()))

>RandomForest 0.904 (0.008)
>Bagging 0.904 (0.006)
>GradientBoosting 0.902 (0.007)
>XGBoost 0.903 (0.006)
```

Convert the reuslt of evaluation model into dataframe.

```
In [52]: classificationmod = pd.DataFrame(np.transpose(results), columns = ["RandomForest", "Bagg:
    classificationmod = pd.melt(classificationmod.reset_index(), id_vars='index', value_vars=
    classificationmod.set_index('index', inplace=True)
    classificationmod.columns = ['Model', 'Score']
```

Generate a box plot to check the evaluation of each model.



Plot accuracy boxplots with best hyperparametes from RandomSearch

Create the function for test the RandomSearch best models.

```
In [56]: def rand_models():
    models = dict()
    models['RandomForest'] = RandomForestClassifier(max_depth= 10, max_features= 'log2',
    models['Bagging'] = BaggingClassifier(max_features= 0.9, max_samples= 0.3, n_estimat
    models['GradientBoosting'] = GradientBoostingClassifier(max_depth= 10, max_features=
    models['XGBoost'] = XGBClassifier(eval_metric= 'error', max_depth= 6, n_estimators=
    return models
```

Print the evaluation of all the model.

```
In [57]: # get the models to evaluate
    rand_model = rand_models()
    # evaluate the models and store results
    results, names = list(), list()

for name, model in rand_model.items():
    scores = eval_models(model)
    results.append(scores)
    names.append(name)
    print('>%s %.3f (%.3f)' % (name, scores.mean(), scores.std()))

>RandomForest 0.903 (0.008)
>Bagging 0.901 (0.008)
>GradientBoosting 0.901 (0.008)
>XGBoost 0.901 (0.006)
```

Convert the reuslt of evaluation model into dataframe.

```
In [58]: classificationmod = pd.DataFrame(np.transpose(results), columns = ["RandomForest", "Bagg:
    classificationmod = pd.melt(classificationmod.reset_index(), id_vars='index', value_vars=
    classificationmod.set_index('index', inplace=True)
    classificationmod.columns = ['Model', 'Score']
```

Generate a box plot to check the evaluation of each model.

Final Conclusion

In the Random Search, the random forest hast the best result with the accuracy 90.3% and 0.008 standard deviation. However, when we compare it with the grid search, the Bagging has the better reuslt with 90.4% and 0.006 standard deviation. Although the grid search have a little bit higher accuracy, it take much longer time than random search. If we need to consider both performance and time consumption, random search with random forest will be the best option. If we only consider accuracy, grid search with bagging is a better choice.