Lightyear Library



Project Information

Designer: Yusuf Morsi

Firm Name: Pixar Inc.

Address: 124 Conch Street

San Diego, CA 92000

Client: Buzz Lightyear

Address: 234 Elm Street

San Diego, CA 92120

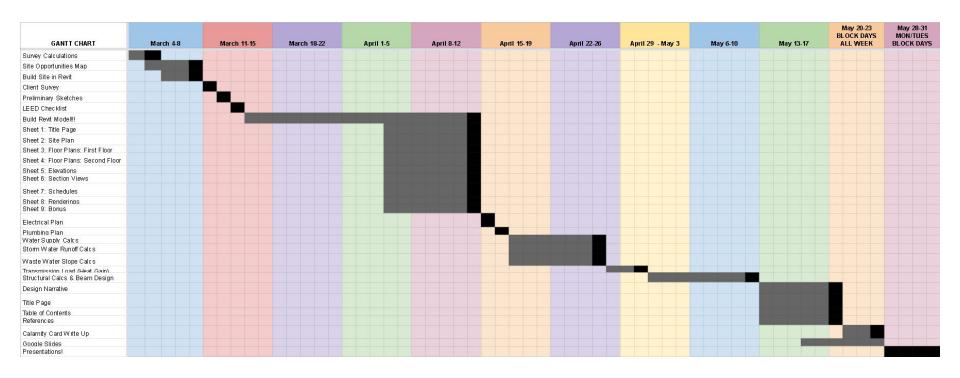
Problem Statement

• I was given the task of building a library in the Quad to serve all community members including students. This building needed to be available both during and after school.

Constraints

- The building must be at least two stories
- We must include an elevator and two sets of stairs
- Building needs to be ADA compliant
- Must conform to city, state, and international building codes
- Must have enough LEED points
- Have a flat roof
- ... and more!

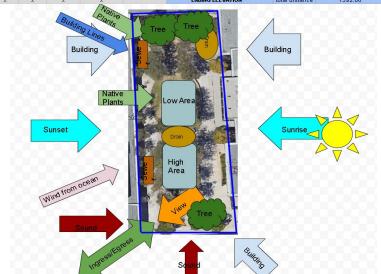
Gantt Chart



Site Details

- After surveying the given site, my team and I plotted that elevation data, which came to show what we were given a sizeable piece of land to work on (we were given a .77 acre plot in the PHHS Quad)
- The image on the bottom right depicts the facts about the given site that must be taken into consideration before the library is built

Calculating Elevations						0	Calculating Distance			
Auto Level Location	Rod Location	Backsight	Height of Instrument (HI)	Foresight (FS)	ELEVATION	TOP STADIA	BOT STADIA	DISTANCE		
		×	(BS + ELEV)	×	(HI – FS)	×	×	(Top - bottom) * 100		
Point 1	Point 0	4.5625	x	×	700	4.67	4.45	22		
Point 1	Point 2	×	704.5625	4.25	700.3125	4.55	3.95	60		
Point 2	Point 1	5.625	×	×	×	5.91	5.33	58		
Point 2	Point 3	×	705.9375	4.216667	701.720833	4.5	3.94	56		
Point 3	Point 2	6.291667	×	×	×	6.56	6.12	44		
Point 3	Point 4	×	708.0125	5.5625	702.45	5.97	5.18	79		
Point 4	Point 3	4.81	×	×	×	5.18	4.43	75		
Point 4	Point 5	×	707.26	5.0625	702.1975	5.34	4.73	61		
Point 5	Point 4	5.25	×	×	×	5.55	4.97	58		
Point 5	Point 6	×	707.4475	6.02	701.4275	6.34	5.52	82		
Point 6	Point 5	5.14	×	×	×	5.33	4.95	38		
Point 6	Point 7	×	706.5675	5.08	701.4875	5.7	4.47	123		
Point 7	Point 6	4.5	x	×	x	5.11	3.89	122		
Point 7	Point 8	×	705.9875	6.47	699.5175	7.23	5.72	151		
Point 8	Point 7	2.97	x	×	×	3.7	2.18	152		
Point 8	Point 9	×	702.4875	3.23	699.2575	4.29	2.18	211		
Point 9	Point 8	N/A	×	×	×			0		
Point 9	Point 10	×	#VALUE!	N/A	#VALUE!			0		
Point 10	Point 9	N/A	×	×	×			0		
Point 10	Point 11	×	#VALUE!	N/A	#VALUE!			0		
Point 11	Point 10	N/A	×	×	×			0		
Point 11	Point 12	×	#VALUE!	N/A	#VALUE!			0		
Point 12	Point 11	N/A	×	×	×			0		
Point 12	Point 0	×	#VALUE!	N/A	#VALUE!			0		
×	×	×	×		^ ENDING ELEY	ATION A	total distance	1392.00		



Water Supply

 The dynamic pressure must be calculated, so I can know if I should take measures such as replace pipe with something bigger, installing pipe, or replacing the pipe with one with a smaller diameter

Step	Term	Calculations (A picture of your work on paper or written out here will suffice)				
1	Static Head	(351 - 119) = 232 ft				
2	Static Pressure	(232)/(2.31) = 100.43 psi				
3	Hazen-Williams Constant	100				
4	Miles-Feet Conversion	(8.7)(5280) = 45936 feet				
5	Equivalent Lengths	(12)(7) = 84 feet				
6	Head Loss	10.44(46020ft)(100 gal^1.85) (100^1.85)*(8^4.8655) = 19.394 feet				
7	Dynamic Head	(232)-(19.394) = 212.606				
8	Dynamic Pressure	(219.34)/(2.31) = 92.037 psi				
9	What do you conclude about your pressure?	I believe that the pressure is too high, and it needs to be decreased.				
10	What steps will you take, if any, to make sure pressure is appropriate?	To decrease the pressure, I will make the pipe diameter bigger.				

Storm Water Runoff

 These calculations helped me determine if I will need to address the excess runoff storm water or not

Step	Instructions	Answer, Drawing or Calculation (A picture of your work on paper of written out here will suffice) 2.9		
1	What is the rainfall intensity? (assume a 50 year, 12 hour storm)			
2	What is the Runoff Coefficient Adjustment Factor (C _t)?	1.2		
3	What is the runoff coefficient for the site (C ₁)? (Assume agricultural land, sandy soil, no crop)	.3		
4	What is the area of your site (A ₁) (see above: it's	.73 acres		

5	Calculate pre-development runoff rate (Q) for your SITE ONLY. Q = i • C ₁ • C ₁ • A ₁	(2.90)(1.2)(0.30)(0.73) = 0.762 CFS
5	Calculate the area of your house (A ₂) (use Revit room schedule if you need help). Don't forget to convert to acres!	7500 + 7500 = 15,000 square feet = 0.34435262 acres
6	Calculate the area of your site MINUS the area of your house	0.73 acres - 0.34435262 acres = 0.38564738 acres
7	What is the runoff coefficient for the house (C ₂)?	0.45
8	Calculate post-development runoff rate (Q) for SITE + HOUSE $Q = (\mathbf{i} \cdot \mathbf{C_1} \cdot \mathbf{C_1} \cdot (\mathbf{A_1} \cdot \mathbf{A_2})) \\ + (\mathbf{i} \cdot \mathbf{C_1} \cdot \mathbf{C_2} \cdot \mathbf{A_2})$	(2.16)(1.2)(0.30)(0.73-0.34435262)+((2.16)(1.2)(0.45) (0.34435262)) = 0.702 CFS
	Remember, the area of your site has now shrunk because you've built a house on it!	
9	What is the difference between your pre and post runoff rates?	(0.762)-(0.702) = 0.06 CFS
10	Will you need to address the excess runoff? If so, what is your idea for enhancing drainage?	Since the post runoff is lower than the pre-runoff, we have to watch for potential blockage of our drains or if needed, redesign our entire sewer plan

Wastewater Slope

 These calculations are important as they determine the slope for the library's wastewater

		·				
Step	Instructions	Answer, Drawing or Calculation (A picture of your work on paper or written out here will suffice)				
1	Convert inches to feet for pipe diameter	1.3333 ft				
2	What is the minimum allowable slope for your wastewater?	12.5 %				
3	Draw a diagram of your wastewater "triangle" and label each section. Include the numbers for your particular residence.	Invert Elevation 703 ft. Crown Elevation 698 ft Coutside Diameter 2 8 Inches				
4	Use the equation to calculate sewer lateral slope for your house.	100((703-698+.5(16))/(35)) = 37.143%				
5	Does your slope exceed the minimum?	Yes, the slope dopes exceed the minimum				
6	If not, what can you do to change it? Re-do your calculations and explain what number needs to change to make it work, and by how much.	I don't need to change anything because my percentage exceeds the minimum slope.				

The Final Design

 These pictures are renderings of one of the area that surrounds the elevator on the first floor





The Final Design

 Below are renderings of the checkout counter on the first floor, and the area that surrounds the elevator on the second floor





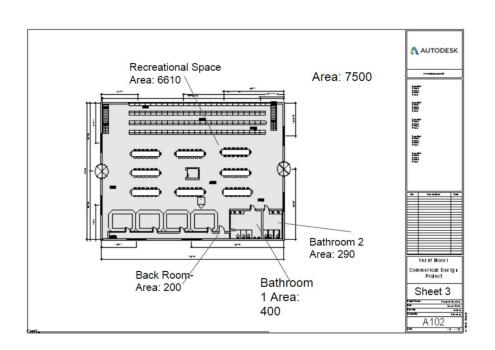
The Final Design

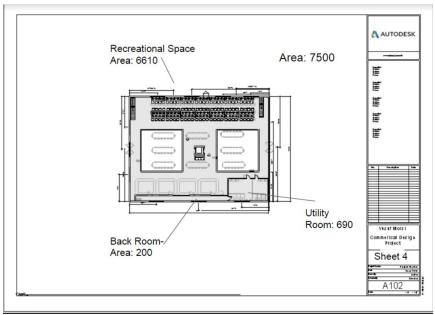
 These pictures are renderings of one of the stairwells and one of the entrances of the first floor



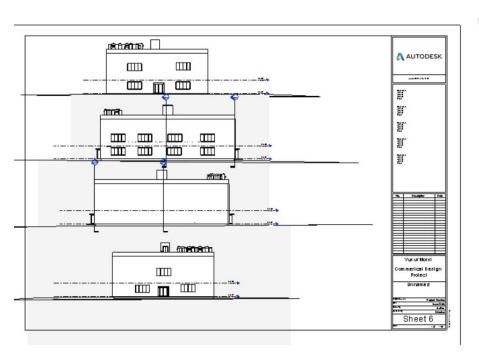


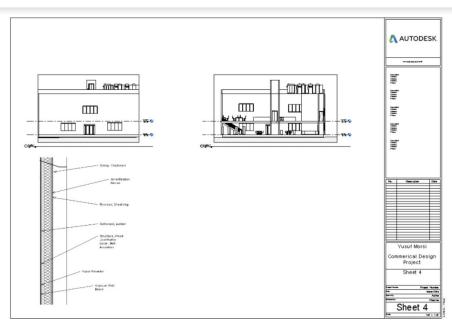
Floor Plans





Elevation and Section Plans

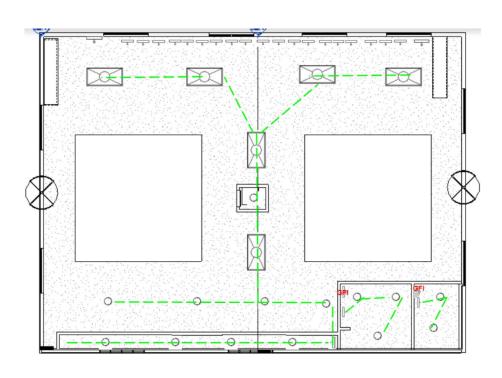


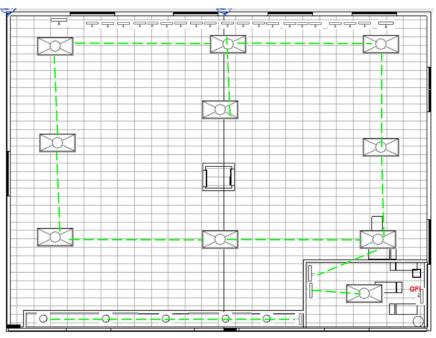


Schedule Plan

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		Yusuf Morsi Commerical Design Project Sheet 5
		Sheet 5

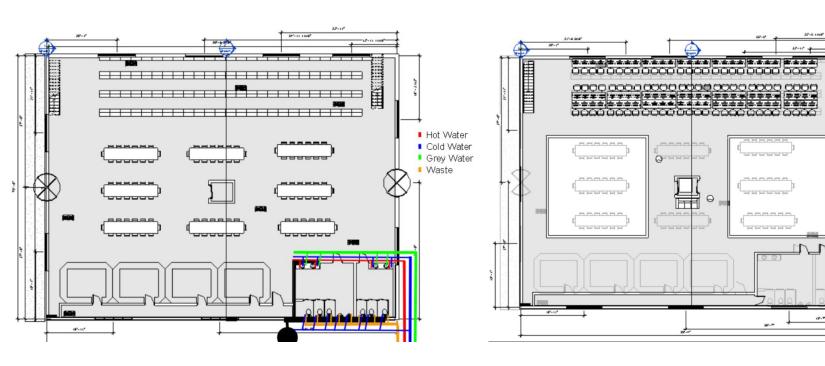
Electrical Plans





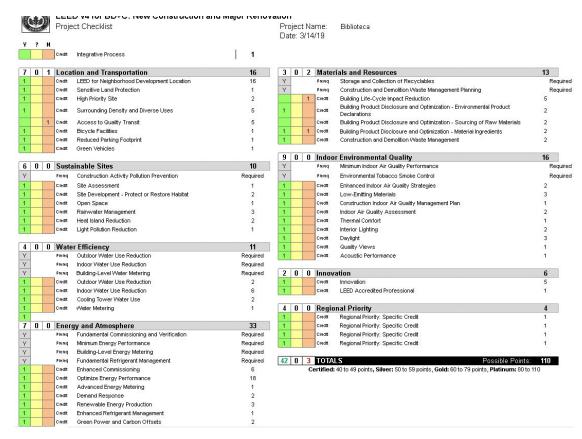
Plumbing Plans

Hot Water



LEED Checklist

• I needed to ensure that the library got the necessary amount of points to be a certified building (40 points), and on the right is a list of individual things that helped attain those points



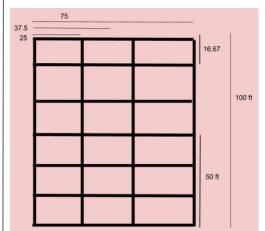
Heat Gain/Loss

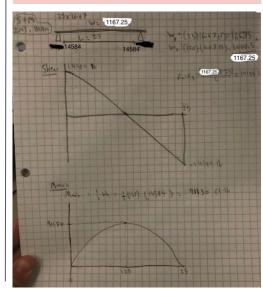
 The calculations for heat gain/loss are on the right

R-	Value Calcula	tion	s		Area (Calculation	ıs	
Component	Material Name / Description	R-Value	Total R-Value		Component	Total # In Library	Area of Each	Total Area
DOOR Material 1	Aluminum	0.61			Wall 1	1.00	1941.68	1941.68
DOOR Material 2	Glass	2.56			Wall 2	1.00	2547.07	2547.07
DOOR Material 3	Single Panel Door	1.85	5.02		Wall 3	1.00	1976.71	1976.71
WINDOW Material 1	Double Insulating Glass	2.04			Wall 4	1.00	3000	3000
WINDOW Material 2	Interior Trim	0.94			Windows	15.00	60.4573559	906.8603385
WINDOW Material 3	Exterior Trim	0.63	3.61		Doors	2.00	61.333336	122.666672
WALL Material 1	Siding, Clapboard	0.44			Roof	1.00	7467.69	7467.69
WALL Material 2	Air Infiltration Barrier	0.25			First Floor	1.00	7350.23	7350.23
WALL Material 3	Plywood, Sheathing	1.26			Second Floor	1.00	5434.17	5434.17
WALL Material 4	Sotwood, Lumber	1.25						
WALL Material 5	Metal Stud	45						
WALL Material 6	Vapor Retarder	0.25						
WALL Material 7	Gypsum Wall Board	0.45	48.90					
LOOR Material 1	Oak Flooring	0.91						
LOOR Material 2	Plywood, Sheathing	0.93						
LOOR Material 3	Structure, Wood Joist/Rater Layer	0.63	2.47					
ROOF Material 1	Asphalt Shingles	0.44						
ROOF Material 2	Plywood, Sheathing	0.77						
ROOF Material 3	Structure Vapor Barrier	0.25						
ROOF Material 4	Structure Batt Insulation	13	14.46					
	Transmiss	sion	Load C	alculat	ions			
Total Area of Component (added Component together)		R-Value (Chart)	U Factor (1/R)	Change in Temp	Transmission Load Q = U*A*(deltaT)			
VALLS 9,465.46			48.90	0.02	61	11,807.63		
MNDOWS 906.86			3.61	0.28	61	15,323.68		
DOORS 122.67			5.02	0.20	61	1,490.57		
ROOF 7,467.69			14.46	0.07	61	31,502.70		
FLOOR 12,784.40			2.47	0.40	61	315,728.10		
TOTALS	30,747.08		TOTAL TRANSMISSION LOAD>			375,852.68	BTU/Hr	

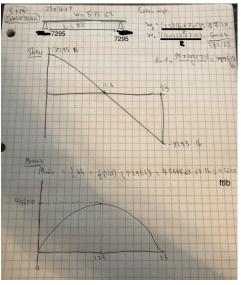
Beam Design

- •Beams are designed for shear (force that acts perpendicular to beam) and moment (combination of tension & deflection that occurs when the beam is loaded) forces
- Beam deflection must be checked, and the process can be seen on the right and on the next slide

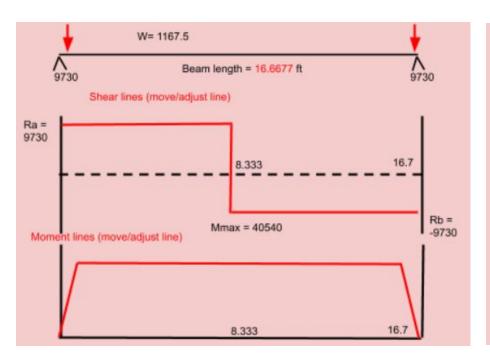


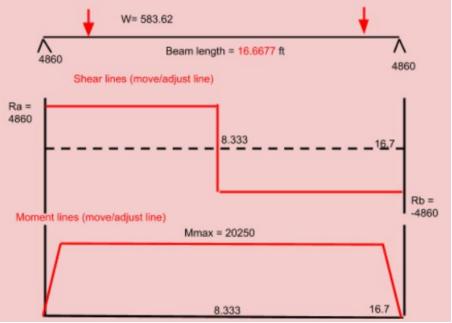


Roof Dead Loading: Roof Dead Loading: 25 (The roof will support the weight of the low-slope roof in addition to mechanical. electrical, and plumbing equipment (MEP). Assume 10 psf for the equipment and reference the Loads & Load Path slides for an example) Roof Live Loading (from code 150 psf varies based on what kind of structure you are building): 25 psf + 150 psf = 175 psf Total Roof Total Loading (LL + DL):



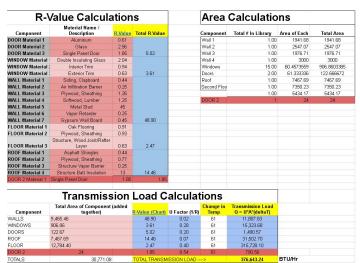
Beam Design Cont'd



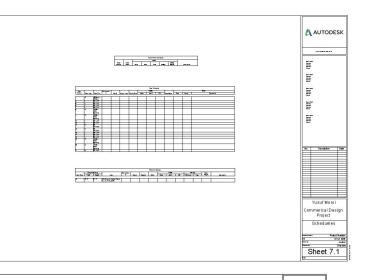


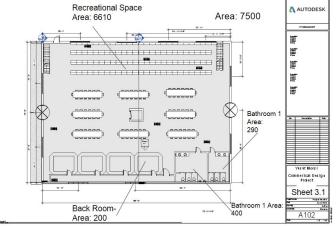
Calamity Card

After the library project was finished, the fire marshall informed me that we needed to add an additional emergency exit to our building. As a result, I needed to redo a few documents. Here are just a couple of the sheets/documents that had to be edited:



Client Information	City of San Diego				
Architectural Details					
Building Type	Public Library				
Function of Building	To store books so students can use				
Projected Square Footage	1392 square feet				
Projected Occupancy	2				
Number of Bathrooms	2				
Number of Exits	4				
Number of Elevators	1				
Number of Stairwells	2				
Architectural Style	Modern				
ADA Compliance					
Any notes for ADA compliance regarding second story	We have an elevator going up to it				
Energy Saving/ LEED	Use windows to have natural light.				
Concepts and Ideas					
Site Development	Save water by using high efficient sinks and toile				
Water Savings	II#-it I ED li-bt- t				
Energy Efficiency	Use efficient LED lights to save energy.				
Materials Selection	Use paper back books for cheaper costs.				
Indoor Environmental	Ose paper back books for cheaper costs.				
Quality	Use steel to create a modern building.				
	Use indoor plants to make the place look better a natural				





Questions?

