**Q2 – Server CU Rule**

**Part 1 - planning**

1. The state space:  
   }}  
   The state’s defines the remaining jobs that were not served yet.  
   The start state is   
   Therefore, we have   
   As we can select at each stage s whether some job was finished(not in s) or wasn’t (in s)

In our case, N=5 so we have 32 different states.

The action space:  
}  
The action index defines the job that the server tries to serve at that time index.  
It cannot be an index that doesn’t belong to the state at that time index.

1. The cost per time step is as follows:  
   We will calculate the value function in python using fixed policy value iteration algorithm.  
   We will use a N bit id per state. In each state, a lit bit defines that the job is unfinished.  
   So in our case the stating state is 31 and the terminal state is 0.

We will use the fact that this is a finite state problem, with a terminal state as absorbing state. Meaning, with probability 1 we will get to the terminal state (with cost 0 defined for it).   
Thus, we can backward recurse in order to compute the value function of the fixed policy.  
The equation for value iteration as we calculated in previous assignment is: