

## Linux administration with bash. Home task

### A. Create a script that uses the following keys:

1. When starting without parameters, it will display a list of possible keys and their description.

```
student@Ubuntu20:~$ ./script_1
Available arguments:
--all: displays the IP addresses and symbolic names of all hosts in the current subnet
--target: displays a list of open system TCP ports
```

2. The --all key displays the IP addresses and symbolic names of all hosts in the current subnet

```
student@Ubuntu20:~$ ./script_1 --all
Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-08-28 22:30 EEST
Nmap scan report for Ubuntu20 (10.0.2.15)
Host is up (0.0015s latency).
Nmap done: 256 IP addresses (1 host up) scanned in 3.29 seconds
student@Ubuntu20:~$
```

3. The --target key displays a list of open system TCP ports.

```
student@Ubuntu20:~$ ./script_1 --target
State      Recv-Q    Send-Q    Local Address:Port    Peer Address:Port    Process
LISTEN     0         4096      127.0.0.53%lo:53      0.0.0.0:*
LISTEN     0         5        127.0.0.1:631         0.0.0.0:*
LISTEN     0         5        [::1]:631            [::]:*
```

The code that performs the functionality of each of the subtasks must be placed in a separate function

```
#!/bin/bash

function all {
    nmap -sn 10.0.2.15/24
}

function target {
    ss -tln
}

if [ "$#" == "0" ]; then
    echo Available arguments:
    echo --all: displays the IP addresses and symbolic names of all hosts in the current sub
net
    echo --target: displays a list of open system TCP ports
fi

case $1 in
    --all)
        all ;;
    --target)
        target ;;
esac
```

## B. Using Apache log example create a script to answer the following questions:

```
student@Ubuntu20:~$ ./script_2
Available arguments:
--ip: display from which IP address there were the most requests
--page: display the most requested page
--requests: display how many requests were there from each IP address
--non-existent: display what non-existent pages clients were referred to
--time: display the time when the site received the most requests
--bots: display which search bots have accessed the site
student@Ubuntu20:~$
```

```
#!/bin/bash

function ip {
    awk '{print $1}' apache_logs | sort | uniq -c | sort -nr | head -n 1
}

function page {
    awk '{print $7}' apache_logs | sort | uniq -c | sort -nr | head -n 1
}

function requests {
    awk '{print $1}' apache_logs | sort | uniq -c | sort -nr
}

function non-existent {
    grep '" 200 2385' apache_logs | awk -F '"' '{print $2}' | uniq -c
}

function timeI {
    awk '{print $4}' apache_logs | cut -d':' -f2-3 | sort | uniq -c | sort -nr | head -n 1
}

function bots {
    awk '/(bingbot|Googlebot|YandexBot)/ {print $1, $12}' apache_logs
}


```

```
if [ "$#" == "0" ]; then
    echo Available arguments:
    echo --ip: display from which IP address there were the most requests
    echo --page: display the most requested page
    echo --requests: display how many requests were there from each IP address
    echo --non-existent: display what non-existent pages clients were referred to
    echo --time: display the time when the site received the most requests
    echo --bots: display which search bots have accessed the site
fi

case $1 in
    --ip)
        ip ;;
    --page)
        page ;;
    --requests)
        requests ;;
    --time)
        timeI ;;
    --non-existent)
        non-existent ;;
    --bots)
        bots ;;
esac
```

1. From which ip were the most requests?

```
student@Ubuntu20:~$ ./script_2 --ip
62 157.55.39.250
```

2. What is the most requested page?

```
student@Ubuntu20:~$ ./script_2 --page
8 /sitemap1.xml.gz
```

3. How many requests were there from each ip?

```
student@Ubuntu20:~$ ./script_2 --requests
62 157.55.39.250
61 46.29.2.62
34 207.46.13.48
10 178.76.227.154
7 176.59.119.104
4 157.55.39.174
3 37.140.141.30
2 66.249.78.58
2 217.69.134.29
2 157.55.39.182
1 95.108.158.190
1 93.158.178.129
1 66.249.78.72
1 66.249.78.65
1 66.249.69.39
1 5.255.253.74
1 5.255.253.45
1 217.69.134.39
1 217.69.134.15
1 217.69.134.13
1 217.69.134.12
1 217.69.134.11
1 213.87.151.38
1 185.53.44.186
```

4. What non-existent pages were clients referred to?

```
student@Ubuntu20:~$ ./script_2 --non-existent
3 GET /error404 HTTP/1.0
```

5. What time did site get the most requests?

```
student@Ubuntu20:~$ ./script_2 --time
60 02:26
```

6. What search bots have accessed the site? (UA + IP)



In case of adding new or deleting old files, the script must add a corresponding entry to the log file indicating the time, type of operation and file name. [The command to run the script must be added to crontab with a run frequency of one minute]

```
student@Ubuntu20: ~  
#!/bin/bash  
  
if [ "$#" -ne 2 ]; then  
    echo "Please run the command in this format: $0 <path data folder> <path backup folder>"  
    exit 1  
fi  
  
source_dir="$1"  
backup_dir="$2"  
log_file="/var/log/file_sync.log" # Change this path to your desired log file location  
  
# Create the log file if it doesn't exist  
sudo touch "$log_file"  
sudo chmod 777 "$log_file"  
  
# Check for new files in source_dir and copy them to backup_dir  
rsync -a --update --ignore-existing --log-file="$log_file" "$source_dir/" "$backup_dir/"  
  
rsync -a --delete --log-file="$log_file" "$source_dir/" "$backup_dir/"  
~  
~  
  
student@Ubuntu20:~$ cat /var/log/file_sync.log  
2023/09/03 15:23:41 [5098] building file list  
2023/09/03 15:23:41 [5098] .d..t..... ./  
2023/09/03 15:23:41 [5098] sent 108 bytes received 24 bytes total size 0  
2023/09/03 15:23:41 [5101] building file list  
2023/09/03 15:23:41 [5101] *deleting lkj  
2023/09/03 15:23:41 [5101] sent 101 bytes received 24 bytes total size 0  
2023/09/03 15:24:10 [5120] building file list  
2023/09/03 15:24:10 [5120] sent 102 bytes received 17 bytes total size 0  
2023/09/03 15:24:10 [5123] building file list  
2023/09/03 15:24:10 [5123] >f..t..... one  
2023/09/03 15:24:10 [5123] sent 145 bytes received 40 bytes total size 0
```

::