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1 Basic Test Results

```
Running...
    Opening tar file
   OK
   Tar extracted O.K.
   Checking files...
   Making sure files are not empty...
8
   Compilation check...
9
10
   Compiling...
11
   Compilation seems OK! Check if you got warnings!
12
14
    Public test cases
15
    _____
16
17
    _____
19
   Running RailWayPlanner
20
21
   OK
   Running diff
22
23
   OK
24
   Test 1 passed.
25
26
27
   Test #2
28
   Running RailWayPlanner
   OK
30
   Running diff
31
   Test 2 passed.
33
34
35
   _____
36
   Test #3
37
   Running RailWayPlanner
38
   OK
39
40
   Running diff
41
42
   Test 3 passed.
43
44
45
   _____
   Test #4
46
    Running RailWayPlanner
47
   Running diff
49
50
   OK
   Test 4 passed.
51
52
53
   ===========
54
   Test #5
55
   Running RailWayPlanner
57
   Running diff
58
```

```
60
   Test 5 passed.
61
    _____
62
63
    _____
    Test #6
64
    Running RailWayPlanner
65
66
    Running diff
67
68
    OK
    Test 6 passed.
69
70
71
    _____
72
    Test #7
73
74
    Running RailWayPlanner
    OK
75
    Running diff
76
77
    OK
    Test 7 passed.
78
79
80
    _____
81
82
    Test #8
    Running RailWayPlanner
83
84
    OK
    Running diff
85
    ΠK
86
87
    Test 8 passed.
    _____
88
89
90
    _____
    Test #9
91
    Running RailWayPlanner
92
93
    Running diff
94
95
    OK
96
    Test 9 passed.
    97
98
99
    Test #10
100
    Running RailWayPlanner
101
    OK
102
103
    Running diff
104
    Test 10 passed.
105
106
107
    **********
108
109
       presubmission script passed *
110
          10/10 tests passed
111
112
    **********
113
114
115
    = Checking coding style =
116
117
                           : 0
    ** Total Violated Rules
118
119
    ** Total Errors Occurs
   ** Total Violated Files Count: 0
```

2 RailWayPlanner.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
1
    #include <stdlib.h>
3 #include "string.h"
   #include "limits.h"
4
    #include "ctype.h"
   #define ARG_ERROR "Usage: RailwayPlanner <InputFile>"
    #define FILE_ERROR "File doesn't exists."
    #define EMPTY_ERROR "File is empty."
9
10
   #define NO_SIGN -1
    #define INFINITE_MIN_PRICE -1
11
   #define LINE_ERROR "Invalid input in line: "
12
   #define EXIT_FAILURE 1
    #define EXIT_SUCCESS 0
14
    #define LIMITERS ",\r\n\0"
15
   #define MAX_LINE_SIZE 1025
    #define NUM_OF_PARAMS 4
17
    #define MSG_MIN_PRICE "The minimal price is: "
18
19
   #define ARG_NUM 2
   #define OUTPUT "railway_planner_output.txt"
20
21
    #define INT_LEN 11
22
23
24
     * yoav eshed 305384869
25
26
27
    * A Struct that represents A rail part by start sign, end sind , part price, prat length
28
29
    typedef struct RailPart
30
31
        char s;
        char e;
33
34
        long len;
        long price;
35
    } RailPart;
36
37
38
    * A struct that contains the railway parameters such as desired railway length, desired
39
40
    * connections per part, and the connection signs
41
42
    typedef struct Params
43
        long length;
44
45
        long conTypes;
46
        long numOfParts;
        char *signs;
47
        RailPart *parts;
    } Params;
49
50
51
     * A function That prints strings and numbers to the output file
52
53
     * @param txt: the text to be printed
     * Oparam value: a value to printed if exists
54
55
     * @return : if string printed successfully 1 if could not open output file
56
    int printfFunc(char *txt, char *value)
57
58
        FILE *outputFile = fopen(OUTPUT, "w");
```

```
60
         if (outputFile == NULL)
 61
             return EXIT_FAILURE;
 62
 63
          fprintf(outputFile, "%s%s", txt, value);
 64
 65
         fclose(outputFile);
         return EXIT_SUCCESS;
 66
     }
 67
 68
 69
      * A function that prints a matrix
 70
 71
      * Oparam row : the number of rows of the matrix
      * Oparam col : the number of columns of the matrix
 72
      * @return : The matrix as a two dimensional long array
 73
 74
     long **creatMatrix(long rows, long cols)
 75
 76
 77
          long i, j;
         long **arr = (long **) malloc((rows) * sizeof(long *));
 78
 79
         if (arr == NULL)
 80
             return (long **) EXIT_FAILURE;
 81
         }
 82
         for (i = 0; i < rows; i++)
 83
 84
             arr[i] = (long *) calloc(cols, sizeof(long));
 85
             if (arr[i] == NULL)
 86
 87
              {
                  return (long **) EXIT_FAILURE;
 88
 89
 90
         for (i = 0; i < rows; i++)
 91
 92
 93
             for (j = 0; j < cols; j++)
 94
 95
                  arr[i][j] = INT_MAX;
 96
97
 98
          for (i = 0; i < cols; i++)
99
             arr[0][i] = 0;
100
          }
101
         return arr;
102
     }
103
104
105
106
      * A function that calculates the minimum between two numbers
      * @param a :first number
107
108
      * @param b :second number
      * Oreturn : the smaller number between the two
109
110
111
     long minInt(long a, long b)
112
113
          if (a < b)
114
115
             return a:
116
117
         return b;
     }
118
119
120
      * A function that finds the minimum price for rail in the required length by going over a matrix.
121
122
      * if there isn't a minimum value, the function will set the min to be -1.
      * @param mat
123
      * @param Data
124
125
      * @param out :output file
126
void getPrice(long **mat, Params *Data)
```

```
128
     {
129
          char minPrice[INT_LEN];
130
          long min = INT_MAX;
131
          for (long i = 0; i < Data->conTypes; i++)
132
133
              if (mat[Data->length][i] < min)</pre>
134
135
136
                  min = mat[Data->length][i];
137
         }
138
139
          if (min == INT_MAX)
140
          {
              min = INFINITE_MIN_PRICE;
141
142
          }
         sprintf(minPrice, "%ld", min);
143
          printfFunc(MSG_MIN_PRICE, minPrice);
144
          free(Data->parts);
145
         free(Data->signs);
146
147
          for (int len = 0; len < Data->length + 1; len++)
148
          {
149
              free(mat[len]);
              mat[len] = NULL;
150
151
152
          free(mat);
     }
153
154
155
      * A function that retrieves the start index of the part
156
157
      st Oparam sign : the sigh who's index we want
158
       st @param Data : A struct that holds the rail parameters , such as total cost, length, parts
       * Oreturn : the wanted index if exists -1 if not (because 0 and 1 could be indexes)
159
160
161
     int getInd(char sign, Params *Data)
162
163
          for (int i = 0; i <= Data->conTypes; i++)
164
165
              if (sign == Data->signs[i])
166
              {
167
168
                  return i;
169
170
171
          return NO_SIGN;
     }
172
173
174
      * A function that assigns the min value per matrix cell
175
176
      * Oparam mat : The matrix
       * @param Data : A struct that holds the rail parameters , such as total cost, length, parts
177
       * @param i : row index
178
179
      * {\it @param j} : column index
180
       * Oparam k : part index in parts array
181
     void setMin(long **mat, Params *Data, long i, long j, long k)
182
183
          long remainingLength = i - Data->parts[k].len;
184
          if (remainingLength >= 0)
185
186
187
              long sInd = getInd(Data->parts[k].s, Data);
              mat[i][j] = minInt(mat[i][j], (mat[remainingLength][sInd] + Data->parts[k].price));
188
          }
189
190
     }
191
192
      * A function that goes over a matrix and fills her with the minimum costs for a rail by end sign
193
      * and length based on the formula we were given in the exerecise
194
195
      * Oparam mat : The matrix
```

```
196
       * Oparam Data : A struct that holds the rail parameters , such as total cost, length, parts
197
     void setPrices(long **mat, Params *Data)
198
199
          for (long i = 1; i < Data \rightarrow length + 1; i++)
200
201
              for (long j = 0; j < Data->conTypes; j++)
202
203
204
                  for (long k = 0; k <= Data->numOfParts; k++)
205
                      if (Data->parts[k].e == Data->signs[j])
206
207
208
                          setMin(mat, Data, i, j, k);
                      }
209
210
                  }
              }
211
         }
212
     }
213
214
215
      * A function that reads a line from a file and returns a number
216
217
      * Oparam inp : the input file
      * Oparam res: a pointer to a long number
218
      * @return 0 if it read successfully , 1 if not.
219
220
221
     int getNum(FILE *inp, long *res)
222
223
          char *pEnd = NULL;
          char string[INT_LEN];
224
225
         fgets(string, MAX_LINE_SIZE, inp);
          *res = strtol(string, &pEnd, 10);
226
          if (strcmp(pEnd, "\n") != 0)
227
228
229
              return EXIT_FAILURE;
         }
230
231
          if (*res < 0)
232
          {
              return EXIT_FAILURE;
233
          }
^{234}
         return EXIT_SUCCESS;
235
     }
236
237
238
239
      * A function that retrieves the connectors signs
240
      * Oparam inp : the input file
      st Operam Data : A struct that holds the rail parameters , such as total cost, length, parts
241
242
      * @return 0 if the function worked successfully, 1 if not
243
244
     int getSigns(FILE *inp, Params *Data)
^{245}
     {
          int i = 0;
246
          char string[MAX_LINE_SIZE];
^{247}
          fgets(string, MAX_LINE_SIZE, inp);
248
249
          if (string[0] == 0)
250
              return EXIT_FAILURE;
251
252
          char *ptr = strtok(string, LIMITERS);
253
          Data->signs = malloc((strlen(string) + 10) * sizeof(char));
254
255
          if (Data->signs == NULL)
256
          {
              return EXIT_FAILURE;
257
258
         }
         while (ptr != NULL)
259
260
              if (strlen(ptr) != 1)
261
262
263
                  return EXIT_FAILURE;
```

```
264
              }
265
              strcpy(&Data->signs[i], ptr);
              ptr = strtok(NULL, LIMITERS);
266
267
268
         Data->conTypes = i;
269
270
          return EXIT_SUCCESS;
     }
271
272
273
      st A function that checks if a string is valid
274
275
      * Oparam string : current string read from file
       * Oreturn true if the string is in the correct format, 1 if not
276
277
278
     int stringCheck(char *string)
279
     {
          if (string[1] != ',')
280
281
          {
              return EXIT_FAILURE;
282
283
          }
284
          if (string[3] != ',')
285
          {
              return EXIT_FAILURE;
286
          }
287
          for (unsigned int i = 4; i < strlen(string) - 1; i++)</pre>
288
289
290
              if (!isdigit(string[i]) && (string[i] != ','))
291
292
                  return EXIT_FAILURE;
293
294
295
          return EXIT_SUCCESS;
296
297
298
299
      * A function that checks if all the parameters of a part are valid
300
      * @param start: Rail Part start sign
301
      * Oparam start: Rail Part end sign
302
      * Oparam len : Rail part Length
303
      * Oparam cost : rail part cost
304
      * Oparam Data : A struct that holds the rail parameters , such as total cost, length, parts
305
      * Creturn : O if the part is valid, 1 if not
306
307
     int partCheck(char start, char end, long len, long cost, Params *Data)
308
309
310
          if (cost <= 0)</pre>
311
          {
              return EXIT_FAILURE;
312
          }
313
         if (len <= 0)
314
315
316
              return EXIT_FAILURE;
         }
317
          if (getInd(start, Data) < 0)</pre>
318
319
          {
              return EXIT_FAILURE;
320
         }
321
          if (getInd(end, Data) < 0)</pre>
322
323
              return EXIT_FAILURE;
324
          }
325
326
          return EXIT_SUCCESS;
     }
327
328
329
      * A function that reads the rail parts data and inserts in into the data structs
330
331
      * @param inp : the input file
```

```
332
      st @param op : the output file
333
      * Oparam Data: A struct that holds the rail parameters , such as total cost, length, parts
334
      st Oreturn 0 if all the parts entered successfully, one if not.
335
     int readData(FILE *inp, Params *Data)
336
337
     {
          Data->parts = (RailPart *) calloc(10, sizeof(RailPart));
338
         if (Data->parts == NULL)
339
340
             return EXIT_FAILURE;
341
342
343
         RailPart *moreParts = NULL;
         char start = 0, end = 0;
344
          char lineIndex[INT_LEN];
345
346
          int cost = 0, len = 0;
         int i = 0:
347
          char string[MAX_LINE_SIZE];
348
          while (fgets(string, MAX_LINE_SIZE, inp) != NULL)
349
350
              if (stringCheck(string))
351
352
                  sprintf(lineIndex, "%d.", i + 4);
353
                  printfFunc(LINE_ERROR, lineIndex);
354
                  return EXIT_FAILURE;
355
             }
356
357
             if (sscanf(string, "%c,%c,%d,%d", &start, &end, &len, &cost) != NUM_OF_PARAMS)
358
                  sprintf(lineIndex, "%d.", i + 4);
359
                  printfFunc(LINE_ERROR, lineIndex);
360
361
                  free(Data->parts);
362
                  return EXIT_FAILURE;
             }
363
364
             if (partCheck(start, end, len, cost, Data))
365
                  sprintf(lineIndex, "%d.", i + 4);
366
367
                  printfFunc(LINE_ERROR, lineIndex);
                  free(Data->parts);
368
                  return EXIT_FAILURE;
369
370
             RailPart newPart = {.s = start, .e = end, .len = len, .price = cost};
371
372
             i++;
373
             moreParts = (RailPart *) realloc(Data->parts, i * sizeof(RailPart));
             if (moreParts != NULL)
374
375
                  Data->parts = moreParts;
376
                  Data->parts[i - 1] = newPart;
377
378
             }
             else
379
380
              {
                  sprintf(lineIndex, "%d.", i + 4);
381
                  printfFunc(LINE_ERROR, lineIndex);
382
383
                  return EXIT_FAILURE;
384
385
          Data->numOfParts = i;
386
         return EXIT_SUCCESS;
387
     }
388
389
390
391
      * A function that acquires all of the data from the file using different function for each part
      * of the file, get num for the length of the rail and the types of connectors, get signs for
392
393
      st the types of connectors available, and read data for reading the parts
      * @param input : the input file
394
      * @param output : the output file
395
      st @param Data : A struct that holds the rail parameters , such as total cost, length, parts
396
397
      * @return: O If data read successfully ,1 if not
398
     int dataAcquisition(FILE *input, Params *Data)
```

```
400
     {
          if (getNum(input, &Data->length))
401
402
403
              printfFunc(LINE_ERROR, "1.");
              return EXIT_FAILURE;
404
405
         }
          if (getNum(input, &Data->conTypes))
406
407
408
              printfFunc(LINE_ERROR, "2.");
              return EXIT_FAILURE;
409
         }
410
411
          if (Data->conTypes == 0)
412
         {
              printfFunc(LINE_ERROR, "2.");
413
414
              return EXIT_FAILURE;
         }
415
416
         if (getSigns(input, Data))
417
              printfFunc(LINE_ERROR, "3.");
418
419
              return EXIT_FAILURE;
         }
420
         if (readData(input, Data))
421
422
423
              free(Data->signs):
424
              return EXIT_FAILURE;
425
         return EXIT_SUCCESS;
426
427
     }
428
429
430
      * A function that checks if the file is valid, by checking if there is a file, and if it isnt empty
      * Oparam argc : number of arguments entered by the user
431
432
      st Oparam file : the file name as an argument
433
      * Oparam input : the input file
      * Oparam output : the output file
434
435
      st @return : 0 if the file has been read successfully 1 , if not
436
     int fileReadTest(FILE *input)
437
438
         if (input == NULL)
439
440
              printfFunc(FILE_ERROR, "");
441
              return EXIT_FAILURE;
442
443
         int c = fgetc(input);
444
         if (c == EOF)
445
446
              printfFunc(EMPTY_ERROR, "");
447
448
              return EXIT_FAILURE;
449
         ungetc(c, input);
450
451
          return EXIT_SUCCESS;
452
     }
453
454
      st A function that checks if there are enough arguments in
455
456
      * Oparam argc : the number of arguments entered
       * Oparam output: the output file
457
      * Oreturn 0 if the argument number is correct, 1 if not
458
459
     int argCheck(int argc)
460
461
462
          if (argc != ARG_NUM)
463
          ₹
              printfFunc(ARG_ERROR, "");
464
              return EXIT_FAILURE;
465
         }
466
467
         return EXIT_SUCCESS;
```

```
468 }
469
470
     * A program that gets an input file, reads it and calculates the minimal price for a rail
471
      * with given length
472
      * @return :minimal price if successful , or -1 if not
473
474
     int main(int argc, char *argv[])
475
476
         if (argCheck(argc))
477
478
         {
             return EXIT_FAILURE;
479
480
         FILE *inputFile = fopen(argv[1], "r");
481
482
         Params Data = {.length = 0, .conTypes = 0, .numOfParts = 0, .signs = NULL, .parts = NULL};
         if (fileReadTest(inputFile))
483
484
             return EXIT_FAILURE;
485
         }
486
         if (dataAcquisition(inputFile, &Data))
487
488
         {
             return EXIT_FAILURE;
489
490
         }
         fclose(inputFile);
491
         long **matr = creatMatrix(Data.length + 1, Data.conTypes);
492
         setPrices(matr, &Data);
493
         getPrice(matr, &Data);
494
495
         return EXIT_SUCCESS;
     }
496
497
498
499
```