Dear editor,

Attached please find our manuscript “Stress-Induced Mutagenesis Breaks the Trade-Off Between Adaptability and Adaptedness”. Stress-induced mutagenesis is often suggested as an important force in adaptive evolution, but we still do not understand how it affects adaptation. Primarily, it is unclear how stress-induced mutagenesis differs from constitutive mutagenesis with respect to adaptation.

Using mathematical models and simulations we found that stress-induced mutagenesis increases the rate of fitness valley crossing in asexual populations and that its effect is quantitatively different from that of constitutive mutagenesis.

Our results relate to the theory of mutation rate optimization, which suggests that the mutation rate must balance between *adaptability* – the ability to adapt - and *adaptedness* – the ability to remain adapted. Because stress-induced mutagenesis increases the rate of adaptation without reducing the equilibrium mean fitness, we suggest that it breaks the trade-off between *adaptability* and *adaptedness*.

We will deposit the simulation data and the code used to produce the figures to Dryad pending acceptance of the manuscript.

We hope you will find this manuscript worthy of publication in Evolution.

Sincerely,

Lilach Hadany

Department of Molecular Biology and Ecology of Plants   
Faculty of Life Sciences, Tel-Aviv University, Tel-Aviv, Israel