

Sample Midterm D_YB

October 7, 2024

[47]: *## D - Q1. Identifying the Closest Driver (7 Points)*

```
[1]: def closest_dispatch(locations, origin, destination):
    total_distance = 0
    closest_driver = ''
    for driver, location in locations.items():
        # Calculate the each driver's travel distance.
        pickup_distance = abs(origin[0] - location[0]) + abs(origin[1] -
↪location[1])
        ride_distance = abs(destination[0] - origin[0]) + abs(destination[1] -
↪origin[1])
        driver_distance = pickup_distance + ride_distance
        current_driver = driver

        # If it is the first driver, add it.
        if total_distance == 0:
            total_distance = driver_distance
            closest_driver = current_driver

        # Keep track of best distance and closest driver.
        if driver_distance < total_distance:
            total_distance = driver_distance
            closest_driver = current_driver

    return closest_driver, total_distance
```

```
[3]: # Sample run 1
locations={'Alice':[10,30],'Bob':[20,5],'Charles':[-10,10]}
closest,movement=closest_dispatch(locations,[10,13],[10,60])
print(f'Closest driver: {closest} \tTravel distance: {movement}')

# Output should be: Closest driver: Alice    Travel distance: 64
```

Closest driver: Alice Travel distance: 64

```
[5]: # Sample run 2
locations={'Alice':[10,30],'Bob':[20,5],'Charles':[-10,10]}
closest,movement=closest_dispatch(locations,[10,12],[-10,10.5])
```

```
print(f'Closest driver: {closest} \tTravel distance: {movement}')
```

Output should be: Closest driver: Bob Travel distance: 38.5

Closest driver: Bob Travel distance: 38.5

```
[7]: # Sample run 3
locations={'Alice':[10,30], 'Bob':[20,5], 'Charles':[-10,10]}
closest,movement=closest_dispatch(locations,[7.6,11],[20,30])
print(f'Closest driver: {closest} \tTravel distance: {movement}')
```

Output should be: Closest driver: Bob Travel distance: 49.8

Closest driver: Bob Travel distance: 49.8

```
[9]: # Sample run 4
locations={'Alice':[10,30], 'Bob':[20,5], 'Charles':[-10,10]}
closest,movement=closest_dispatch(locations,[7.4,11],[20,30.1])
print(f'Closest driver: {closest} \tTravel distance: {movement}')
```

Output should be: Closest driver: Charles Travel distance: 50.1

Closest driver: Charles Travel distance: 50.1

```
[174]: ## D - Q2. Queuing at Airport Pickup Station (8 Points): Try to break it down
↳ to pieces.
```

```
[21]: passengers=[5,10,20,5,0,0,0,0,15,0]
drivers=[20,0,0,0,0,30,40,20,0,0]
k=10

minutes = range(len(passengers))

print('Minutes\tP_arr\tD_arr\tP_total\tD_total\tPickup\tP_left\tD_left\tP_Q\tD_Q')
```

P_left = 0
D_left = 0

```
for minute in minutes:
    i = minute

    # Passenger & drivers arrivals for each minute
    P_arr = passengers[i]
    D_arr = drivers[i]

    # Total passengers & drivers waiting (including passengers & drivers who
    ↳ were waiting from a minute ago)
    P_total = P_arr + P_left
    D_total = D_arr + D_left
```

```

# Queue
P_Q = P_total
D_Q = D_total

# Pickup
if P_total > D_total:
    P_pickup = min(D_total, k)
    D_pickup = P_pickup
else: # P_total <= D_total
    P_pickup = min(P_total, k)
    D_pickup = P_pickup

# Left: how many passengers & drivers are still waiting
P_left = P_total - P_pickup
D_left = D_total - D_pickup

print(f'{i}\t{P_arr}\t{D_arr}\t{P_total}\t{D_total}\t{P_pickup}\t{P_left}\t{D_left}\t{P_Q}\t{D_Q}')

```

Minutes	P_arr	D_arr	P_total	D_total	Pickup	P_left	D_left	P_Q	D_Q
0	5	20	5	20	5	0	15	5	20
1	10	0	10	15	10	0	5	10	15
2	20	0	20	5	5	15	0	20	5
3	5	0	20	0	0	20	0	20	0
4	0	0	20	0	0	20	0	20	0
5	0	30	20	30	10	10	20	20	30
6	0	40	10	60	10	0	50	10	60
7	0	20	0	70	0	0	70	0	70
8	15	0	15	70	10	5	60	15	70
9	0	0	5	60	5	0	55	5	60

```

[25]: passengers=[5,10,20,5,0,0,0,0,15,0]
drivers=[20,0,0,0,0,30,40,20,0,0]
k=10

minutes = range(len(passengers))

print('Minutes\tP_arr\tD_arr\tP_Q\tD_Q\tPickups')

P_left = 0
D_left = 0

for minute in minutes:
    i = minute

    # Passenger & drivers arrivals for each minute

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P_arr = passengers[i]
D_arr = drivers[i]

# Total passengers & drivers waiting (including passengers & drivers who
↳ were waiting from a minute ago)
P_total = P_arr + P_left
D_total = D_arr + D_left

# Queue
P_Q = P_total
D_Q = D_total

# Pickup
if P_total > D_total:
    P_pickup = min(D_total, k)
    D_pickup = P_pickup
else: # P_total <= D_total
    P_pickup = min(P_total, k)
    D_pickup = P_pickup

# Left: how many passengers & drivers are still waiting
P_left = P_total - P_pickup
D_left = D_total - D_pickup

print(f'{i}\t{P_arr}\t{D_arr}\t{P_Q}\t{D_Q}\t{P_pickup}')

```

Minutes	P_arr	D_arr	P_Q	D_Q	Pickups
0	5	20	5	20	5
1	10	0	10	15	10
2	20	0	20	5	5
3	5	0	20	0	0
4	0	0	20	0	0
5	0	30	20	30	10
6	0	40	10	60	10
7	0	20	0	70	0
8	15	0	15	70	10
9	0	0	5	60	5

```

[37]: def airport_queue(passengers, drivers, k):
    minutes = len(passengers)

    P_left = 0
    D_left = 0
    P_waiting_list = []
    D_waiting_list = []

    for minute in range(minutes):

```

```

i = minute

# Passenger & drivers arrivals for each minute
P_arr = passengers[i]
D_arr = drivers[i]

# Total passengers & drivers waiting (including passengers & drivers
↳who were waiting from a minute ago)
P_total = P_arr + P_left
D_total = D_arr + D_left

# Queue
P_Q = P_total
D_Q = D_total
P_waiting_list.append(P_Q)
D_waiting_list.append(D_Q)

# Pickup
if P_total > D_total:
    P_pickup = min(D_total, k)
    D_pickup = P_pickup
else: # P_total <= D_total
    P_pickup = min(P_total, k)
    D_pickup = P_pickup

# Left: how many passengers & drivers are still waiting
P_left = P_total - P_pickup
D_left = D_total - D_pickup

P_avg_waiting_time = sum(P_waiting_list) / sum(passengers)
D_avg_waiting_time = sum(D_waiting_list) / sum(drivers)
return P_avg_waiting_time, D_avg_waiting_time

```

```

[39]: # Sample run 1 passengers=[5,10,20,5,0,0,0,0,15,0]
drivers=[20,0,0,0,0,30,40,20,0,0]
k=10
passenger_wait,driver_wait=airport_queue(passengers,drivers,k)
print(f'Av. waiting time for passengers is {round(passenger_wait,2)} minutes.')
print(f'Av. waiting time for drivers is {round(driver_wait,2)} minutes.')

# Output should be:
# Av. waiting time for passengers is 2.27 minutes.
# Av. waiting time for drivers is 3.0 minutes.

```

Av. waiting time for passengers is 2.27 minutes.
Av. waiting time for drivers is 3.0 minutes.

```
[3]: ## Q3. Simulating a Driver's Movements (9 Points)
      ## Not likely to be in the mid-term.
```

```
locations = ['Downtown', 'Airport']
```

```
initial = 'Airport'
```

transition_probs={ 'Downtown':[0,1], 'Airport':[1,0]} - When the driver is in Downtown, there is a 100% chance that the driver will go to the Airport. - When the driver is in Airport, there is a 100% chance that the driver will go to the Downtown.

df_a=df_b=pd.DataFrame([[0,50],[70,0]],index=locations,columns=locations) - When the driver goes from Downtown to Downtown, it will take 0 minutes, from Downtown to Airport, it will take 50 minutes. - When the driver goes from Airport to Downtown, it will take 70 minutes, from Airport to Airport, it will take 0 minutes.

df_earnings=pd.DataFrame([[0,30],[40,0]],index=locations,columns=locations) - When the driver goes from Downtown to Downtown, the driver will earn \$0, from Downtown to Airport, the driver will earn \$30. - When the driver goes from Airport to Downtown, the driver will earn \$40, from Airport to Airport, the driver will earn \$0.

n = 10 - Driver has to drive less than or equal to 10 times.

T = 190 - Driver has to drive less than or equal to 190 minutes.

```
[5]: # Sample run #1

locations = ['Downtown', 'Airport']
current_location = 'Airport'
next_location = ''

d_to_a_time = 50
a_to_d_time = 70

cumulative_time = 0

d_to_a_earning = 30
a_to_d_earning = 40

cumulative_earning = 0

n = 10
T = 190

print('# \t Current \t Next \t\t Time \t C_Time \t Earning \t C_Earning')

from numpy.random import default_rng
rng = default_rng()

for i in range(n):
    if cumulative_time >= T:
```

```

        break
    else:
        driver_time = 0
        driver_earning = 0
        if i == 0:
            if current_location == 'Downtown':
                next_location = rng.choice(['Downtown', 'Airport'], p=[0,1])
            else: # current_location == 'Airport'
                next_location = rng.choice(['Downtown', 'Airport'], p=[1,0])
        else:
            current_location = next_location
            if current_location == 'Airport':
                driver_time = d_to_a_time
                driver_earning = d_to_a_earning
                next_location = rng.choice(['Downtown', 'Airport'], p=[1,0])
            elif current_location == 'Downtown':
                driver_time = a_to_d_time
                driver_earning = a_to_d_earning
                next_location = rng.choice(['Downtown', 'Airport'], p=[0,1])
            cumulative_time += driver_time
            cumulative_earning += driver_earning
        print(f'{i} \t {current_location} \t {next_location} \t {driver_time} \t \t
        {cumulative_time} \t \t {driver_earning} \t \t {cumulative_earning}')

```

#	Current	Next	Time	C_Time	Earning
0	Airport	Downtown	0	0	0
1	Downtown	Airport	70	70	40
2	Airport	Downtown	50	120	30
3	Downtown	Airport	70	190	40

[7]: # Given Answer - Modified by me

```

from numpy.random import default_rng

def
    driver_movement(locations, initial, transition_probs, df_a, df_b, df_earnings, n, T):
    rng = default_rng()
    current_location = initial
    trip_time = 0
    earnings = 0
    timeList = [trip_time]

```

```

locationList = [current_location]
earningsList = [earnings]
for i in range(n):

    # Probability of moving to new location
    new_location = rng.choice(locations, p =
↳transition_probs[current_location])

    # Trip time
    trip_time += rng.uniform(df_a.loc[current_location, new_location], df_b.
↳loc[current_location, new_location])

    # Earnings
    earnings += df_earnings.loc[current_location, new_location]

    # Change the next current location to new location
    current_location = new_location

    # Keep track
    timeList.append(trip_time)
    locationList.append(current_location)
    earningsList.append(earnings)

    # Trip time must be less than or equal to T.
    if trip_time>=T:
        break
return timeList, locationList, earningsList

```

```

[143]: # Sample run 1 (deterministic example)
import pandas as pd
locations=['Downtown', 'Airport']
initial='Airport'
transition_probs={'Downtown':[0,1], 'Airport':[1,0]}
df_a=df_b=pd.DataFrame([[0,50],[70,0]],index=locations,columns=locations)
df_earnings=pd.DataFrame([[0,30],[40,0]],index=locations,columns=locations)
t,l,e=driver_movement(locations,initial,transition_probs,df_a,df_b,df_earnings,10,190)
print('Time\tLocation\tCumulative Earnings')
for i in range(len(t)):
    print(f'{t[i]}\t{l[i]:10}\t{e[i]}')

```

Time	Location	Cumulative Earnings
0	Airport	0
70.0	Downtown	40
120.0	Airport	70
190.0	Downtown	110


```
[149]: # Sample run 2 (randomized example)
import pandas as pd
locations=['Downtown', 'Airport']
initial='Airport'
transition_probs={'Downtown':[0.7,0.3], 'Airport':[1,0]}
df_a=df_b=pd.DataFrame([[5,50],[70,0]],index=locations,columns=locations)
df_earnings=pd.DataFrame([[10,30],[40,0]],index=locations,columns=locations)
t,l,e=driver_movement(locations,initial,transition_probs,df_a,df_b,df_earnings,10,400)
print('Time\tLocation\tCumulative Earnings')
for i in range(len(t)):
    print(f'{t[i]}\t{l[i]:10}\t{e[i]}')
```

Time	Location	Cumulative Earnings
0	Airport	0
70.0	Downtown	40
75.0	Downtown	50
125.0	Airport	80
195.0	Downtown	120
200.0	Downtown	130
205.0	Downtown	140
210.0	Downtown	150
260.0	Airport	180
330.0	Downtown	220
380.0	Airport	250

```
[155]: # Sample run 1 (deterministic example)
import pandas as pd
locations=['Downtown', 'Airport']
initial='Airport'
transition_probs={'Downtown':[0,1], 'Airport':[1,0]}
df_a=df_b=pd.DataFrame([[0,50],[70,0]],index=locations,columns=locations)
df_earnings=pd.DataFrame([[0,30],[40,0]],index=locations,columns=locations)
t,l,e=driver_movement(locations,initial,transition_probs,df_a,df_b,df_earnings,10,190)
print('Time\tLocation\tCumulative Earnings')
for i in range(len(t)):
    print(f'{t[i]}\t{l[i]:10}\t{e[i]}')
```

Time	Location	Cumulative Earnings
0	Airport	0
70.0	Downtown	40
120.0	Airport	70
190.0	Downtown	110

```
[161]: # Sample run 2 (randomized example)
import pandas as pd
locations=['Downtown', 'Airport']
initial='Airport'
transition_probs={'Downtown':[0.7,0.3], 'Airport':[1,0]}
```

```

df_a=df_b=pd.DataFrame([[5,50],[70,0]],index=locations,columns=locations)
df_earnings=pd.DataFrame([[10,30],[40,0]],index=locations,columns=locations)
t,l,e=driver_movement(locations,initial,transition_probs,df_a,df_b,df_earnings,10,400)
print('Time\tLocation\tCumulative Earnings')
for i in range(len(t)):
    print(f'{t[i]}\t{l[i]:10}\t{e[i]}')

```

Time	Location	Cumulative Earnings
0	Airport	0
70.0	Downtown	40
120.0	Airport	70
190.0	Downtown	110
195.0	Downtown	120
200.0	Downtown	130
205.0	Downtown	140
210.0	Downtown	150
215.0	Downtown	160
220.0	Downtown	170
225.0	Downtown	180

```

[171]: # Sample run 3
import pandas as pd
locations=['Downtown','Airport','Suburb A','Suburb B']
initial='Suburb A'
transition_probs={'Downtown': [0.1,0.2,0.3,0.4], 'Airport': [0.5,0,0.3,0.
↳2], 'Suburb A': [0.4,0.4,0.1,0.1], 'Suburb B': [0.3,0.5,0.2,0]}
df_a=pd.
↳DataFrame([[5,30,20,15],[50,5,60,30],[25,80,5,50],[20,40,50,5]],index=locations,columns=loc
df_b=pd.
↳DataFrame([[10,40,30,25],[60,5,90,60],[40,100,10,80],[30,50,80,10]],index=locations,columns=
df_earnings=pd.
↳DataFrame([[7,20,15,10],[40,0,50,30],[18,50,0,30],[15,30,40,0]],index=locations,columns=loc

earnings=[]
last_location=[]
last_time=[]
for i in range(1000):
    ↳
    ↳t,l,e=driver_movement(locations,initial,transition_probs,df_a,df_b,df_earnings,10,180)
    earnings.append(e[-1])
    last_location.append(l[-1])
    last_time.append(t[-1])
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
print(f'Average earning: \t${np.mean(earnings):.0f}\t\t Std: {np.std(earnings):.
↳0f}')

```

```

print(f'Average end time: \t{np.mean(last_time):.0f} minutes\t Std: {np.
↳std(last_time):.0f}')
pd.Series(last_location).value_counts().plot(kind='bar',title='Distribution_
↳oflast location')
plt.show()

```

Average earning:	\$126	Std: 17
Average end time:	211 minutes	Std: 24

