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# **Experiment: 3.1**

Name: Himanshu Singla UID: 21BCS10379

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**Aim:** Install Hadoop single node cluster and run simple applications likeword count.

Hadoop framework is well comportable in the Linux environment but for the users who are not familiar with Linux environment but want to use the hadoop framework can be make use of this article. This article is aim to Install hadoop single node cluster and run simple application like wordcout.

#### **Procedure:**

- 1. Install Java
- 2. Configure and install hadoop
- 3. Test hadoop installation
- 4. Create wordcount program
- 5. Input file to mapreduce
- 6. Display the output

#### I. JAVA Installation

- Go to official Java Downloading page
   https://www.oracle.com/java/technologies/javase-jre8-downloads.html

   After downloading java, run the jdk-8u241-windows-x64.exe file
- 2. Follow the instructions and click next.
- 3. After finishing the installation it is need to set Java environment variable
- 4. Go to Start->Edit the System environment variable->Environment variable
- 5. Then Click new and enter variable name as "JAVA\_HOME"
- 6. In the value field Enter the java path such as "C:\Java\jdk1.8.0\_241"(Consider your installation folder)



Fig-3.1

7. Go to path and click edit then type "%JAVA HOME%\bin"



Fig-3.2

- 8. Then click Ok and Go to Command Prompt
- 9. Type "Java -version". If it prints the installed version of java, now java successfully installed in your System.

```
Administrator: Command Prompt

Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.18363.592]

(c) 2019 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\Admin>java -version
java version "1.8.0_241"

Java(TM) SE Runtime Environment (build 1.8.0_241-b07)

Java HotSpot(TM) 64-Bit Server VM (build 25.241-b07, mixed mode)
```

Fig-3.3

## II Configuring And Installing Hadoop

1. Download Hadoop 2.8.0 from

http://archive.apache.org/dist/hadoop/core//hadoop-2.8.0/hadoop-2.8.0.tar.gz) 2.

Extract the tar file (in my case I used **7-zip** to extract the file and I stored the extracted file in the **D:\hadoop**)

- 3. After finishing the extraction it is need to set Hadoop environment variable
- 4. Go to Start->Edit the System environment variable->Environment variable
- 5. Then Click new and enter variable name as "HADOOP HOME"
- 6. In the value field Enter the java path such as "D:\hadoop" (Consider your installation folder)



Fig-3.4

7. Go to path and click edit then type "%HADOOP HOME%\bin"



8. Now we have to configure the hadoop.

9. Go to D:/hadoop/etc/hadoop/.. folder, find the below mentioned files andpaste the following.

#### i. core-site.xml



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<configuration> <name>fs.defaultFS</name>
<value>hdfs://localhost:9000</value> /configuration>

ii. Rename "mapred-site. xml. template "to "mapred-site. xml" and edit this fileD:/Hadoop/etc/hadoop/mapred-site.xml, paste below xml paragraph and save this file.

- iii. Create folder "data" under "D:\Hadoop"
  - Create folder "datanode" under "D:\Hadoop\data"
  - · Create folder "namenode" under "D:\Hadoop\data" data iv.

#### hdfs-site.xml

<configuration> <property> <name>dfs.replication</name> <value>1</value> </property> <property> <name>dfs.namenode.name.dir</name> <value>D:\hadoop\data\namenode</value> </property> <property> <name>dfs.datanode.data.dir</name> <value>D:\hadoop\data\datanode</value> </property> </property> 

<pre

### v. yarn-site.xml

- vi. Edit file D:\Hadoop\etc\hadoop\env.cmd by closing the command line "JAVA\_HOME=%JAVA\_HOME%" instead of set "JAVA\_HOME= C:\Java\jdk1.8.0\_241" (if your java file in Program Files the instead of give Progra~1 otherwise you will get JAVA\_HOME incorrectly set error)
- vii. Download file Hadoop

 $\frac{Configuration.zip}{\underline{mindows}} \underline{https://github.com/Prithiviraj2503/hadoop-installation-windows}$ 

- viii. Delete file bin on D:\Hadoop\bin and replace it by the bin file of Downloaded configuration file (from Hadoop Configuration.zip).
- ix. Open cmd and typing command "hdfs namenode format". You will see through command prompt which tasks are processing, after competeation you will get a massage like namenode format successfully and shutdown message

Discover. Learn. Empower. hdfs namenode –format

## **III. Testing Hadoop Installation**

1. Open Cmd and type the following "Hadoop -version"

```
C:\Users\Admin>hadoop -version
java version "1.8.0_241"
Java(TM) SE Runtime Environment (build 1.8.0_241-b07)
Java HotSpot(TM) 64-Bit Server VM (build 25.241-b07, mixed mode)
```

Fig-3.7

2. To start the hadoop locate to "D:\hadoop\sbin" via command prompt andpress **start-all.cmd** 

```
Administrator: Command Prompt

C:\Users\Admin>D:

D:\>cd hadoop/sbin

D:\hadoop\sbin>start-all.cmd

This script is Deprecated. Instead use start-dfs.cmd and start-yarn.cmd starting yarn daemons
```

Fig-3.8

Now, you can see the namenode, datanode and yarn engines getting start,



Fig-3.9

3. Now type "jps". JPS (Java Virtual Machine Process Status Tool) is a command is used to check all the Hadoop daemons like NameNode, DataNode, ResourceManager, NodeManager etc.

```
D:\hadoop\sbin>start-all.cmd
This script is Deprecated. Instead use start-dfs.cmd and start-yarn.cmd starting yarn daemons

D:\hadoop\sbin>jps
5296 NameNode
2372 Jps
9192 ResourceManager
10140 NodeManager
9420 DataNode
```

Fig-3.10

4. Open: <a href="http://localhost:8088">http://localhost:8088</a> in any browser



Fig-3.11

5. Open: <a href="http://localhost:50070">http://localhost:50070</a> in any browser

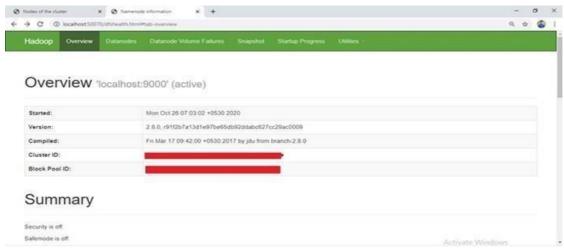


Fig-3.12

Now hadoop successfully installed in your System.

## IV. Simple WordCount Program

- 1) After successful hadoop installation we need to create an directory in the hadoop file system
- 2) Start the hadoop via command prompt \$ start-all.cmd

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- 3) By using **\$jps** command Ensure hadoop nodes are running
- 4) To create a directory, use: \$ hadoop fs -mkdir /inputdir
- 5) To input a file within a directory, use: \$ hadoop fs put D:/input\_file.txt/inputdir
- 6) To ensure wether your file successfully imported, use: \$ hadoop fs -ls /inputdir/
- 7) To view the content of the file, use: \$ hadoop dfs -cat /inputdir/input file.txt

Link for input file: <a href="https://github.com/Prithiviraj2503/hadoop-installation-windows">https://github.com/Prithiviraj2503/hadoop-installation-windows</a>

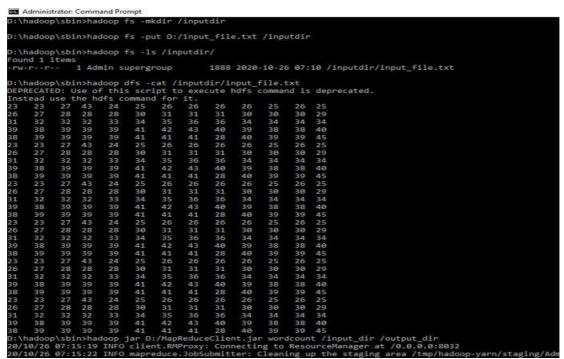


Fig-3.13

8) Now appy mapreduce program to the input file. We have a **mapReduceClient.jar** which contain java mapper and reducer programs. After applying the jar file you can see the task performed in the mapreduce phase. All the resuts of completed tasks will be printed in the command prompt. Link for mapReduceClient.jar: <a href="https://github.com/Prithiviraj2503/hadoop-installation-windows">https://github.com/Prithiviraj2503/hadoop-installation-windows</a>

```
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     - 6 X
     Administrator Command Promot
     D:\hadoop\sbin>hadoop\sbin>hadoop\jar D:/MapReduceClient.jar wordcount /inputdir /output_dir
20/10/26 07:15:55 INFO client.RMProxy: Connecting to ResourceManager at /8.0.0.8032
28/10/26 07:15:58 INFO input.FileInputFormat: Total input files to process: 1
28/10/26 07:15:59 INFO mapreduce.JobSubmitter: number of splits:1
28/10/26 07:15:59 INFO mapreduce.JobSubmitter: Submitting tokens for job: job_1603675981710_0002
28/10/26 07:16:01 INFO mapreduce.JobSubmitter submitted application application i603675981710_0002
28/10/26 07:16:01 INFO mapreduce.Job: The url to track the job: http://OESKTOP-NBF20VQ:8088/proxy/application_1603675981710_0002/
28/10/26 07:16:01 INFO mapreduce.Job: Running job: job_1603675981710_0002
28/10/26 07:16:01 INFO mapreduce.Job: map j0% reduce 0%
28/10/26 07:16:05 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 100% reduce 0%
28/10/26 07:17:17 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 100% reduce 100%
28/10/26 07:17:23 INFO mapreduce.Job: counters: 40
28/10/26 07:17:24 INFO mapreduce.Job: 40
28/10/26 07:17:24 INFO mapreduce.Job: 40
28/10/26 07:17:24 INFO mapr
           0/10/26 07:17:24 INFO mapreduce.Job: Counters: 49
                                     File System Counters
FILE: Number of bytes read=195
                                                                    FILE: Number of bytes written=274997
FILE: Number of read operations=0
FILE: Number of large read operations=8
FILE: Number of write operations=8
                                                                       HDFS: Number of bytes read=1998
HDFS: Number of bytes written=120
HDFS: Number of read operations=6
                                                                           HDFS: Number of large read operations=0
                                                                         HDFS: Number of write operations=2
                                     Job Counters
Launched map tasks=1
                                                                       Launched map tasks=1
Launched reduce tasks=1
Data-local map tasks=1
Total time spent by all maps in occupied slots (ms)=22985
Total time spent by all reduces in occupied slots (ms)=16780
Total time spent by all map tasks (ms)=22985
Total time spent by all reduce tasks (ms)=16780
Total voore-milliseconds taken by all map tasks=22985
                                                                          Total vcore-milliseconds taken by all map tasks=12388
Total megabyte-milliseconds taken by all map tasks=23536648
Total megabyte-milliseconds taken by all reduce tasks=17182728
                                                                         Map input records=30
Map output records=390
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    Activate Windows
                                                                           Map output bytes=2730
                                                                           Map output materialized bytes=195
Input split bytes=110
```

Fig-3.14

9) After completed the mapreduce tasks the output will be stored in the **output dir** directory To see the output, use: \$ hadoop dfs -cat /output dir/

Fig-3.15

# 10) To stop the hadoop type **\$stop-all.cmd**

Now the hadoop single node cluster was installed succesfully and the simple word count program were executed succesfully in your windows system.

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```
D:\hadoop\sbin>stop-all.cmd
This script is Deprecated. Instead use stop-dfs.cmd and stop-yarn.cmd
SUCCESS: Sent termination signal to the process with PID 9340.
SUCCESS: Sent termination signal to the process with PID 10652.
stopping yarn daemons
SUCCESS: Sent termination signal to the process with PID 8576.
SUCCESS: Sent termination signal to the process with PID 11128.
INFO: No tasks running with the specified criteria.
D:\hadoop\sbin>
```

Fig-3.16

# **Analysis:**

- This provides a clear, step-by-step guide for installing and configuring Hadoop on a Windows system, along with running a basic WordCount program.
- It covers essential tasks such as setting up Java, configuring Hadoop, testing the installation, and executing the WordCount program.
- The instructions are detailed, including screenshots for clarity.
- However, it could benefit from explanations of Hadoop concepts, troubleshooting tips, and considerations for security.
- Overall, it's a useful resource for beginners aiming to set up Hadoop on Windows.

#### **Conclusion:**

- In this experiment, we installed and ran Hadoop on a Windows environment, complete with executing a simple WordCount program.
- By following the detailed instructions provided, users can successfully set up their Hadoop single-node cluster and perform basic MapReduce tasks.
- While the guide covers essential steps and includes helpful visuals, there's room for improvement in terms of explaining Hadoop concepts, offering troubleshooting guidance, and addressing security considerations.
- Nonetheless, it serves as a valuable resource for beginners seeking to explore Hadoop in a Windows setting.

## **Result:**

• Installed and ran Hadoop on Windows, including executing a WordCount program, and explained in depth the concepts and addressing potential issues.