

## **Passato Prossimo**

The *Passato Prossimo* is used for actions that happened at a specific time in the recent past and have been completed. It is composed of two things, a helping verb and a participle verb. The helping verbs are *essere* and *avere*. If the verb uses the auxiliary *essere*, then the participle must agree in number and gender

## **Conjugation of the Participle Past**

- -are
  - singular: ato
  - plural: ati
- -ere
  - Singular uto
  - Plural: uto
- -ire
  - o Singular: ito
  - Plural: ito

Most verbs use the auxiliary verb *avere*, however, verbs that convey movement use the verb *essere* along with other few ones like the verb *essere* itself. The Passato Prossimo is by far the most common tense of the past in Italian.

## When to use:

It may be used in most situations where the English "I have done" or "I did" would satisfy the case.

Passato Prossimo 1

PERSON	ARE (1st ending)	ERE (2nd ending)	IRE (3rd ending)
1S	parl <b>ato</b>	ricev <b>uto</b>	dorm <b>ito</b>
2S	parl <b>ato</b>	ricev <b>uto</b>	dorm <b>ito</b>
3S	parl <b>ato</b>	ricev <b>uto</b>	dorm <b>ito</b>
1P	parl <b>ato</b>	ricev <b>uto</b>	dorm <b>ito</b>
2P	parl <b>ato</b>	ricev <b>uto</b>	dorm <b>ito</b>
3P	parl <b>ato</b>	ricev <b>uto</b>	dorm <b>ito</b>

Passato Prossimo 2