3/21/2017 CS@Reed

[S17 HW8] efficiency

© Due March 28, 2017, 9 a.m.

MATH 121 SPING 2017 HOMEWORK 8

Efficiency

This homework should be done on paper and turned in. I prefer you type as much as possible, especially the Python code, but some things (like Exercise 1) might be easier to handwrite. Make sure your name is on it and that you turn it in in class.

Exercise 1 is a writing-only assignment. There is no code that you need to write. For Exercises 2 through 5, we ask you to write a function and then to analyze it and determine its run time. For each, you should hand in on paper both the code you write and your analysis of it. You should also submit the code at cs.reed.edu so that it can be tested for correctness

Exercise 1

The following is a series of run times that represent the time it takes various algorithms to finish. You should sort these run times from fastest to slowest, considering only the asymptotic relationship between the run times. (Here "fastest" refers to the algorithm, so log(n) is "faster" than 2n.) If there are sets of run times that are asymptotically equal, put them next to each other in arbitrary order and circle them to show that they're equivalent.

$$n^2$$
, $\log_3(n)$, $\log_{10}(n)^2$, 2^{n+1} , \sqrt{n} , 3^n , $7n^3 + 10n$, $5n$, $\log_5(n)$, 1000 , 2^n , $2^{n/2}$, $n\log_2(n)$, $4n^3$

Instructions for Exercises 2, 3, 4, and 5

In the following exercises you are given a function. You should write code for each function. You should then also write an analysis of the running time of the function you have written. That is, you should say what its asymptotic runtime is, along with a short description of how you know that. Any correct solution that is correctly analyzed will get full credit. However, there are multiple ways to write these functions, and they don't all have the same (asymptotic) runtime. There will be bonus points if you find the faster ways of doing them.

You also need to submit the Python code for the function on the cs.reed.edu web site.

Exercise 2: longPalSub

The function longPalSub should return the longest palindromic substring of its input string. For example, if the input is "cbcbaabaca" the output should be "baab" because that is the longest substring of the input that is a palindrome. (A palindrome is a string that reeds the same forward and backwards. "cbc", for example, is also a palindrome but is too short.) If there is a tie for the longest palindromic substring in the input, the function can return any of the tied substrings arbitrarily.

You can assume that the string you are given is of length at least 1.

Exercise 3: twoSum

The function twosum is given as input a list of integers and a target value. The function should return True if there are two numbers in the list that add up to the target value and False otherwise. For example, twosum([-4, 7, -2, 1, 3], -1) should return True because -2 and 1 (or -4 and 3) sum to -1. If the target was 6 instead of -1, it should return False

Note that if the list is length 1 or shorter, your function should return $\mbox{\tt False}$.

Exercise 4: threeSum

The function threeSum is identical to twoSum, except that it checks for a set of three numbers that sum to the target in question, rather than two.

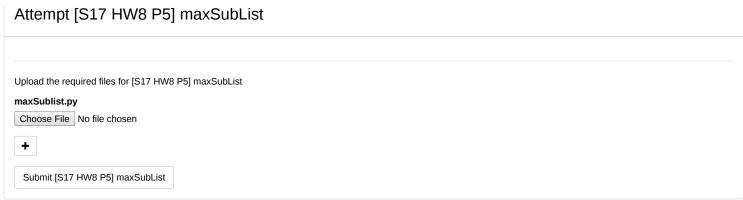
Note that if the list is length 2 or shorter, your function should return $\ \mbox{{\tt False}}$.

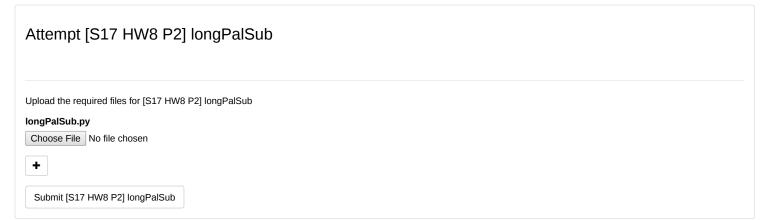
Exercise 5: maxSublist

The function maxSublist takes as input a list of integers and returns the sublist that has the maximum total sum (again, breaking ties arbitrarily). For example maxSublist([2,1,-3,4,-1,2,1,-5,4]) could return [4,-1,2,1] because the sum of that sublist (6) is the largest possible. It could also return the sublist [2, 1, -3, 4, -1, 2, 1].

Note: for this exercise, a sublist is a contiguous portion of the list, that is, with its elements being consecutive from the original list. A sublist has length at least one (in other situations in programming, we might consider sublists of length 0, the empty sublist

3/21/2017 CS@Reed





Attempt [S17 HW8 P3] twoSum

Attempt [S17 HW8 P4] threeSum