Question		Answer	Marks	
7(a)	1 mark per bullet poir	nt to max 3	3	
	 Flat-file has more data redundancy because the same data is stored many times // data is stored in different tables which are linked 			
	because any co	n-data dependence with flat-files changes to the structure of the data means the programs data have to be re-written		
	because duplic	e data inconsistency // worse data integrity cated data might be stored differently //because when n one place, it is not updated everywhere		
	-	perform complex searches /queries w program has to be written each time		
		ave a lack of privacy cannot easily be implemented		
7(b)(i)	1 mark for each corre	ect example	3	
	one-to-one • e.g. customer to payment details // customer to login details one-to-many • e.g. customer to order many-to-many • e.g. order to product // customer to product			
7(b)(ii)	1 mark		1	
	Relationship T	ick (✓)		
	one-to-one			
	one-to-many			
	many-to-many	✓		
7(b)(iii)	1 mark		1	
	CREATE DATABASE SHOPORDERS;			
7(c)	1 mark per item to max 3			
	table name field name // attribute			
	field name // attributedata type			
	type of validation			
	Primary KeyForeign Key			
	 relationships 			

Question		Answer	Marks
1(a)	1 mark for d	efinition, 1 mark for appropriate example in each	6
	Term	Definition and example	
	Field	A column/attribute in a table e.g. CustomerID in the table CUSTOMER	
	Entity	Anything that data can be stored about e.g. A customer or a house	
	Foreign Key	A field in one table that is linked to a Primary Key in another table e.g. CustomerID / HouseID in table RENTAL	
1(b)	1 mark per b	oullet point to max 2	2
		s in all tables are dependant fully on the PK and on no other fields in ple all fields in Customer table are fully dependent on merID	
1(c)(i)	1 mark for each correctly completed line		4
	Rent Cust Hous Mont Depo	ABLE RENTAL(talID INTEGER NOT NULL, tomerID INTEGER NOT NULL, seID VARCHAR (5) NOT NULL, thlyCost REAL/CURRENCY NOT NULL, ositPaid BOOLEAN NOT NULL, WARY KEY (RentalID)	
1(c)(ii)	1 mark per b	oullet point	4
	From bothWhere IJoining to Example sc	• •	
	FROM CUST	irstName, LastName TOMER, RENTAL positPaid = No AL.CustomerID = CUSTOMER.CustomerID;	

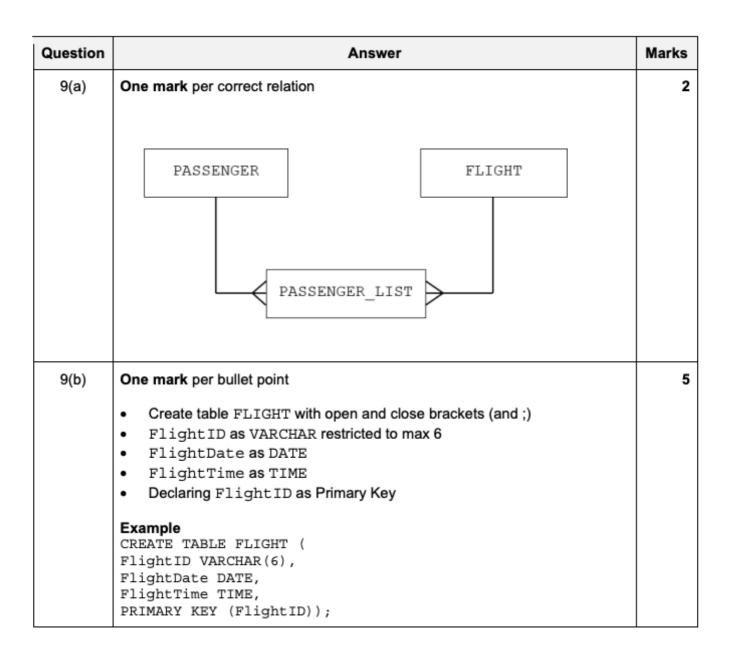
Question		Answe	r			Marks
5(a)	1 mark for 2	or 3 correct ticks, 2 marks fo	r 4 correct tic	ks		2
	Table	Field name	Primary Key (PK)	Foreign Key (FK)		
	MANAGER	ManagerID	✓			
	SHOP	ManagerID		✓		
	CAR	RegistrationNumber	✓			
	CAR	ShopID		✓		
5(b)	Mark per bullet point Access rights give managers / himself access to different elements by having different accounts / logins which have different access rights e.g. read only // no access / read / write Specific views can be assigned to himself and to the managers e.g. managers can only see the data for their own shop(s)			3		
5(c)(i)		orrectly completed statement INT (RegistrationNumber ShopID				3
5(c)(ii)	1 mark for each correct statement			2		
	INSERT INT	ro CAR 23AA","Tiger","Lioness	s",10500,"	12BSTREET	")	

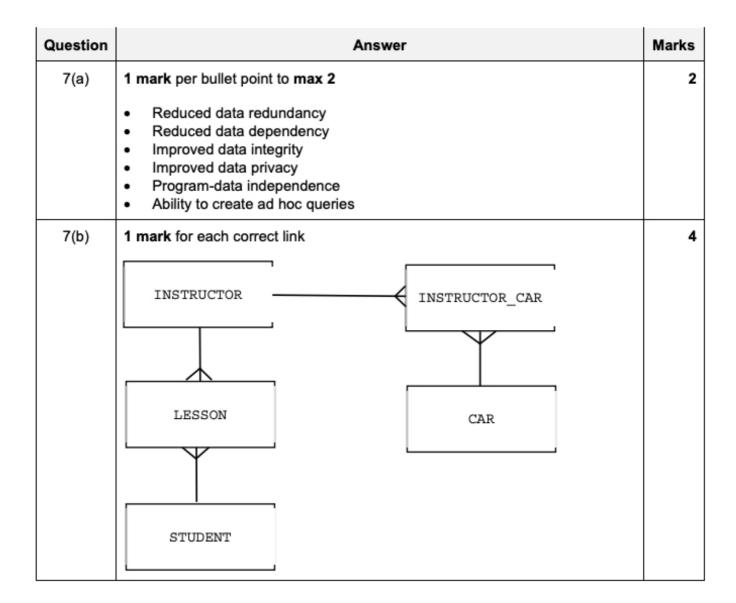
Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)	 e.g. Reduced data redundancy // less repeated data because each item of data is only stored once Maintains data consistency // improves data integrity changes in one table will automatically update in another linked data cannot be entered differently in two tables Program-data independence changes to the data do not require programs to be re-written 	
	 Complex queries are easier to run Can provide different views so users can only see specific aspects of the database 	
4(b)	 1 mark for 3NF 1 mark per bullet for justification to max 2 There are no repeated attributes // it is already in 2NF Each field is fully dependent on the corresponding primary key // no partial dependencies No transitive dependencies 	

Question	Answer	Marks	
4(c)(i)	1 mark per bullet point		
	 Create table, table name, opening and closing brackets StudentID and Mark as integer TestID as Varchar Primary key correctly set up Foreign keys correctly set up e.g. CREATE TABLE STUDENT_TEST (StudentId INTEGER, TestID VARCHAR, Mark INTEGER, PRIMARY KEY (StudentID, TestID), FOREIGN KEY (TestID) REFERENCES TEST (TestID), FOREIGN KEY (StudentID) REFERENCES STUDENT (StudentID)); 		
4(c)(ii)	 1 mark for each point AVG(Mark) SELECT and FROM STUDENT_TEST WHERE clause e.g. SELECT AVG (Mark) FROM STUDENT_TEST WHERE TestID = "A7"; 	3	

Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)	1 mark for each link: 1 CUSTOMER to many BOOKING 1 COURSE to many COURSE_EMPLOYEE 1 EMPLOYEE to many COURSE_EMPLOYEE COURSE BOOKING CUSTOMER COURSE_EMPLOYEE EMPLOYEE	4
5(b)	1 mark for description and 1 mark for application to the given tables e.g. (2 marks) • each value stored in the CustomerID (FK) field in the Booking table must have a corresponding value (1) in the CustomerID (PK) field in the Customer table (1) e.g. (1 mark) • Each foreign key value must have a matching value in the primary key of the linked table (1)	2
5(c)	1 mark each (max 3) e.g. Tables Fields/attributes Indexes Users Primary Key Foreign Key Relationships Views	3

Question	Answer		
5(d)	1 mark per syntactically correct bullet point:		
	 Select correct fields From correct table Correct criteria for Role Correct criteria for Language 		
	Example: SELECT FirstName, LastName FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE Role = "Leader" AND (Language = "French" OR Language = "English");		





Question	Answer	Marks	
7(c)	mark for each correctly completed statement CREATE (line 1) INTEGER (line 6)	3	
	PRIMARY KEY (line 7)		
	CREATE TABLE INSTRUCTOR(InstructorID VARCHAR(5), FirstName VARCHAR(15), LastName VARCHAR(15), DateOfBirth DATE, Level INTEGER, PRIMARY KEY (InstructorID));		
7(d)	1 mark per bullet point	2	
	 Alter table student Add an appropriate identifier with suitable data type 		
	ALTER TABLE STUDENT ADD TelNum VARCHAR;		
7(e)	1 mark per bullet point	4	
	 Select lesson date and lesson time From table LESSON Where InstructorID = "Ins01" And lesson date is greater than today's date 		
	SELECT LessonDate, LessonTime FROM LESSON WHERE InstructorID = "Ins01" AND LessonDate > #######;		

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	1 mark per bullet point to max 4 Max 3 if all generic, descriptions not related to benefits to the surgery Max 3 for a list with no expansions	4
	 Linked tables can be set up the staff in the surgery can set up tables for the pets and their owners and link them by common attributes 	
	 To reduce / eliminate data redundancy the staff in the surgery usually only needs to enter data once // in the file system data is probably repeated unnecessarily in different files 	
	Improved data integrity e.g. if they are searching for an owner's pets then all results for the owner should be returned	
	 Privacy is improved e.g. different views can be given to different users in the surgery. E.g. the receptionists cannot see the pet's medical notes 	
	 Referential integrity can be enforced // Unwanted or accidental deletion of linked data is prevented e.g. the staff in the surgery cannot accidently delete an owner's record while there are pets belonging to that owner // Staff cannot enter an appointment for a pet that does not exist 	
	 Program-data dependence is overcome e.g. the staff in the surgery can add another attribute to the pet table without affecting the data already stored or the queries already written 	
	 More complex searches and queries can be executed e.g. the staff in the surgery can set up a query to only return the names of pets who have not been seen for over a year 	
2(b)(i)	1 mark per bullet point to max 1	1
	OwnerFirstName, OwnerLastName and TelephoneNumber are repeated for owners with more than one pet.	
	OwnerFirstName, OwnerLastName and TelephoneNumber are not dependent on the primary key of the PET table.	

Question	Answer	Marks
2(b)(ii)	1 mark per bullet point	4
	PET (<u>PetID</u> , PetName, PetBreed, PetDateOfBirth)	
	OWNER (<u>OwnerID</u> , OwnerFirstName, OwnerLastName, TelephoneNumber)	
	A linking table between PET and OWNER	
	Composite primary key made up of the primary keys of the other two tables and no extra attributes in the linking table, for example, PET_OWNER (PetID, OwnerID)	
2(c)(i)	Structured Query Language // SQL	1
2(c)(ii)	1 mark per bullet point	2
	ALTER TABLE APPOINTMENT	
	ADD PRIMARY KEY(AppointmentID); // ADD UNIQUE (AppointmentID);	
2(c)(iii)	1 mark for each correct line	3
	SELECT Time, PetID (FROM APPOINTMENT)	
	WHERE StaffID = "JK1" AND Date = "02/02/2021"	
	ORDER BY Time DESC;	
2(d)(i)	1 mark for each bullet point to max 2 × 2	4
	Double entry // The data from the form is entered twice (by two different	
	people) and automatically compared	
	 Visual check // the data is compared (by two different people) after entry to the paper form manually 	
2(d)(ii)	1 mark per validation to max 2	2
	For example:	
	 Time can have range check to make sure it is within the opening hours of 09:00 and 16:50 	
	Date can have existence check to compare against list of dates they are open	
2(e)(i)	1 mark for each correctly completed term	4
	The client-server model has one server that stores all the data for the surgery. The other computers are clients . When a user requests data, a request is sent to the server .	

Question	Answer	Marks
2(e)(ii)	1 mark per correct method to max 2	
	 Usernames and Passwords Biometrics // fingerprint recognition // iris scanner Two-step verification Token authentication // use of dongle // swipe cards 	