Assignment: Build and Deploy a Full-Stack Dashboard for Monitoring Real-Time Data with Mock Data Generation

Objective:

Create a full-stack dashboard using

Next.js 14 (with the app-router) for the frontend and **Express.js** for the backend. The dashboard will display live updates from a simulated real-time data source using **Socket.IO** for real-time communication. The backend will generate and insert mock data into a database every 5 seconds, storing the datetime in **UTC** along with a numeric value (e.g., temperature). The frontend will consume and display this data in real-time. Additionally, the application should be deployed to a cloud provider for viewing.

Example Data Structure:

Each mock data entry generated by the backend and stored in the database should follow this structure:

- created_at: The time the data was generated, stored in UTC format (z denotes UTC).
 - Example: 2024-10-21T09:00:00Z (this is 09:00 AM UTC).
- value: A randomly generated or incremented number to represent the temperature data.

Part 1: Frontend (Next.js 14)

1. Dashboard UI:

- Build a dashboard that displays a list of real-time temperature data.
- Implement a Chart (bar and line chart) to visualize real-time data using shadcn/ui charts.
- Allow the user to choose a timezone (Indonesia/Jakarta, Singapore, and Australia/Sydney).

- The bar and line chart should display the data converted to the selected timezone.
- The **bar and line chart** should update dynamically based on the selected timezone, without requiring a full page reload.
- Create a responsive design using shadon/UI.

Specifics to the chart display:

- X-axis: Timestamps (adjusted to the selected timezone) should be displayed in 5-second intervals to reflect the frequency of the mock data generation.
- Y-axis: The numeric values (e.g., temperature).
- Ensure that the **axes labels** clearly reflect what they represent (e.g., "Time (5-second intervals)" on the X-axis, "Temperature (°C)" on the Y-axis).

2. Socket.IO Integration:

- Integrate Socket.IO on the frontend to receive real-time updates from the backend.
- The chart should **automatically update** whenever new data is received through the WebSocket connection.
- The connection should be established when the user visits the dashboard, and data should continuously update as long as the connection remains open.

3. Data Fetching (Initial Load):

- Implement server-side rendering (SSR) for the dashboard to load the initial data from the backend.
- Use Socket.IO to handle the live updates after the initial data has been loaded.

Part 2: Backend (Express.js)

1. Express API:

- Build an Express.js API that provides access to real-time data.
- **Set up a Socket.IO server** that is attached to the **same HTTP server** used by Express. This will allow real-time communication with clients, so that both HTTP requests and WebSocket connections are handled by the same server.
- Create an API endpoint (/api/data) that retrieves the initial data from the database and returns it
 as an array of objects, following the Example Data Structure:

```
{
  "created_at": "2024-10-21T09:00:00Z", // UTC timestamp
  "value": 72 // Numeric value as temperature
}
```

 The same server should handle both Express routes and WebSocket events without requiring separate instances.

Socket.IO Real-Time Updates:

- Use Socket.IO to broadcast new mock data to all connected clients immediately after it is generated and inserted into the database.
- Socket.IO should emit the data right after it's generated, ensuring the frontend receives updates in real-time.

Example flow:

- Generate mock data every 5 seconds.
- Insert the mock data into the database.
- Immediately emit the newly inserted data to all connected clients using Socket.IO.

· Mock Data Generation:

- Create a function that generates mock data every 5 seconds.
- Each data entry should include:
 - created_at field: Use UTC time when generating the timestamp (e.g., new Date().toIsostring() in JavaScript). This ensures the data reflects a consistent global time.
 - value **field**: A randomly generated or incremented numeric value (e.g., a number between 1 and 100).

• Periodic Data Insertion:

- Use any **CRON** library to insert the generated data into the database every 5 seconds.
- Ensure that each record has a proper created at field with UTC timestamp and value.

WebSocket Communication:

- Implement real-time updates using Socket.IO. The same HTTP server used by Express will
 emit an event (e.g., 'new-data') to the clients whenever new mock data is generated,
 ensuring real-time updates are pushed to the frontend.
- The frontend will automatically receive and update the chart based on the new data.

Part 3: Deployment

1. Frontend Deployment:

- Deploy the **Next.js** frontend to a cloud provider (e.g., **Vercel**, **Netlify**, **any**).
- Ensure the frontend is publicly accessible via a URL for review.

2. Backend Deployment:

- Deploy the Express.js API along with Socket.IO to any cloud provider.
- Ensure the backend is accessible, with real-time data being broadcast to the connected clients and stored correctly in the database.

3. Database Setup:

- Deploy the database (MongoDB, PostgreSQL, or similar) to any cloud provider such as MongoDB Atlas, AWS RDS or any.
- Ensure the backend is connected to the cloud database and that data is inserted into the database every 5 seconds.

4. Connect Frontend and Backend:

• Ensure the frontend fetches data from the deployed backend, updating the dashboard in realtime based on the mock data generation.

Part 4: Testing (Frontend & Backend) Bonus

Frontend Tests:

1. Test 1: Timezone Selection Behavior

- Write a test to ensure that when a user selects a specific timezone (e.g., Indonesia/Jakarta), the data displayed in the chart is correctly filtered and displayed in that timezone.
- What it tests: This ensures the timezone logic is working properly, and the date-time conversion functions are applied correctly.

2. Test 2: Real-Time Data Update

- Write a test to check that when new data arrives via **Socket.IO**, the chart updates accordingly without the user having to refresh the page.
- What it tests: This tests the real-time update mechanism to ensure that the frontend reacts to incoming data appropriately through WebSocket communication.

Backend Tests:

1. Test 1: Mock Data Generation

- Write a test to verify that the mock data generator creates valid data every 5 seconds, with created_at having the correct **UTC** timestamp format.
- What it tests: This ensures the mock data generation function works as expected, generating accurate data with valid timestamps and values.

2. Test 2: API Data Retrieval

- Write a test to ensure that the /api/data endpoint correctly retrieves and returns data from the database, and that it includes the created_at field in UTC format.
- What it tests: This verifies the backend API is functioning correctly, and the data being retrieved from the database includes the necessary fields in the correct format.

Testing Instructions:

- 1. Include the test cases in your submission with instructions in the README on how to run them.
- 2. Tests should be automated and runnable via a command like npm run test or similar setup.

3. Clearly indicate what testing frameworks or tools were used (e.g., Jest, Mocha, React Testing Library).

Expectations & Evaluation Criteria

1. Code Structure & Best Practices:

- Well-structured, clean code with proper comments following best practices for both Next.js,
 Socket.IO, and Express.js.
- Meaningful commit messages and clear separation of concerns between frontend, backend, and database code.

2. Real-Time Data Handling:

• Proficiency in handling real-time data generation, insertion into the database, and real-time updates on the frontend using **Socket.IO**.

3. Timezone Management:

Proper management and display of timezones when generating, storing, and presenting data.
 The candidate should demonstrate how they handle time zone conversions and adjustments when switching between different user-selected timezones.

4. Frontend & UI:

• Functional, responsive UI using **shadcn/ui**. The chart must update dynamically based on user interactions and reflect the real-time data accurately.

5. Backend Design:

 Scalable API with efficient handling of database interactions, data storage, and real-time data handling using Socket.IO for WebSocket communication.

6. Testing:

• Well-written, maintainable tests for both frontend and backend components, ensuring that the functionality works as expected and any issues are caught early.

7. **Deployment**:

• Demonstrates the ability to deploy both frontend and backend (with **Socket.IO**) to cloud platforms (e.g., Vercel, Heroku) and ensures seamless integration between the two.

Submission Instructions

1. GitHub Repository:

- Provide a GitHub repository link containing:
 - Source code for both frontend and backend.
 - A README.md file with clear setup instructions, including how to run the project locally, deploy to the cloud, and run the tests.

2. Deployed Application:

• Include the public URLs for both the frontend and backend (from the cloud provider) in the README.

3. Additional Information:

• Briefly explain your approach, the challenges faced, and any assumptions made during development.