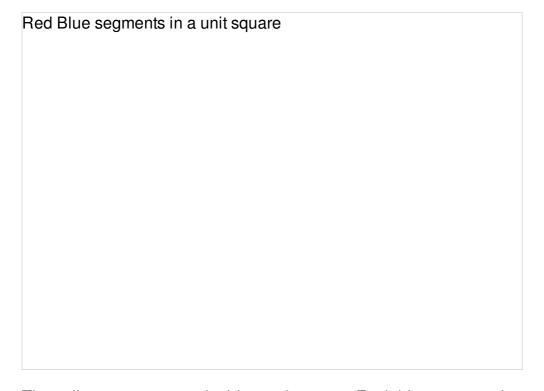
# **Red Blue Line Segments**

There are n vertical line segments colored red and there are n horizontal line segments colored blue.

We wish to find the number of red-blue pairs of intersecting segments.



These line segments are inside a unit square. Each blue segment is created by generating 3 random numbers  $(x_1, x_2, y)$  in the interval [0, 1]. These 3 numbers represent the segment joining  $(x_1, y)$  and  $(x_2, y)$ . Red segments are generated similarly.

#### Input

First line contains the number of segments n (n <= 100000)

next n lines define the blue segments. Each line contains 3 floating point numbers (in [0, 1])  $x_1$   $x_2$  y representing the segment joining  $(x_1, y)$  and  $(x_2, y)$ .

next n lines define the red segments. Each line contains 3 floating point numbers (in [0, 1])  $y_1$   $y_2$  x representing the segment joining  $(x, y_1)$  and  $(x, y_2)$ .

## **Output**

Print a single line containing the number of intersections.

Note: Toucing line segments also count as intersecting. For ex - blue segment joining (0.1, 0.2) and (0.3, 0.2) intersects with red segment joining (0.3, 0.4) and (0.3, 0.2).

## **Example**

#### Input:

0.0479258 0.214097 0.508344 0.234284 0.969098 0.739363 0.499323 0.739797 0.138495 0.829265 0.22551 0.290582 0.791082 0.069214 0.450979

#### Output:

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