

Radiation

Nuclear power plants (NPP) are a blessing and curse of modern civilization. NPPs have some risks but still it is one of the cheapest ways to produce electricity in the developed world. In this problem we will discuss a situation related to two nuclear plants, which are not far away from each other.

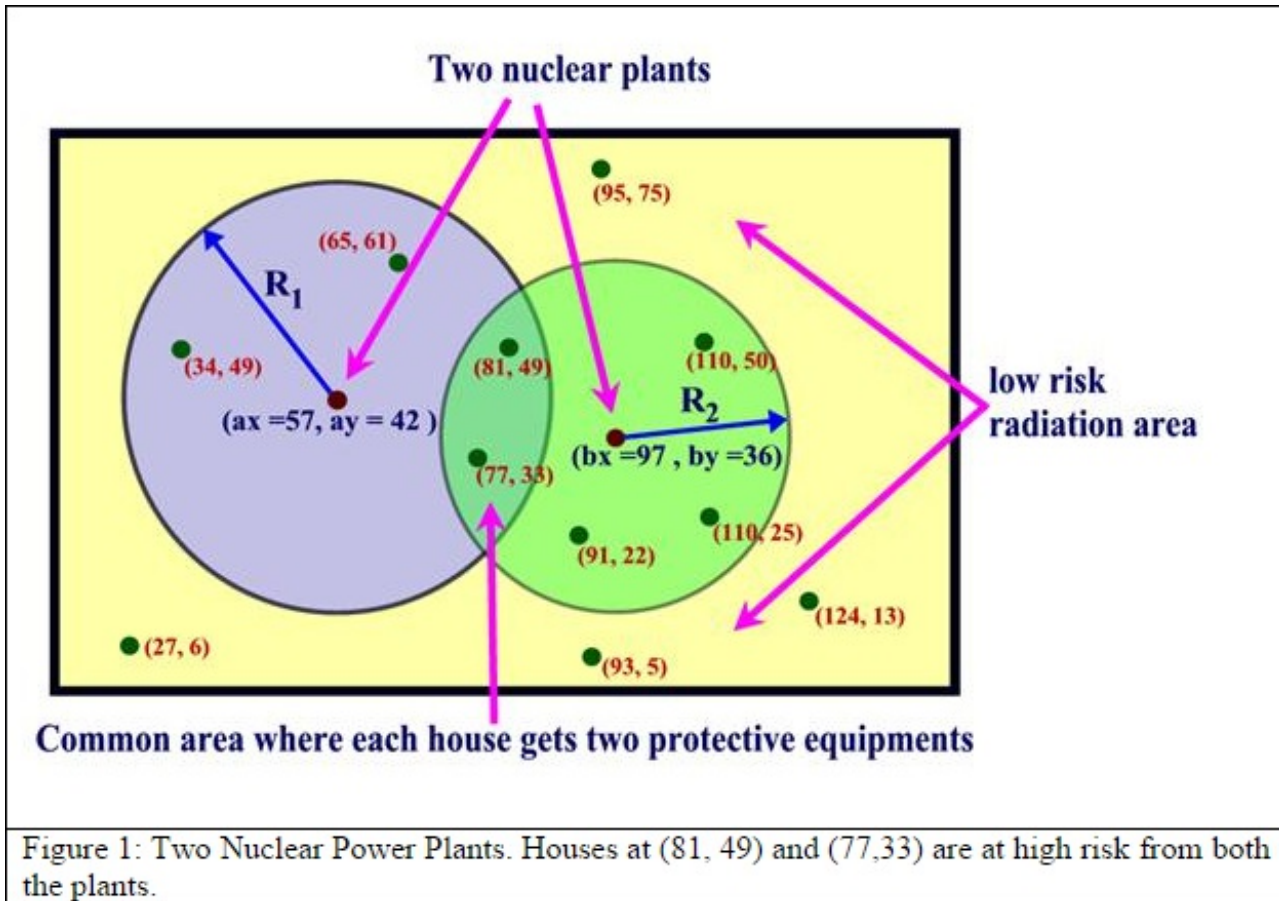


Figure 1: Two Nuclear Power Plants. Houses at (81, 49) and (77, 33) are at high risk from both the plants.

We will describe the entire scenario in a 2D Cartesian coordinate system. Let's assume that the coordinates of the two nuclear power plants are $(ax; ay)$ and $(bx; by)$. Houses that are located within distance R_1 (inclusive) of the power plant at $(ax; ay)$ are under high risk of radiation. Similarly, houses that are located within distance R_2 (inclusive) of the power plant at $(bx; by)$ are under high risk of radiation. So the authorities of power plant 1 and power plant 2 distribute special protective equipments to the houses that are within radius (inclusive) R_1 and R_2 of the respective power plants. As a result each of the houses that are endangered by both the plants actually receive two sets of equipments to protect their house.

Given the location of the houses and the values of $ax; ay; bx; by$ and possible values of R_1 and R_2 your job is to find out the number of houses that are endangered by both the plants.

Input

The input file contains at most 3 test cases. The description of each test case is given below:

A test case starts with a line containing a positive integer N ($0 < N \leq 200000$) that denotes the number of houses that are under either low risk or high risk of radiation. Each of the next N lines contains two integers x_i, y_i ($0 \leq x_i, y_i \leq 20000$) that denotes the coordinate of the i -th house.

No two houses are at the same location. The next line contains five integers ax, ay, bx, by and q ($0 \leq ax, ay, bx, by \leq$

20000, $0 < q \leq 20000$). The meaning of a_x, a_y, b_x and b_y are given in the problem statement. Here q denotes the total number of query. Each of the next q lines contains two integers, which denote the values of $R1$ and $R2$ ($0 < R1, R2 \leq 13000$) respectively.

A line containing a single zero terminates input. This line should not be processed.

Output

For each test case produce $q + 1$ lines of output. The first line is the serial of output. For each query (given value of $R1$ and $R2$) determine the number of houses that are endangered by both the plants. You may consider using faster IO as judge input is large.

Note: First query in the sample input corresponds to Figure 1.

Example

Input:

```
11
95 75
27 6
93 5
124 13
34 49
65 61
81 49
77 33
110 50
91 22
110 25
57 42 97 36 1
31 25
0
```

Output:

```
Case 1:
2
```