

Hamster Flight 2



There is a competition of flying hamsters in Hamsterburg. Each competing hamster is thrown from a sling. The initial speed of the hamsters is V_0 m/s. Free fall acceleration is $g = 10$ m/s². There is no air friction. The size of the hamster and the sling are negligible. When the hamster is thrown from the sling its altitude is 0 meters. There is a number of vertical gates in the air. Each gate has a lower and an upper bound. If we mark the points directly under each of the gates on the ground – those points are positioned in one line and on one side from the starting point. A hamster gets as many points as the amount of gates he flies through. You have to calculate the maximal amount of points that a hamster can get in one flight. It is considered that a hamster flies through the gate if he touches the bounds of the gate during the flight or flies between the bounds.

Input

The first line of the input contains number $0 < t \leq 10$ the amount of test cases. The description of each test case follows. Each test starts with two integers $0 < V_0 \leq 1000$ – the initial speed of the hamster and $0 < n \leq 20000$ – the total amount of gates. Each of the next n lines contains the description of one of the gates: three integers $0 < x \leq 10000$ – the distance from the starting point to the point directly under the gate, $0 < y_1 \leq y_2 \leq 10000$ – lower and upper bound of the gate.

Output

For each test case output the maximal amount of gates a hamster can fly through in one flight on a separate line.

Example

Input:

```
3
10 2
3 1 2
3 2 3
10 3
1 1 1
2 2 3
3 4 6
10 3
1 1 2
2 3 4
3 5 6
```

Output:

```
2
1
2
```