

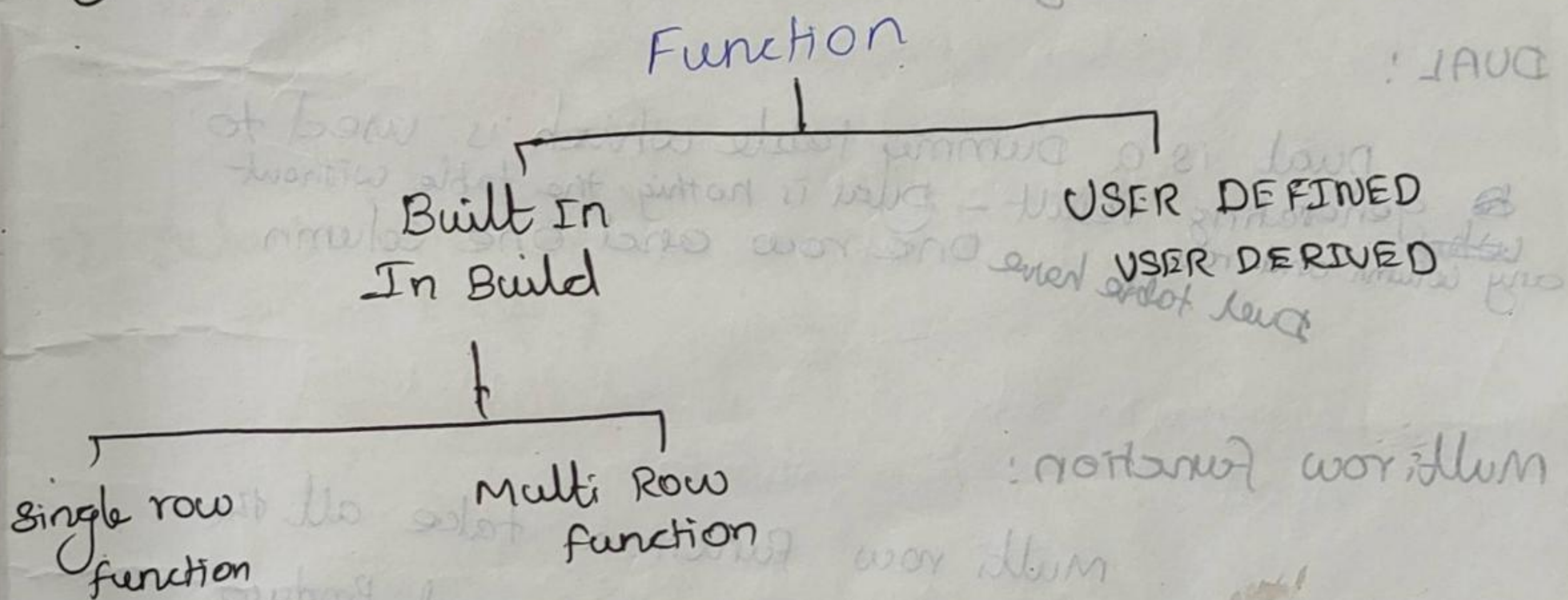
Function

Function are the block of code or list of instruction given to do particular task

There are 3 components of function

- * Function Name
- * Number of argument (Input)
- * Written type (Output)

Types of function:

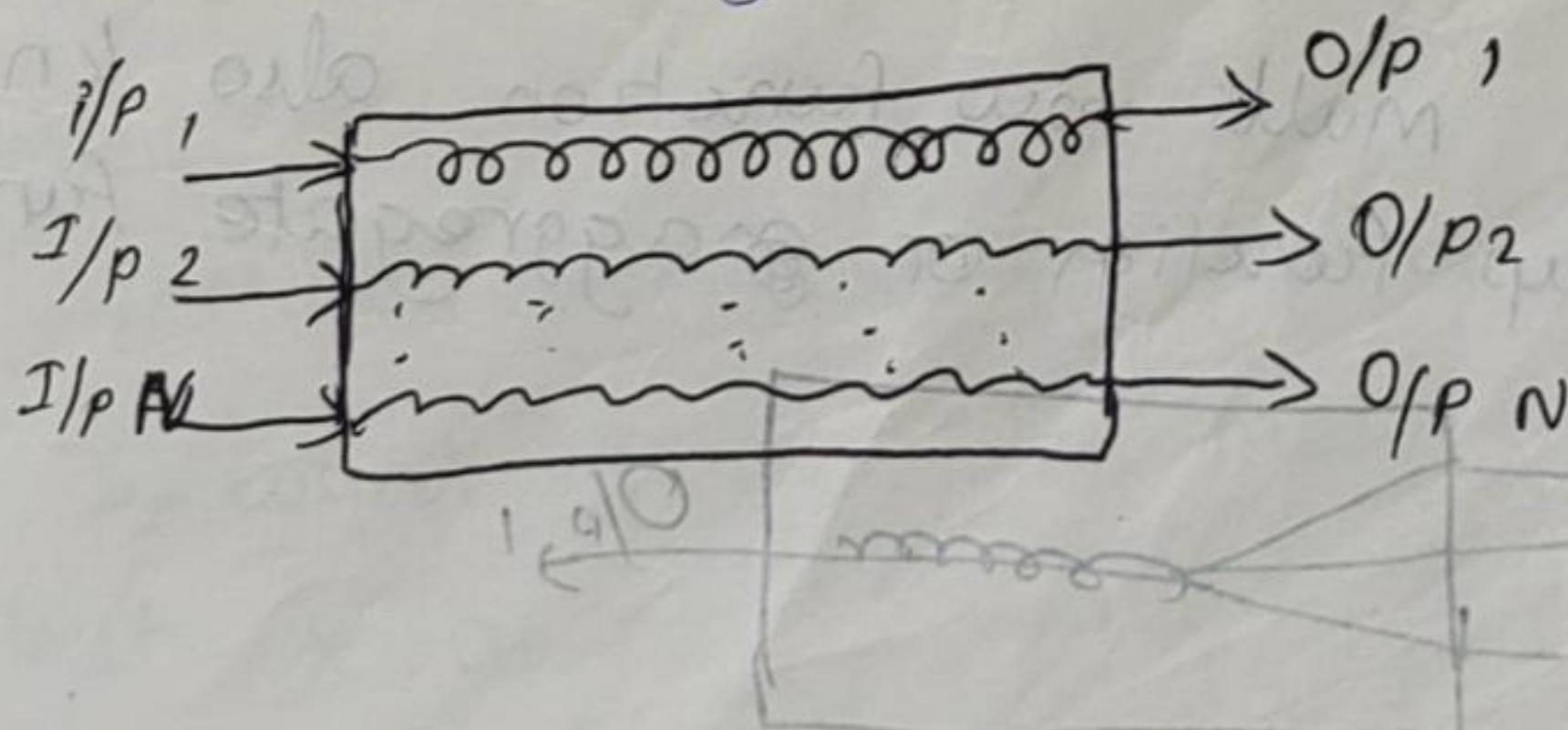


Single Row Function:

Single row function takes one input at a time execute and produces the Result.

Single Row function execute Row by Row

If we pass n number of Inputs to single row function we get n number output.



Emp	
Ename	Sal
Dinga	1
Dingi	5000
Sam	1000

Example:

Select length(Ename)
From Emp;

No of character
↑
Length Ename

5
5
3

DUAL:

Dual is a Dummy table which is used to generating result - Dual is nothing the table without any column and row
Dual table have one row and one column

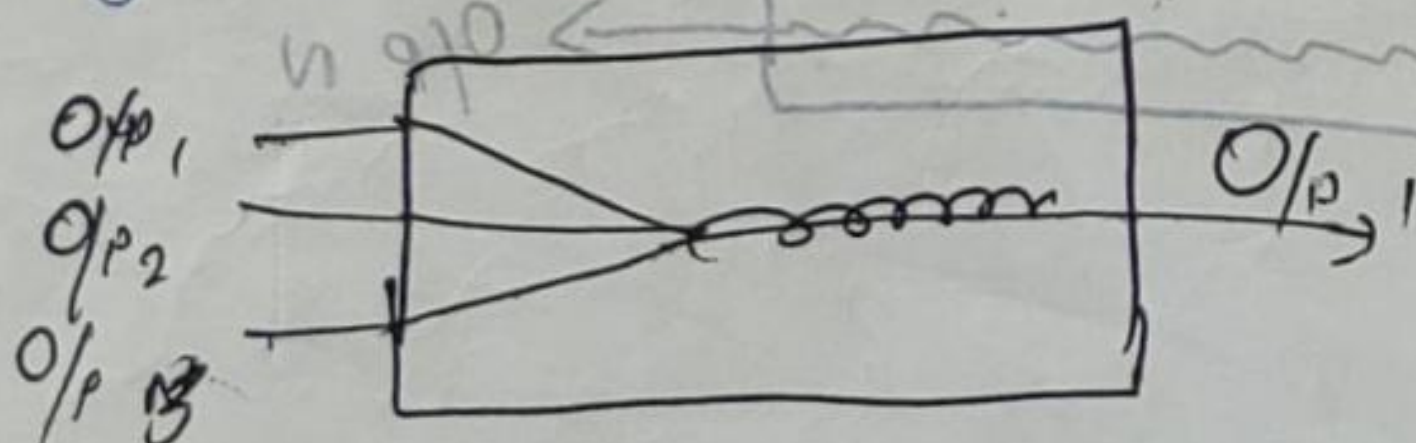
Multi row function:

Multi row function take all the inputs in single shot, executes and produce the results.

Multi row function execute group by group

If we pass n number of Inputs to the multi row function It gives single output

Multi row function also known as group function or aggregate function



List of Multi Row function:

Max ()
Min ()
Sum ()
Avg ()
Count ()

Examples:

1) Select Max(sal)
From Emp;

Result

Max(sal)
5000

2) Select Min(sal)
From Emp;

Min(sal)
800

Rules of Multi Row function:

- 1) For Multi Row function we can Pass Only one Input or Arguments
- 2) Along with Multi Row function we can't Pass any other argument in select clause
- 3) we can't use multi row function in where clause

4) Multi Row function Ignores Null.

5) Count is the only multi row function which can accept * as an argument

6) For MIN and MAX ^{and count} we can pass Any datatype

7) For Sum and Avg we can pass only the arguments of number datatype

WQTD number of Employees working in dept 30

```
Select Count(*)  
From Emp  
Where Deptno = 30;
```

WQTD Total salary needed to pay the Employer

```
Select sum(sal)  
From Emp;
```

WQTD maximum sal, minimum sal, Total sal need to pay the Salesman

```
Select max(sal), min(sal), sum(sal)  
From Emp
```

```
Where Job = 'SALESMAN';
```

WQTD number of Employees ~~as~~ working as analyst and earning more than ~~120~~ 1250

```
Select Count(*)  
From Emp  
Where Job = 'ANALYST' And Sal > 1250;
```


WQRTD

Number of Emp earning Commission

Select Count (*)

From Emp

Where Comm is not null

(Or)

Select Count (Comm)

From Emp ;

WQRTD Total Salary needed to pay the
Employee of dept 10 except the president

Select Sum (Sal)

From Emp

where dept no = 10 And Job
Not IN 'PRESIDENT';