Yog Chaudhary

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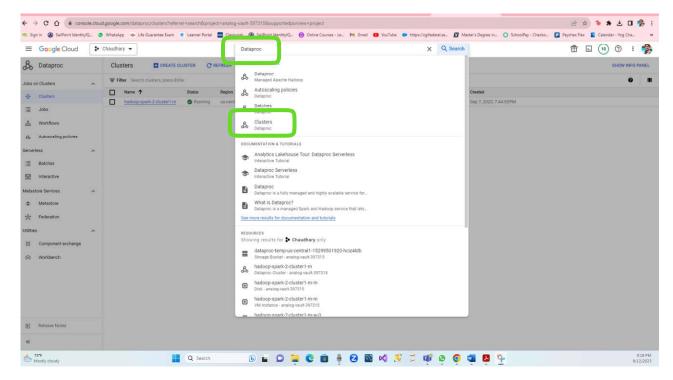
ADTA 5240 Week 3'rd (harvesting, Storing, And Retrieving Data)

Professor: Dr. Zeynep Orhan Sep 15, 2023

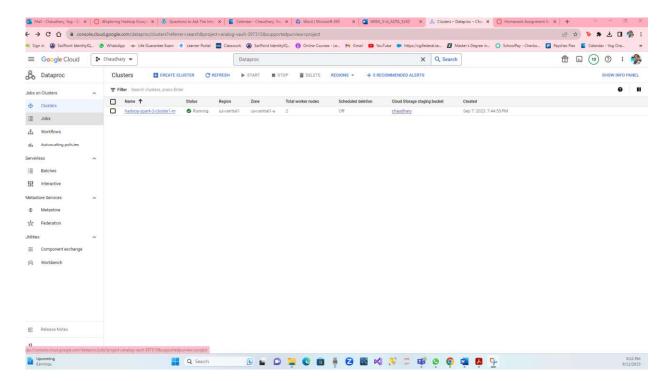
University Of North Texas

Exploring Remote Virtual Machine in the Cloud. Hadoop Ecosystem with Simple Linux Commands. Pdf

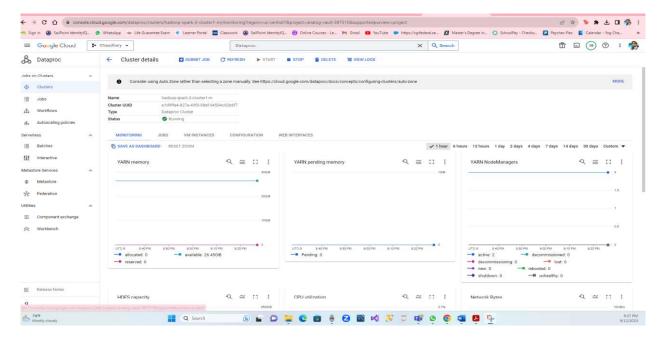
- **Monitoring the cluster in GCP:**
- 1. For setting up a virtual machine will Linux as the operating system, I have signed into a Google GCP console.
- Then I clicked on three horizontal lines.
- In the search bar I typed "Cluster" and clicked on "Clusters Dataproc."
- Hare is screenshot



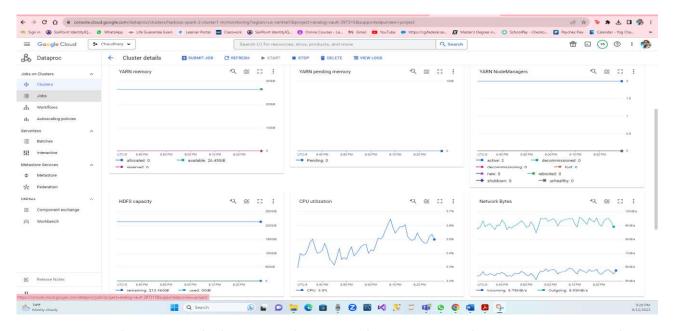
- After clicking on clusters data proc it will mention the cluster that I have previously created, and it will show that it was running (with a green check mark).
- Below shows a screenshot of that.



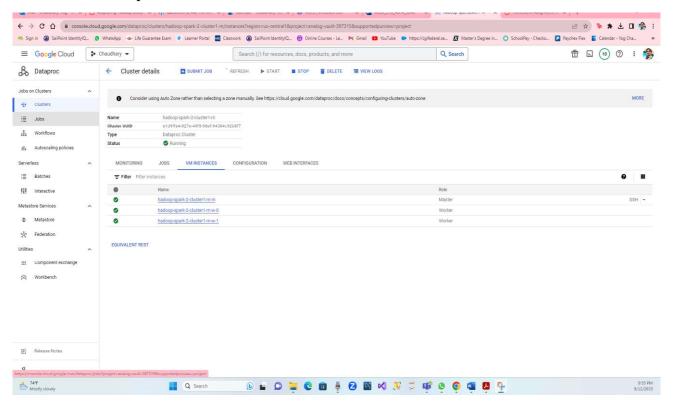
- While doing this we need to start nodes by checking on the navigation panel.
- Clicked on computing engine.
- Then clicked on three vertical dots and clicked on start/resume.
- Now click on the cluster, and we can see a dashboard that monitors the cluster.
- Below shows the screenshot of that.



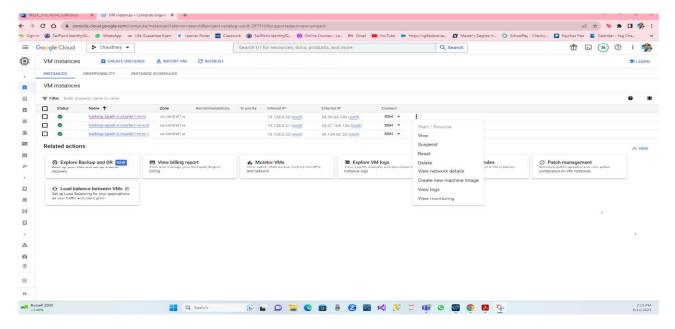
When I scroll down it will show how the monitoring is changing according to the usage.



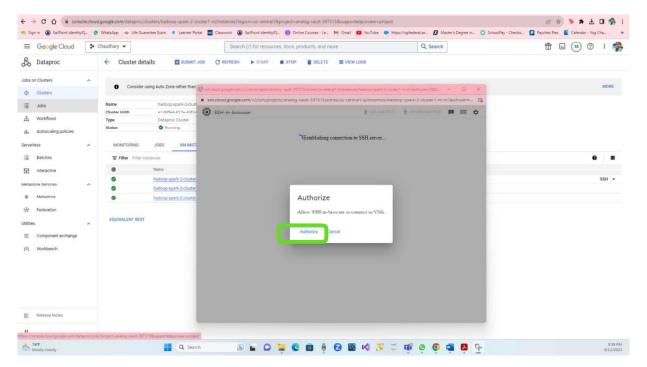
- By scrolling up and clicking on the virtual machines the screen will show the cluster details.
- We will see one master node and one worker node.
- After that I accessed the master node through "SSH."
- Click on "SSH."
- Click on "Open in browser."



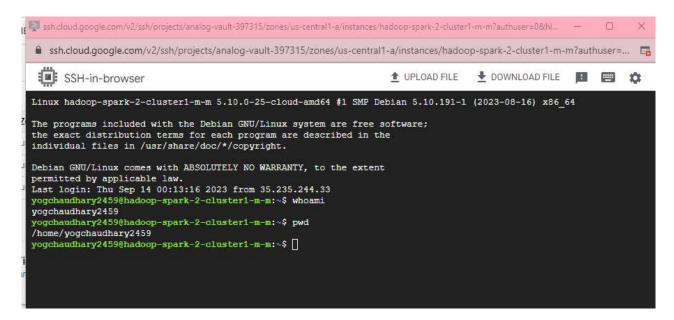
- Then I clicked on the drop-down button next to SSH, then clicked on open in new
- browser window.



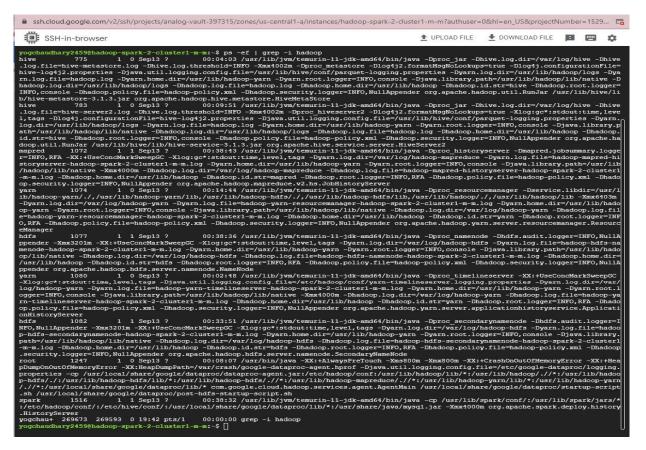
• Click authorized.



- I used the commands
- → Whoami
- \rightarrow Pwd



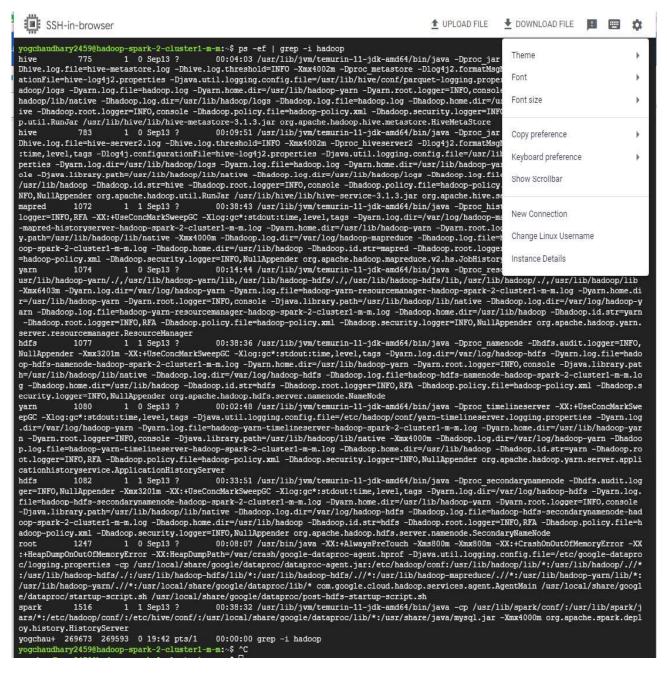
- Try to another commands
- → Ps –ef | grep -I hadoop
- This will list all the processing currently running.
- Hare screenshot



- Then, I move up and down on the terminal window.
- → Click on the setting icon in the upper right-hand side of the terminal

→ Click on "Show Scrollbar" to see the scrollbar.

Include screenshots that record the steps, and the Hadoop Ecosystem with Linux Commands is successfully screenshot

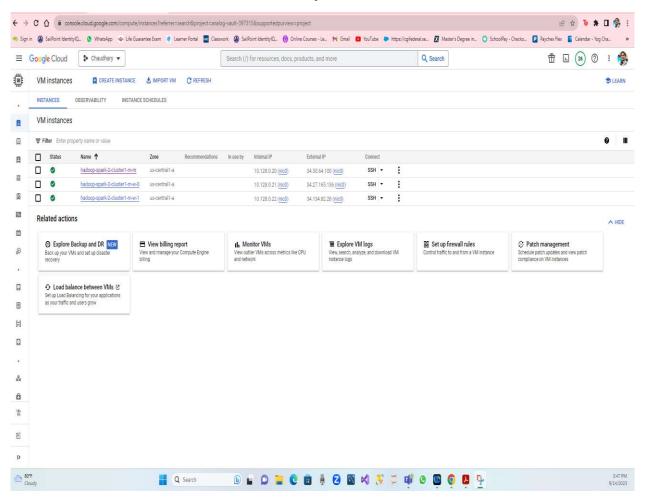


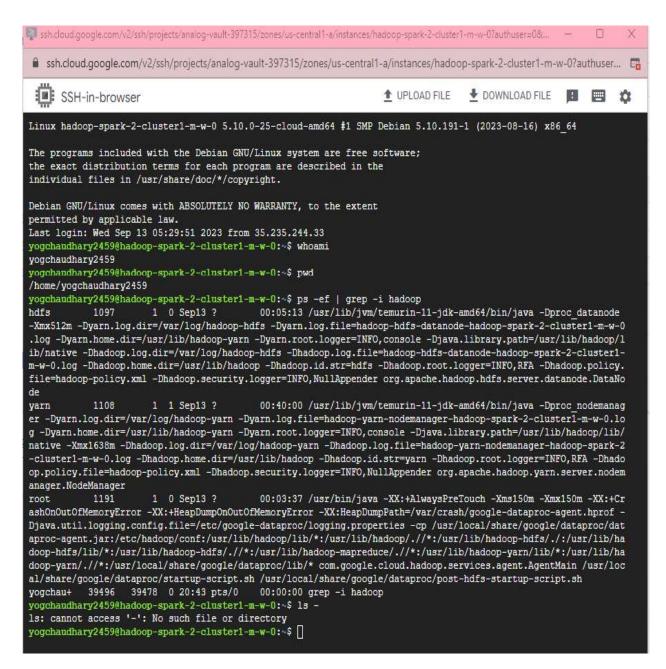
- They are all components of the Hadoop Ecosystem (ex. hive). Include the process ID number (ex. 744) and the subsystem currently running in the component (ex. Job History).
- ➤ hive. Process number 775 running Hive MetaStor
- ➤ hive. Process number 783 running HiveServer2
- ➤ Mapred. Process number 1072 running JobHistoryServer
- Yarn process number 1074 running ResourceManager
- ➤ Hdfs process number 1077 running NameNode.

- Yarn. Process number 1080 running Application HistoryServer
- ➤ Hdfs. Process number 1082 running SecondaryNameNode
- ➤ Root. Process number 12347ResourceManager
- > Spark. Process number 1516 running HistoryServer

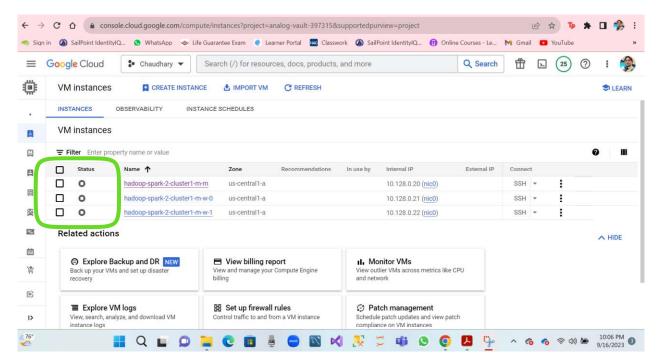
2. Now we must open another new SSH terminal. For this, we need to go back to the master node to access another SSH terminal.

- Going back to GCP and typing "computer engine."
- New clicked on "SSH" then I clicked on "open in browser."





3. Now finally all 3 virtual machine instances were stopped as shown below in GCP by selecting stop from the three dots present at the top right to the **SSH** each node.



- 4. The components of the Ecosystem for record and steps, included screenshot
- → Hare is the screenshot

