Assignment No 1

```
#include <iostream>
#include <stdlib.h>
                      /* srand, rand */
#include <time.h>
                       /* time */
using namespace std;
struct agent {
     int type;
    int xpos;
     int ypos;
     int direction;
     int score;
};
class world {
private:
     int height;
                  //The world is a 2D grid - hence the height and width
     int width;
public:
     int contents[4][4]; //make a 2D array to hold dirt
// Pick a random spot on the grid and fill it with dirt.
     inline void create_dirt() {
          contents[rand()%4][rand()%4] = 1;
     }
// Initializes the grid. Sets height and weight to 4 and makes sure
// the grid is empty.
```

```
void initialize() {
          height = 4;
           width = 4;
           for (int i=0;i<height;i++) {
                for (int j=0; j \le width; j++) {
                     contents[i][j] = 0;
                }
           }
void display() {
          height = 4;
           width = 4;
           for (int i=0;i<height;i++) {
                for (int j=0; j \le width; j++) {
                     cout << contents[i][j];
                }
                                                cout << endl;
           }
// This brings up a display of the grid and reports the agent's location
     void report dims (agent x) {
           for (int i=0;i<height;i++) {
                for (int j=0;j<width;j++) {
                     cout << contents[j][i];</pre>
                }
                cout \ll "\n";
           }
          cout << "Agent is currently in (" << x.xpos << ", " << x.ypos << ") and facing "
                << x.direction << " with score " << x.score << "\n";
```

```
}
// Agent functions. Report state of current square, turn left or
// right, move forward
     inline int report (agent x) {
          return (contents[x.ypos][x.xpos]);
     }
     inline void turn right (agent x) {
          x.direction++;
          if (x.direction > 3)
               x.direction = 0;
     }
     inline void turn_left (agent x) {
          x.direction--;
          if (x.direction < 0)
               x.direction = 3;
     }
     void move_forward (agent x) {
          switch (x.direction) {
          case 0:
               x.ypos++;
          case 1:
               x.xpos++;
          case 2:
               x.ypos--;
          case 3:
               x.xpos--;
          }
     }
```

```
// Suck up dirt in the case of a vacuum, though could apply to
// anything eating anything else later
     inline void eat here (agent x) {
     This is where I deal with scoring based on the agent's type
//
//
          switch (x.type) {
          case 2:
//
//
               if (contents[x.ypos][x.xpos] = 1)
//
                     x.score += 100;
//
          }
          contents[x.ypos][x.xpos] = 0;
     }
};
//--A single move for a random agent--//
void run rand vac(agent x, world y) {
     switch (rand() % 5) {
     case 0:
          y.move_forward(x);
          cout << "Moving forward (1).\n";</pre>
     case 1:
          y.turn_left(x);
          cout << "Turning left.\n";</pre>
     case 2:
          y.turn_right(x);
          cout << "Turning right.\n";</pre>
     case 3:
          y.eat_here(x);
          cout << "Eating dirt. \n";</pre>
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case 4:
          y.move_forward(x);
          cout << "Moving forward (4).\n";</pre>
     }
}
//--A single move for an intelligent agent--// If report returns
//something other than 0, that means there's something to eat. If
//there's nothing to eat, make a random move.
void run smart vac(agent x, world y) {
     if (y.report(x))
          y.eat_here(x); else
               switch (rand() % 5) {
               case 0:
                     y.move forward(x);
                     cout << "Moving forward (0).\n";</pre>
               case 1:
                     y.move_forward(x);
                     cout << "Moving forward (1).\n";</pre>
               case 2:
                     y.move forward(x);
                     cout << "Moving forward (2).\n";</pre>
               case 3:
                     y.turn_left(x);
                     cout << "Turning left.\n";</pre>
               case 4:
                     y.turn_right(x);
                    cout << "Turning right.\n";</pre>
                }
```

```
}
int main() {
 // int i; // -jim added this, to fix variable i scoping
     world grid;
                                    //create a world named 'grid'
     grid.initialize();
                                    //initialize and empty 'grid'
     agent randvac = \{2, 0, 0, 2, 0\};
                                          //create a cleaner at
                               //(0,0) facing south
     for (int i=0;i<10;i++) {
                                     //for loop dumps out
      grid.create dirt();
                               //ten spots of dirt
                               //at random (allows
                               //overlap)
     }
     grid.report dims(randvac);
                                          //report the 'before' state of
                               //the grid
     for (int i=0;i<10;i++) {
          run_rand_vac(randvac, grid); //run the cleaner 50 moves
     grid.display();
                             //report the 'after'
     grid.report dims(randvac);
                                          //report the 'after'
                               //state of the grid
     return 0;
}
```