

## PRACTICAL NO. 1

**STATEMENT:** FIND THE MEAN, STANDARD DEVIATION AND CONFIDENCE INTERVAL OF MEAN ASSUMING NORMAL DISTRIBUTION FOR RANDOM DATA OF 100 SAMPLE THAT GIVEN BELOW.

96	76	94	87	27	58	98	59	41	23
54	61	76	25	85	80	39	22	56	6
4	18	20	44	56	13	82	37	26	75
15	94	42	65	29	28	16	27	96	89
85	48	87	93	67	56	81	53	81	80
100	97	75	29	91	83	38	16	44	89
1	31	65	77	39	34	66	69	24	53
99	51	36	75	78	95	74	95	34	77
35	85	38	75	31	85	63	96	63	6
6	3	12	28	16	90	68	59	61	87

## WORKING EXPRESSION

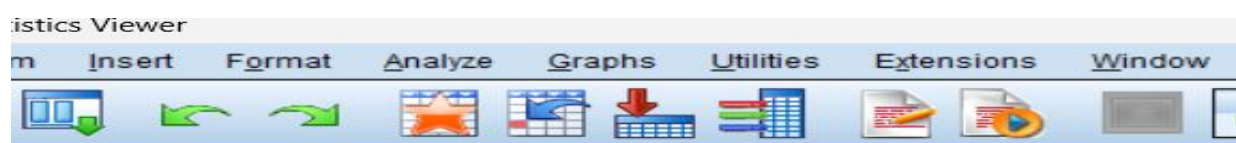
Sample Mean =  $\frac{\sum x}{n-1}$  ; where n = sample size

X = Individual data points in the sample

Sample Standard Deviation =  $\sqrt{\frac{\sum (x - \bar{x})(x - \bar{x})}{n-1}}$

Confidence Interval =  $\bar{x} \pm Z_{\alpha/2} * \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n-1}}$

## CALCULATION



Descriptives			
		Statistic	Std. Error
V1	Mean	56.09	2.895
	95% Confidence Interval for Mean	Lower Bound	50.35
		Upper Bound	61.83
	5% Trimmed Mean	56.66	
	Median	59.00	
	Variance	838.224	
	Std. Deviation	28.952	
	Minimum	1	
	Maximum	100	
	Range	99	
	Interquartile Range	52	
	Skewness	-.206	.241
	Kurtosis	-1.226	.478

**RESULT**

Hence the Sample mean is 56.09, Standard Deviation is 28.952 and the confidence interval is (50.35, 61.83).

**CONCLUSION**

Therefore, we can calculate sample mean, sample standard deviation and confidence intervals by use SPSS software.