

# Introduction

# About Me

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## Gaurav Prakash

**Associate Product Manager**  
**HCL Technology**  
(Artificial Intelligence & Blockchain)



**B.Tech. – Computer Science & Engineering**



**MBA – Marketing & Analytics**



**Product Management (AI & Blockchain), HCL Tech.**



**Pre-Sales ( Analytics & AI), HCL Tech.**



**Business Intelligence, Infosys Ltd.**



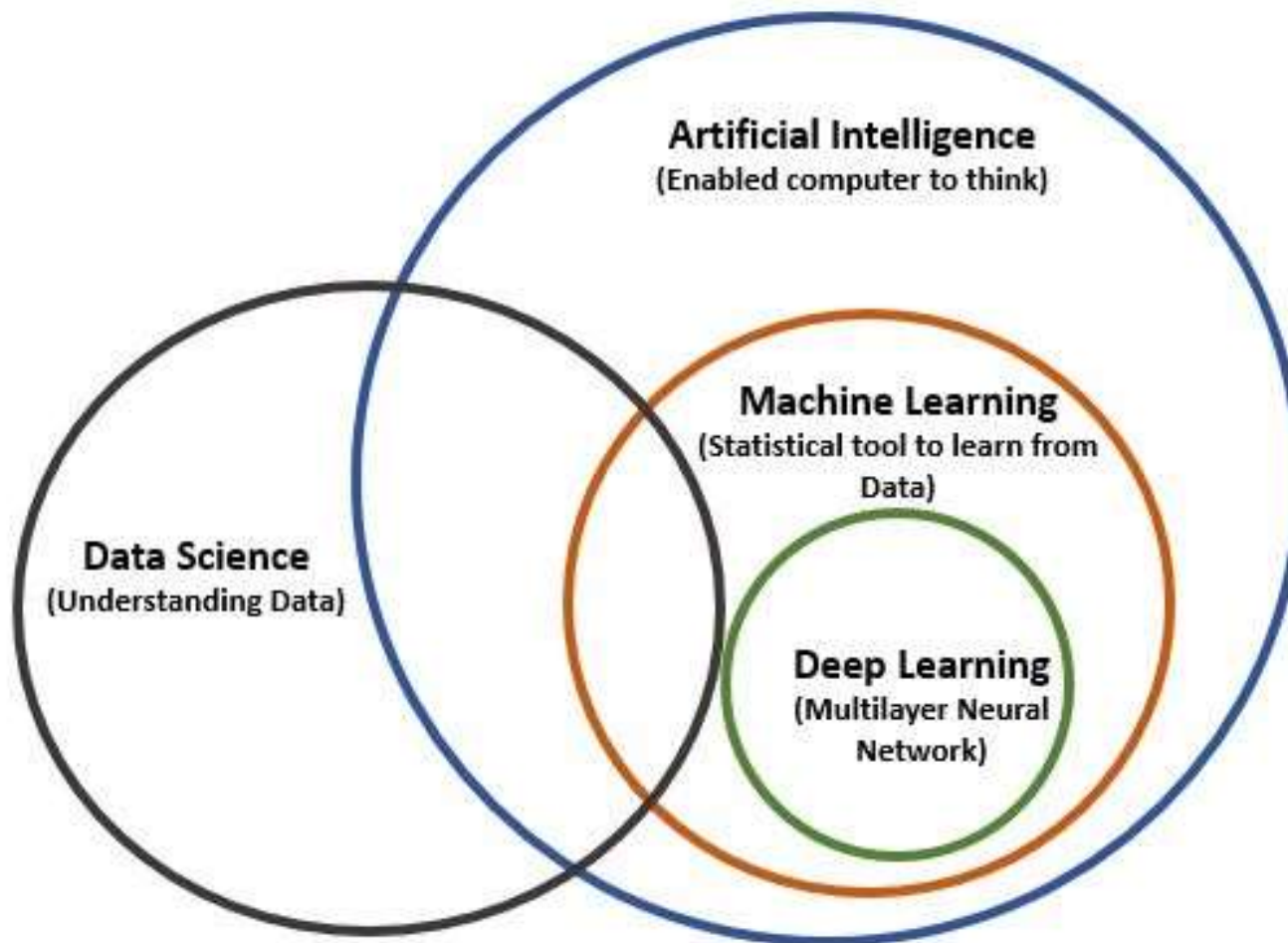
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<https://www.linkedin.com/in/gauravpks/>



# The Universe – Data Science & Artificial Intelligence



Mathematics

Computer Science

Domain Experience

# Artificial Intelligence... Enables computer to think

- **Artificial Intelligence** refers to the overall gamut which **enables computer to think**
- This has evolved from a **rule-based system** to modern application in defense, healthcare, automotive, retail, education, and more.
- The core objective of AI is to **impart human intelligence to machines** and enable them to **act like humans**.



Self Driven Car



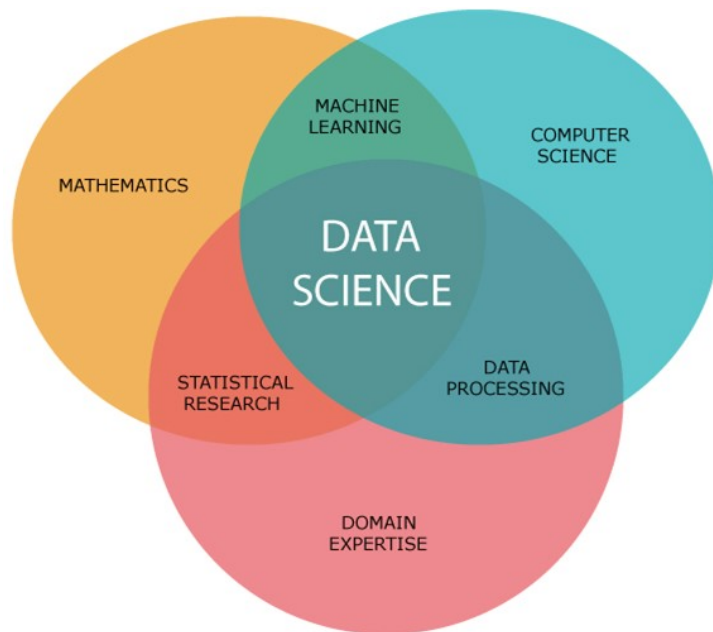
Credit Decision



Face Recognition

# Data Science... Understanding the data

- **Data Science** is all about making sense of data.
- It overlaps with Machine Learning and Artificial Intelligence techniques, and not so much with Deep Learning
- It has its own areas like **visualization, statistics and more**. It enables us to analyze and manipulate large volumes of data to find meaning and appropriate information.



# Evolution from ML To DL

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## *Machine Learning... Statistical tool to learn from data*

- **Machine Learning** is a **sub area of Artificial Intelligence** with a bunch of statistical tools to learn from data
- It enables the computer **to decide based on data** rather than **explicitly rule based programs** to perform a specific task.
- The logic and algorithms are **statistically designed in a certain way which learns** and improved over time and enables user to make better decision

## *Deep Learning... learning inspired by human brain*

- **Deep Learning** is a recent area which has taken **shape since 2006 and has given** a new approach to Machine Learning.
- It uses **Multilayered Neural Network** (set of task-specific algorithms that uses neural networks inspired by human brain) for its advances.
- Some of the most important advances in last **6 to 8 years in Artificial Intelligence** has happened using Deep Learning

# Machine Learning



# Data Exhaust



**Since the Dawn of Time...**  
**Until 2005...**  
**Humans had created...**  
**130 Exabytes of Data**

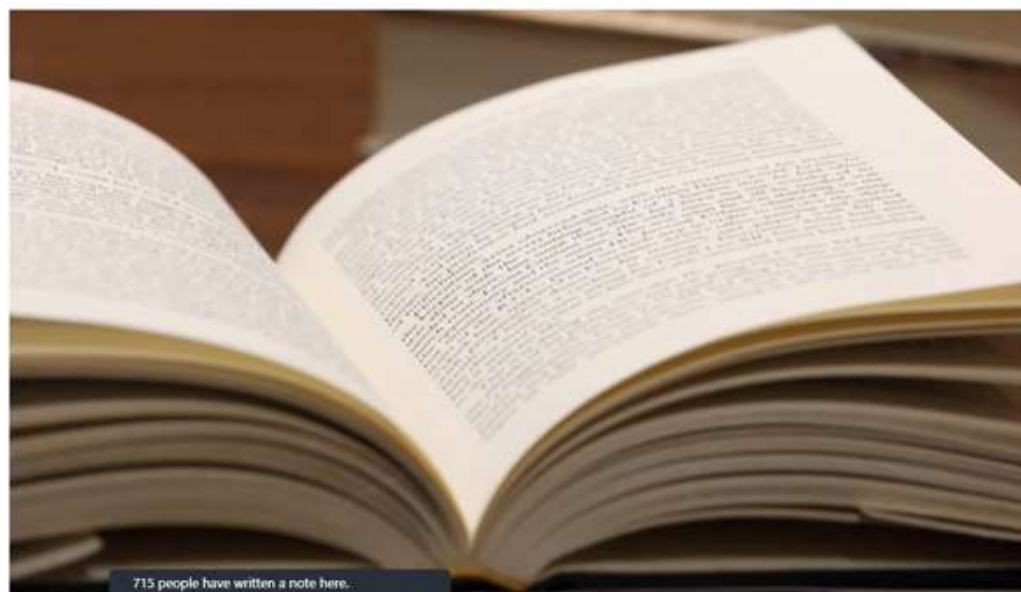
A

# Chapter 1



Alice was beginning to get very tired of sitting by her sister on the bank and of having nothing to do: once or twice she had peeped into the book her sister was reading, but it had no pictures or conversations in it, and when she had seen it a long, thought Alice, without pictures or conversations! So she was considering in her own mind (as well as she could, for the hot day made her feel very sleepy and stupid) whether the pleasure of making a daisy-chain was worth the trouble of getting up and picking the daisies, when a white rabbit with pink eyes ran close by her.

There was nothing very remarkable in that, nor did Alice think it so very much out of the way to hear the rabbit say to itself "dear, dear! I shall be late!" (when she thought of one o'clock-wards, it occurred to her that she ought to have wondered at this, but at the time it all seemed quite natural); but when the rabbit actually took a watch out of its waistcoat-pocket, looked at it, and then hurried on, Alice started to her feet, for





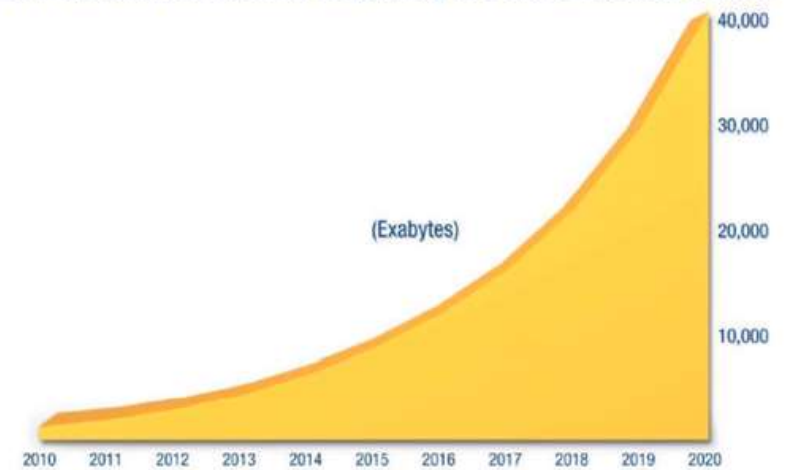






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- **Until 2005...130 Exabytes of Data**
  - **2010... 1200 Exabytes**
  - **2015... 8000 Exabytes**
  - **2020...40000 Exabytes of Data**

**50-Fold Growth from the Beginning of 2010 to the end of 2020**



Source: IDC's Digital Universe Study, sponsored by EMC, December 2012

## The Ten Most Common Data Science Skills in Job Postings

Skill	Percentage of Job Listings
Python	72%
R	64%
SQL	51%
Hadoop	39%
Java	33%
SAS	30%
Spark	27%
Matlab	20%
Hive	17%
Tableau	14%

Source: Glassdoor Economic Research.

glassdoor®

**Data Engineer**

**AI Engineer**

**Data Scientist**

**Analytics Pre Sales**

**Data Analyst**

**ML Engineer**



**AI Product Manager**

**Analytics Consultant**

## Average Application Developer Salary in India

₹501,874

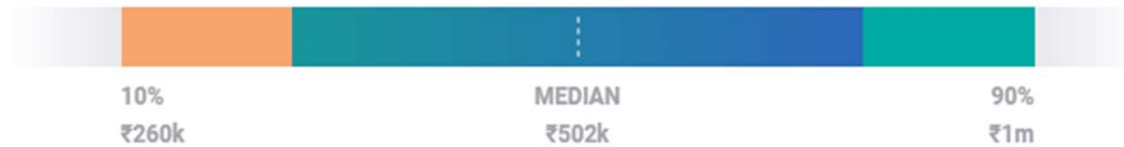
Avg. Salary [Show Hourly Rate](#)

₹49,493  
BONUS

₹51,000  
COMMISSION

₹15,126  
PROFIT SHARING

The average salary for an Application Developer in India is ₹501,874.



[India](#) / [Job](#) / Data Scientist

## Average Data Scientist Salary in India

Rs 818,099

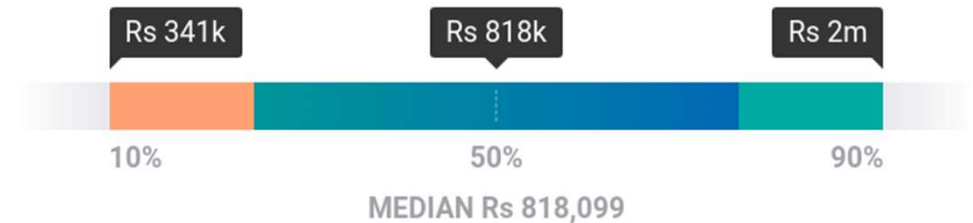
Avg. Salary [Show Hourly Rate](#)

Rs 100,473  
BONUS

Rs 32,500  
COMMISSION

Rs 36,667  
PROFIT SHARING

The average salary for a Data Scientist in India is Rs 818,099.



India / Job / Data Scientist

## Average Entry-Level Data Scientist Salary

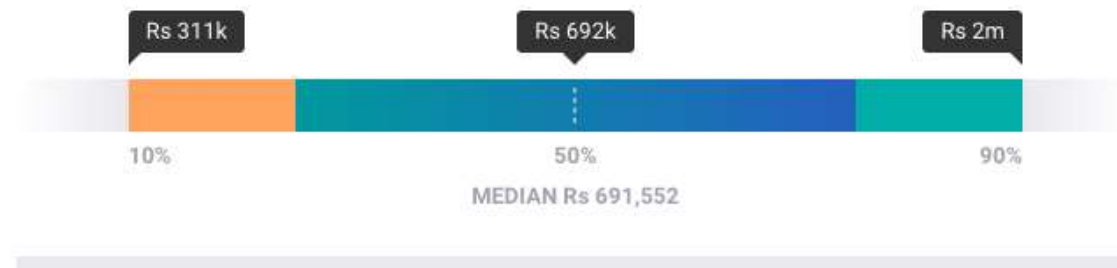
**Rs 691,552**

Avg. Salary [Show Hourly Rate](#)


**Rs 96,476**  
BONUS

**Rs 24,717**  
PROFIT SHARING

The average pay for a Data Scientist is Rs 691,552 per year.



# Basket of Tools & Techniques

Platform	 
Tools	    
Frameworks	  
Language	    
Format	  
SaaS	  

# Course Structure

**Python**

**Statistics**



# Machine Learning

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- ❑ Part 0 - Welcome to Machine Learning
  - Welcome to Machine Learning
- ❑ Part 1 - Data Preprocessing
  - Data Preprocessing
- ❑ Part 2- Regression
  - Simple Linear Regression
  - Multiple Linear Regression
  - Polynomial Regression
  - Logistic Regression
- ❑ Part 3 – Classification
  - Support Vector Machine
  - Kernel Support Vector Machine
  - Naïve Bayes
  - Decision Tree
  - Random Forest
- ❑ Part 4 – Clustering
  - K-Means
  - Hierarchical
- ❑ Part 5 – Association Rule Learning
  - Apriori
  - Eclat
- ❑ Part 7- Natural Language Processing
  - Bag of Words Model
  - Sentiment Analysis
- ❑ Part 8 - Time series Forecasting
  - Time Series Components
  - Classification Technique
  - Techniques – Smoothing , ARIMA etc.
- ❑ Part 9 – Dimensionality Reduction
  - Principal Component Analysis
  - Linear Discriminant Analysis
  - Kernel PCA
- ❑ Part 10- Model Selection & Boosting
  - Cross validation
  - XG Boost
  - Ada Boost

# Deep Learning

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- ❑ Part 1 – Introduction to Deep Learning
  - Real Life Use Case of Deep Learning
- ❑ Part 2- Introduction to Artificial Neural Network
  - Perceptron
  - Architecture of ANN
  - MLPs – Regression & Classification
  - Training using Backpropagation
  - Variants of Gradient Decent
  - Hyperparameter Tuning
- ❑ Part 3 – Custom Model & Training with TensorFlow
  - Tensors & Operation
  - Tensors & NumPy
  - Other Data Structure
  - Loading & Preprocessing with TensorFlow
- ❑ Part 4 – Convolutional Neural Network
  - Architecture
  - Convolutional Layers
  - Image Analysis using Open CV
  - Tensor Flow Implementation for Image Classification
- ❑ Part 5 – Recurrent Neural Network, Time Series and Sequential Data
  - Forecasting Techniques
  - RNN for Time Series
  - GRU & LSTM
- ❑ Part 6- Natural Language Processing
  - Text Processing
  - Text Classification
- ❑ Part 7 – Recommender Systems
- ❑ Part 8 – Transfer Learning for Computer Vision
- ❑ Part 9 – Generative Adversarial Network(GAN)
- ❑ Part 10--Deep Reinforcement Learning
  - Markov Decision Process
  - Q-Learning
- ❑ Part 11--Advances Tensor Usage

# Projects

## **4 – 5 Projects**

**Bank Loan Default Classification**

**YouTube Viewers Prediction**

**HR Analytics**

**Survival Analytics**

**Flight Price Classification**

**Device Failure Analytics**

**Image Classification**

**Stock Price Prediction**

**Recommendation Engines**

**Handwritten Digit Classification**

**Fake News Detection**

**Sentiment Analysis**

**.... And many more**

Python

## Python – Introduction

- Invented in the Netherlands, early 90s by Guido van Rossum
- Named after Monty Python
- Open sourced from the beginning
- Considered a scripting language, but is much more
- Scalable, object oriented and functional from the beginning
- Used by Google from the beginning
- Increasingly popular

“Python is an experiment in how much freedom program-mers need. Too much freedom and nobody can read another's code; too little and expressive-ness is endangered.”

- Guido van Rossum



<https://docs.python.org/3/>

← → ↻ docs.python.org/3/ 🔍 ☆ 🗨️ V 🐱 ⚙️ 📄 👤 ⋮

Apps Traceability Applica... Percipio Support Buhler Metrics Portal - Login DQI Metrics Portal -... Grain Trace- Dev Grain Trace Demo Grain Trace Demo A... Grain Trace Dev Ad... »

Python » English 3.8.6rc1 Documentation » Quick search Go | modules | index

### Download

Download these documents

### Docs by version

- Python 3.10 (in development)
- Python 3.9 (pre-release)
- Python 3.8 (stable)
- Python 3.7 (security-fixes)
- Python 3.6 (security-fixes)
- Python 3.5 (security-fixes)
- Python 2.7 (EOL)
- All versions

### Other resources

- PEP Index
- Beginner's Guide
- Book List
- Audio/Visual Talks
- Python Developer's Guide

## Python 3.8.6rc1 documentation

Welcome! This is the documentation for Python 3.8.6rc1.

### Parts of the documentation:

#### What's new in Python 3.8?

*or all "What's new" documents since 2.0*

#### Tutorial

*start here*

#### Library Reference

*keep this under your pillow*

#### Language Reference

*describes syntax and language elements*

#### Python Setup and Usage

*how to use Python on different platforms*

#### Python HOWTOs

*in-depth documents on specific topics*

#### Installing Python Modules

*installing from the Python Package Index & other sources*

#### Distributing Python Modules

*publishing modules for installation by others*

#### Extending and Embedding

*tutorial for C/C++ programmers*

#### Python/C API

*reference for C/C++ programmers*

#### FAQs

*frequently asked questions (with answers!)*







<https://www.anaconda.com/products/individual>

<https://colab.research.google.com/>

<https://docs.conda.io/en/latest/miniconda.html>