

CDAC - Common Admission Test - Syllabus

Section A - Computer Fundamentals and Concepts of Programming (10 Questions)

- Evaluation and Types of Computers
- Number Systems, Conversions and Data Representation (Binary, hex, octal etc.)
- Input and Output Devices
- Low level language vs High level language
- Evaluation of Programming languages
- Algorithm and Flowcharts

Section A - English (15 Questions)

- Synonyms, Antonyms
- Reading Comprehension(Passage)
- Sentence completion
- Prepositions (of, by, on, at, with etc.)
- Articles (A, An, The)
- Choosing Appropriate Filler with appropriate phase or part of sentence
- Arrangement of Sentences(Given 4 Sentences in PQRS form and arranged them)
- Spotting Errors
- Idioms and Phrases
- Active and passive voice

Section A - Quantitative Aptitude (15 Questions)

- Number Systems :HCF & LCM, Decimal Fractions, Square Root And Cube Root, Average, Problems on Numbers
- Simplification
- Ages,
- Surds & Indices
- Percentages, Profit & Loss, Ratio & Proportion, Partnership
- Chain Rule
- Allegation & Mixture
- Simple Interest & Compound Interest
- Area: Volume and Surface Area
- Calendar, Clocks
- Races & Games of skills
- Permutation & Combinations, Probability
- Height & Distances
- Pipe and Cisterns
- Time & Work, Time & Distance
- Boats & Streams
- Train
- Odd Man Out and Series

Section A- REASONING (10 Questions)

- Verbal Reasoning : Analogy
- ❖ Blood Relation (sentence form , A+B → A is sister of B)
- Puzzle Test
- Direction Sense Test
- Sitting Arrangement (Circular Table, Straight Line)
- Series (Number)
- Direction Sense(North East West South)
- Coding Decoding (A-Z)
- Data Sufficiency



Section B - C Programming (10 Questions)

* History Of C, Keywords In C, Standards, Data Types, Type Modifiers, Qualifiers

Operators: Priority and Associativity

❖ Decision Control: If ..else and switch case

❖ Iteration: while, do..while, for ,Jump Statements

Function:

Built-in, User defined

Pass by Value and Pass By address Recursion, Storage Classes In C

Pointer: Wild Pointer, NULL Pointer, Void Pointer

Scale Factor, Pointer Arithmetics, Function Pointer

Array: 1D & 2D Array

Static and Dynamic Implementation

Memory Allocation

Accessing members using array and Pointer Notation

String: Library Functions, String size and length

String access using pointer and pointer arithmetic

Multiple Strings and CommandLine Argument using two D Array, Array of Pointers

PreProcessor Directives:

#include, #define, #pragma

Operators # and ##

Difference Macro and Function

Structure:

Memory Allocation

Access of structure members using dot(.) and arrow (->) operator

Array of Structure

Bit Field

Union: Memory Allocation

Accessing Different type of members in shared memory

❖ File Handling:

Types of Files, Modes of Files Sequential & Random Access File

Byte Read / Write, Buffer size data Read / Write, Binary Data Read / Write

Section B - Data Structure (10 Questions)

Introduction to Data Structure

Algorithms: Divide and conquer algorithms

Greedy Algorithm

Time Complexity:

Best Case, Average Case, Worst Case

❖ Sorting: Selection Sort, Bubble Sort, Insertion Sort, Merge Sort, Quick Sort

Searching:

Binary Search, Linear Search

Stack:

Applications of Stack

Expression Conversion, evaluation and balancing

Operations of Stack

Queue:

Types of Queue Applications of Queue Operations of Queue

LinkedList:

Singly Linear /Circular LinkedList operations and time complexity

Doubly Linear /Circular LinkedList time complexity

❖ Tree :

Tree Terminologies

Types of Tree Binary Tree and its types, AVL Tree, Spanning Tree

Traversal: Inorder, Preorder, PostOrder

Graph:

Basic Terminologies of graph



Section B - Object Oriented Concepts (10 Questions)

- ❖ Difference Between Structure in C & C++
- ❖ POP Vs OOP
- Class, Object
- Inspectors, Mutators, Facilitators, Constructor and Destructor
- cin, cout, Default Arguments, Inline Functions.
- Array of objects, new/delete Operator, references, Constructor/Destructor revisited, Dynamic Array of Objects.
- Static Data Members and Member Functions
- Introduction to Exception Handling
- Composition, Friend Function and Friend class
- Function overloading, Operator Overloading Introduction
- Copy constructor and Assignment operator.
- Inheritance, Types, Modes, virtual inheritance
- Virtual Functions, Pure Virtual Functions
- Abstract Class, Interface Concept
- Template programming: With Functions and Class.
- File Handling intro, RTTI and Casting Operators Basics

Section B - Operating System (5 Questions)

❖ Introduction

Introduction to Operating System, What is OS, Booting the System

- Introduction to Computer Hardware and its major components(CPU, Memory, IO): Memory Technologies and its characteristics, IO Module Structure, External Devices Structure and IO techniques.
- System Architecture Design of OS: System Calls, Dual Mode Operation: System mode and Kernel mode
- Process Management: What is Process, States of the Process, PCB, CPU Scheduling, CPU Scheduling Algorithms, Inter Process Communication, Process Synchronization/Coordination, Deadlocks and Deadlock Handling Methods.
- Memory Management: What is memory management, Swapping, Contiguous Memory Allocation, Paging, Segmentation, Virtual Memory Management, Demand Paging, Thrashing.
- File & Storage Management: What is File, What is File System, File System Structure, File System Architecture, Disk Space Allocation Methods, Disk Scheduling algorithms.

Section B - Data Communication and Networking (5 Questions)

❖ NETWORK:

Centralized Computing, Decentralized Computing Server-client, Cloud computing

Common Types of Networks:

LAN,WAN,WLAN,MAN,SAN,CAN
Primary and Main Types of Networks
Basic types of LAN
Token Ring
Ethernet
MAC Address
IPV4,IPV6, Port Numbers
Switch , Switch Techniques and Bridges
Router

- OSI Layer
- IP Addressing:
- **❖** Common TCP/IP stack Protocols:

ARP (Address Resolution Protocol) IP (Internet Protocol)



ICMP (Internet Control Message Protocol) TCP (Transmission Control Protocol) UDP (User Datagram Protocol) FTP (File Transfer Protocol) Telnet (Telecommunications Network) DNS (Domain Name System) HTTP (Hypertext Transfer Protocol)

Section B - Basics of BigData (5 Questions)

*	Big Data Concept
*	Characteristics of Big Data
	□ Volume, Velocity, Variety, Veracity, Value
*	History of Big Data
*	Big Data Processing
	☐ Batch processing
	☐ Streaming processing
*	Types of data
	□ Structured
	□ Semi-structured
	□ Unstructured
*	Databases
	□ RDBMS - ACID, SQL (basic concept only)
	□ NoSQL - BASE, CAP theorem
*	ETL vs ELT
*	Data warehouse - OLAP vs OLTP
	□ Data cleansing
	□ Data modeling
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*	Big Data Frameworks (short intro only)
	□ Hadoop
	□ Hive
	□ Spark
*	Big Data Programming Languages
	□ Python, Java, Scala
*	Big data jobs/career opportunities

Section B - Introduction Artificial Intelligence(5 Questions)

- Definition of AI: Definition of AI, What is agent, What is environment and Need of AI
- ❖ Al Understanding : What are Al Elements?
- **❖** Types of AI : Purely Reactive ,Limited Memory, Theory of Mind, Self aware
- Main Domains of Al technology: Data Science, Computer Vision and Natural Language Processing(NLP)
- ❖ History of Al
- Wavs to implement AI: Introduction to Machine Learning and its categories (supervised and unsupervised) algorithm, Introduction to Deep Learning (input layer, hidden layer and output
- **❖** Al Uses and its various Applications
- Advantages and Disadvantages of Al
- * Introduction to Neural Networks : What is neural network? What is Fuzzy Logic? and what is the meaning of Genetic Algorithms?
- Current Trends and Future Directions in Al

Section C - Digital Electronics (20 Questions)

❖ Introduction

Signal, Analog Signal, Digital Signal

Number System

Decimal number ,Binary number, Octal number, Hexadecimal number Converting from Another Base to Decimal

Converting from Decimal to Another Base

Converting from a base Other than 10 to Another Base Other than 10



Octal to binary, Binary to octal

Hexadecimal to binary, Binary to hexadecimal, BCD

Laws, Boolean Algebra, K-Map, Logic Gates, Universal gate

Binary Addition, Binary Subtraction

1's complement,2's complement,9's complement,10's complement, Multiplication, Division Gray code,Excess-3 code

Combinational Circuit

Half Adder, Full Adder, Half Subtractor, Full Subtractor

Multiplex, Demultiplexer

Decoder, Encoder

Sequential Circuit

RS Flip-flop, D Flip-flop, JK Flip-flop, T Flip-flop

Counter, Shift Register

Logic Family in short

Circuit of each logic family

Advantages, Disadvantages

Resolution Problems

Section C - Computer Architecture (15 Questions)

Machine Instructions

Memory-Reference Instructions

Register-Reference Instructions

I/O Instructions

Addressing Modes

- ALU Data Path
- CPU Control Unit Design, Memory Interfacing, Pipelining
- Memory (cache memory, main memory, secondary memory)

Register Memory

Primary Memory/Main Memory (RAM)

Types of RAM

SRAM, DRAM, SDRAM, DDR SDRAM

Secondary Memory (ROM)

Types of ROM

ROM, PROM, EPROM, EEPROM, Flash

Section C - Microprocessor (15 Questions)

❖ Introduction, Basic Concept, What is Microprocessor, Basic Microcomputer

Classification of Microprocessor

RISC Architecture, CISC Architecture

Harvard Architecture, Von Neumann Architecture

Microprocessor 8085

8085 Architecture

Bus Structure in 8085, Registers

8085 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Interrupt

Classification of Interrupts ,Interrupt Handling Procedure

8085 Instruction

Instruction Set Classification, Instruction Format

Addressing Modes in Instructions

INSTRUCTION EXECUTION AND TIMING DIAGRAM

Opcode fetch, Memory Read, Memory Write, I/O read, I/O Write Counter and Delay Microprocessor 8086

Architecture of 8086

8085 PIN DESCRIPTIONS, Addressing modes, Instruction Set Classification Brief Introduction to Microprocessor Interfacing

- ♦ 8255 =>Programmable Peripheral Interface
- ♦ 8254/8253 =>Programmable Interval timer
- ♦ 8259 =>Programmable Interrupt controller
- ♦ 8279 => Programmable Keyboard/Display Interface
- ♦ 8257 => DMA (Direct memory access) controller
- 8251 => Programmable communication Interface(USART)