# Introduction to YogaNidra

Yogesh Haribhau Kulkarni



Introduction



Introduction to YogaNidra

# Introduction to Yoganidra

- ▶ Yoga Nidra (योगनिद्रा) is a deep relaxation technique that:
  - ▶ Relieves stress.
  - Improves sleep.
  - ▶ Accesses the bliss state (Ananda आनन्द).
- ► Composed of series of body, breath, imagination acts to guide into progressive states of relaxation (non-doing)
- ▶ Inspired by the Bihar School of Yoga, this script follows the inward journey through the Koshas.



Introduction to YogaNidra 3/10

# Introduction to Yoganidra

- ► Yoganidra translates to "yogic sleep" and represents a state of deep relaxation
- ▶ Often referred to as the "4th state" or Turya in Mandukya Upanishad.
- ▶ Unlike regular sleep, Yoganidra involves deep relaxation combined with heightened awareness.
- ▶ Practiced through guided meditations that induce states of restful alertness.



Introduction to YogaNidra 4/102

### Borderline between Awake and Sleep

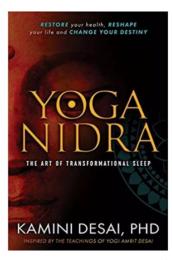
- ▶ Yoganidra is on the borderline between wakefulness and sleep.
- It balances conscious and subconscious awareness, bridging the gap between these states.
- Practitioners bypass the usual conscious filtering, allowing direct access to the subconscious.



Introduction to YogaNidra 5/102

Intro Theory Instructs Teach

### What is Yoga Nidra?



#### - INTRODUCTION -

#### Yoga Nidra: The Art of Non-Doing

Yoga Nidra is one of the least known and most underappreciated practices of Yoga, yet its potential reach is immense. In our modern society, many of us are accustomed to doing more to get more. Even when we want to relax, we ask, "How do I do that?" Relaxation doesn't happen by doing more, yet this is how most of us go about it. Yoga Nidra is not about doing more, it is about doing less. Yoga Nidra is about releasing the struggling and striving to get somewhere. It is the art and practice of doing nothing to arrive exactly where you want to be.

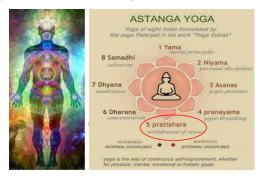
(Ref: Yoga Nidra - Dr Amit Chail)



Introduction to YogaNidra 6/102

### What is Yoga Nidra?

Its is Pratyahara प्रत्याहार : Prati प्रति (inside) + ahara आहार (food), ie food to inside, that is, contrary to our attention being always external looking, here we are looking inside. Plus, there is tantra word 'nyasa' न्यास , meanings seating. meaning you put attention at different places.



(Ref: Yoga Nidra - Dr Amit Chail)



Introduction to YogaNidra 7/103

ntro Theory Instructs Teach

### History

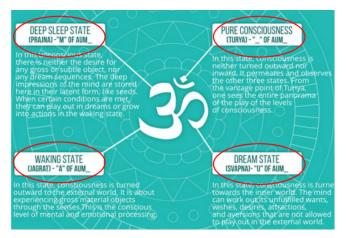


(Ref: Yoga Nidra - Dr Amit Chail)



Introduction to YogaNidra 8/102

### Four Stages of Human Consciousness



(Ref: Yoga Nidra - Dr Amit Chail)



Introduction to YogaNidra 9/102

# Brain Wave States in Yoga Nidra

- ▶ During Yoga Nidra, consciousness fluctuates between:
  - ▶ Introversion and extroversion states
  - ▶ Alpha and theta wave states
- ▶ The Nidra State:
  - ▶ Located at border between alpha and theta waves
  - ▶ Mind becomes highly receptive
  - ▶ Allows contact with subconscious and unconscious dimensions
  - ► Access to dormant potential and hidden solutions



Introduction to YogaNidra 10/102

### Scientific Evidence of Brain States

- ► Alpha Brainwaves:
  - Associated with relaxation and creativity
  - ► Enhanced learning capabilities
  - ► Improved cognitive function
- ▶ Brain Coherence:
  - ▶ Different regions synchronize activity
  - ► Similar to experienced meditators
  - ► Access to deeper consciousness states
- ▶ Autonomic Nervous System:
  - ► Activates parasympathetic response
  - ▶ Reduces effects of chronic stress
  - ▶ Promotes natural healing processes



Introduction to YogaNidra 11/10

# Practitioners



(Ref: Yoga Nidra - Dr Amit Chail)



Introduction to YogaNidra 12/102

# Modern Development

Swami Satyananda Saraswati's Contributions:

- ▶ Systematized Yoga Nidra in the 20th century
- ▶ Founded Bihar School of Yoga
- ▶ Made the practice accessible to modern practitioners
- ▶ Emphasized scientific approach to traditional practice
- ▶ Developed structured methodology for teaching



Introduction to YogaNidra 13/10

Intro Theory Instructs Teach

#### Research

#### Richard Miller

INTERNATIONAL IOURNAL OF YOGA THERAPY - No. 21 (2011)

#### Research

Transforming Trauma: A Qualitative Feasibility Study of Integrative Restoration (iRest) Yoga Nidra on Combat-Related Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder

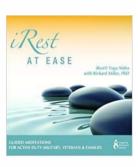
L. Stankovic, MA, RYT

John F. Kennedy University, Pleasant Hill, CA

https://www.irest.org/users/richard-c-miller

(Ref: Yoga Nidra - Dr Amit Chail)

23





Introduction to YogaNidra 14/102

# Sleep vs Yoga Nidra

### Sleep:

- ▶ Unconscious state
- ▶ No awareness
- ► Natural occurrence
- ▶ Brain in delta waves

### Yoga Nidra (योगनिद्रा):

- ► Conscious relaxation
- ▶ Maintained awareness
- Guided practice
- Brain transitions through various wave states
- ► One hour equals 4 hours of regular sleep



Introduction to YogaNidra 15/102

# Meditation vs Yoganidra

#### Meditation:

- ▶ Typically done sitting up
- Focuses on one point of concentration
- ▶ Requires active mental effort
- ▶ May be challenging for beginners

### Yoga Nidra (योगनिद्रा):

- ▶ Done lying down
- ▶ Systematic rotation of awareness
- ► Guided relaxation practice
- ▶ Accessible to all skill levels



Introduction to YogaNidra 16/102

Intro Theory Instructs Teaching

# Differences between Yoganidra and Self-Hypnosis

#### ▶ State of Consciousness:

- Yoganidra: Achieves a state of Turya deep relaxation with heightened awareness; mind remains alert.
- Self-Hypnosis: Involves a trance-like state where the conscious mind becomes passive, with a focus on specific suggestions.

#### ▶ Process:

- Yoganidra: Uses guided meditation to systematically relax each body part while retaining self-awareness.
- Self-Hypnosis: Often uses repetitive suggestions or imagery to access the subconscious for specific goals.

#### ▶ Purpose :

- Yoganidra: Aims for overall relaxation, self-awareness, and mental clarity; spiritual alignment.
- Self-Hypnosis: Typically used for behavior modification or addressing specific habits.

#### ► Awareness Levels:

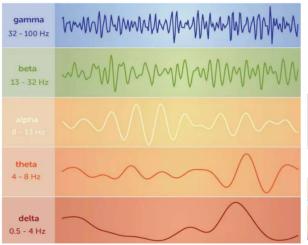
- Yoganidra: Maintains a balance between conscious and subconscious, with an element of witnessing.
- Self-Hypnosis: Primarily engages the subconscious with reduced conscious interference.

### ► Applications:

- ► Yoganidra: Stress reduction, relaxation, self-exploration, and spiritual growth.
- Self-Hypnosis: Often goal-oriented, targeting specific habits like smoking cessation, or reducing anxiety.



### Science: ECG







(Ref: Yoga Nidra - Dr Amit Chail)



Introduction to YogaNidra 18/102

#### Science: ECG

Levels: Parker & Bharti (2013)

- Level 1: Alpha waves and reduced BP
- Level 2: Theta waves and creativity
- Level 3: Theta followed by Delta waves
  - Like NREM sleep, but indl is aware
- Level 4: Simultaneous sleep and awareness
  - Alternates between theta and delta waves (?)

```
(Ref: Yoga Nidra - Dr Amit Chail)
```



Introduction to YogaNidra 19/10

# 8 Stages of Yoganidra

- 1. Preparation (Shavasana): Deep breaths in Shavasana (शवासन).
- 2. Resolve (Sankalpa): Optional positive affirmation (संकल्प).
- 3. Body Awareness (Rotation): Relax body parts.
- 4. Breath Awareness: Relaxation through breath.
- 5. Opposite Sensations: Experience and release emotions.
- 6. Visualization: Reach the subconscious with imagery.
- 7. Resolve (Sankalpa): Repeat the Sankalpa again.
- 8. Exiting: Return awareness to external surroundings.



Introduction to YogaNidra 20/10

# Key Instructions

- ▶ No movement during Yoganidra.
- ▶ Stay awake, do not fall asleep.
- ▶ Do not think, just follow the instructions.



Introduction to YogaNidra 21/102

# The Koshas (কাখা)

- ▶ Annamaya Kosha (अन्नमयकोश) Physical Body
- ▶ Pranamaya Kosha (प्राणमयकोश) Energy Body
- ▶ Manomaya Kosha (मनोमयकोश) Emotional Body
- ▶ Vijnanamaya Kosha (विज्ञानमयकोश) Wisdom Body
- ▶ Anandamaya Kosha (आनन्दमयकोश) Bliss Body



Introduction to YogaNidra 22/10

### Koshas in Yoganidra

- ▶ Body Awareness (Rotation): Annamayakosha (अन्नमयकोश) Physical Body: Focus on different body parts (right palm, right arm, legs, back, etc.).
- ▶ Breath Awareness: Pranamayakosha (प्राणमयकोश) Breath Awareness: Reverse breath count from 27.
- ▶ Opposite Sensations: Manomayakosha (मनोमयकोश) Emotional Body: Experience opposite sensations (hot/cold, wet/dry).
- ▶ Visualization: Vijnanamayakosha (विज्ञानमयकोश) Subconscious Visualization: Visualize calming scenes like deserts, lakes, and waves.



Introduction to YogaNidra 23/10

# Tips for Practicing Yoganidra

- ▶ Use simple and precise language in the script.
- ▶ Speak in a clear and even tone.
- ▶ Sit comfortably and be still during facilitation.
- Practice in a warm, comfortable space. Use props (pillows, blankets) to support the body.
- ▶ Remain still, but do not fall asleep.



Introduction to YogaNidra 24/102

# Important Considerations

- ► Consult Healthcare Provider if:
  - ▶ Pregnant or recently post-partum
  - ▶ Have serious medical conditions
  - ▶ Experiencing severe mental health issues
- ▶ Practice Guidelines:
  - ► Avoid practice immediately after meals
  - ► Ensure comfortable room temperature
  - ▶ Practice at consistent times
  - ► Stay awake during the practice



Introduction to YogaNidra 25/10

# Benefits of Yoganidra for the Mind and Body

- ▶ Deep relaxation and mental reset.
- ▶ Allows reprogramming of habitual negative thoughts.
- ▶ Enhances self-awareness and reduces stress.
- ▶ Promotes clarity, relaxation, and mental fortitude.



Introduction to YogaNidra 26/102

# Limitations of Yoganidra

- ▶ Its a mental, psychological process, so no physical problems are solved
- Can not cure diseases like diabetics but the mental trauma associated with it



Introduction to YogaNidra 27/102

### Limitations of Yoganidra

- ▶ Only for Psychological problems:
  - ▶ Its a mental, psychological process, so no physical problems are solved
  - ▶ Can not cure diseases like diabetics but the mental trauma associated with it
- ▶ Requires Guidance:
  - Proper guidance from a skilled teacher or accurate recordings is essential for effective practice.
  - Self-practice without understanding may lead to superficial relaxation without achieving deeper benefits.
- ▶ Effectiveness Depends on Regularity:
  - Practicing sporadically may yield limited benefits; consistency is needed for noticeable mental and emotional transformation.
  - ▶ Results can take time, requiring patience and dedication.
- ▶ Not a Substitute for Therapy:
  - While beneficial for stress and self-awareness, Yoganidra may not replace therapeutic interventions for serious psychological issues.
  - It is best used as a complementary practice rather than a sole treatment for mental health concerns.



Introduction to YogaNidra 28/10

Theory: How it works?



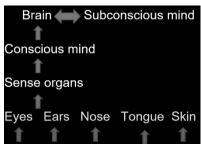
Introduction to YogaNidra

# How Mind and Memory Work

- ▶ In typical awake states:
  - Sense organs send signals to the conscious mind.
  - Conscious mind decides what information to relay to the brain
  - The brain processes, references memories, and creates responses or stores knowledge.

#### ▶ In sleep:

- Only critical or threatening signals are relayed.
- Subconscious mind remains active, processing memories without conscious interference.



(Ref: Yoga Nidra as Therapy - Yogapointindia)

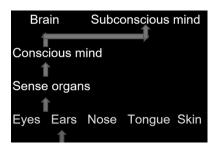


Introduction to YogaNidra 30/102

# Changes in Yoganidra: Bypassing the Brain

#### ▶ In Yoganidra:

- The conscious mind bypasses usual processes, directly influencing the subconscious.
- Desired affirmations or resolutions can overwrite or reprogram unwanted memories.
- This bypass allows deeper, lasting personal transformation without mental resistance.
- Conscious instructions integrate seamlessly into the subconscious, enabling habit or perception changes.



(Ref: Yoga Nidra as Therapy - Yogapointindia)



Introduction to YogaNidra 31/102

### Swami Rama's Demonstration of Yoganidra

- ▶ Swami Rama, in Yoganidra, demonstrated heightened awareness by recounting discussions held while he was in a deep sleep state.
- ▶ This phenomenon indicates awareness in delta wave states, typical of deep sleep but with conscious recollection.
- ▶ Delta state in Yoganidra aligns with the Turya state: deep rest with expanded consciousness.



Introduction to YogaNidra 32/102

# The State of Turya in Mandukya Upanishad

- ▶ Turya is the fourth state beyond wakefulness, dreaming, and deep sleep.
- It combines elements of deep sleep (rest, rejuvenation) with a keen alertness.
- ▶ In Yoganidra, practitioners enter Turya, accessing latent aspects of the mind, fostering self-awareness and calm.



Introduction to YogaNidra 33/102

### Introduction to Yoga Nidra

- Overview of the Yoga Nidra steps and how to design it for self-practice or teaching.
- ▶ Includes essential and optional steps: Settling and Internalization, Sankalpa, Body Rotation, Breath Awareness, Opposites, Visualization, Repeating Sankalpa, and Externalization.



Introduction to YogaNidra 34/102

### Stage 1: Settling & Internalization

- ► Essential for all Yoga Nidra practices.
- ▶ Body preparation in Shavasana (or alternate comfortable positions).
- Focus on relaxing body parts, awareness of sensations, and external sounds.
- ▶ Gradual shift to sound of breath, preparing for inward focus.



Introduction to YogaNidra 35/102

### Stage 2: Sankalpa (Resolve)

- Optional but highly beneficial for personal growth and positive reinforcement
- A short, positive mental statement set at the beginning and repeated at the end.
- Sows a seed of intention in the subconscious, helping to reshape personality.



Introduction to YogaNidra 36/102

### Stage 3: Rotation of Consciousness

- ▶ Essential step that involves mental awareness of body parts.
- No physical movement; focus moves systematically from one part to another.
- ▶ Consistent pace, starting with the right thumb, concluding with left toe.
- ▶ Supports relaxation and subconscious awareness.



Introduction to YogaNidra 37/102

### Stage 4: Awareness of Breath

- ▶ Focuses on natural breath awareness without altering it.
- ▶ Can involve counting breaths or observing the breath at various points.
- ▶ Promotes deeper relaxation and healing by balancing body energy.



Introduction to YogaNidra 38/102

### Stage 5: Opposites (Sensations & Feelings)

- Optional, focuses on pairs of opposite sensations (e.g., heat/cold, heavy/light).
- Harmonizes brain hemispheres, controls unconscious functions, builds emotional resilience.
- ▶ Brings deep relaxation through catharsis.



Introduction to YogaNidra 39/102

## Stage 6: Visualization

- ▶ Optional stage using powerful imagery (e.g., landscapes, symbols).
- Draws subconscious content into conscious awareness, aiding self-discovery.
- ▶ Encourages relaxation by processing deep, often unrecognized emotions.



Introduction to YogaNidra 40/102

## Stage 7: Repeating the Sankalpa

- ▶ Optional but recommended if introduced in Stage 2.
- ▶ Reinforces positive intention as a "seed" planted at the beginning and "watered" at the end.
- Enables personality transformation by embedding the resolve into the subconscious.



Introduction to YogaNidra 41/102

### Stage 8: Externalization

- ▶ Essential final stage, transitioning back to waking state.
- Gradually reconnects awareness from subtle inward focus to physical body and surroundings.
- ▶ Can include gentle movements and Om chanting for a smooth return.



Introduction to YogaNidra 42/102

Intro Theory **Instructs** Teaching

# Instructions



Introduction to YogaNidra

# Setting Up the Environment

- ▶ Room Requirements:
  - ▶ Quiet, peaceful space
  - ► Comfortable temperature
  - ▶ Dim lighting
  - ▶ No distractions (phone on silent)
- ▶ Best Practice Times:
  - ▶ Not immediately after meals
  - ► Early morning or before bed
  - ► Consistent practice time



Introduction to YogaNidra 44/10

# Props and Session Duration

#### ▶ Recommended Props:

- ▶ Yoga mat or comfortable surface
- ▶ Bolster or pillow under knees
- ▶ Blanket for warmth
- ► Eye pillow (optional)

#### ▶ Session Duration:

- ▶ Beginners: 20-30 minutes
- Experienced: Up to 60 minutes
- ▶ Regular practice: 1-3 times per week



Introduction to YogaNidra 45/10

#### Practice Guidelines

- ► Timing Your Practice:
  - ▶ 20-minute session equals hours of normal sleep
  - ▶ Practice at consistent times daily
  - ▶ Choose higher energy periods to avoid sleeping
- ▶ Physical Setup:
  - ▶ Support lower back with bolster
  - ► Keep room slightly cool to stay alert
  - ▶ Use eye pillow to block light
- ▶ Mental Preparation:
  - ▶ Set clear intention before practice
  - ▶ Stay alert but relaxed
  - ▶ Allow thoughts to pass without engagement



Introduction to YogaNidra 46/102

### Preparation - 0

- ▶ Lie in Shavasana (शवासन).
- ► Take a comfortable position with feet wider than hips, palms away from hips, allowing armpits to breathe.
- ▶ Relax shoulders, arms, hips, back, knees, ankles, and neck.
- ▶ Close your eyes and keep them closed for the entire practice.
- ▶ Consciously release tension by bringing awareness to any tight spots.
- ▶ Remain still, but make adjustments with minimal movement if necessary.
- Maintain a safe, protected space; stay awake by listening to the voice guiding you.
- Set an intention: "I am practicing Yoga Nidra. I am awake, and I will remain awake until the end."
- ▶ Bring your awareness to the space between your body and the earth.
- ▶ Let your body soften and sink into the floor.



Introduction to YogaNidra 47/10

#### Internalization - 1

- ▶ Pratyahara प्रत्याहार : Bringing attention from outwards to inwards via sound. Listening to far away sounds then near ones then to only commentary.
- Sound Awareness: Become aware of the sounds around you, beginning with distant sounds.
- ▶ Move attention from sound to sound without labeling the source.
- ► Shift awareness to sounds within the room, noticing your breath flowing freely through your nostrils.
- ▶ Visualize yourself within the room: the four walls, ceiling, floor, and your body lying on the mat.
- ▶ Bring awareness to your natural breath, feeling it flow effortlessly in and out through both nostrils.





Introduction to YogaNidra 48/102

# Choosing Your Sankalpa - 2

- ▶ Guidelines for Selection:
  - ► Keep it short and simple
  - ▶ Use positive language
  - ▶ Make it personal and meaningful
- ▶ Usage:
  - ► Maintain same Sankalpa across sessions
  - ▶ Repeat until manifestation
  - ▶ Plant during receptive state
- ► Examples:
  - ▶ "I am at peace with myself"
  - ▶ "I am healthy and strong"
  - ▶ "I am connected to my inner wisdom"
- ► Sankalp is customized for each case, memory overwrite, e.g. pain from left foot is gone. Ideally it's a positive statement

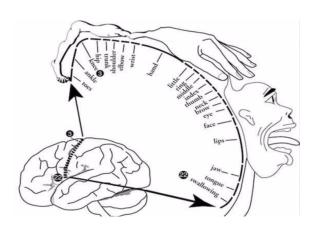


Introduction to YogaNidra 49/102

#### Rotation of Awareness (Abbreviated) - 3

Also called as ``Prayatna Shaithilya" प्रयत्न शैथिल्य as it is effortful relaxation. Focus on body parts:

- ▶ Right heel
- ▶ Left heel
- ▶ Right calf
- ▶ Left calf
- ▶ Right knee
- ▶ Left knee
- ► Right thigh
- ► Left thigh
- ▶ Both hips
- ▶ Lower back
- Upper back
- ► Right shoulder
- Left shoulder



(Ref: Yoga Nidra - Dr Amit Chail)



## Rotation of Awareness - Right Side

- ▶ Begin the journey of awareness on the right side of the body.
- ► Focus sequentially: Right hand -- thumb, 2nd finger, 3rd finger, 4th finger, 5th finger, palm, back of the hand, wrist, forearm, elbow, upper arm, shoulder.
- ▶ Move to the right torso and leg: right side of chest, waist, hip, thigh, knee, calf, ankle, top of the foot, big toe, 2nd toe, 3rd toe, 4th toe, 5th toe.



Introduction to YogaNidra 51/102

#### Rotation of Awareness - Left Side

- ▶ Shift awareness to the left side of the body.
- ► Focus sequentially: Left hand -- thumb, 2nd finger, 3rd finger, 4th finger, 5th finger, palm, back of the hand, wrist, forearm, elbow, upper arm, shoulder.
- ▶ Move to the left torso and leg: left side of chest, waist, hip, thigh, knee, calf, ankle, heel, sole, top of the foot, big toe, 2nd toe, 3rd toe, 4th toe, 5th toe.



Introduction to YogaNidra 52/102

## Rotation of Awareness - Back of the Body

- ▶ Shift awareness to the back of the body.
- ▶ Focus sequentially: soles of the feet, heels, calves, backs of knees, thighs, lower back, middle back, upper back, spine, right shoulder blade, left shoulder blade, back of the neck, back of the head, top of the head.



Introduction to YogaNidra 53/102

## Rotation of Awareness - Front of the Body

- ▶ Shift awareness to the front of the body.
- ▶ Focus sequentially: forehead, right temple, left temple, right ear, left ear, right eyebrow, left eyebrow, space between eyebrows, right eye, left eye, right nostril, left nostril, right cheek, left cheek, upper lip, lower lip, entire mouth, chin, jaw.
- ▶ Move to the throat and torso: right collarbone, left collarbone, chest, upper abdomen, navel, lower abdomen, whole torso.



Introduction to YogaNidra 54/102

## Rotation of Awareness - Whole Body

- Whole Body Awareness: Experience the entire body as a single, unified presence lying on the mat.
- ► Confirm wakefulness: Move your right toe gently, affirming, "I am awake, I am aware, and I am practicing Yoga Nidra."



Introduction to YogaNidra 55/102

## Breath Awareness Techniques - 4

#### Progressive Breath Work:

- ▶ Place right hand on belly, left hand on chest
- ▶ Observe natural breath pattern
- ▶ Make breath bigger gradually:
  - ► Feel belly rise first
  - ► Then chest expansion
  - ► Hold briefly
  - ▶ Release with gravity
- Count breaths backwards from 27. Breathing counting is reverse just to keep us on borderline, if it was ordered we would sleep automatically.
- ▶ Visualize breath as golden light
- Check Consciousness: Confirm you are awake and aware by listening to the guide's voice.

So far it was mostly conscious mind level, from next step onward we will involve subconscious mind.



Introduction to YogaNidra 56/102

## Opposite Sensations (Abbreviated) - 5

- ▶ Bring awareness to the sensation of heat
- ▶ Feel your whole body becoming warm.
- ▶ Shift awareness to cold. Feel the entire body cooling down.
- ▶ Release both sensations.
- ▶ Similarly: heaviness and lightness, pain and pleasure, love and hate, etc



Introduction to YogaNidra 57/102

## Feelings & Sensations - Experiencing Anxiety

- Recall an experience of anxiety: Feel the stress, worry, or fear without focusing on the source.
- ▶ Allow your body to become aware of tension: Notice areas of tightness or rigidity throughout the body.



Introduction to YogaNidra 58/102

# Feelings & Sensations - Releasing Tension

- ▶ Take a deep breath in, visualizing relaxation flowing into tense areas.
- ▶ With each inhale, feel your body becoming soft, loose, and calm.
- ▶ Breathe in calmness and exhale all stress and worries.



Introduction to YogaNidra 59/102

## Creating a Protective Space

- Visualize your IshtaDevata (favorite deity, teacher, or higher consciousness) sending positive energy.
- Imagine a circle of protection around you, creating a safe and peaceful space.
- ▶ Feel calm, safe, and secure in this protected space.



Introduction to YogaNidra 60/102

## Revisiting Anxiety in a Safe Space

- ▶ While feeling secure, recall the experience of anxiety, observing it without attachment.
- Notice how the anxiety melts away, protected by the presence of your IshtaDevata.
- ▶ This space is free from worries and tension; it is your safe and peaceful zone.



Introduction to YogaNidra 61/102

#### Affirmation of Peace

- Remain in this space, breathing deeply, visualizing all tension and worries floating away.
- ▶ Repeat to yourself: "I am calm, peaceful, and free from anxiety."
- ▶ Believe in this affirmation with faith and conviction.



Introduction to YogaNidra 62/102

## Guided Imagery (Abbreviated) - 6

#### Journey through Nature:

- ▶ Imagine standing in a meadow, surrounded by a lush forest.
- ▶ Feel the warmth of the sun and smell the wildflowers.
- ▶ Walk into the forest, following a path that leads uphill.
- ▶ Reach a cave and discover a lit candle inside.
- ▶ Meditate on the candle's flame, with your Sankalpa inscribed on it.

Visualization is 5-6 minutes long to impart something in the memory. Here also customization can be done.



Introduction to YogaNidra 63/10

## Visualization (Symbols)

- ▶ Instructions: Visualize each image briefly, allowing it to resonate with your emotions, memories, or imagination.
- ▶ Jump from image to image without lingering.

- ► Cool Clear Water
- ▶ Vibrant Sunset
- ► Tall mountains
- ► Traffic Lights
- ► A good night's rest
- ▶ Deep Breath
- Beautiful Garden
- ► Temple Bells Ringing
- ▶ Deep Blue Sky
- ► Relaxing afternoon

- ► A cat stretching
- ► A warm hug
- Doctor's office
- ▶ Your reflection in a mirror
- Meditating Buddha
- Mother
- Ancestral Home
- ► Laughing with friends
- ► The sound of my voice
- ▶ Your body lying on the floor



Introduction to YogaNidra

## Sankalpa - 7

- ▶ Repeat your Sankalpa three times with focus, clarity, and determination.
- ▶ Visualize your sankalpa taking shape and becoming successful.
- ▶ Feel your sankalpa bearing fruit and manifesting in your life.



Introduction to YogaNidra 65/102

## Exiting the Practice

- Gradually bring awareness back to your breath, feeling it flow in and out of your nostrils.
- Shift awareness to your physical body lying on the floor, noticing all points of contact.
- ▶ Awareness of Sounds:
  - ▶ Sounds within the room, around your mat, and the sound of my voice.
  - Expand awareness to sounds outside the room.
- ▶ Visualize the room and your position within it.
- ▶ Slowly begin to move:
  - Move hands and feet gently.
  - ▶ Roll over to the right side, revisiting feelings of safety, calm, and peace.
  - ▶ Use your left hand to sit up comfortably.
- ▶ Take a deep breath, exhale fully. Rub palms to create warmth and place them over your eyes.
- Open your eyes gently, and blink your eyes open while looking into your palms.

The practice of Yoga Nidra is now complete.



Introduction to YogaNidra 66/102

#### Post-Practice Reflection

#### Journaling Guidelines:

- ▶ Record your experience immediately after practice
- ▶ Note any physical sensations experienced
- ▶ Document emotional states encountered
- ► Track progress over time
- ▶ Record any insights or revelations
- ▶ Compare experiences across different sessions

This reflection helps deepen your practice and track your progress.



Introduction to YogaNidra 67/10

#### Best Practices for Teachers

- ▶ Voice and Delivery:
  - ▶ Speak in a soothing, even tone
  - ► Maintain consistent pace
  - ▶ Use clear, simple language
  - ► Allow adequate pauses
- ► Session Management:
  - ▶ Start with shorter sessions (20-30 minutes)
  - ▶ Progress gradually to longer sessions
  - ► Always complete all stages
  - ▶ Monitor student comfort



Introduction to YogaNidra 68/102

#### Children's Practice Considerations

#### ▶ Session Duration:

- ► Keep sessions shorter (10-15 minutes)
- ▶ Use age-appropriate language
- ► Include playful visualization

#### ▶ Special Elements:

- ▶ Use simple counting exercises (40 to 1)
- ► Include light visualization exercises
- ► Incorporate gentle encouragement
- ► Allow natural breaks in concentration

#### ► Closing Practice:

- ► End with positive affirmations
- ▶ Include sharing of "light" with loved ones
- ► Gentle return to regular awareness



Introduction to YogaNidra 69/102

Teaching



Introduction to YogaNidra

## Introduction to Yoga Nidra

- Yoga Nidra is a systematic method of complete physical, mental and emotional relaxation
- ▶ Eight different steps some essential, some optional
- ▶ Can be designed for:
  - Personal practice
  - ► Teaching students
  - ► Therapeutic purposes



Introduction to YogaNidra 71/102

# Eight Steps of Yoga Nidra

- ► Essential Steps:
  - ► Settling and Internalization
  - ▶ Body Rotation
  - ▶ Breath Awareness
  - ► Externalization
- ▶ Optional Steps:
  - ► Sankalpa (Resolve)
  - Opposites
  - Visualizations
  - ► Final Sankalpa



Introduction to YogaNidra 72/102

## Stage 1: Settling & Internalization

- ▶ Body Preparation
  - ► Shavasana (recommended position)
  - ► Alternative comfortable positions if needed
  - ▶ Proper alignment and support
- ▶ Progressive Awareness:
  - ▶ Body sensations
  - ► Environmental sounds
  - ▶ Sound of breath



Introduction to YogaNidra 73/102

## Stage 2: Sankalpa (Optional)

### ▶ Purpose:

- Short mental statement
- ▶ Reshaping personality
- ► Training the mind

### ▶ Implementation :

- ▶ Introduced when mind is receptive
- ► Stated at beginning (sowing seed)
- ▶ Repeated at end (watering seed)



Introduction to YogaNidra 74/102

## Stage 3: Rotation of Consciousness

- ► Essential characteristics:
  - ▶ No physical movement
  - ► Consistent pace
  - ▶ Mental repetition
- ▶ Systematic sequence:
  - ▶ Right side (thumb to little toe)
  - ▶ Left side (thumb to little toe)
  - ▶ Back of body
  - ► Front of body



Introduction to YogaNidra 75/10

## Stage 4: Breath Awareness

#### ► Techniques:

- ▶ Natural breath observation
- ► Various focus points (nostrils, chest, navel)
- ▶ Counting breaths (27 to 1, 54 to 1, or 108 to 1)

#### ▶ Benefits:

- ▶ Promotes relaxation
- ► Increases concentration
- ► Awakens higher energies
- ▶ Balances energy in body



Introduction to YogaNidra 76/10

## Stage 5: Opposites (Optional)

### ► Common pairs:

- ▶ Heat and cold
- ► Heaviness and lightness
- ▶ Pain and pleasure
- ▶ Joy and sorrow

#### ▶ Benefits:

- ► Harmonizes brain hemispheres
- ► Develops emotional willpower
- ► Enables conscious experience creation
- ▶ Promotes emotional catharsis



Introduction to YogaNidra 77/10

## Stage 6: Visualization (Optional)

- ► Types of Symbols:
  - ► Conditioned (cultural, religious)
  - ▶ Universal (mantras, yantras, mandalas)
- ▶ Visualization Options:
  - Landscapes and nature
  - ► Sacred symbols and spaces
  - ► Stories and sequences
  - ► Chakras and energy centers



Introduction to YogaNidra 78/102

## Stage 7: Final Sankalpa

### ▶ Implementation:

- ▶ Use exact same wording as beginning
- ▶ State clearly and positively
- ► Can include visualization of writing

### ► Importance:

- ▶ Reinforces initial resolve
- ▶ Mind highly receptive
- ► Strengthens mental transformation



Introduction to YogaNidra 79/102

### Stage 8: Externalization

- ▶ Progressive return (minimum 5 minutes):
  - ▶ Breath awareness
  - ▶ Body awareness
  - ► Room awareness
  - ► External environment
- ► Closing:
  - ► Gentle body movement
  - ► Optional Om chanting
  - ► Complete return to waking state



Introduction to YogaNidra 80/102

# Creating Your Own Yoga Nidra

- ► Consider Purpose:
  - ► General practice
  - ▶ Specific therapeutic goals
  - ► Individual needs
- ▶ Key Points:
  - ► Adapt length as needed
  - ► Maintain consistent sequence
  - Consider student readiness
  - ► Avoid triggering visualizations
  - ► Keep appropriate pacing



Introduction to YogaNidra 81/10

## Flow of Yoga Nidra Practice

- ▶ Progression from Gross to Subtle:
  - ► External environment (gross)
  - ▶ Physical body awareness
  - ▶ Breath awareness
  - ▶ Mind layers (subtle)
- ▶ Return Journey:
  - ▶ Mind layers to breath
  - ▶ Breath to physical body
  - ▶ Physical body to environment



Introduction to YogaNidra 82/102

## Guidelines for Body Position

- ▶ Shavasana Benefits:
  - Minimal body parts touching
  - ▶ Reduced chance of sleep
  - ▶ Natural alignment
- ▶ Alternative Positions:
  - ▶ Must ensure complete comfort
  - ▶ Use appropriate props
  - ► Maintain stable position



Introduction to YogaNidra 83/102

# Sankalpa Guidelines

- ▶ Format:
  - ▶ Present or future tense
  - ▶ Positive phrasing
  - ► Clear and precise wording
- ► Implementation:
  - ▶ Maintain same sankalpa
  - ▶ Allow time to unfold
  - ▶ Must resonate personally



Introduction to YogaNidra 84/102

# Examples of Emotional Opposites

- ▶ Basic Pairs:
  - ► Calm Agitated
  - ► Confident Insecure
  - ► Happy Sad
- ▶ Advanced Pairs:
  - ► Empathetic Indifferent
  - ▶ Powerful Helpless
  - ► Trusting Suspicious



Introduction to YogaNidra 85/102

# Types of Visualizations

- ▶ Nature-based:
  - ▶ Mountains and valleys
  - ▶ Oceans and rivers
  - ► Forests and gardens
- ▶ Symbolic:
  - ► Chakras and energy centers
  - ► Sacred symbols
  - ► Colors and patterns



Introduction to YogaNidra 86/102

# Therapeutic Applications

- ► Customization Options:
  - ▶ Focus on specific body parts
  - ► Targeted breathing patterns
  - ► Healing visualizations
- ► Considerations:
  - ► Individual needs
  - ► Medical conditions
  - ► Emotional sensitivity



Introduction to YogaNidra 87/103

# Common Challenges

- ► Student Issues:
  - ▶ Falling asleep
  - ► Mind wandering
  - ▶ Physical discomfort
- ► Teacher Solutions:
  - ► Maintain appropriate pacing
  - ▶ Use clear, engaging voice
  - ▶ Provide position alternatives



Introduction to YogaNidra 88/102

### Advanced Practices

- ▶ Breath Techniques:
  - ▶ Psychic breathing
  - Soham awareness
  - ► Extended counting sequences
- ▶ Visualization:
  - ► Complex symbolic journeys
  - ► Chakra meditation
  - ► Healing practices



Introduction to YogaNidra 89/102

# Safety Considerations

- ▶ Physical Safety:
  - ► Appropriate props
  - ▶ Room temperature
  - ► Comfortable environment
- ► Emotional Safety:
  - ► Avoid triggering content
  - ► Gentle transitions
  - ▶ Support when needed



Introduction to YogaNidra 90/102

## Best Teaching Practices

- ▶ Preparation:
  - ► Clear script
  - ► Timed segments
  - ► Emergency protocols
- ▶ Delivery:
  - ► Consistent pace
  - ► Appropriate tone
  - ► Clear pronunciation



Introduction to YogaNidra 91/102

## Customization of Yoganidra for Specific Issues

- ▶ Personalized Sankalpa संकल्प (Resolve):
  - The Sankalpa is a positive, personal resolve set at the beginning and end of Yoganidra.
  - By choosing a specific Sankalpa, practitioners can focus on particular goals, such as improving confidence, reducing stress, or achieving health-related outcomes.
  - The Sankalpa is phrased in clear, affirmative language (e.g., "I am calm and focused").
  - ▶ 2-3 sentences, a decision of the patient for cure, must be positive and singular (use "I" not "You") formation.
- ► Targeted Visualization Techniques:
  - Visualization sequences can be customized to address specific issues by guiding the mind through images and scenes aligned with the practitioner's intentions.
  - A new file/pattern which is going to get overwritten on the old one, a directive from the therapist to the patient (use "You"), although results are in future, say it in present, meaning you have already got results.
  - ► For example:
    - ▶ Anxiety relief: Visualizing calm environments like a peaceful beach or forest.
    - Healing: Imagining light filling and healing the body, directed at areas of discomfort or pain.
    - Self-confidence: Visualizing oneself successfully completing tasks or achieving goals.
  - For deeper emotional concerns, the visualization can include imagery that



## Resources for Further Study

- ▶ Reference Materials:
  - ► Traditional texts
  - ► Modern adaptations
  - ► Research studies
- ▶ Practice Development:
  - ▶ Personal practice
  - ► Teaching methods
  - ► Continuing education



Introduction to YogaNidra 93/102

## Conclusions



#### Benefits

- Improves Sleep<sup>1</sup>
- Reduces Stress<sup>2</sup> and improves general well being
- Can help in improving glycemic control in Type 2 DM<sup>3</sup>
- Improves creativity, enhances memory and learning<sup>4</sup>
- Reduces cognitive and physical symptoms of anxiety<sup>5</sup>
- Datta K, Tripathi M, Mallick HN. Yoga Nidra: An innovative approach for management of chronic insomnia-A case report. Sleep Science and Practice. 2017 Dec;1(1):7.
- Dwivedi MK, Singh SK. Yoga Nidra as a stress management intervention strategy. Purushartha: A Journal of Management Ethics and Spirituality. 2016 May 12;9(1).
- Amita S, Prabhakar S, Manoj I, Harminder S, Pavan T. Short Communication Effect of Yoga-nidra on blood glucose level in diabetic patients. indian J Physiol Pharmacol. 2009;53(1):97-101.
- 4. Bhushan S. Yoga Nidra: its advantages and applications. Magazine of the Bihar School of Yoga. 2001.
- Ferreira-Vorkapic, C., Borba-Pinheiro, C. J., Marchioro, M., & Santana, D. (2018). The Impact of Yoga Nidra and Seated Meditation on the Mental Health of College Professors. International journal of yoga, 11(3), 215–223.

(Ref: Yoga Nidra - Dr Amit Chail)



Introduction to YogaNidra 95/102

### Benefits

- Yoga Nidra has beneficial effects
- · Can begin from 10 min, twice weekly
- 20-30 min, 4-5 times per week
- Online videos
- Courses
- As a behavioural intervention
  - Acceptable
  - Feasible
  - Cost effective
  - No side effects
  - Not limited to any diagnosis



(Ref: Yoga Nidra - Dr Amit Chail)

### Additional Benefits

#### ▶ Mental Benefits:

- ▶ Increased learning capabilities
- ▶ Enhanced memory and intuition
- ▶ Boosted creativity
- ► Mental reprogramming capabilities

### ▶ Physiological Benefits:

- ▶ Balanced nervous system
- ► Increased endorphin production
- ▶ Reduced cortisol and noradrenaline levels
- ▶ Deep skeletal-muscular relaxation

#### ► Therapeutic Applications:

- ▶ Relief from depression and anxiety
- ▶ Help with insomnia and headaches
- Management of fibromyalgia
- ► Treatment of chronic fatigue
- Support for hypertension



Introduction to YogaNidra 97/10

### Summary

- A meditative form, 8 stages
- State of deep relaxation with awareness
- EEG changes simulate sleep pattern (NREM)
- rCBF changes and endocrinal effects
- Improved general well being, coping and resilience
- Reduces symptoms of anxiety, depression, PTSD & insomnia
- Benefits in chronic pain, DM and PMS

(Ref: Yoga Nidra - Dr Amit Chail)



Introduction to YogaNidra 98/102

# Integrating Into Daily Life

- ▶ Morning Practice:
  - ▶ Sets positive tone for day
  - ► Enhances mental clarity
  - ▶ Boosts energy levels
- ▶ Midday Reset:
  - ► Reduces workplace stress
  - ▶ Improves focus and productivity
  - Quick restoration (15-20 minutes)
- ▶ Evening Practice:
  - ▶ Prepares for restful sleep
  - ▶ Releases daily tension
  - Processes emotional residue



Introduction to YogaNidra 99/102

## Common Challenges and Solutions

- ▶ Falling Asleep:
  - ▶ Practice at times of higher energy
  - ► Maintain lighter room temperature
  - ► Keep eyes slightly open
- ▶ Racing Thoughts:
  - ▶ Focus more on physical sensations
  - Return to breath awareness
  - ▶ Practice regularly to improve focus
- ▶ Physical Discomfort:
  - ▶ Use additional props as needed
  - ► Adjust position before starting
  - ▶ Practice progressive muscle relaxation



Introduction to YogaNidra 100/102

## Resources for Further Reading

#### ▶ Books:

- ▶ "Yoga Nidra" by Swami Satyananda Saraswati.
- "Yoga Nidra: A Meditative Practice for Deep Relaxation and Healing" by Richard Miller.
- ▶ "Yoga Nidra: The Art of Transformational Sleep" by Kamini Desai.
- ➤ "Yoga Nidra Script 8 Stage for Anxiety & Stress Management (40 mins practice)" https://www.tummee.com/yoga-philosophy/yoga-nidra-script-anxiety-8-stage-40-mins



Introduction to YogaNidra 101/102

Thanks ... yogeshkulkarni@yahoo.com



Introduction to YogaNidra 102/102