Assignment 3 - Jupyter Notebook

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```
[]:

Before running this notebook:

1. Generate fitting.dat file by running generate_data.py

→code

2. Make sure fitting.dat and this notebook are in the

"""

"""

[2]:

import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import scipy.special as sp
```

0.0.1 Q2. Reading data from files and parsing them

```
filedata = np.loadtxt('fitting.dat')
time = filedata[:,0]
data = filedata[:,1:]
```

0.0.2 Q3. Plotting the data

```
# Plotting
x=time
y=data
plt.grid()
plt.plot(x,y)
plt.xlabel(r't$\rightarrow$',fontsize=12)
plt.ylabel(r'f(t)+noise$\rightarrow$',fontsize=12)
plt.show()
```

```
output_7_0.png
```

0.0.3 Q4. Fitting a Function to this data

```
[7]:
                              plt.figure(figsize=(8,6))
                              sigma = np.logspace(-1, -3, 9)
                              #Different Noise Levels
                              for i in range(9):
                              plt.plot(x,y[:,i],label=f'$\sigma_{i+1}$ = %.

→3f'%sigma[i])
                              # Plot of the Fitting Function
                              A=1.05
                              B = -0.105
                              plt.grid()
                              plt.plot( x , g(x,A,B),'-k',label='True curve')
                              plt.title(r'Plot of Different Noise Levels and Fitting_{\sqcup}
      →Function')
                              plt.xlabel(r't$\rightarrow$',fontsize=15)
                              plt.ylabel(r'f(t)+noise$\rightarrow$',fontsize=15)
                              plt.legend(loc='upper right')
                              plt.show()
```

```
output_11_0.png
```

0.0.4 Q5. The Errorbar plot

output_13_0.png

0.0.5 Q6. The Matrix Equation

```
# construct M matrix

fn_column = sp.jn(2,time)

M = np.c_[fn_column,time]

# parameter matrix

A = 1.05; B = -0.105

p = np.array([A,B])

# column vector obtained by multiplication of matrix M

→ and p

G1 = np.matmul(M,p)
```

```
[11]:

# testing equality
if np.array_equal(G1,G2):
    print('Yes, the above two column vectors are equal.')
    else:
    print('No, the above two column vectors are not equal.')
```

Yes, the above two column vectors are equal.

0.0.6 Q7. Mean Squared Error

Mean square error in calcutaion of M = 0.0

0.0.7 Q8. Contour Plot of Error

```
#initialization
e = np.zeros((21,21,9))
A = np.linspace(0,2,21)

B = np.linspace(-0.2,0,21)

for k in range(9):
    f = y[:,k]
    for i in range(21):
    for j in range(21):
        e[i][j][k] = np.sum((f -np.array(g(time,A[i],B[j])))**2)/
```

```
# plotting the contour and locating the minima

plot = plt.contour(A,B,e[:,:,0],20)

plt.title('Contour plot of error')

plt.xlabel(r'A$\rightarrow$',fontsize=12)

plt.ylabel(r'B$\rightarrow$',fontsize=12)

plt.clabel(plot,inline=1,fontsize=10)

# Using np.unravel_index to obtain the location of the

minima in the original array

a = np.unravel_index(np.argmin(e[:,:,0]),e[:,:,0].shape)

plt.plot(A[a[0]],B[a[1]],'ro',markersize=7)

plt.annotate('(%0.2f,%0.
```

```
plt.show()
           output_22_0.png
```

0.0.8 Q9. Best estimate of A and B (least mean square estimation)

```
[15]:
                               def estimateAB(M,b):
                               return np.linalg.lstsq(M,b,rcond=None)
                               def error_prediction(estimated, actual):
                               AO,BO = actual[0], actual[1]
                               A1,B1 = estimated[0], estimated[1]
                               return abs(AO-A1), abs(BO-B1)
                               # construct M matrix
[16]:
                               fn_column = sp.jn(2,time)
                               M = np.c_[fn_column,time]
                               AB = [1.05, -0.105]
[17]:
                               estimatedAB,_,_,_ = estimateAB(M,y[:,1]) #for first_{\sqcup}
       \rightarrow column data
                               print("Estimated A,B = ",list(estimatedAB))
                               errorA, errorB = error_prediction(estimatedAB,AB)
                               print("Error in A,B = ", [errorA, errorB])
                      Estimated A,B = [1.0598311905174036, -0.10454165768706138]
```

Error in A,B = [0.009831190517403554, 0.00045834231293861993]

0.0.9 Q10. Error vs σ_n plot on linear scale

```
Γ187:
                                   error in the estimate of A and B for different data_{\sqcup}
        \hookrightarrow columns
                                   error_a = []
                                   error_b = []
                                   mean_error = []
                                   for i in range(9):
                                   estimatedAB,error,_,_ = estimateAB(M ,y[:,i])
```

```
error_a.append(error_prediction(estimatedAB,AB)[0])
error_b.append(error_prediction(estimatedAB,AB)[1])
mean_error.append(error)

plt.grid()
plt.plot(sigma,error_a,'bo--',label='Aerr')
plt.plot(sigma,error_b,'ro--',label='Berr')
plt.title("Variation of Aerr and Berr with Noise")
plt.xlabel(r'$\sigma_{n}\rightarrow$',fontsize=15)
plt.ylabel(r'Aerr and Berr$\rightarrow$',fontsize=12)
plt.legend(loc='upper left')
plt.show()

output_29_0.png
```

0.0.10 Error returned by 1stsq vs Noise on linear scale

```
plt.grid()
plt.plot(sigma,mean_error, 'bo--')
plt.title("Variation of Error returned by Lstsq with
plt.xlabel(r'$\sigma_n\rightarrow$',size=15)
plt.ylabel(r'MS Error$\rightarrow$',size=12)
plt.show()

output_31_0.png
```

0.0.11 Q11. Error vs σ_n plot in log log scale

```
plt.grid()
plt.loglog(sigma,error_a,'ro', label='Aerr in logscale')
plt.loglog(sigma,error_b,'bo', label='Berr in logscale')
plt.errorbar(sigma,error_a,yerr=0.1,fmt ='ro')
```

```
plt.errorbar(sigma,error_b,yerr=0.1,fmt ='bo')
plt.title('Variation of Aerr and Berr with Noise in
→logscale')

plt.xlabel(r'$\sigma_{n}\rightarrow$',fontsize=15)
plt.ylabel(r'Aerr and Berr$\rightarrow$',fontsize=12)
plt.legend(loc='upper right')
plt.show()
```

output_33_0.png

0.0.12 Error returned by Lstsq with Noise in *loglog* scale

output_35_0.png