Roll No.

Total No. of Questions: 9] (2043)

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BCA (CBCS) RUSA IInd Semester Examination

4209

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Paper: BCA-0205

Time: 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks: 70

Note: - Attempt five questions in all. Part-A is compulsory.

Attempt one question each from Parts-B, C, D and E.

Part-A

(Compulsory Question)

- 1. (A) Following questions carry 1 mark each:
 - (i) What is DBMS?
 - (a) DBMS is a collection of queries
 - (b) DBMS is a high-level language

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(1)

Turn Over

			(iv)		resembles create view.
	(c)	DBMS is a programming language		(a)	Create table as
	(d)	DBMS stores, modifies and retrieves		(b)	Create view as
		data		(c)	Create table like
(ii)	Whi	Which of the following is a feature of the database ?		(d)	With data
	datal				
	(a)	No-backup for the data stored	(v)	The	oldest DB model is :
	(b)	User interface provided		(a)	Network
	(c)	Lack of Authentication		(b)	Physical
	(d)	Store data in multiple locations		(c)	Hierarchical
(iii)	The	DBMS acts as an interface between		(d)	Relational
		and of an enterprise-	(vi)	The	term attribute refers to a of a table.
	class	s system.		(a)	Record
	(a)	Data, DBMS		(b)	Column
	(b)	Application, SQL		(c)	Tuple
	(c)	Database application, Database		(d)	Key
	(d)	The user, the software	CA-745		(3) Turn Over
45		(2)			

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(vii)	The	tuples of the relations can be of			
	*****	order.			
	(a)	Any			
	(b)	Same			
	(c)	Sorted			
	(d)	Constant			
(viii)	Rela	tional Algebra is a query			
	lang	trage that takes two relations as input			
	and	produces another relation as an output			
	of the query.				
	(a)	Relational			
	(b)	Structural			
	(c)	Procedural			
	(d)	Fundamental			
(ix)	Whi	Which is a unary operation ?			
	(a)	Selection operation			
	(b)	Primitive operation			
	(c)	Projection operation			
	(d)	Generalized selection			
45		(4)			

- (x) What action does ⋈ operator perform in relational algebra ?
 - (a) Output specified attributes from all rows of the input relation and remove duplicate tuples from the output.
 - (b) Outputs pairs of rows from the two input relations that have the same value on all attributes that have the same name.
 - (c) Output all pairs of rows from the two input relations (regardless of whether or not they have the same values on common attributes).
 - (d) Return rows of the input relation that satisfy the predicate. $1\times10=10$
- (B) Write short notes for the following questions:
 - (i) Data Abstraction

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(iv) Primary Key
(v) Advantages of DBMS 4x5=20

Part-B

Unit-I 10

Note: - Attempt any one question.

(ii) ER Model

(iii) Dependency Preservation

- Discuss the difference between database system and information retrieval system.
- Explain with a diagram the component modules of a DBMS and the interactions.

Part-C

Unit-II

Note :- Attempt any one question.

- 4. What are the various operations associated with a file ? Explain in detail.
- 5. Discuss the various types of join operations.

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Part-D

Unit-III 10

Note :- Attempt any one question.

- 6. Explain the Second and the Third Normal form in detail.
- 7. Illustrate how the process of creating first normal form relations may lead to multivalued dependencies. How should the first normalization be done properly so that MVDs are avoided?

Part-E

Unit-IV 10

Note :- Attempt any one question.

- 8. What is a Form ? What are the differences between Modal and Modeless Forms ?
- Explain 'Select', 'Make-Table', 'Update', 'Append',
 'Delete' operations through suitable examples.

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