

Roll No.

Total No. of Questions : 9]
(1109)

[Total No. of Printed Pages : 4

**BCA UG (CBCS) RUSA IIIrd Semester
Examination**

3602

COMPUTER ORGANIZATION

BCA-0303

Time : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 70

Note :- Attempt *five* questions in all, selecting *one* question each from Units I, II, III and IV. Q. No. 9 is compulsory.

Unit-I

1. (a) Convert the following :

(i) $(147)_{10} = ()_8$

(ii) $(3456.A7)_{16} = ()_8$

(iii) $(5674.6)_8 = ()_2$

(b) Perform the arithmetic operations $(+42) + (-13)$ and $(-42) - (-13)$ in binary using signed 2's complement representation for negative numbers. 5,5

2. (a) Explain the use of parity bit in error detection codes. How is it generated ?

(b) Explain Hamming code with suitable example. 5,5

C-742

(1)

Turn Over

Compulsory Question

10

Fill in the blanks :

(i) In the case of, zero-address instruction

method the operands are stored in

5.5

(ii) The addressing mode, where you directly

specify the operand value is

(iii) The decimal number (567.76) is equal to

octal number (.....)₈.

(iv) The 2's complement of -68 is

10

State whether the statement is True or False : (2³)-1

10

- (v) Program Counter (PC) holds the address of next instruction. (True/False)

(vi) A stack is a storage device that stores

information in such a manner that the item

stored first is the first item retrieved.

5.5

(True/False)

Select the correct option :

(vii) In Reverse Polish Notation, expression

A^*B+C^*D is written as :

(a) AB^*CD^+ (b) A^*BCD^*+

(c) AB^*CD^* (d) $A^*B^*CD^+$

(2)

(3)

Turn Over

(viii) The addressing mode, where you directly specify the operand value is :

- (a) Immediate (b) Direct
- (c) Definite (d) Relative

(ix) A sequence of control words corresponding to a control sequence is :

- (a) Command word
- (b) Control word
- (c) Coordination word
- (d) Generation word

(x) Floating point representation is used to store :

- (a) Boolean Values
- (b) Whole numbers
- (c) Real integers
- (d) Integers

$$1 \times 10 = 10$$

(B) Explain the following 25 to 30 words :

- (i) Hamming code
- (ii) BCD arithmetic
- (iii) Three-address instructions
- (iv) 10s complement
- (v) Full Adder

$$4 \times 5 = 20$$