MACHINE LEARNING

Question) Movie Recommendation systems are an example of:

- i) Classification
- ii) Clustering
- iii) Regression

Answer) Clustering

Question) Sentiment Analysis is an example of:

- i) Regression
- ii) Classification
- iii) Clustering
- iv) Reinforcement

Answer) Regression, Classification and Reinforcement

Question) Can decision trees be used for performing clustering?

Answer) True

Question) Which of the following is the most appropriate strategy for data cleaning before performing clustering analysis, given less than desirable number of data points:

- i) Capping and flooring of variables
- ii) Removal of outliers

Answer) Capping and flooring of variables

Question) What is the minimum no. of variables/ features required to perform clustering?

Answer) 1

Question) For two runs of K-Mean clustering is it expected to get same clustering results?

Answer) No

Question) s it possible that Assignment of observations to clusters does not change between successive iterations in K-Means ?

Answer) Yes

Question) Which of the following can act as possible termination conditions in K-Means?

- i) For a fixed number of iterations.
- ii) Assignment of observations to clusters does not change between iterations. Except for cases with a bad local minimum.
- iii) Centroids do not change between successive iterations.
- iv) Terminate when RSS falls below a threshold.

Answer) all options are possible termination conditions in K-Means

Question) Which of the following algorithms is most sensitive to outliers

a) K-means clustering algorithm

- b) K-medians clustering algorithm
- c) K-modes clustering algorithm
- d) K-medoids clustering algorithm

Answer) K-means clustering algorithm

Question) How can Clustering (Unsupervised Learning) be used to improve the accuracy of Linear Regression model (Supervised Learning):

- i) Creating different models for different cluster groups.
- ii) Creating an input feature for cluster ids as an ordinal variable.
- iii) Creating an input feature for cluster centroids as a continuous variable.
- iv) Creating an input feature for cluster size as a continuous variable.

Answer) All options are correct

Question) What could be the possible reason(s) for producing two different dendrograms using agglomerative clustering algorithms for the same dataset ?

Answer) All options are correct

Question) Is K sensitive to outliers?

Answer) The K-means clustering algorithm is sensitive to outliers, because a mean is easily influenced by extreme values. The group of points in the right form a cluster, while the rightmost point is an outlier.

Question) Why is K means better ?

Answer) Other clustering algorithms with better features tend to be more expensive. In this case, k-means becomes a great solution for pre-clustering, reducing the space into disjoint smaller subspaces where other clustering algorithms can be applied. K-means is the simplest.

Question) Is K means a deterministic algorithm?

Answer) The basic k-means clustering is based on a non-deterministic algorithm. This means that running the algorithm several times on the same data, could give different results. However, to ensure consistent results, FCS Express performs k-means clustering using a deterministic method.