

JUNIT - IGNORE TEST

http://www.tutorialspoint.com/junit/junit_ignore_test.htm

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Sometimes it happens that our code is not ready and test case written to test that method/code will fail if run. The **@Ignore** annotation helps in this regards.

- A test method annotated with **@Ignore** will not be executed.
- If a test class is annotated with **@Ignore** then none of its test methods will be executed.

Now let's see **@Ignore** in action.

Create a Class

- Create a java class to be tested say MessageUtil.java in **C:\ > JUNIT_WORKSPACE**

```
/*
 * This class prints the given message on console.
 */
public class MessageUtil {

    private String message;

    //Constructor
    //@param message to be printed
    public MessageUtil(String message) {
        this.message = message;
    }

    // prints the message
    public String printMessage() {
        System.out.println(message);
        return message;
    }

    // add "Hi!" to the message
    public String salutationMessage() {
        message = "Hi!" + message;
        System.out.println(message);
        return message;
    }
}
```

Create Test Case Class

- Create a java test class say TestJunit.java.
- Add a test methods testPrintMessage(),testSalutationMessage() to your test class.
- Add an Annotaion **@Ignore** to method testPrintMessage().

Create a java class file name TestJunit.java in **C:\ > JUNIT_WORKSPACE**

```
import org.junit.Test;
import org.junit.Ignore;
import static org.junit.Assert.assertEquals;

public class TestJunit {

    String message = "Robert";
    MessageUtil messageUtil = new MessageUtil(message);
```

```

@Ignore
@Test
public void testPrintMessage() {
    System.out.println("Inside testPrintMessage()");
    message = "Robert";
    assertEquals(message,messageUtil.printMessage());
}

@Test
public void testSalutationMessage() {
    System.out.println("Inside testSalutationMessage()");
    message = "Hi!" + "Robert";
    assertEquals(message,messageUtil.salutationMessage());
}
}

```

Create Test Runner Class

Create a java class file name TestRunner.java in **C:\ > JUNIT_WORKSPACE** to execute Test case(s)

```

import org.junit.runner.JUnitCore;
import org.junit.runner.Result;
import org.junit.runner.notification.Failure;

public class TestRunner {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Result result = JUnitCore.runClasses(TestJunit.class);
        for (Failure failure : result.getFailures()) {
            System.out.println(failure.toString());
        }
        System.out.println(result.wasSuccessful());
    }
}

```

Compile the MessageUtil, Test case and Test Runner classes using javac

```
C:\JUNIT_WORKSPACE>javac MessageUtil.java TestJunit.java TestRunner.java
```

Now run the Test Runner which will not run testPrintMessage() test case defined in provided Test Case class.

```
C:\JUNIT_WORKSPACE>java TestRunner
```

Verify the output. testPrintMessage() test case is not tested.

```

Inside testSalutationMessage()
Hi!Robert
true

```

Now update TestJunit in **C:\ > JUNIT_WORKSPACE** to ignore all test cases. Add @Ignore at class level

```

import org.junit.Test;
import org.junit.Ignore;
import static org.junit.Assert.assertEquals;

@Ignore
public class TestJunit {

    String message = "Robert";
    MessageUtil messageUtil = new MessageUtil(message);

    @Test
    public void testPrintMessage() {
        System.out.println("Inside testPrintMessage()");
        message = "Robert";
        assertEquals(message,messageUtil.printMessage());
    }
}

```

```
@Test
public void testSalutationMessage() {
    System.out.println("Inside testSalutationMessage()");
    message = "Hi!" + "Robert";
    assertEquals(message,messageUtil.salutationMessage());
}
}
```

Compile the Test case using javac

```
C:\JUNIT_WORKSPACE>javac TestJUnit.java
```

Now run the Test Runner which will not run any test case defined in provided Test Case class.

```
C:\JUNIT_WORKSPACE>java TestRunner
```

Verify the output. No test case is tested.

```
true
```