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http://www.tutorialspoint.com/servlets/servlets-database-access.htm

This tutorial assumes you have understanding on how JDBC application works. Before starting with database access through a servlet, make sure you have proper JDBC environment setup along with a database.

For more detail on how to access database using JDBC and its environment setup you can go through our <u>JDBC</u> <u>Tutorial</u>.

To start with basic concept, let us create a simple table and create few records in that table as follows:

Create Table

To create the **Employees** table in TEST database, use the following steps:

Step 1:

Open a **Command Prompt** and change to the installation directory as follows:

```
C:\>cd Program Files\MySQL\bin
C:\Program Files\MySQL\bin>
```

Step 2:

Login to database as follows

```
C:\Program Files\MySQL\bin>mysql -u root -p
Enter password: *******
mysql>
```

Step 3:

Create the table **Employee** in **TEST** database as follows:

```
mysql> use TEST;
mysql> create table Employees
   (
    id int not null,
    age int not null,
    first varchar (255),
    last varchar (255)
   );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.08 sec)
mysql>
```

Create Data Records

Finally you create few records in Employee table as follows:

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Employees VALUES (100, 18, 'Zara', 'Ali');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.05 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO Employees VALUES (101, 25, 'Mahnaz', 'Fatma');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO Employees VALUES (102, 30, 'Zaid', 'Khan');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Employees VALUES (103, 28, 'Sumit', 'Mittal');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql>
```

Accessing a Database:

Here is an example which shows how to access TEST database using Servlet.

```
// Loading required libraries
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
import java.sql.*;
public class DatabaseAccess extends HttpServlet{
  public void doGet (HttpServletRequest request,
                    HttpServletResponse response)
            throws ServletException, IOException
      // JDBC driver name and database URL
      static final String JDBC_DRIVER="com.mysql.jdbc.Driver";
      static final String DB_URL="jdbc:mysql://localhost/TEST";
      // Database credentials
      static final String USER = "root";
      static final String PASS = "password";
      // Set response content type
      response.setContentType("text/html");
      PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
      String title = "Database Result";
      String docType =
        "<!doctype html public \"-//w3c//dtd html 4.0 " + ^{\prime\prime}
         "transitional//en\">\n";
         out.println(docType +
         "<html>\n" +
         "<head><title>" + title + "</title></head>\n" +
         "<body bgcolor=\"#f0f0f0\">\n" +
         "<h1 align=\"center\">" + title + "</h1>\n");
      try{
         // Register JDBC driver
         Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
         // Open a connection
         conn = DriverManager.getConnection(DB_URL, USER, PASS);
         // Execute SQL query
         stmt = conn.createStatement();
         String sql;
         sql = "SELECT id, first, last, age FROM Employees";
         ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery(sql);
         // Extract data from result set
         while (rs.next()) {
            //Retrieve by column name
            int id = rs.getInt("id");
            int age = rs.getInt("age");
            String first = rs.getString("first");
            String last = rs.getString("last");
            //Display values
            out.println("ID: " + id + " <br>");
            out.println(", Age: " + age + "<br>");
            out.println(", First: " + first + "<br>");
            out.println(", Last: " + last + "<br>");
         out.println("</body></html>");
```

```
// Clean-up environment
         rs.close();
         stmt.close();
         conn.close();
      }catch(SQLException se){
         //Handle errors for JDBC
         se.printStackTrace();
      }catch(Exception e) {
         //Handle errors for Class.forName
         e.printStackTrace();
      }finally{
         //finally block used to close resources
         try{
            if (stmt!=null)
               stmt.close();
         }catch(SQLException se2) {
         \}// nothing we can do
         try{
            if (conn!=null)
            conn.close();
         }catch(SQLException se) {
           se.printStackTrace();
         }//end finally try
      } //end try
   }
}
```

Now let us compile above servlet and create following entries in web.xml

Now call this servlet using URL http://localhost:8080/DatabaseAccess which would display following response:

```
DATABASE RESULT

ID: 100, Age: 18, First: Zara, Last: Ali
ID: 101, Age: 25, First: Mahnaz, Last: Fatma
ID: 102, Age: 30, First: Zaid, Last: Khan
ID: 103, Age: 28, First: Sumit, Last: Mittal
```