http://www.tutorialspoint.com/jsp/jsp_file_uploading.htm

A JSP can be used with an HTML form tag to allow users to upload files to the server. An uploaded file could be a text file or binary or image file or any document.

Creating a File Upload Form:

The following HTM code below creates an uploader form. Following are the important points to be noted down:

- The form **method** attribute should be set to **POST** method and GET method can not be used.
- The form **enctype** attribute should be set to **multipart/form-data**.
- The form **action** attribute should be set to a JSP file which would handle file uploading at backend server. Following example is using **uploadFile.jsp** program file to upload file.
- To upload a single file you should use a single <input .../> tag with attribute type="file". To allow multiple files uploading, include more than one input tags with different values for the name attribute. The browser associates a Browse button with each of them.

This will display following result which would allow to select a file from local PC and when user would click at "Upload File", form would be submitted along with the selected file:

```
File Upload:
Select a file to upload:
```

NOTE: Above form is just dummy form and would not work, you should try above code at your machine to make it work.

Writing Backend JSP Script:

First let us define a location where uploaded files would be stored. You can hard code this in your program or this directory name could also be added using an external configuration such as a **context-param** element in web.xml as follows:

Following is the source code for UploadFile.jsp which can handle multiple file uploading at a time. Before procedding you have make sure the followings:

- Following example depends on FileUpload, so make sure you have the latest version of commonsfileupload.x.x.jar file in your classpath. You can download it from http://commons.apache.org/fileupload/.
- FileUpload depends on Commons IO, so make sure you have the latest version of **commons-io-x.x.jar** file in your classpath. You can download it from http://commons.apache.org/io/.
- While testing following example, you should upload a file which has less size than *maxFileSize* otherwise file would not be uploaded.
- Make sure you have created directories c:\temp and c:\apache-tomcat-5.5.29\webapps\data well in advance.

```
<%@ page import="java.io.*,java.util.*, javax.servlet.*" %>
<%@ page import="javax.servlet.http.*" %>
<%@ page import="org.apache.commons.fileupload.*" %>
<%@ page import="org.apache.commons.fileupload.disk.*" %>
<%@ page import="org.apache.commons.fileupload.servlet.*" %>
<%@ page import="org.apache.commons.io.output.*" %>
  File file ;
  int maxFileSize = 5000 * 1024;
  int maxMemSize = 5000 * 1024;
  ServletContext context = pageContext.getServletContext();
  String filePath = context.getInitParameter("file-upload");
  // Verify the content type
  String contentType = request.getContentType();
  if ((contentType.indexOf("multipart/form-data") >= 0)) {
     DiskFileItemFactory factory = new DiskFileItemFactory();
     // maximum size that will be stored in memory
     factory.setSizeThreshold(maxMemSize);
     // Location to save data that is larger than maxMemSize.
     factory.setRepository(new File("c:\\temp"));
     // Create a new file upload handler
     ServletFileUpload upload = new ServletFileUpload(factory);
     // maximum file size to be uploaded.
     upload.setSizeMax( maxFileSize );
     try{
         // Parse the request to get file items.
        List fileItems = upload.parseRequest(request);
        // Process the uploaded file items
        Iterator i = fileItems.iterator();
```

```
out.println("<html>");
         out.println("<head>");
         out.println("<title>JSP File upload</title>");
         out.println("</head>");
         out.println("<body>");
         while ( i.hasNext () )
            FileItem fi = (FileItem)i.next();
            if ( !fi.isFormField () )
            // Get the uploaded file parameters
            String fieldName = fi.getFieldName();
            String fileName = fi.getName();
            boolean isInMemory = fi.isInMemory();
            long sizeInBytes = fi.getSize();
            // Write the file
            if( fileName.lastIndexOf("\\") >= 0 ) {
            file = new File( filePath +
            fileName.substring( fileName.lastIndexOf("\\")));
            file = new File ( filePath +
            fileName.substring(fileName.lastIndexOf("\\")+1));
            fi.write(file);
           out.println("Uploaded Filename: " + filePath +
            fileName + "<br>");
         }
        out.println("</body>");
        out.println("</html>");
      }catch(Exception ex) {
        System.out.println(ex);
      }
  }else{
     out.println("<html>");
     out.println("<head>");
     out.println("<title>Servlet upload</title>");
     out.println("</head>");
     out.println("<body>");
     out.println("No file uploaded");
     out.println("</body>");
     out.println("</html>");
%>
```

Now try to upload files using the HTML form which you created above. When you would try http://localhost:8080/UploadFile.htm, it would display following result which would help you uploading any file from your local machine.

```
File Upload:
Select a file to upload:
```

If your JSP script works fine, your file should be uploaded in c:\apache-tomcat-5.5.29\webapps\data\ directory.