Sequence models & Attention mechanism

10/10 points (100%)

Quiz, 10 questions

✓ Congratulations! You passed!

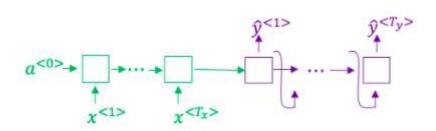
Next Item



1/1 points

1.

Consider using this encoder-decoder model for machine translation.



This model is a "conditional language model" in the sense that the encoder portion (shown in green) is modeling the probability of the input sentence x.





Correct



2

In beam search, if you increase the beam width B, which of the following would you expect to be true? Check all that apply.

Beam search will run more slowly.

Correct

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1			
Quiz, 10 questions	Beam search will use up more memory.		
	Correct		
	Beam search will generally find better solutions (i.e. do a better job maximizing $P(y \mid x)$) Correct		
	Beam search will converge after fewer steps.		
	Un-selected is correct		
	 1/1 points In machine translation, if we carry out beam search without using sentence normalization, the algorithm will tend to output overly short translations. True Correct 	е	
	1/1 points 4.		

Suppose you are building a speech recognition system, which uses an RNN model to map from audio clip x to a text transcript y. Your algorithm uses

Sequence models and the second transformation of the second and t

10/10 points (100%)

Quiz, 10 questions

On a dev set example, given an input audio clip, your algorithm outputs the transcript $\hat{y}=$ "I'm building an A Eye system in Silly con Valley.", whereas a human gives a much superior transcript $y^*=$ "I'm building an AI system in Silicon Valley."

According to your model,

$$P(\hat{y} \mid x) = 1.09 * 10^{-7}$$

$$P(y^* \mid x) = 7.21 * 10^-8$$

Would you expect increasing the beam width B to help correct this example?

No, because $P(y^* \mid x) \leq P(\hat{y} \mid x)$ indicates the error should be attributed to the RNN rather than to the search algorithm.



Correct

- No, because $P(y^* \mid x) \leq P(\hat{y} \mid x)$ indicates the error should be attributed to the search algorithm rather than to the RNN.
- Yes, because $P(y^* \mid x) \leq P(\hat{y} \mid x)$ indicates the error should be attributed to the RNN rather than to the search algorithm.
- Yes, because $P(y^* \mid x) \leq P(\hat{y} \mid x)$ indicates the error should be attributed to the search algorithm rather than to the RNN.



1/1 points

5.

Continuing the example from Q4, suppose you work on your algorithm for a few more weeks, and now find that for the vast majority of examples on which your algorithm makes a mistake, $P(y^* \mid x) > P(\hat{y} \mid x)$. This suggest you should focus your attention on improving the search algorithm.



True.

Correct

False.

Sequence models & Attention mechanism

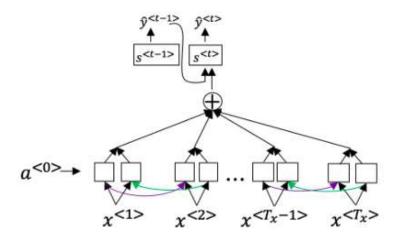
10/10 points (100%)

Quiz, 10 questions



6.

Consider the attention model for machine translation.



Further, here is the formula for $lpha^{< t,t'>}$

$$\alpha^{} = \frac{\exp(e^{})}{\sum_{t'=1}^{T_x} \exp(e^{})}$$

Which of the following statements about $\alpha^{< t,t'>}$ are true? Check all that apply.

We expect $\alpha^{< t,t'>}$ to be generally larger for values of $a^{< t'>}$ that are highly relevant to the value the network should output for $y^{< t>}$. (Note the indices in the superscripts.)

Correct

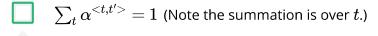
We expect $\alpha^{< t,t'>}$ to be generally larger for values of $a^{< t>}$ that are highly relevant to the value the network should output for $y^{< t'>}$. (Note the indices in the superscripts.)

Un-selected is correct

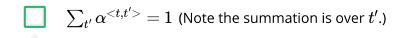
Sequence models & Attention mechanism

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Quiz, 10 questions



Un-selected is correct



Correct



1/1 points

7.

The network learns where to "pay attention" by learning the values $e^{< t, t'>}$, which are computed using a small neural network:

We can't replace $s^{< t-1>}$ with $s^{< t>}$ as an input to this neural network. This is because $s^{< t>}$ depends on $\alpha^{< t,t'>}$ which in turn depends on $e^{< t,t'>}$; so at the time we need to evalute this network, we haven't computed $s^{< t>}$ yet.



True

Correct





1/1 points

8.

Compared to the encoder-decoder model shown in Question 1 of this quiz (which does not use an attention mechanism), we expect the attention model to have the greatest advantage when:



The input sequence length T_x is large.

Correct

Sequence models & Attention mechanism

10/10 points (100%)

sequence n		10/10 points
Quiz, 10 questions	$igcap$ The input sequence length T_x is small.	
	1/1 points	
	9. Under the CTC model, identical repeated characters not separated by the "blank" character (_) are collapsed. Under the CTC model, what does the following string collapse to?	
	c_oo_o_kkb_oooooookkk	
	cokbok	
	cookbook	
	Correct	
	Cook book	
	coookkbooooookkk	
	1/1	
	points	
	10. In trigger word detection, $x^{< t>}$ is:	
	igcap Features of the audio (such as spectrogram features) at time t .	
	Correct	
	$\begin{tabular}{ l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l$	
	Whether the trigger word is being said at time t .	

Whether someone has just finished saying the trigger word at time *t*

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10/10 points (100%)

Quiz, 10 questions





