

# Appointment System

The assignment involves designing a database schema for an appointment system, implementing it with sample data, and writing SQL queries to retrieve specific information from the database.

## STEP-1

Firstly, we created the database as an appointment system then created the 4 tables in the database as users, doctor, clinics and appointments.

```
mysql> CREATE DATABASE appointment_system;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> USE appointment_system;
Database changed
mysql> CREATE TABLE users (
  ->     id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
  ->     name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
  ->     birthdate DATE NOT NULL
  -> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> CREATE TABLE doctors (
  ->     id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
  ->     name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL
  -> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> CREATE TABLE clinics (
  ->     id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
  ->     name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL
  -> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> CREATE TABLE clinics (
  ->     id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
  ->     name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL
  -> );
ERROR 1050 (42S01): Table 'clinics' already exists
mysql> CREATE TABLE appointments (
  ->     id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
  ->     user_id INT NOT NULL,
  ->     doctor_id INT NOT NULL,
  ->     clinic_id INT NOT NULL,
  ->     appointment_time DATETIME NOT NULL,
  ->     status ENUM('booked', 'cancelled') NOT NULL,
  ->     created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
  ->     FOREIGN KEY (user_id) REFERENCES users(id),
  ->     FOREIGN KEY (doctor_id) REFERENCES doctors(id),
  ->     FOREIGN KEY (clinic_id) REFERENCES clinics(id)
  -> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

In the above image, I created the database and tables in the database.

## STEP-2

Inserted the values in the tables.

```
mysql> INSERT INTO users (name, birthdate)
-> VALUES
-> ('Jane Doe', '1990-06-28'),
-> ('Bob Smith', '1985-06-29'),
-> ('Samuel Johnson', '1978-06-30'),
-> ('Linda Brown', '1995-07-01'),
-> ('George Wilson', '1980-07-02'),
-> ('Anna Lee', '1992-07-03');
Query OK, 6 rows affected (0.00 sec)
Records: 6 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> INSERT INTO doctors (name)
-> VALUES
-> ('Dr. Alice'),
-> ('Dr. Bob'),
-> ('Dr. Charlie'),
-> ('Dr. David'),
-> ('Dr. Eve');
Query OK, 5 rows affected (0.00 sec)
Records: 5 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

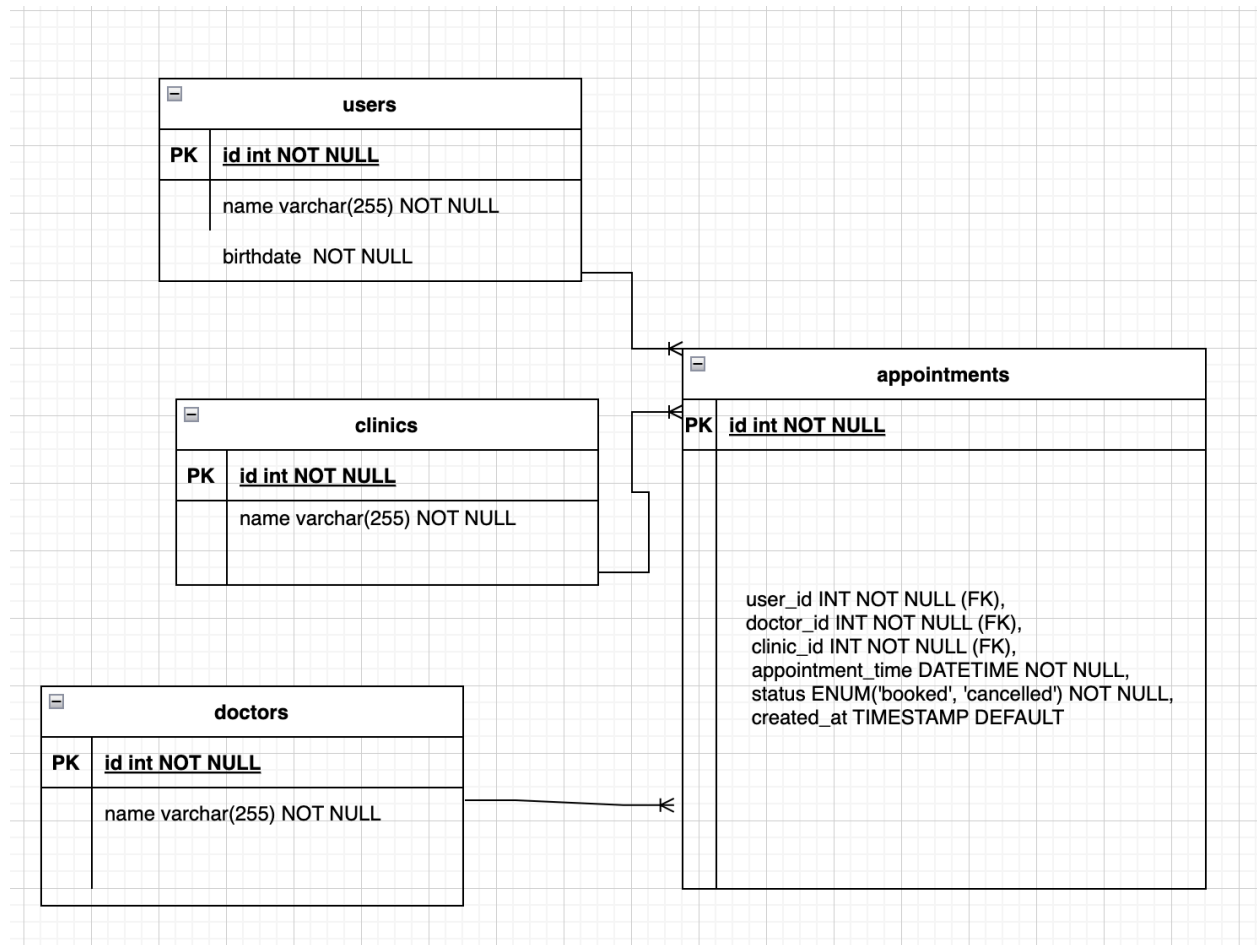
mysql> INSERT INTO clinics (name)
-> VALUES
-> ('Clinic A'),
-> ('Clinic B'),
-> ('Clinic C'),
-> ('Clinic D'),
-> ('Clinic E');
Query OK, 5 rows affected (0.00 sec)
Records: 5 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> INSERT INTO appointments (user_id, doctor_id, clinic_id, appointment_time, status)
-> VALUES
-> (1, 1, 1, '2024-06-28 09:00:00', 'booked'),
-> (2, 2, 2, '2024-06-29 10:30:00', 'booked'),
-> (3, 3, 3, '2024-06-30 14:00:00', 'booked'),
-> (4, 4, 4, '2024-07-01 11:00:00', 'booked'),
-> (5, 5, 5, '2024-07-02 15:30:00', 'booked'),
-> (6, 1, 1, '2024-07-03 16:00:00', 'booked'),
-> (2, 3, 2, '2024-06-26 09:00:00', 'cancelled'),
-> (3, 2, 3, '2024-06-27 10:30:00', 'booked'),
-> (4, 1, 4, '2024-06-28 14:00:00', 'cancelled'),
-> (5, 3, 5, '2024-06-29 11:00:00', 'cancelled'),
-> (6, 2, 1, '2024-06-30 15:30:00', 'booked'),
-> (1, 4, 2, '2024-07-01 16:00:00', 'booked'),
-> (2, 5, 3, '2024-07-02 08:30:00', 'cancelled'),
-> (3, 4, 4, '2024-07-03 09:00:00', 'booked'),
-> (4, 5, 5, '2024-07-04 10:30:00', 'booked');
Query OK, 15 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 15 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

## Relationships:

- Many-to-One relationship between **users** and **appointments** (via user\_id).
- Many-to-One relationship between **doctors** and **appointments** (via doctor\_id).
- Many-to-One relationship between **clinics** and **appointments** (via clinic\_id).

## ER-Diagram



### STEP-3

#### Query-1: All appointments booked in the last 7 days for a doctor

```
mysql> SELECT *
-> FROM appointments
-> WHERE doctor_id = 1
-> AND created_at >= NOW() - INTERVAL 7 DAY;
```

id	user_id	doctor_id	clinic_id	appointment_time	status	created_at
1	1	1	1	2024-06-28 09:00:00	booked	2024-06-28 19:28:37
6	6	1	1	2024-07-03 16:00:00	booked	2024-06-28 19:28:37
9	4	1	4	2024-06-28 14:00:00	cancelled	2024-06-28 19:28:37

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

#### EXPLAIN Image:

```
mysql> Explain SELECT *
-> FROM appointments
-> WHERE doctor_id = 1
-> AND created_at >= CURDATE() - INTERVAL 7 DAY;
```

id	select_type	table	partitions	type	possible_keys	key	key_len	ref	rows	filtered	Extra
1	SIMPLE	appointments	NULL	ref	doctor_id	doctor_id	4	const	4	33.33	Using where

1 row in set, 1 warning (0.00 sec)

#### Query-2: All appointments booked in the last 2 days and scheduled within the next 5 hours for a doctor

```
mysql> SELECT *
-> FROM appointments
-> WHERE doctor_id = 1
-> AND created_at >= NOW() - INTERVAL 2 DAY
-> AND appointment_time <= NOW() + INTERVAL 5 HOUR;
```

id	user_id	doctor_id	clinic_id	appointment_time	status	created_at
1	1	1	1	2024-06-28 09:00:00	booked	2024-06-28 19:28:37
9	4	1	4	2024-06-28 14:00:00	cancelled	2024-06-28 19:28:37

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

#### EXPLAIN Image:

```
mysql> EXPLAIN SELECT *
-> FROM appointments
-> WHERE doctor_id = 1
-> AND created_at >= CURDATE() - INTERVAL 2 DAY
-> AND appointment_time <= NOW() + INTERVAL 5 HOUR;
```

id	select_type	table	partitions	type	possible_keys	key	key_len	ref	rows	filtered	Extra
1	SIMPLE	appointments	NULL	ref	doctor_id	doctor_id	4	const	4	11.11	Using where

1 row in set, 1 warning (0.00 sec)



### Query-3:Users who have at least 1 appointment and have their birthday coming in the next 5 days

```
mysql> SELECT DISTINCT u.*
-> FROM users u
-> JOIN appointments a ON u.id = a.user_id
-> WHERE DATE_FORMAT(u.birthdate, '%m-%d') BETWEEN DATE_FORMAT(CURDATE(), '%m-%d') AND DATE_FORMAT(CURDATE() + INTERVAL 5 DAY, '%m-%d');
```

id	name	birthdate
1	Jane Doe	1990-06-28
2	Bob Smith	1985-06-29
3	Samuel Johnson	1978-06-30
4	Linda Brown	1995-07-01
5	George Wilson	1980-07-02
6	Anna Lee	1992-07-03
7	Yogi	2024-07-01

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

### EXPLAIN Image:

```
mysql> EXPLAIN SELECT DISTINCT u.*
-> FROM users u
-> JOIN appointments a ON u.id = a.user_id
-> WHERE DATE_FORMAT(u.birthdate, '%m-%d') BETWEEN DATE_FORMAT(CURDATE(), '%m-%d') AND DATE_FORMAT(CURDATE() + INTERVAL 5 DAY, '%m-%d');
```

id	select_type	table	partitions	type	possible_keys	key	key_len	ref	rows	filtered	Extra
1	SIMPLE	u	NULL	ALL	PRIMARY	NULL	NULL	NULL	7	100.00	Using where; Using temporary
1	SIMPLE	a	NULL	ref	user_id	user_id	4	appointment_system.u.id	1	100.00	Using index; Distinct

2 rows in set, 1 warning (0.00 sec)

### Query-4:Appointments for a particular patient in the last 7 days

```
mysql> SELECT *
-> FROM appointments
-> WHERE user_id = 1
-> AND created_at >= NOW() - INTERVAL 7 DAY;
```

id	user_id	doctor_id	clinic_id	appointment_time	status	created_at
1	1	1	1	2024-06-28 09:00:00	booked	2024-06-28 19:28:37
12	1	4	2	2024-07-01 16:00:00	booked	2024-06-28 19:28:37

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

### EXPLAIN Image:

```
mysql> EXPLAIN SELECT *
-> FROM appointments
-> WHERE user_id = 1
-> AND created_at >= CURDATE() - INTERVAL 7 DAY;
```

id	select_type	table	partitions	type	possible_keys	key	key_len	ref	rows	filtered	Extra
1	SIMPLE	appointments	NULL	ref	user_id	user_id	4	const	2	33.33	Using where

1 row in set, 1 warning (0.00 sec)

### Query-5:Appointment cancellation percentage for a doctor by clinic

```
mysql> SELECT c.name AS clinic_name,  
->         d.name AS doctor_name,  
->         (SUM(a.status = 'cancelled') / COUNT(*)) * 100 AS cancellation_percentage  
-> FROM appointments a  
-> JOIN clinics c ON a.clinic_id = c.id  
-> JOIN doctors d ON a.doctor_id = d.id  
-> WHERE a.doctor_id = 3  
-> GROUP BY c.id, d.id;
```

clinic_name	doctor_name	cancellation_percentage
Clinic C	Dr. Charlie	0.0000
Clinic B	Dr. Charlie	100.0000
Clinic E	Dr. Charlie	100.0000

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

### EXPLAIN Image:

```
mysql> EXPLAIN SELECT c.name,  
->         d.name AS doctor_name,  
->         (SUM(a.status = 'cancelled') / COUNT(*)) * 100 AS cancellation_percentage  
-> FROM appointments a  
-> JOIN clinics c ON a.clinic_id = c.id  
-> JOIN doctors d ON a.doctor_id = d.id  
-> WHERE a.doctor_id = 3  
-> GROUP BY c.id, d.id;
```

id	select_type	table	partitions	type	possible_keys	key	key_len	ref	rows	filtered	Extra
1	SIMPLE	d	NULL	const	PRIMARY	PRIMARY	4	const	1	100.00	Using temporary
1	SIMPLE	a	NULL	ref	doctor_id,clinic_id	doctor_id	4	const	3	100.00	NULL
1	SIMPLE	c	NULL	eq_ref	PRIMARY	PRIMARY	4	appointment_system.a.clinic_id	1	100.00	NULL

3 rows in set, 1 warning (0.00 sec)