Familytreemap User Guide

Dirk Struve phylofriend at projectory.de

https://github.com/yogischogi/familytreemap/

November 4, 2015

Contents

1	Introduction	1
2	Command Line Options	1
3	Installation 3.1 Linux Mint	2 2 2
4	First Usage	3
5	The -tin Option	3
6	How to Create a Heat Map	4

1 Introduction

For the lost ones.

Family treemap calculates population frequencies (relative or absolute) from Family Tree DNA projects.

It's main purpose is to create heat maps of project members.

2 Command Line Options

Familytreemap is a command line program. It is invoked by

familytreemap <options>

Options may be given in arbitrary order.

- -help Prints available program options.
- **-tin** Input file (testers is) contains the total number of testers for each country.
- -in Input file contains a table with Family Tree DNA project data in CSV format.
- -col Number of the column that contains the country names.
- **-out** Output file contains population frequencies in CSV format.
- -relative If -relative=false the absolute number of testers belonging to a group is calculated. Default value is -relative=true.

3 Installation

3.1 Linux Mint

- Make sure that the Go programming language is installed. You can install it by typing sudo apt-get install golang
- 2. Read the Go Getting Started guide. Make sure to set your GOPATH variable and include it in your PATH so that Go programs can be found.
- 3. Fetch the familytreemap program with go get github.com/yogischogi/familytreemap
- 4. Install the program with go install github.com/yogischogi/familytreemap

3.2 Windows, FreeBSD, Mac OS X

1. Read the Go Getting Started guide and install the Go programming language. Make sure to set your *GOPATH* variable and include it in your *PATH* so that Go programs can be found.

- 2. Fetch the familytreemap program with go get github.com/yogischogi/familytreemap
- 3. Install the program with go install github.com/yogischogi/familytreemap

4 First Usage

- 1. Go to a Family Tree DNA project on the web and open the page containing the DNA results in a web browser.
- 2. Copy the results into a spreadsheet and save it in CSV (Comma Separated Values) format. For this example name it *projectdata.csv*.
- 3. Open a command line interpreter and go to the directory where your files are.
- 4. Determine the number of the column which contains the countries. Often this is 3, familytreemap's default value.
- 5. Issue a command to test if the program works:

 familytreemap -in projectdata.csv -out result.csv -col 3

 The program should be working and prompt you to use the -tin option to provide the number of total testers for each country. Without the -tin option it is not possible to calculate an accurate relative distribution. Instead the program uses build in example data.

5 The -tin Option

To calculate a relative distribution of project members it is necessary to provide a number for each country which denotes the total number of testers from that country.

This is done by using the -tin option and providing a file in JSON format that contains country names and the total number of testers. A very simple example file for just three countries looks like this:

```
{"Belarus":1000,
"Belgium":2000,
"Brazil":100}
```

A good way to get the number of testers for each country is to sign into Family Tree DNA and go to *Ancestral Origins*. If you have completed your -tin file, you can name it for example *totals.json* and provide it to the program like this:

familytreemap -tin totals.json -in projectdata.csv -out result.csv
-col 3

The program should be fully working now.

6 How to Create a Heat Map

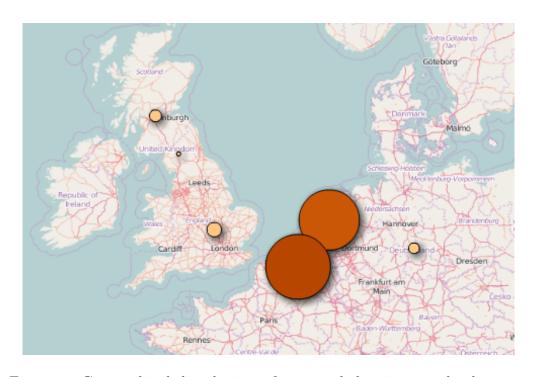


Figure 1: Geographical distribution of persons belonging to a haplogroup. Created with OpenHeatMap.

- Run the familytreemap program: familytreemap -tin totals.json -in projectdata.csv -out result.csv -col 3
- 2. Open your web browser and go to http://www.openheatmap.com.
 - (a) Click on Create your map.

- (b) Excel or CSV file.
- (c) Upload your results file, in this example result.csv.
- (d) $View\ your\ map$ and adjust the settings until you like it.
- (e) Save & view
- 3. You are done! You can share your map via social networks or take a screenshot of it.