If we have a list or set of Account object, then to navigate through all object we may use following ways

for(Account ac:acclst)	This for each loop will hep you to navigate
{	through all objecvt of acclst one by one,
System.out.println(ac)	But inside this loop, you cannot perform
}	remove or add operation on the aclst.
	Otherwise you will get runtime exception.
	Example:
	actlst.remove(ac) or actlst.add(ac1) these
	operations are not allowed
	But you may change the values inside one of
	the accounts object
	Example, ac.setBalance(50000);
Iteractor <account> it=acclst.iterator()</account>	Line 1 will place the iterator before first object,
//line1	Iterator interface has 3 methods
while(it.hasNext()){	hasNext() returns true if next object is
Account ac=it.next();	there
/*if(ac.getAccId()==id){	next()→ will jump over next object and
It.remove();	returns that object
<b>}*/</b>	remove()→it will delete the object the one
System.out.println(ac);	that is read by next() function
<b> </b> }	
	So based on condition if you need to remove
	one of the object you may use iterator
Actlst.removelf(ac->ac.getBalance()<3000)	To delete multiple objects based on condition
	then use removelf method.