

Malware Analysis and Memory Forensics

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Table of contents

S.no	content	Page.no
1	Summary	3
2	From which operating system's version this image was taken?	4
3	What are the strange processes? Are they malicious? Why?	4-5
4	Which process is making network connections?	6-7
5	Where are the remote IP addresses/domain name located?	7
6	Find where the malicious program is recorded in the registry start-up list.	7
7	How does this malware execute its code on the system? dump it	7
8	What are the sections of this PE file?	8
9	What's the SHA256 of this malware?	8
10	Any interesting strings from this malware?	8
11	What is this malware's name?	8
12	Give its mutexes.	9
13	What is the hooked API? From which processes?	9
14	Does this malware propagate/spread itself?	9
15	Write a script/program to clean an infected system automatically. If you aren't able to do it, show the manual steps.	9

Summary

Malware:

Malware also known as malicious software , is a program developed for the purpose of harming a computer, without the concern of the user.

This report shows, behaviour of this malware "Sample_7_exam.exe" in computer by doing malware analysis and digital forensics.

Identification:

We can identify malware using sha256, file, strings, CFF Explorer.

Dynamic analysis:

Dynamic Analysis is performed Using digital forensics tools: Procmon, TCPView, Autorun, Memory dump generation.

Memory forensics analysis:

Memory forensics analysis is performed by using command options: connnections, connscan, sockets, pslist, psxview.

Questions and Answers:

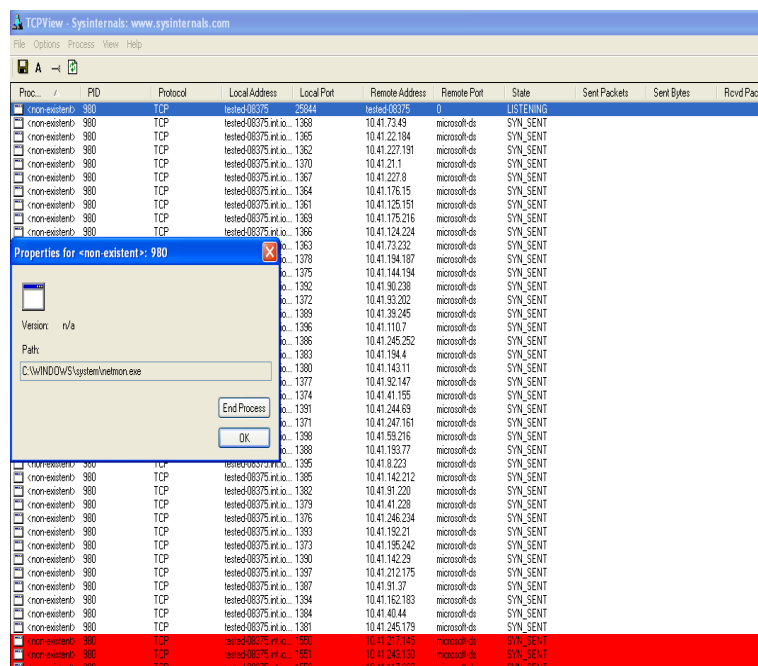
1. From which operating system's version this image was taken?

- The image was taken from **WinXPSP2x86, WinXPSP3x86**.

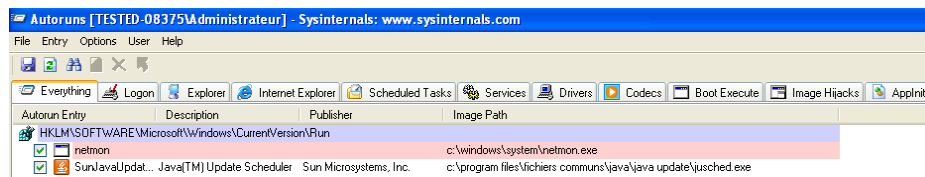
```
root@kali:~/Downloads# vv -f dump7.raw imageinfo
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6.1
INFO : volatility.debug : Determining profile based on KDBG search...
      Suggested Profile(s) : WinXPSP2x86, WinXPSP3x86 (Instantiated with WinXPSP2x86)
      AS Layer1 : IA32PagedMemoryPae (Kernel AS)
      AS Layer2 : FileAddressSpace (/root/Downloads/dump7.raw)
      PAE type : PAE
      DTB : 0xb77000L
      KDBG : 0x80545ae0L
      Number of Processors : 1
      Image Type (Service Pack) : 3
      KPCR for CPU 0 : 0xffdf000L
      KUSER_SHARED_DATA : 0xffdf000L
      Image date and time : 2019-06-25 17:06:18 UTC+0000
      Image local date and time : 2019-06-25 19:06:18 +0200
root@kali:~/Downloads#
```

2. What are the strange processes? Are they malicious? Why?

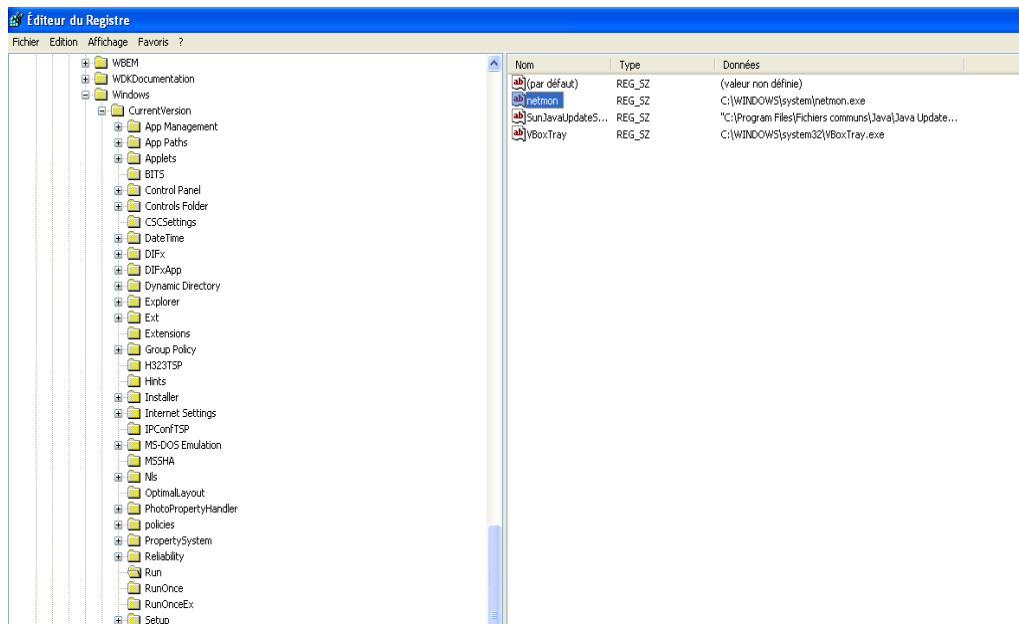
- Using TCP view, found a strange process as below after malware has been executed which was stored in the system C:\windows\system\netmon.exe



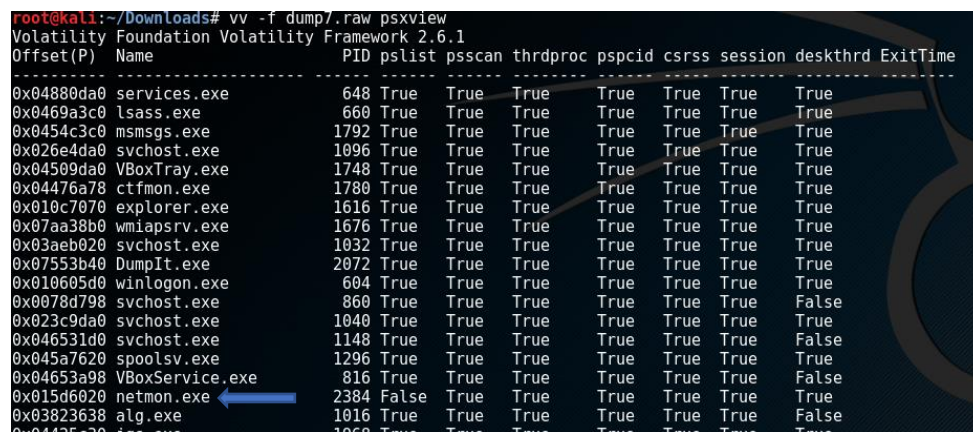
- Same netmon.exe process found while checking with Autorun as below



- When we jump to that process we can see that registry was opened where it had been stored.



- When checked with pslist, pstree and cmdline no suspicious process were found and when with psxview, found offset & pid of netmon.exe as below,



3. Which process is making network connections?

- After doing connections scan, below are the found active connections with port no 445 having same pid 2384.

```
root@kali:~/Downloads# vv -f dump7.raw connections
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6.1
```

Offset(V)	Local Address	Remote Address	Pid
0xffba6248	192.168.0.31:2203	192.168.164.239:445	2384
0xff823a88	192.168.0.31:2210	192.168.232.85:445	2384
0xff80ee20	192.168.0.31:2216	192.168.117.89:445	2384
0xff856468	192.168.0.31:2185	192.168.52.152:445	2384
0xff8014e0	192.168.0.31:2191	192.168.193.155:445	2384
0xff810780	192.168.0.31:2205	192.168.73.232:445	2384
0xff855008	0.16.0.0:2187	0.0.0.0:445	27672576
0x80df1960	3.0.52.10:20564	108.25.223.128:21571	0
0xff8551a8	55.0.51.10:35071	0.0.0.0:8192	4286908976
0xff7efe68	192.168.0.31:2218	192.168.27.82:445	2384
0xff82d008	192.168.0.31:2245	192.168.234.151:445	2384
0xff823008	192.168.0.31:2200	192.168.171.250:445	2384
0xff803e68	192.168.0.31:2207	192.168.239.96:445	2384
0xff835008	192.168.0.31:2196	192.168.178.5:445	2384
0xff88c100	192.168.0.31:2182	192.168.59.163:445	2384
0xff81a9e8	192.168.0.31:2213	192.168.124.100:445	2384
0xff7f2858	192.168.0.31:2220	192.168.192.202:445	2384
0xff7f2008	192.168.0.31:2195	192.168.13.13:445	2384
0x80dee3b0	192.168.0.31:2202	192.168.81.115:445	2384
0xff8412d8	192.168.0.31:2209	192.168.149.89:445	2384
0xff826008	192.168.0.31:2198	192.168.95.137:445	2384
0xff835008	192.168.0.31:2196	192.168.178.5:445	2384
0xff882008	192.168.0.31:2232	192.168.227.184:445	2384
0xff87f008	192.168.0.31:2215	192.168.34.93:445	2384
0xff83a3a8	192.168.0.31:2222	192.168.102.195:445	2384
0xffa04b48	192.168.0.31:2190	192.168.110.31:445	2384
0xff7eb008	192.168.0.31:2204	192.168.246.107:445	2384

- Now checking with connsnscan, below are the found active connections with port no 445 having same pid 2384.

```
root@kali:~/Downloads# vv -f dump7.raw connsnscan
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6.1
```

Offset(P)	Local Address	Remote Address	Pid
0x00129008	192.168.0.31:1164	192.168.134.125:445	0
0x00243008	192.168.0.31:2204	192.168.246.107:445	2384
0x00243308	192.168.0.31:1398	192.168.37.143:445	0
0x0078a1c0	192.168.0.31:1600	192.168.21.142:445	2384
0x0078ad80	192.168.0.31:1597	192.168.210.91:445	2384
0x00dde100	192.168.0.31:1350	192.168.130.126:445	0
0x00dde2a0	192.168.0.31:1349	192.168.215.101:445	0
0x00dde440	192.168.0.31:1348	192.168.44.78:445	0
0x00deddd0	192.168.0.31:1269	192.168.19.236:445	2384
0x00e24cc8	192.168.0.31:1138	192.168.217.49:445	0
0x00e24e68	192.168.0.31:1137	192.168.99.153:445	0
0x00e7c2e0	192.168.0.31:1335	192.168.20.233:445	0
0x00e7c520	192.168.0.31:1336	192.168.43.45:445	0
0x00e7c760	192.168.0.31:1337	192.168.214.68:445	0
0x00e7c9a0	192.168.0.31:1284	192.168.248.195:445	2384
0x00e7ce20	192.168.0.31:2216	192.168.117.89:445	2384
0x00ef8b48	192.168.0.31:2190	192.168.110.31:445	2384
0x00fb6890	192.168.0.31:1629	192.168.146.44:445	2384
0x0114a750	192.168.0.31:1456	192.168.134.36:445	0
0x011513b0	192.168.0.31:2202	192.168.81.115:445	2384
0x01151780	192.168.0.31:2189	192.168.27.35:445	2384
0x01153968	192.168.0.31:1807	192.168.80.157:445	2384
0x01154978	192.168.0.31:2186	192.168.135.20:445	2384
0x01157008	192.168.0.31:2188	192.168.44.141:445	2384
0x01157228	192.168.0.31:1581	192.168.40.216:445	2384
0x01157a58	192.168.0.31:1458	192.168.208.19:445	0
0x01158008	192.168.0.31:2199	192.168.88.126:445	2384
0x0115e630	192.168.0.31:1647	192.168.31.240:445	2384

- After checking with sockets, below are the found active pid 2384 communicating on different port numbers using “TCP protocol”.

```
root@kali:~/Downloads# vv -f dump7.raw sockets
```

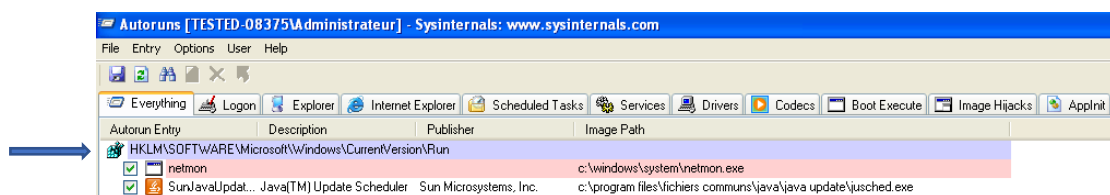
Volatility Foundation Offset(V)	PID	Volatility Framework 2.6.1 Port	Proto	Protocol	Address	Create Time
0xff84d2b8	2384	2216	6	TCP	0.0.0.0	2019-06-25 17:06:17 UTC+0000
0xff7f0d60	2384	2189	6	TCP	0.0.0.0	2019-06-25 17:06:16 UTC+0000
0xff83b540	2384	2220	6	TCP	0.0.0.0	2019-06-25 17:06:17 UTC+0000
0xff823638	2384	2193	6	TCP	0.0.0.0	2019-06-25 17:06:17 UTC+0000
0xff7f15e0	2384	2197	6	TCP	0.0.0.0	2019-06-25 17:06:17 UTC+0000

4. Where are the remote ip address located?

- Remote ip address are located at offset of the process.

5. Find where the malicious program is recorded in the registry startup list?

- The malicious program is recorded in the path :
HKLM\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run, this is identified using autorun.



6. How does this malware execute its code on the system? dump it.

- Searched for dll list using #vv -f dup.raw dlllist -p 2384 -o 0x015d6020 , didn't find any dll files related to netmon.exe

```
root@kali:~/Downloads# vv -f dup.raw dlllist -p 2384 -o 0x015d6020
```

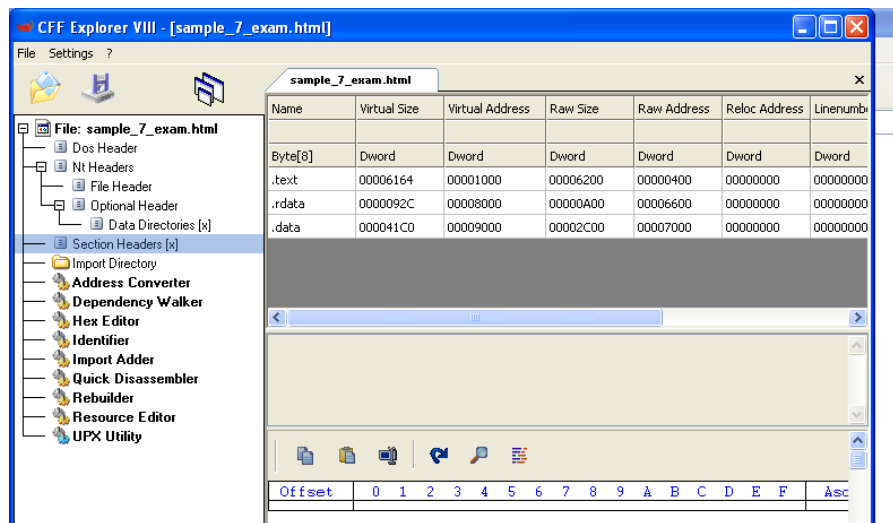
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6.1

netmon.exe pid: 2384
Command line : C:\WINDOWS\system\netmon.exe
Service Pack 3

Base	Size	LoadCount	LoadTime	Path
0x29a0000	0x1e00	0xffff		C:\WINDOWS\system\netmon.exe
0x7c91000	0xb600	0xffff		C:\WINDOWS\system32\ntdll.dll
0x7c80000	0x16000	0xffff		C:\WINDOWS\system32\kernel32.dll
0x7e39000	0xd100	0xffff		C:\WINDOWS\system32\USER32.dll
0x77ef000	0x49000	0xffff		C:\WINDOWS\system32\GDI32.dll
0x77da000	0xac000	0xffff		C:\WINDOWS\system32\ADVAPI32.dll
0x77e5000	0x92000	0xffff		C:\WINDOWS\system32\RPCRT4.dll
0x77fc000	0x11000	0xffff		C:\WINDOWS\system32\Secur32.dll
0x7c9d000	0x825000	0xffff		C:\WINDOWS\system32\SHELL32.dll
0x77be000	0x58000	0xffff		C:\WINDOWS\system32\user32.dll
0x7714000	0x76000	0xffff		C:\WINDOWS\system32\SHLWAPI.dll
0x71a1000	0xa000	0xffff		C:\WINDOWS\system32\WSOCK32.dll
0x719f000	0x17000	0xffff		C:\WINDOWS\system32\WS2_32.dll
0x719e000	0x8000	0xffff		C:\WINDOWS\system32\WS2HELP.dll
0x71a6000	0x12000	0xffff		C:\WINDOWS\system32\VMPS.dll
0x58b5000	0x9a000	0xffff		C:\WINDOWS\system32\COMCTL32.dll
0x620c000	0x0000	0x1		C:\WINDOWS\system32\LPK.dll
0x753c000	0x6b000	0x1		C:\WINDOWS\system32\USP10.dll
0x7739000	0x183000	0x1		C:\WINDOWS\WinSxS\Microsoft.Windows.Common-Controls_6595b64144ccf1df_6.0.2600.5512_x-ww_35d4ce83\comctl32.dll
0x7199000	0x40000	0x5		C:\WINDOWS\system32\mswsock.dll
0x76ed000	0x27000	0x2		C:\WINDOWS\system32\DNSAPI.dll
0x76f6000	0x8000	0x1		C:\WINDOWS\system32\winhlp.dll
0x76f1000	0x24000	0x1		C:\WINDOWS\system32\WLDAP32.dll
0x76f7000	0x6000	0x1		C:\WINDOWS\system32\vasadhip.dll
0x62e4000	0x59000	0x1		C:\WINDOWS\system32\hnetcfg.dll
0x719d000	0x8000	0x1		C:\WINDOWS\system32\wshtcpip.dll

7. What are the sections of this PE file?

- The sections are .text, .rdata, .data for the process file.



8. Any interesting strings from this malware?

```
root@kali:~/Downloads# strings dump7.raw | grep netmon.exe
C:\WINDOWS\system\netmon.exe
wC:\WINDOWS\system\netmon.exe
C:\WINDOWS\system\netmon.exe
|C:\WINDOWS\system\netmon.exe
netmon.exe
C:\WINDOWS\system\netmon.exe
wC:\WINDOWS\system\netmon.exe
C:\WINDOWS\system\netmon.exe
C:\WINDOWS\system\netmon.exe
C:\WINDOWS\system\netmon.exe
C:\WINDOWS\system\netmon.exe
XC:\WINDOWS\system\netmon.exe
C:\WINDOWS\system\netmon.exe
C:\WINDOWS\system\netmon.exe
C:\WINDOWS\system\netmon.exe
root@kali:~/Downloads#
```

9. What's the SHA256 of this malware?

- I have taken sha256sum for malware file.

```
root@kali:~/Downloads# sha256sum sample_7_exam.exe
fc624e6590cee8ef8840555eb96a9a8cbd510d36610d7e8e035014750cb573 sample_7_exam.exe
root@kali:~/Downloads#
```

10. What is the malware name?

- The malware name is netmon.exe

11. Give it's mutex?

- Below are the mutex found for pid 2384,

```
root@kali:~/Downloads# vv -f dump7.raw handles -t mutant -p 2384 -o 0x015d6020
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6.1
Offset(V)      Pid      Handle      Access Type      Details
-----
0xff994648    2384      0x5c      0x1f0001 Mutant      LxLXsithwarlordXLxL
```

13. What is the hooked API? From which processes?

- Didn't find any hooked API's.

14. Does this malware propagate/spread itself?

- Yes, once the malware has been executed its running some process on background and when It will start itself after rebooting of pc and ask for user permission to execute or not.

15. Write a script/program to clean an infected system automatically. If you aren't able to do it, show the manual steps.

To clean the infected system,

- Go to registry file "is **HKLM\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run**" and delete netmon.exe file.
- Open TCP view, right click on netmon connections and end the process.
- Go to **windows/system/netmon.exe** and delete the file permanently.