BIG DATA

SECTION D

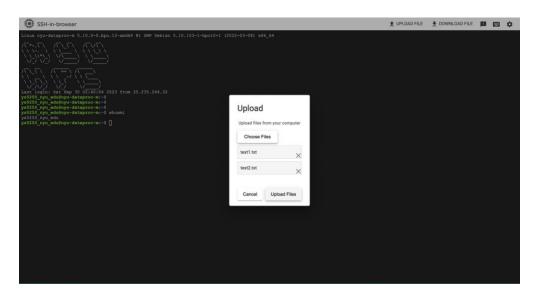
Fall'2023

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ys5250

GHW#2

Uploaded the text files:



Put them on HDFS

```
ys5250_nyu_edu@nyu-dataproc-m:~$
ys5250_nyu_edu@nyu-dataproc-m:~$ hdfs dfs -put text1.txt
ys5250_nyu_edu@nyu-dataproc-m:~$ hdfs dfs -put text2.txt
ys5250_nyu_edu@nyu-dataproc-m:~$ ls
text1.txt text2.txt
ys5250_nyu_edu@nyu-dataproc-m:~$ hdfs dfs -ls
Found 2 items
-rw-r--r-- 1 ys5250_nyu_edu ys5250_nyu_edu 122704772 2023-10-06 22:33 text1.txt
-rw-r--r-- 1 ys5250_nyu_edu ys5250_nyu_edu 108989288 2023-10-06 22:33 text2.txt
```

Created the mapper.py and reducer.py and uploaded them:

mapper.py:

```
#!/usr/bin/env python

# import sys because we need to read and write data to STDIN and STDOUT
import sys
for line in sys.stdin:
    line = line.strip()
    words = line.split()
    for word in words:
        print '%s\t%s' % (word, 1)
```

reducer.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
from operator import itemgetter
import sys
current_word = None
current_count = 0
word = None
max_word = None
max\_count = 0
# read the entire line from STDIN
for line in sys.stdin:
    # remove leading and trailing whitespace
    line = line.strip()
    # splitting the data on the basis of tab we have provided in mapper.py
    word, count = line.split('\t', 1)
    # convert count (currently a string) to int
    try:
        count = int(count)
    except ValueError:
        continue
    if current_word == word:
        current_count += count
    else:
        if current_word:
            # write result to STDOUT
            print('%s\t%s' % (current_word, current_count))
            # check if the current word has a higher count than the previous maximum
            if current_count > max_count:
                max_word = current_word
                max_count = current_count
        current_count = count
        current_word = word
if current_word == word:
    print("%s\t%s' % (current_word, current_count))
    # check if the last word has a higher count than the previous maximum
    if current_count > max_count:
        max_word = current_word
        max_count = current_count
# print the maximum occurring word(s) at the end of the output
if max word is not None:
    print("Maximum Occurring Word(s): %s\t%s" % (max_word, max_count))
```

```
7.2310 ov. schinyu dispro-v-s-f hodoo is 500007 NOME/hadoop-streaming-3.2.2.jar -input texti.txt -output outputpython! -mapper "python mapper.py" -reducer "python reducer.py" -file amples py -mindendocfusa is provided by the state of the s
```

```
Launched reduce tasks:

Launched reduce tasks:

Rack-local map tasks:

Rack-local map tasks:

Total time spent by all reduces in occupied slots (ms)=469800

Total time spent by all reduce sin occupied slots (ms)=5652

Total time spent by all reduce task (ms)=7313

Total voor-milliseconds tasken by all map tasks=1124625

Total voor-milliseconds tasken by all map tasks=1124625

Total mapphyte-milliseconds tasken by all map tasks=1124625

Total mapphyte-milliseconds tasken by all reduce tasks=16020646

Mop-Reduce Framework

Map ocupit records=702735

Madue input spent=702735

Map ocupit spent=702735

Map oc
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Launched reduce taske-i
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Date-local map taske-is
Total time spent by all map in occupied slots (ms)-4333988
Total time spent by all map in occupied slots (ms)-833988
Total time spent by all reduces in occupied slots (ms)-83398
Total time spent by all reduce taske (ms)-4839
Total voor-miliseconds taken by all map taske-103497
Total voor-miliseconds taken by all map taske-103497
Total voor-miliseconds taken by all reduce taske-19807704
Mp-Robins Framevork
Mp-Robins Framevork
Mp-Robins Framevork
Mp-Robins Framevork
Mp-Robins input records-199318
Mp output pre-st-2038753
Mp output materialised bytes-17895641
Combins input records-1993518
Mp output materialised bytes-17895641
Robins input records-1993518
Robins in
```

Get and download the files:

```
ys5250_nyu_edu@nyu-dataproc-m:~% hdfs dfs -get outputpython1
ys5250_nyu_edu@nyu-dataproc-m:~% hdfs dfs -get outputpython2
ys5250_nyu_edu@nyu-dataproc-m:~% ls outputpython1
SUCCESS part-00000
ys5250_nyu_edu@nyu-dataproc-m:~% ls outputpython2
SUCCESS part-00000
ys5250_nyu_edu@nyu-dataproc-m:~% hadoop fs -copyToLocal outputpython1/part-00000 wordCountMaxWord1.txt
ys5250_nyu_edu@nyu-dataproc-m:~% hadoop fs -copyToLocal outputpython2/part-00000 wordCountMaxWord2.txt
ys5250_nyu_edu@nyu-dataproc-m:~% ls
'!' mapper.py outputpython1 outputpython2 reducer.py wordCountMaxWord1.txt wordCountMaxWord2.txt
ys5250_nyu_edu@nyu-dataproc-m:~%
```

1. Show the output for both the files for the above modifications by attaching the output text file.

Answer) The output for the files are in the same folder as this document

For text1.txt: wordCountMaxWord1.txt For text2.txt: wordCountMaxWord2.txt

2. The Mapper and Reducer code of language of your choice

Answer) The mapper and reducer are in the same folder as mapper.py and reducer.py

3. What difference do you notice in the output directory after running the map reduce job?

Answer) The difference in the output directories (outputpython1 and outputpython2) have only one part unlike multiple parts that were concatenated in the previous exercise.

4. Why do you think there is a difference in the output despite the input files being of similar size?

Answer) The reason for the variance in the output between the two files primarily lies in the differences within their content. Although the files may have similar sizes, disparities in word usage and frequencies can lead to varying word count results. Several factors contribute to these discrepancies:

Firstly, the presence of unique words in one file, not found in the other, significantly influences the word count. These distinctive terms contribute to the divergence in the final counts.

Secondly, the distribution of word frequencies can differ substantially. One file may contain a few words that appear very frequently, whereas the other might exhibit a more even distribution of word frequencies. This variation directly impacts the overall word count figures.

Lastly, the order of words within the files can also play a pivotal role. If the sequencing of words varies significantly between the two files, it can lead to disparities in word counts. As a graduate student, understanding these factors provides valuable insights into the intricacies of text analysis and the potential sources of variation in word count results.