## Update for the Week of December 9, 2014

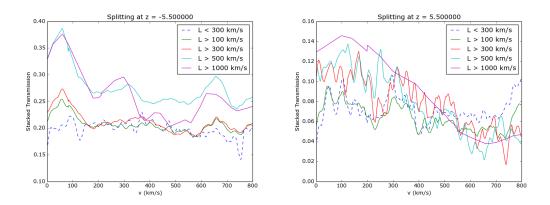


Figure 1: The above plots show the results of stacking outside of dark gaps located at  $z \leq 5.5$  (left) and  $z \geq 5.5$  (right). The first thing we notice is that the  $z \geq 5.5$  plot is noisier but does not show a hint of a damping-wing feature. Additionally, we see that  $\langle F \rangle_{z \leq 5.5} \approx 0.2$ , while  $\langle F \rangle_{z \geq 5.5} \approx 0.07$ , somewhat consistent with what we'd expect.

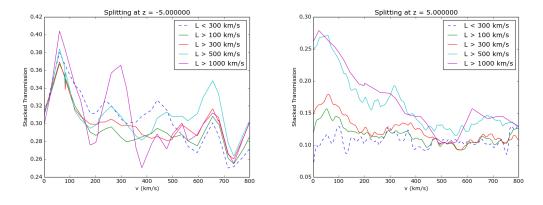
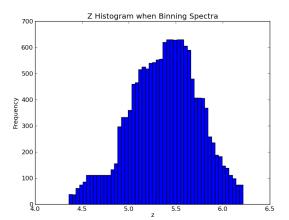


Figure 2: This figure is identical to Fig. 1 except that we split the stacking at  $z_{\rm cut}=5$  instead of  $z_{\rm cut}=5.5$ . By doing so, we see that we get  $\langle F \rangle_{z>5}\approx 0.1$ , somewhat matching what we would expect. It seems the curiously high mean transmission in the left-hand plot of Fig 1 may be due to spectra at z<5.



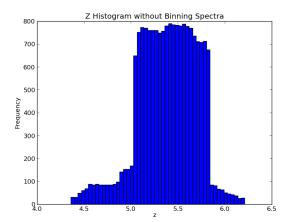


Figure 3: The above figure shows the distribution of z values that the pixels in our spectra take. The left-hand plot show the results when all spectra are binned to a common resolution, such that high-resolution spectra don't dominate the histogram, and the right-hand plot does not perform such a binning.

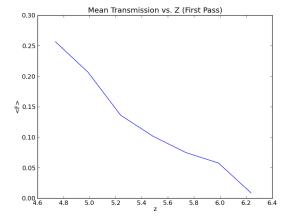


Figure 4: Mean transmission in Ly $\alpha$  as a function of redshift for the spectra. Here we have bins in redshift of width  $\Delta z = 0.25$  centered at z.

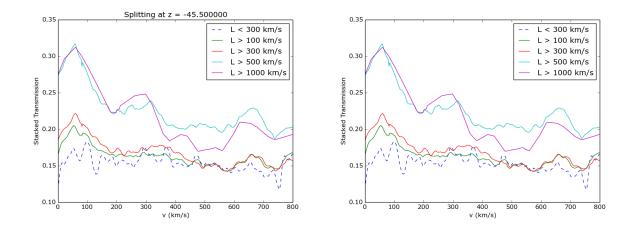


Figure 5: This is a sanity check, the two above plots should be the same.