

Basic Life Support

Basic Life Support Objectives



- To understand the structured approach to basic life support
- ▶ To learn the sequence of basic life support
- To describe the skills to be acquired

Basic Life Support Priorities



Airway

Breathing

Circulation











AirwayJaw thrust









FINGER SWEEP IS DANGEROUS IN CHILDREN





Check pulse, check signs of circulation

Start CPR

Call Emergency Services









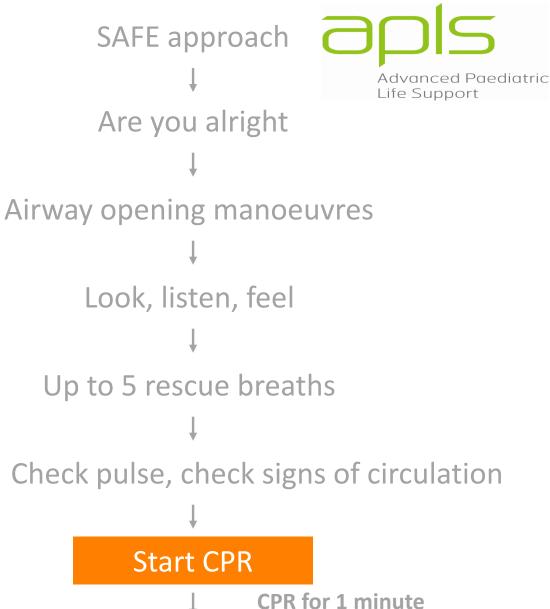
Start Chest Compressions if.....



- No pulse
- Slow pulse (<60 per min with poor perfusion)</p>
- No signs of circulation (absence of movement, coughing and normal breathing)







Call Emergency Services





SAFE approach Are you alright Airway opening manoeuvres Look, listen, feel Up to 5 rescue breaths Check pulse, check signs of circulation Start CPR **CPR for 1 minute** Call Emergency Services



CPR Rates in Infants and Children

Single Rescuer

Two Rescuers

> 30:2

15:2

Compression rate in all ages 100 per minute

SAFE approach Are you alright Airway opening manoeuvres Look, listen, feel Up to 5 rescue breaths Check pulse, check signs of circulation Start CPR **CPR for 1 minute Call Emergency Services**

Advanced Paediatric Life Support



Basic Life Support

If spontaneous breathing and circulation return

RECOVERY POSITION





Advanced Paediatric Life Support



BLS and the choking child

BLS Demo



Cardiac Arrest Initial actions



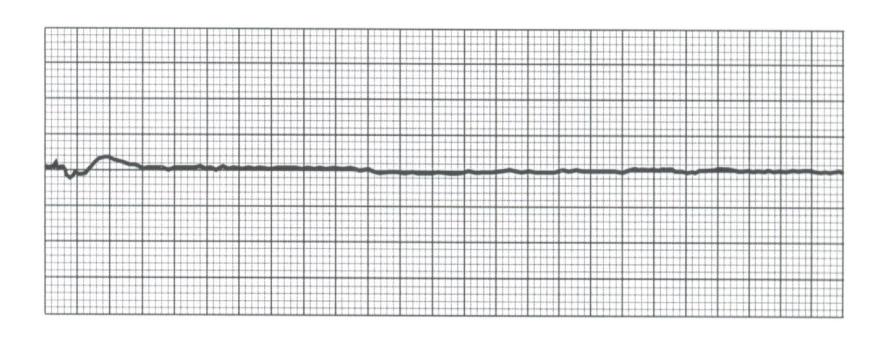
- Commence basic life support
- Secure airway
- Deliver high-flow oxygen
- Assess rhythm

Cardiac Arrest Rhythms



- Asystole
- Pulseless Electrical Activity (PEA)
- Ventricular fibrillation and pulseless VT

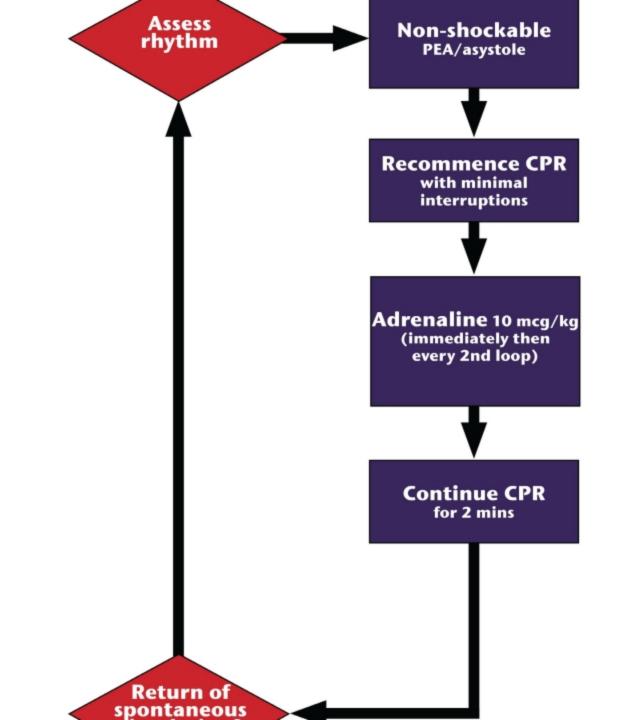




PEA (EMD)

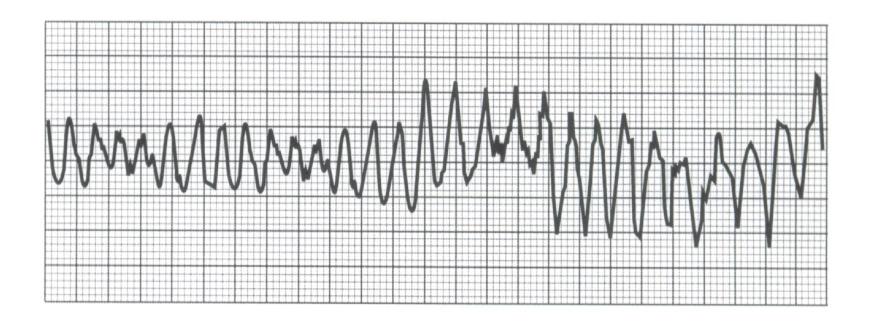


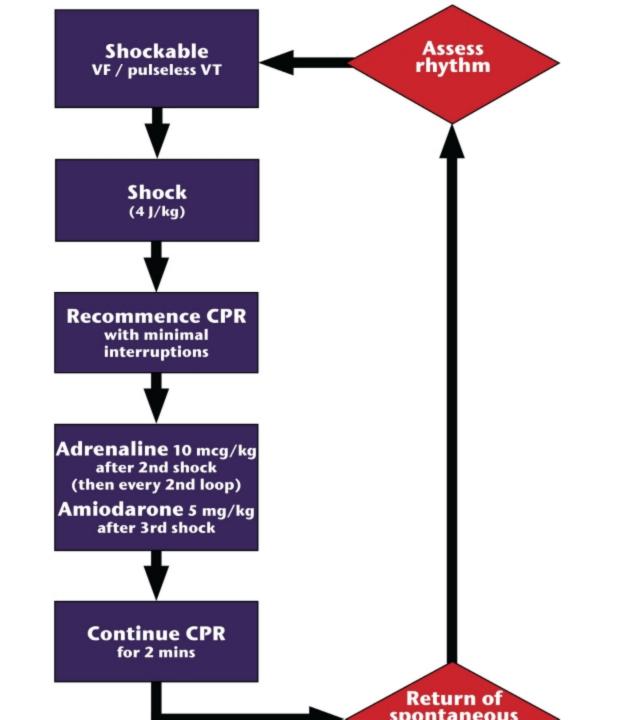




Ventricular Fibrillation











- Airway
- Breathing
- Circulation
- Disability

