

Electrical and Computer Engineering Department
ECE 4510 Microcontroller Applications



Design Project #1

Conveyer Belt with Object Detection

Yonatan Beyene & Dawson Hamill

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Introduction

The purpose of this lab is to design and interface with a conveyer belt which can stop an object using a photo receiver sensor. We implemented debounced SPST switches, an H-bridge motor driver, a buzzer, a voltage divider circuit, an amplifier, LEDs, a graphical LCD and the STM32F429ZI microcontroller in our design. First, we divided the project into three tasks. Then we implemented each task. After we were able to accomplish each task, we then incorporated the bonus projects. In the following sections, we will describe our design and the C program we developed to implement it.

Design

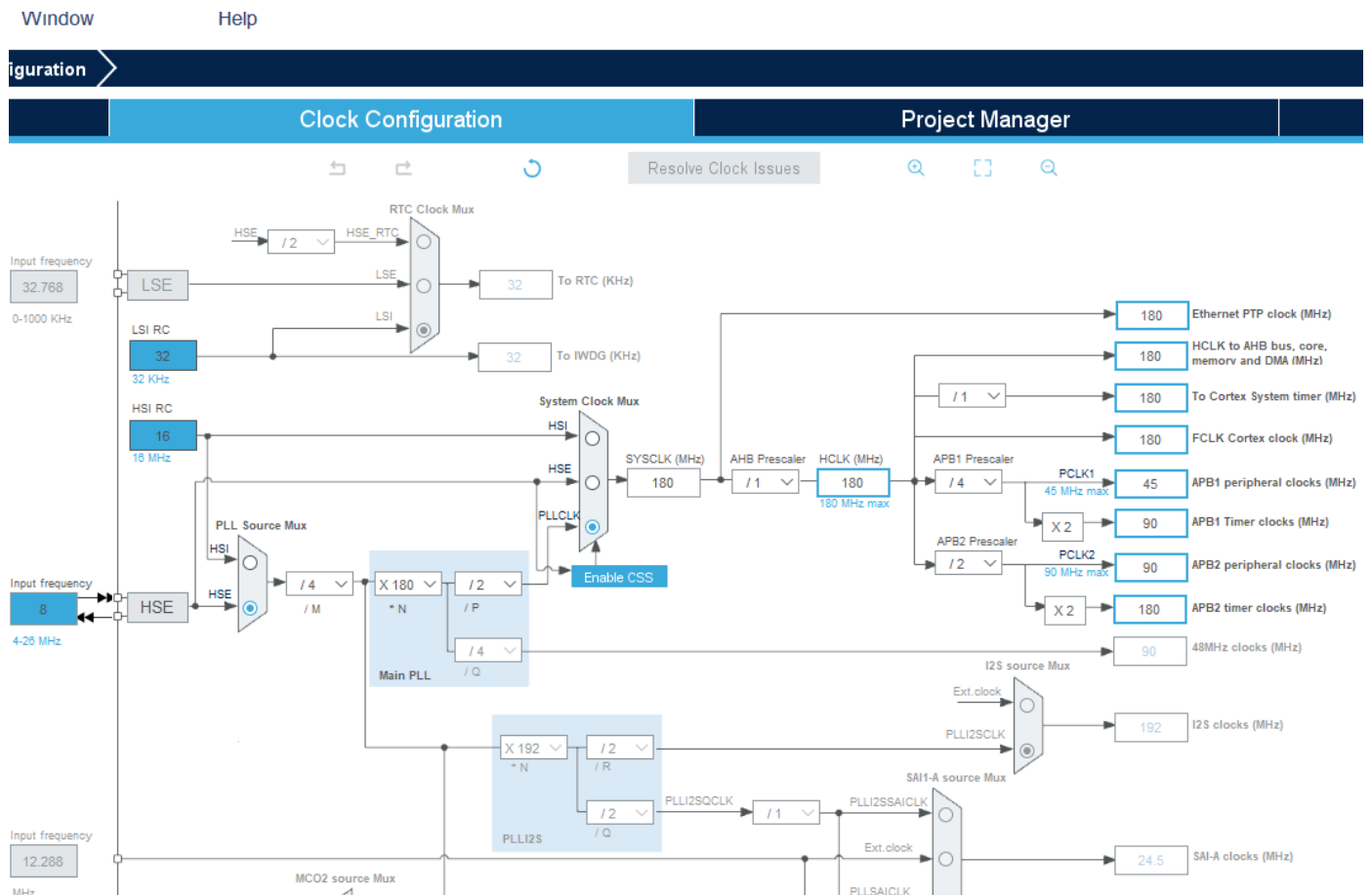
The design section will provide a brief description of the pins and modules used. The configuration settings will also be shown.

Port Configurations

Below are our pin configurations in STM32CubeMX used to implement the project.

Clock

We first configured the HCLK rate and the AHB clock rate (using the HSE 8MHz clock) to 180MHz. Our configuration is as follows.



LED indicator and IR LED

The LED indicator is mapped with pin PD0 and IR emitter LED (IR_LED) is mapped with pin PD1. Both pins are GPIO outputs. Configuration is shown below.

The screenshot displays the STM32CubeMX software interface for configuring GPIO pins. The 'Configuration' tab is active, showing a table of pin configurations. The 'PD0' and 'PD1' pins are highlighted in green, indicating they are configured as outputs. The 'PD0' pin is labeled 'LED' and the 'PD1' pin is labeled 'IR_LED'. The 'PD2' pin is labeled 'REVERSE' and the 'PD3' pin is labeled 'FORWARD'. The 'PD4' pin is labeled 'VSS'.

Pin Name	Signal on Pin	GPIO output	GPIO mode	GPIO Pull-up	Maximum ou...	User Label	Modified
PD0	n/a	Low	Output Push...	No pull-up an...	High	LED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PD1	n/a	Low	Output Push...	No pull-up an...	High	IR_LED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PD2	n/a	Low	Output Push...	No pull-up an...	High	FORWARD	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PD3	n/a	Low	Output Push...	No pull-up an...	High	REVERSE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PD4	n/a	Low	Output Push...	No pull-up an...	Low	RS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PE4	n/a	Low	Output Push...	No pull-up an...	Low	Reset	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PG9	n/a	n/a	External Inte...	No pull-up an...	n/a	DISTANCE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PG11	n/a	n/a	Input mode	No pull-up an...	n/a	E_STOP	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PG12	n/a	n/a	External Inte...	No pull-up an...	n/a	DIRECTION	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PG13	n/a	n/a	Input mode	No pull-up an...	n/a	START	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PG14	n/a	n/a	Input mode	No pull-up an...	n/a	STOP	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

The 'PD0 Configuration' section shows the following settings:

- GPIO output level: Low
- GPIO mode: Output Push Pull
- GPIO Pull-up/Pull-down: No pull-up and no pull-down
- Maximum output speed: High
- User Label: LED

The pinout view on the right shows the physical pin connections for the STM32F103C8T6 microcontroller. The pins are labeled: VSS, PD5, PD4, PD3, PD2, PD1, PD0, PC12, PC11, PC10, PA15, PA14, VDD, VSS, VCAP.., PA13, PA12, PA11.

START, STOP and Emergency Stop

START# signal, STOP# signal (which later is replaced by signals from photo receiver sensors) and Emergency Stop signal are mapped to pin PG13, PG14 and PG11 respectively. All these three signals are active low signals. They are configured as GPIO input. Their configuration is as follows.

The screenshot shows the STM32CubeMX software interface for configuring GPIO pins. The 'GPIO Mode and Configuration' tab is active, displaying a table of pin configurations. The 'Pinout view' is also visible on the right, showing the physical pin layout with labels for various signals.

Pin Name	Signal on Pin	GPIO output	GPIO mode	GPIO Pull-up	Maximum ou...	User Label	Modified
PD0	n/a	Low	Output Push...	No pull-up an...	High	LED	✓
PD1	n/a	Low	Output Push...	No pull-up an...	High	IR_LED	✓
PD2	n/a	Low	Output Push...	No pull-up an...	High	FORWARD	✓
PD3	n/a	Low	Output Push...	No pull-up an...	High	REVERSE	✓
PE3	n/a	Low	Output Push...	No pull-up an...	Low	RS	✓
PE4	n/a	Low	Output Push...	No pull-up an...	Low	Reset	✓
PG9	n/a	n/a	External Inte...	No pull-up an...	n/a	DISTANCE	✓
PG11	n/a	n/a	Input mode	No pull-up an...	n/a	E_STOP	✓
PG12	n/a	n/a	External Inte...	No pull-up an...	n/a	DIRECTION	✓
PG13	n/a	n/a	Input mode	No pull-up an...	n/a	START	✓
PG14	n/a	n/a	Input mode	No pull-up an...	n/a	STOP	✓

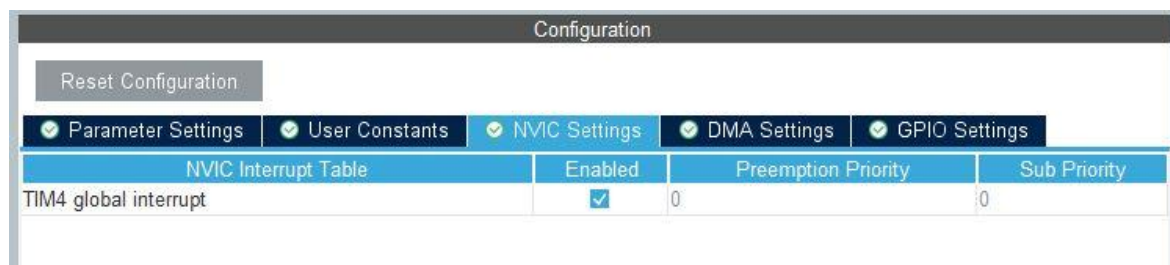
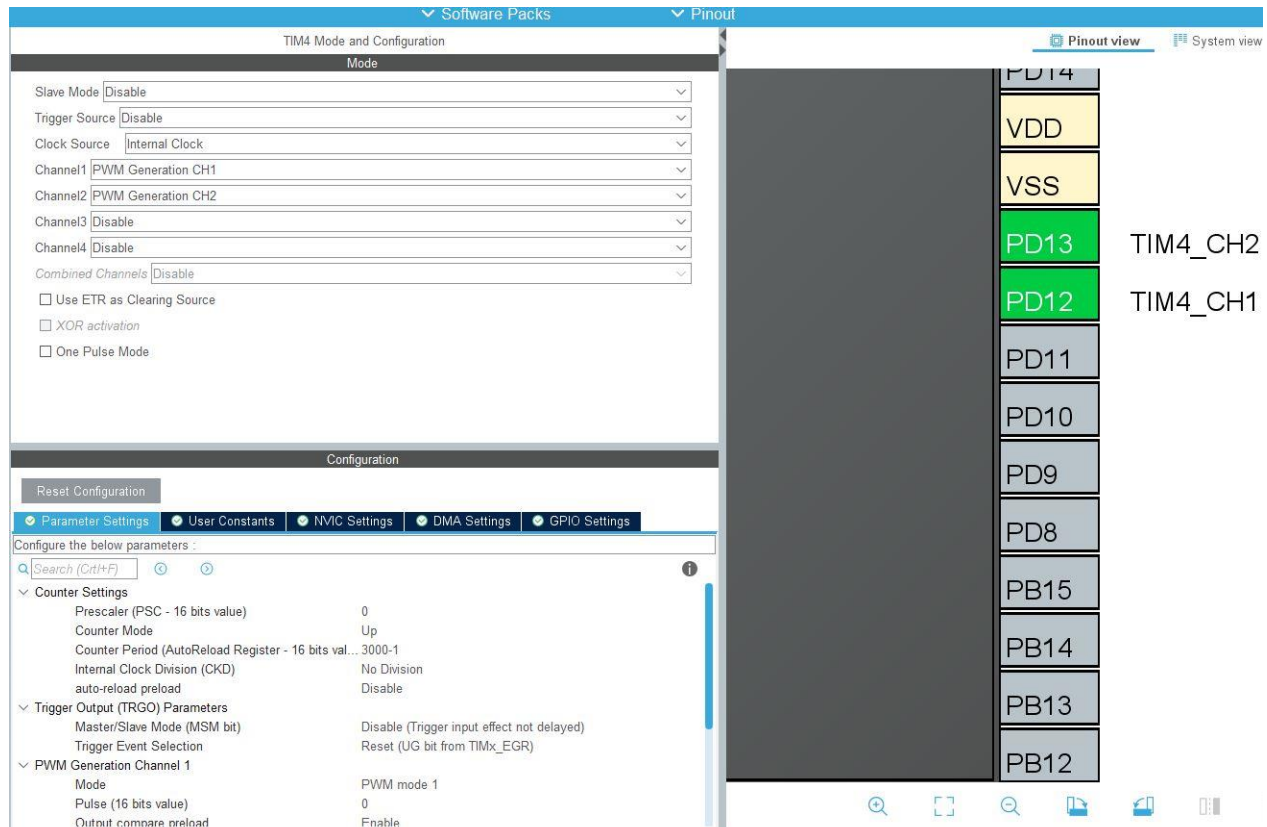
On the right, the 'Pinout view' shows the physical pin layout. The pins are labeled as follows:

- PG14: STOP
- PG13: START
- PG12: DIRECTION
- PG11: E_STOP
- PG10: (empty)
- PG9: DISTANCE

Other pins shown include PB4, PB3, PG15, VDD, VSS, and PD7.

PWM generation for buzzer

TIM4 channel 1 is used to generate PWM for buzzer. We used PSR-29F08S02-JQ speaker as our buzzer. We are also using TIM4 channel 2 for the motor driver PWM signal generation. That is why we have the auto reload register (ARR) configured to reload after every 3000 counts. We update the ARR in our program to generate 4.5 kHz and 3.6 kHz frequencies for the buzzer. The calculations will be explained in the procedure section. Here is our pin configuration.



Input capture for Encoder waveform from wavegen and PWM generation for motor driver

TIM5 channel 1 is used to capture encoder signal from wave generator. Its configuration is shown below.

The image displays the STM32CubeMX configuration interface for TIM5. The top section, 'TIM5 Mode and Configuration', shows the Mode settings: Slave Mode (Disable), Trigger Source (Disable), Internal Clock (checked), Channel1 (Input Capture direct mode), Channel2 (Disable), Channel3 (Disable), Channel4 (Disable), and Combined Channels (Disable). The bottom section, 'Configuration', shows the Parameter Settings tab. The Counter Settings are: Prescaler (PSC - 16 bits value) 0, Counter Mode Up, Counter Period (AutoReload Register - 32 bits val...) 4294967295, Internal Clock Division (CKD) No Division, and auto-reload preload Enable. The Trigger Output (TRGO) Parameters are: Master/Slave Mode (MSM bit) Disable (Trigger input effect not delayed) and Trigger Event Selection Reset (UG bit from TIMx_EGR). The Input Capture Channel 1 settings are: Polarity Selection Rising Edge, IC Selection Direct, and Prescaler Division Ratio No division.

To the right of the configuration window is a pin list for the TIM5_CH1 peripheral. The pins are: PC1, PC2, PC3, VDD, VSSA, VREF+, VDDA, PA0/.. (highlighted in green), PA1, PA2, and PA3.

Below the main configuration window is a table showing the NVIC Interrupt Table configuration for TIM5 global interrupt.

NVIC Interrupt Table	Enabled	Preemption Priority	Sub Priority
TIM5 global interrupt	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0	0

TIM4 channel 2 is used to generate the 30 kHz PWM signal. Its configuration is as follows.

The screenshot displays the STM32CubeMX configuration interface for the TIM4 peripheral. The left pane shows the 'TIM4 Mode and Configuration' section, and the right pane shows the 'Pinout view'.

TIM4 Mode and Configuration:

- Mode:**
 - Slave Mode: Disable
 - Trigger Source: Disable
 - Clock Source: Internal Clock
 - Channel1: PWM Generation CH1
 - Channel2: PWM Generation CH2
 - Channel3: Disable
 - Channel4: Disable
 - Combined Channels: Disable
 - ☐ Use ETR as Clearing Source
 - ☐ XOR activation
 - ☐ One Pulse Mode
- Configuration:**
 - Reset Configuration
 - Parameter Settings | User Constants | NVIC Settings | DMA Settings | GPIO Settings
 - Configure the below parameters:
 - Counter Settings:
 - Prescaler (PSC - 16 bits value): 0
 - Counter Mode: Up
 - Counter Period (AutoReload Register - 16 bits val...): 3000-1
 - Internal Clock Division (CKD): No Division
 - auto-reload preload: Disable
 - Trigger Output (TRGO) Parameters:
 - Master/Slave Mode (MSM bit): Disable (Trigger input effect not delayed)
 - Trigger Event Selection: Reset (UG bit from TIMx_EGR)
 - PWM Generation Channel 1:
 - Mode: PWM mode 1
 - Pulse (16 bits value): 0
 - Output compare preload: Enable

Pinout view:

- PD14: VDD
- VSS
- PD13: TIM4_CH2
- PD12: TIM4_CH1
- PD11
- PD10
- PD9
- PD8
- PB15
- PB14
- PB13
- PB12

Configuration - NVIC Interrupt Table:

NVIC Interrupt Table	Enabled	Preemption Priority	Sub Priority
TIM4 global interrupt	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0	0

Forward/Reverse control - Forward/Reverse pins, and External interrupt

The forward and reverse pins are pin PD2 and pin PD3 respectively. They both are GPIO output and are never active at the same time (i.e. if PD2 is high, then PD3 is low, and vice versa). They are toggled by an external interrupt. Their configuration is as follows.

GPIO Mode and Configuration

Configuration

Group By Peripherals

GPIO • RCC • SPI • TIM • NVIC

Search Signals

Search (Ctrl+F)

Show only Modified Pins

Pin Name	Signal on Pin	GPIO output	GPIO mode	GPIO Pull-up	Maximum ou...	User Label	Modified
PD0	n/a	Low	Output Push...	No pull-up an...	High	LED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PD1	n/a	Low	Output Push...	No pull-up an...	High	IR_LED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PD2	n/a	Low	Output Push...	No pull-up an...	High	FORWARD	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PD3	n/a	Low	Output Push...	No pull-up an...	High	REVERSE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PD4	n/a	Low	Output Push...	No pull-up an...	Low	Reset	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PD5	n/a	n/a	External Inte...	No pull-up an...	n/a	DISTANCE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PD6	n/a	n/a	Input mode	No pull-up an...	n/a	E_STOP	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PD7	n/a	n/a	External Inte...	No pull-up an...	n/a	DIRECTION	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PD8	n/a	n/a	Input mode	No pull-up an...	n/a	START	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PD9	n/a	n/a	Input mode	No pull-up an...	n/a	STOP	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

PD0 Configuration :

GPIO output level: Low

GPIO mode: Output Push Pull

GPIO Pull-up/Pull-down: No pull-up and no pull-down

Maximum output speed: High

User Label: LED

Pinout view

System view

REVERSE

FORWARD

IR_LED

LED

PD5

PD4

PD3

PD2

PD1

PD0

PC12

PC11

PC10

PA15

PA14

To control the state of forward and backward pins with a switch, we use the external interrupt EXTI15_10. We used pin PG12 to configure this interrupt and called it DIRECTION. The interrupt is triggered with both rising and falling edges. Our configuration is as follows.

The screenshot shows the STM32CubeMX 'GPIO Mode and Configuration' window. The 'Configuration' tab is active, showing a table of GPIO pins and their configurations. Pin PG12 is highlighted in blue, indicating it is selected for configuration. The 'PG12 Configuration' section at the bottom shows the following settings:

- GPIO mode: External Interrupt Mode with Rising/Falling edge trigger detection
- GPIO Pull-up/Pull-down: No pull-up and no pull-down
- User Label: DIRECTION

To the right of the configuration window is a 'Pinout view' showing the physical pin layout of the microcontroller. The pins are labeled as follows:

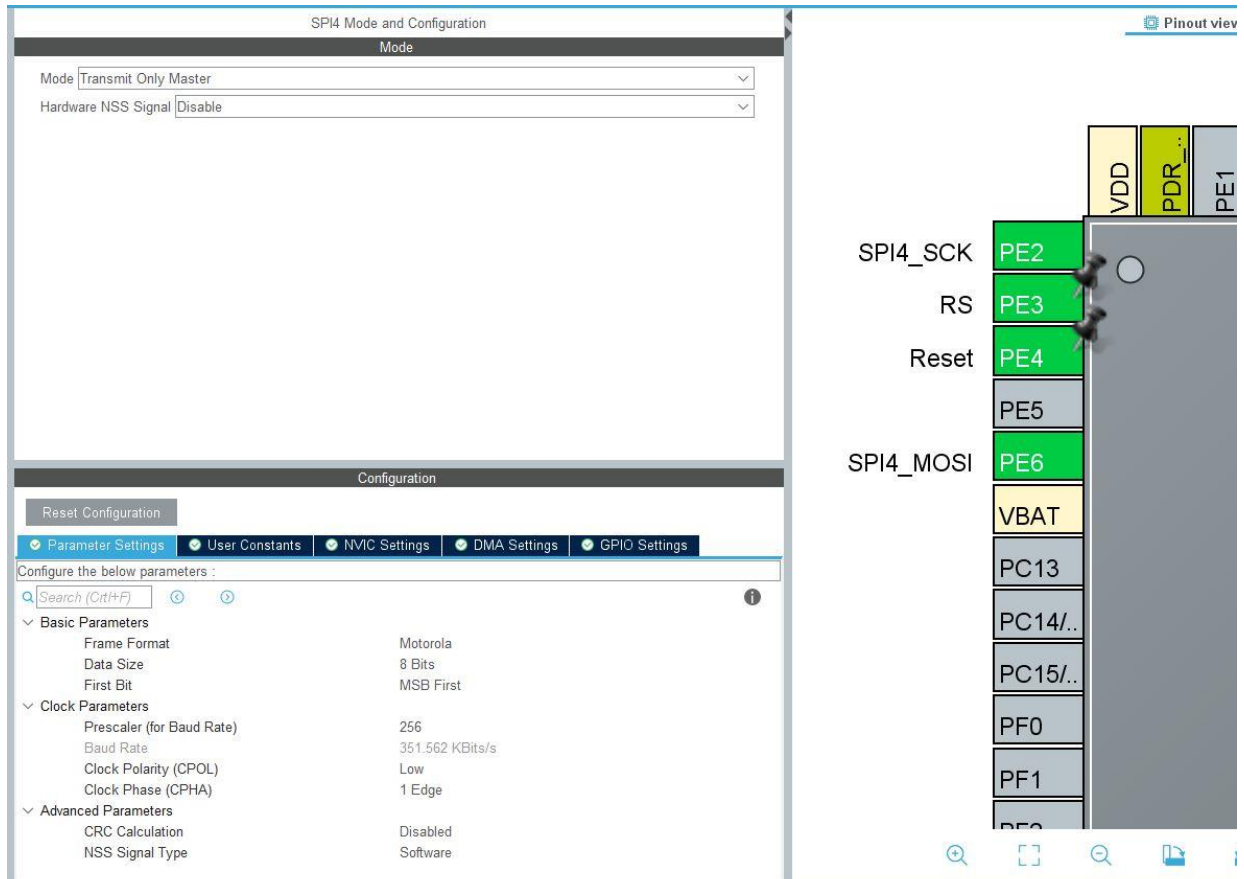
- VDD
- VSS
- PG14
- PG13
- PG12
- PG11
- PG10
- PG9
- PD7
- PD6
- VDD
- VSS

Arrows point to the following pins in the pinout view:

- STOP (PG14)
- START (PG13)
- DIRECTION (PG12)
- E_STOP (PG11)
- DISTANCE (PG9)

GLCD display – SPI 4 module

To display the status of our motor on GLCD, we configured SPI4 module of our microcontroller. We also set Pin PE3 and Pin PE4 as our RS and Reset pins respectively. Our configuration is as follows.



External interrupt to measure distance

We attempted to measure distance by using the encoder pulse signal from the motor. To count a counter for each pulse, we configure another external interrupt EXTI9_5. We used pin PG9 to configure this interrupt and called it DISTANCE. The interrupt is triggered with rising edges. Our configuration is as follows.

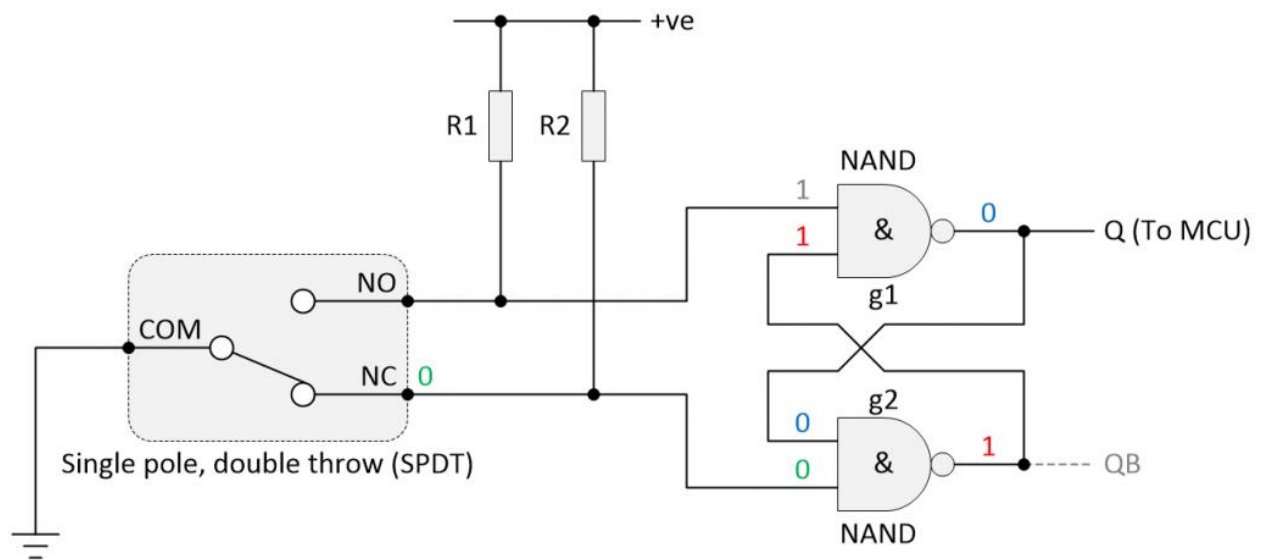
The screenshot displays the STM32CubeMX software interface for configuring GPIO pins. The 'GPIO Mode and Configuration' window is open, showing a table of pin configurations. The 'Pinout view' is selected on the right, showing a pinout diagram with pins PG14, PG13, PG12, PG11, PG10, PG9, PD7, PD6, and PD5. Arrows point to these pins with labels: STOP (PG14), START (PG13), DIRECTION (PG12), E_STOP (PG11), and DISTANCE (PG9).

Pin Name	Signal on Pin	GPIO output	GPIO mode	GPIO Pull-up	Maximum ou...	User Label	Modified
PD0	n/a	Low	Output Push...	No pull-up an...	High	LED	✓
PD1	n/a	Low	Output Push...	No pull-up an...	High	IR_LED	✓
PD2	n/a	Low	Output Push...	No pull-up an...	High	FORWARD	✓
PD3	n/a	Low	Output Push...	No pull-up an...	High	REVERSE	✓
PE3	n/a	Low	Output Push...	No pull-up an...	Low	RS	✓
PE4	n/a	Low	Output Push...	No pull-up an...	Low	Reset	✓
PG9	n/a	n/a	External Inte...	No pull-up an...	n/a	DISTANCE	✓
PG11	n/a	n/a	Input mode	No pull-up an...	n/a	E_STOP	✓
PG12	n/a	n/a	External Inte...	No pull-up an...	n/a	DIRECTION	✓
PG13	n/a	n/a	Input mode	No pull-up an...	n/a	START	✓
PG14	n/a	n/a	Input mode	No pull-up an...	n/a	STOP	✓

At the bottom of the table, a note states: "Select Pins from table to configure them. Multiple selection is Allowed."

Procedure

Here are the procedures we followed to implement the project. The first task we implemented is receiving START# signal, blinking LED indicator 6 times with 1 blinks/sec and sounding the buzzer at 5 kHz (4.5 kHz) until the LED stops blinking. START# signal status comes from a debounced SPST switch. We used this switch for START#, E_STOP# and DIRECTION control signals. The debounced circuit we used for the switches is as follows.

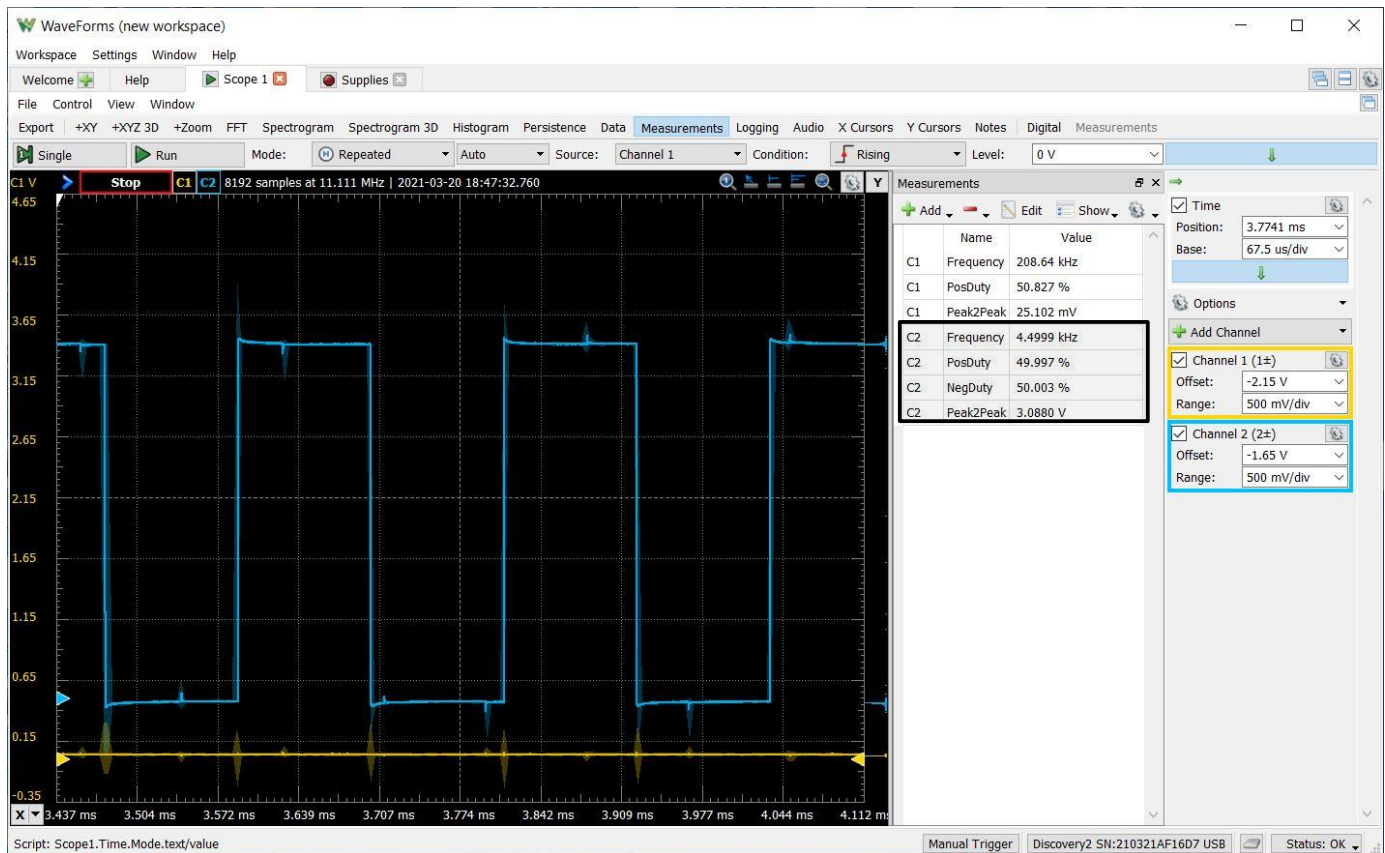


Source: eejournal.com

Once we set up our START# switch, we then configured Timer TIM4 channel 1 to generate PWM signal to sound our buzzer (PSR-29F08S02-JQ speaker). We were required to generate a PWM of 5 kHz frequency for the first step, but after reading the data sheet of the speaker we used, we decided to go with 4.5 kHz because that was the recommended maximum frequency. We configured auto reload register (ARR) to reload after every 20000 counts to generate PWM of 4.5 kHz.

$$\text{ARR (counter period)} = (F_{\text{lim}} * \text{prescaler}) / \text{Freq} = 90 \text{ M} / 4.5 \text{ kHz} = 20,000.$$

The PWM we generated is as follows.



Then, we blinked the LED (green LED) 6 times using a for-loop. Once the blinking is over, we stop the TIM4 channel 1 PWM interrupt to stop the buzzer.

The second task we implemented is moving the motor and stopping it when an object is sensed. First, we turned on IR_LED (red LED). Then we generated a PWM of 30 kHz with initial duty cycle of 50 % to match 5.5 kHz from Encoder module. Our Encoder module comes from the wave generator of an oscilloscope. We used TIM4 channel 2 to generate the PWM signal. We set the auto reload register (ARR) to reload after every 3000 counts to generate PWM of 30 kHz.

$$\text{ARR (counter period)} = (F_{\text{lim}} * \text{prescaler}) / \text{Freq} = 90 \text{ M} / 30 \text{ kHz} = 3,000.$$

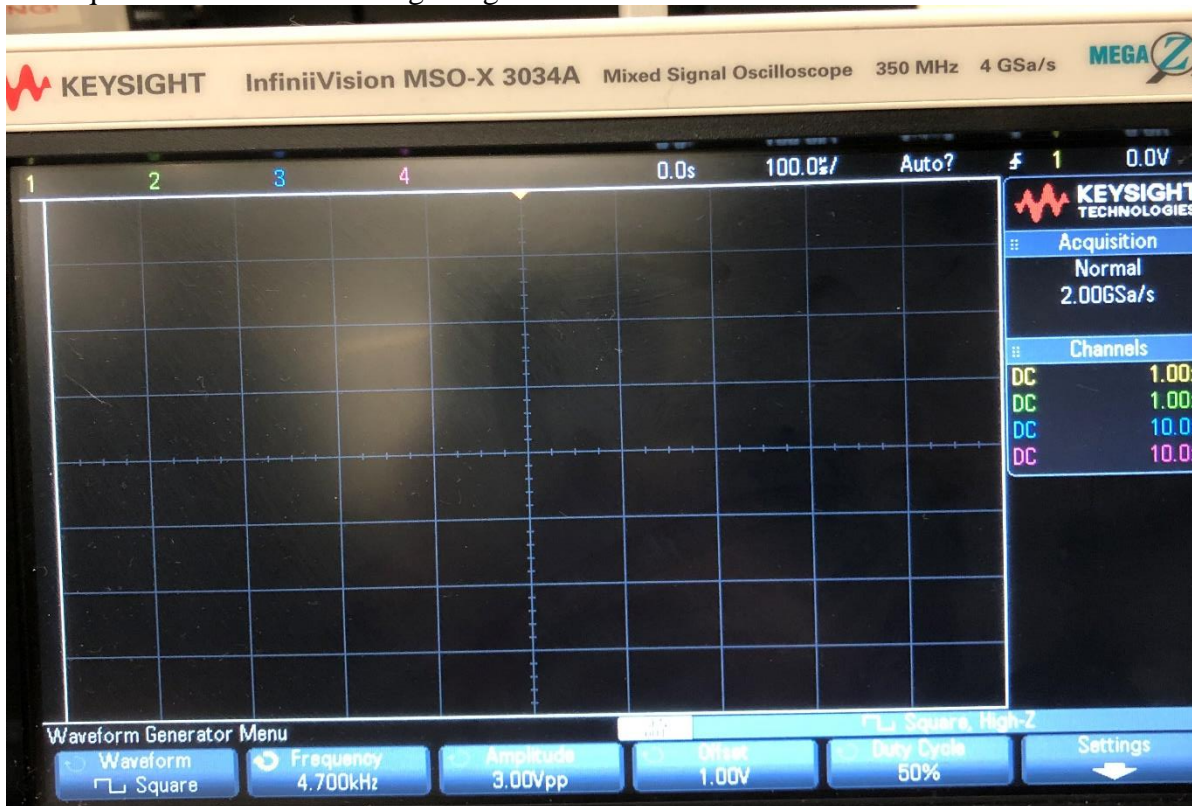
Our encoder signal is captured by Timer TIM5 channel 1 using input capture. We then calculated the frequency of the encoder signal using this timer interrupt. Then based on that we updated the duty cycle of the 30 kHz PWM. We came up with a linear equation that relates frequency of the encoder signal to the required duty cycle of the 30 kHz duty cycle. The equation is as follows.

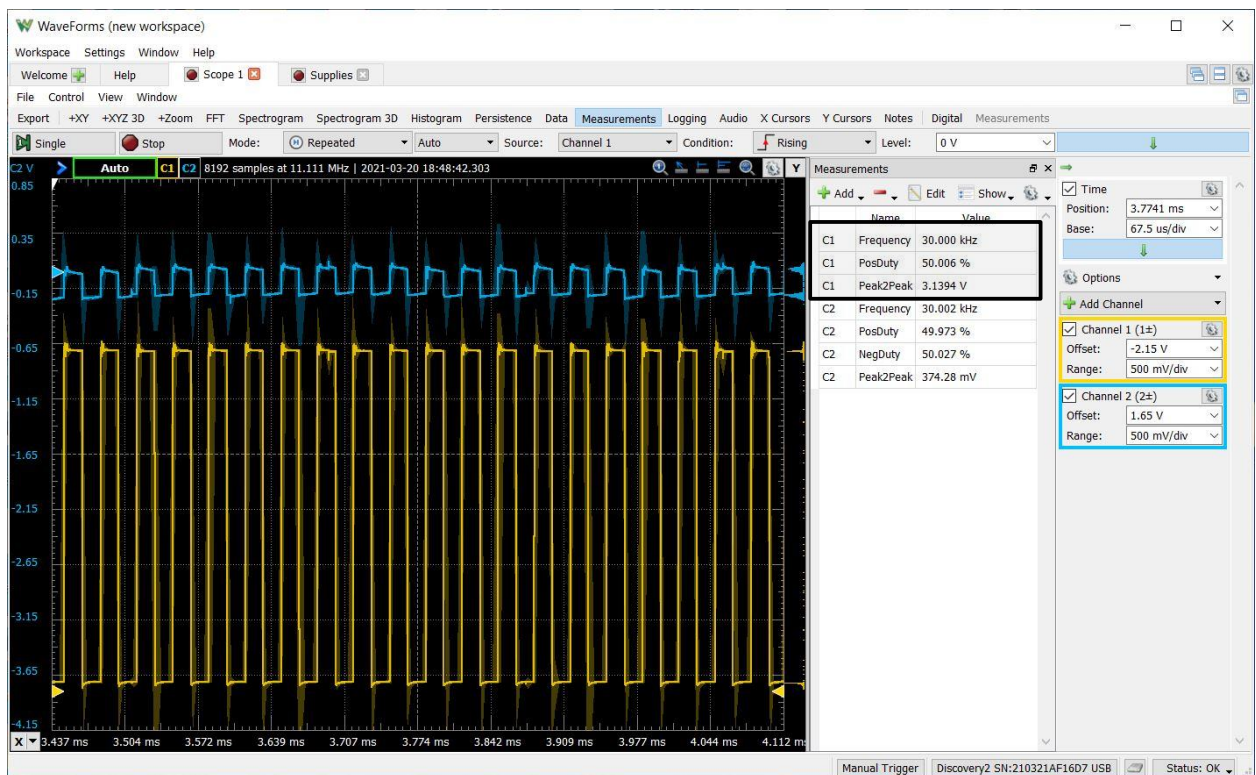
$$\text{Duty cycle of PWM} = -\text{Captured_freq}/20 + 325$$

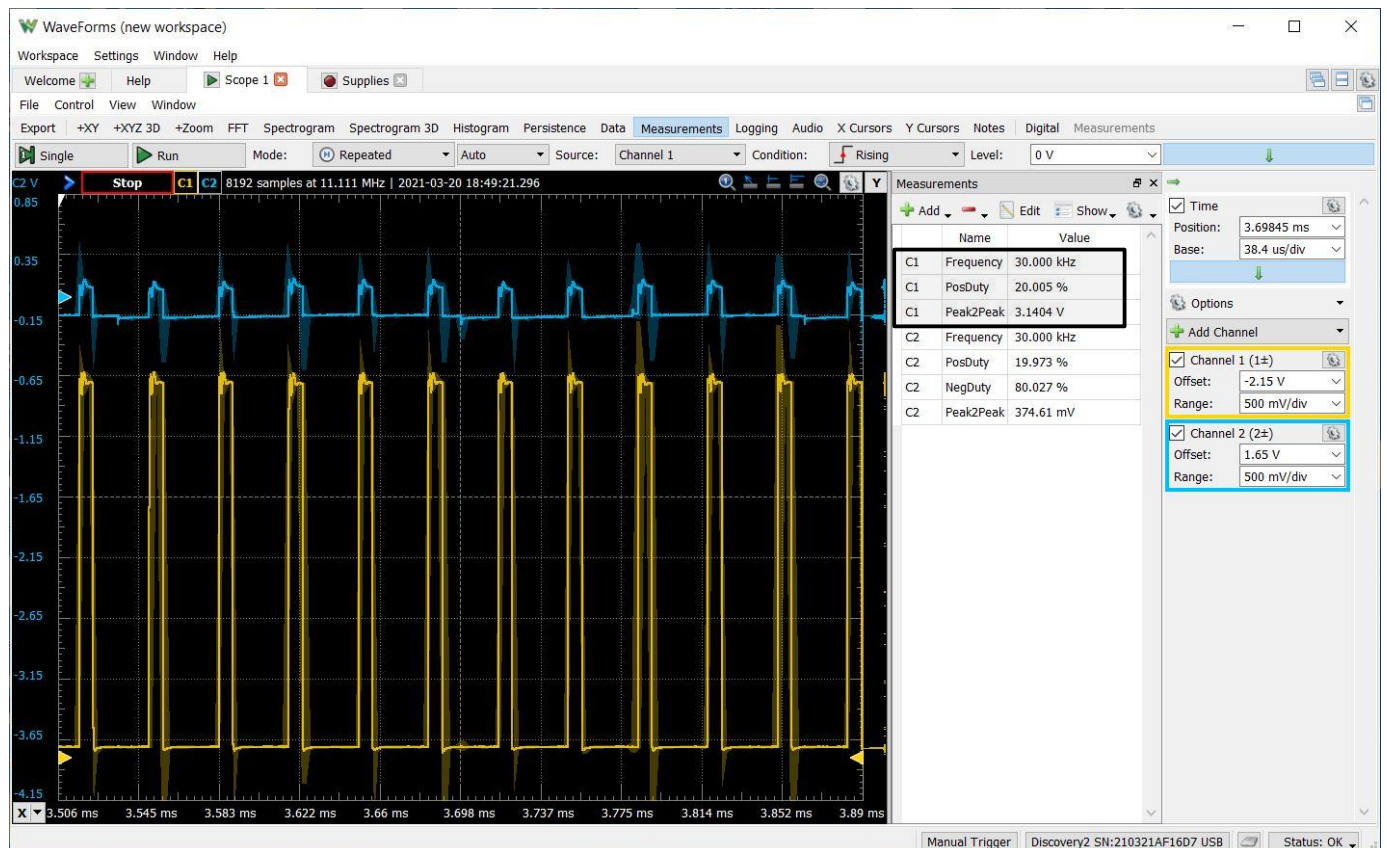
After that we update the capture compare register of TIM4 channel 2 using the following equation.

$$\text{High duty} = (\text{uint16_t})\text{Duty cycle of PWM} * 3000 / 100 + 24$$

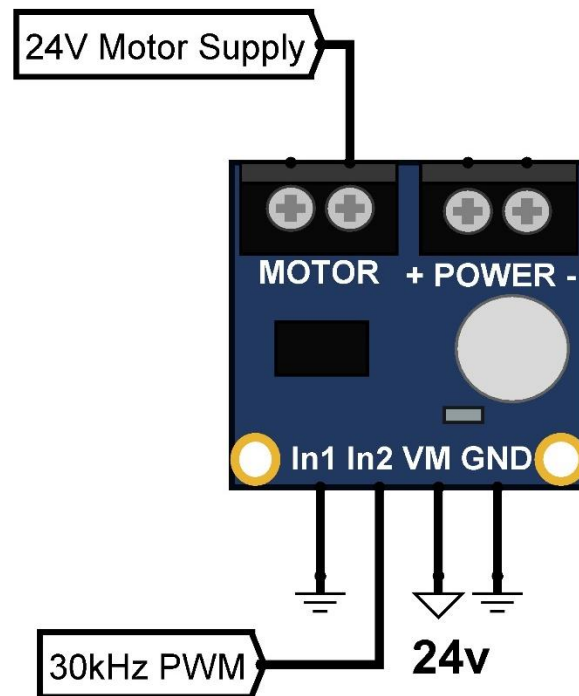
This gave us the correct duty cycles for all encoder module frequencies given. Some of the frequencies and the PWM signals generated are shown below.



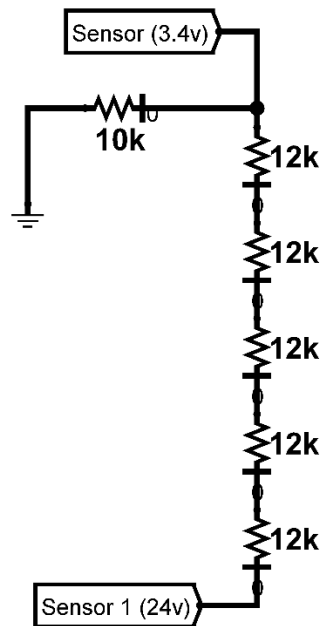




Once we generated 30 kHz PWM signal with the correct duty cycle, we connected it to an H-bridge circuit to drive the motor. The H-bridge circuit is connected to 24 Volts and the 3.3 V 30 kHz PWM generated from our microcontroller. The output will be a 24 PWM with 30 kHz frequency. Our H-bridge circuit is shown below.



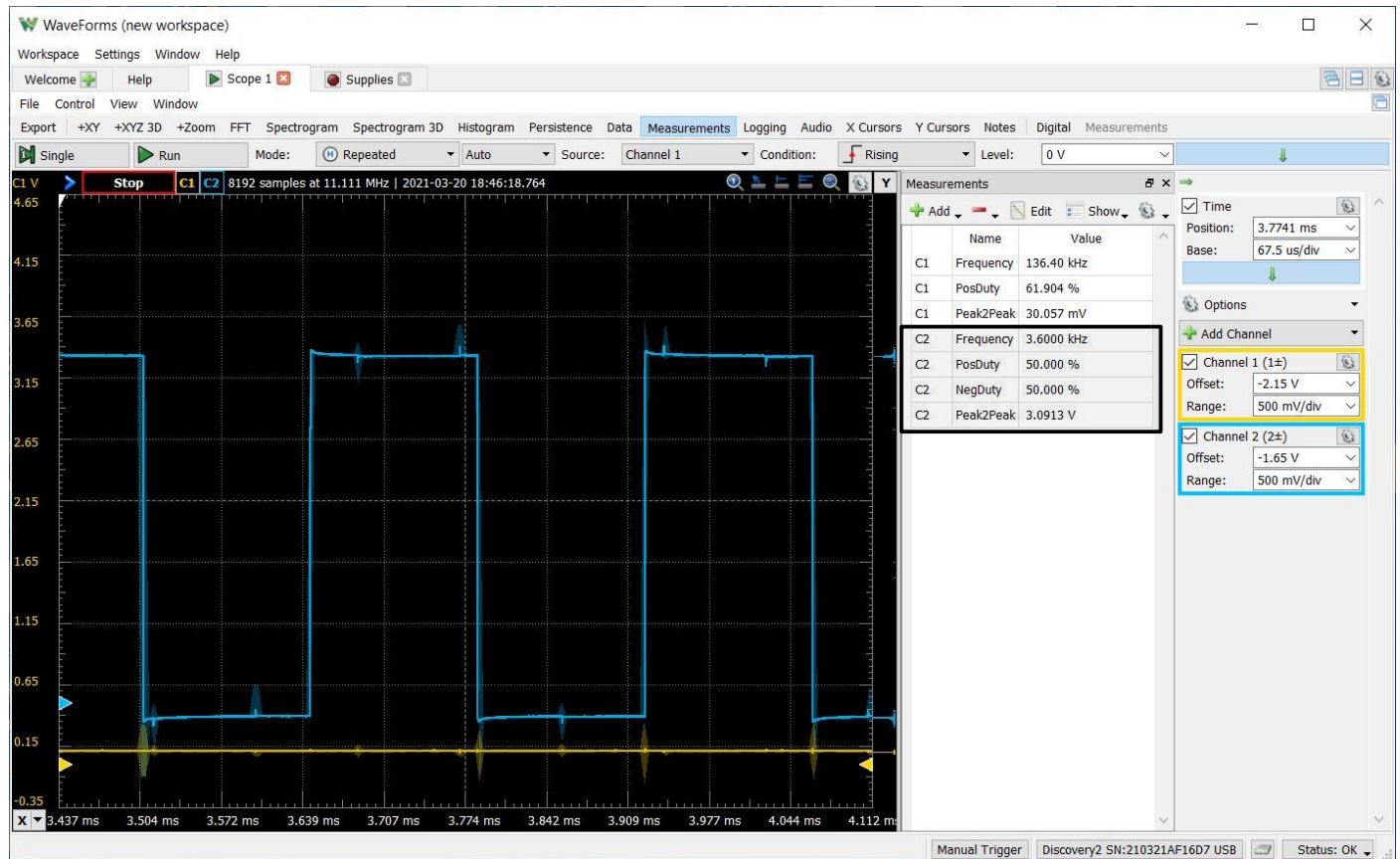
After that, the process must stop the motor when an object is sensed/reached an end position. We first modeled this with an SPST switch so that when a STOP# signal is low (active low), the motor stops. Then after we got that working, we used the signal from photo receiver sensors to control the state of the motor. We used a voltage divider circuit to bring down the 24 V output from the photo receiver sensors to about 3.4 V. Then the 3.4 V output is connected to our STOP# pin in the microcontroller. The photo sensors output 0 V when an object is sensed and 24 V otherwise. Therefore, when STOP# pin is low, we stop our motor (stop PWM signal generation) and then proceed to the next step. Our voltage divider circuit we used is shown on the next page.



The last task we implemented after an object is sensed and the motor is stopped is blinking green LED (LED indicator) 10 times with 2 blinks/sec, sounding the buzzer at 3.5 kHz until LED blinking is over and turning off IR_LED. We used TIM4 channel 1 to generate the PWM for the buzzer. We generated a PWM signal of 3.6 kHz frequency because that gave us a counter of 25000 (We used 25000 instead of 25714 which gives 3.5 kHz).

$$ARR \text{ (counter period)} = (F_{lim} * \text{prescaler}) / \text{Freq} = 90 \text{ M} / 3.6\text{kHz} = 25,000.$$

Once the blinking is over, we stop the TIM4 channel 1 PWM interrupt to stop the buzzer. We also turned off IR_LED. The PWM we generated is as follows.

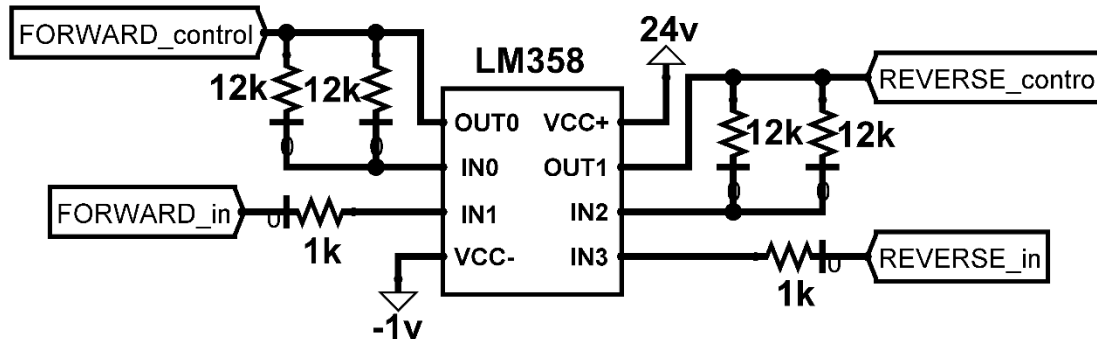


Then the process restarts. We implemented all these 3 tasks inside the while loop so that the process restarts.

Bonus Projects

Forward/Reverse control - Forward/Reverse pins, amplifier circuit and External interrupt

Once we finish implementing the required tasks, we implemented the bonus project tasks into our design. The first one is forward and reverse control. First, we set an external interrupt EXTI15_10. We used pin PG12 to configure this interrupt and called it DIRECTION. The interrupt is triggered with both rising and falling edges. Then we connected this pin into a debounced SPST switch. This switch controls the state of FORWARD and BACKWARD pins on the microcontroller. Inside the interrupt, we developed a code that toggles the FORWARD and BACKWARD pins. We also made sure the two pins are always opposite of one another. After that, we used an amplifier to connect the 3V output from FORWARD and BACKWARD pins to pin 15 and 16 of the motor. The amplifier we used needed to have a gain of approximately 7. We used a non-inverting amplifier and two resistors to adjust the gain. Our amplifier circuit is as follows.



$$\text{Gain} = 1 + R_f/R_i = 1 + (12k \parallel 12k)/1k = 1 + 6k/1k = 7$$

After adding the amplifier circuit and connecting the amplified FORWARD and BACKWARD voltages to the motor, we successfully operated the belt system moving forward and backward with our switch.

GLCD display – Spi 4 module

After we were able to get direction control, we added a couple of functions to our C program so that we can display the status of the motor on Graphics LCD. We used MOSI (master out slave in), SCL (clock) and RS (register select pin) to send data from our microcontroller (master) to GLCD (slave). We utilized the SPI 4 module of our microcontroller. The functions we implemented are described in the C program section. We used these functions to write the motor status in each step (inside if statements) of the motor motion. Below are some of the messages we displayed on LCD.





Emergency Stop

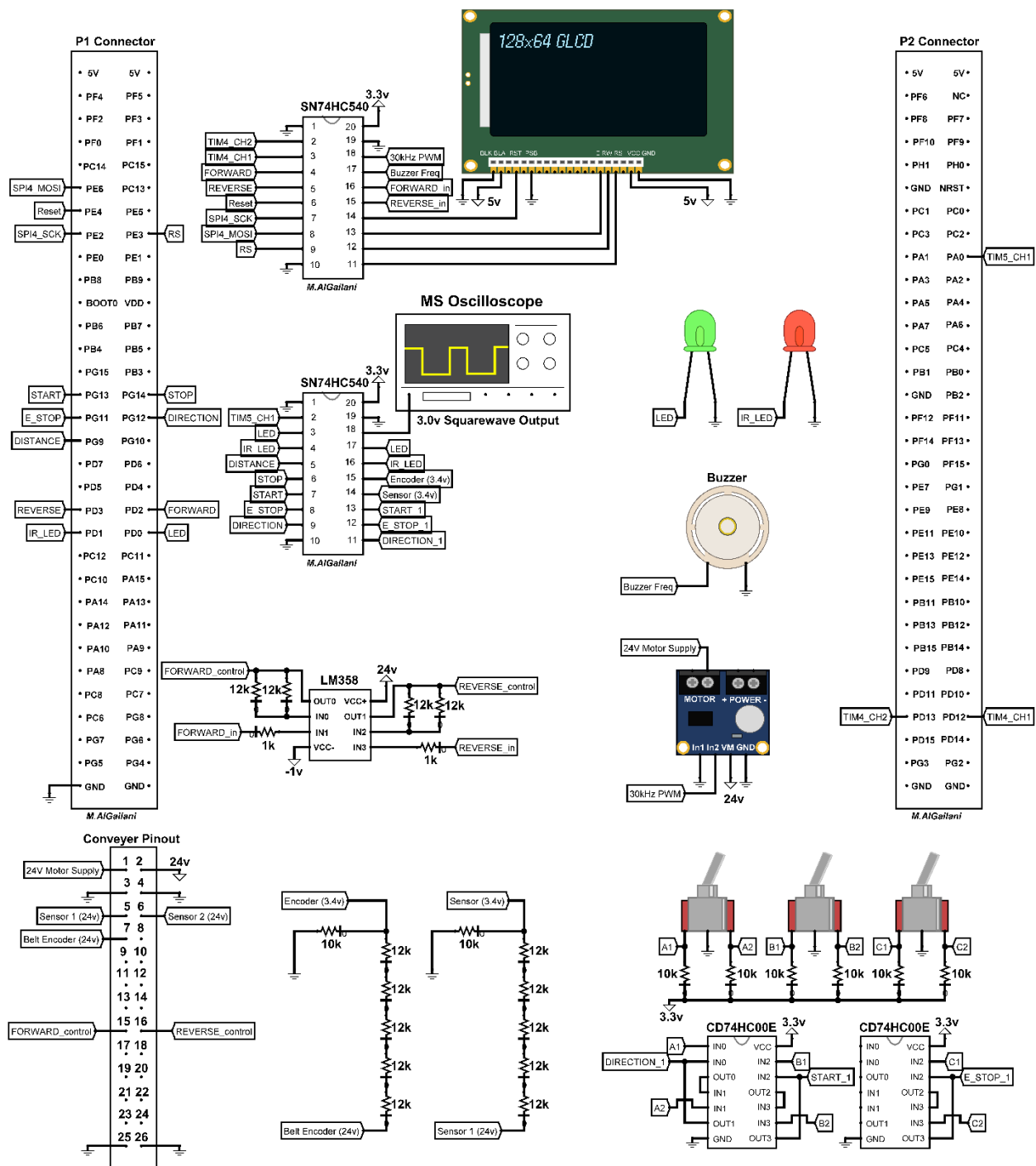
We used a debounced SPST switch to implement an Emergency Stop. The switch is connected to E_STOP# pin on our microcontroller. Whenever that pin is low (active low), we stop all the tasks immediately. An if statement is used at the beginning to check for the status of this pin, and the status is checked again within the various nested process states.

External interrupt to measure distance and Voltage divider circuit for encoder pulse

We attempted to measure distance by using the encoder pulse signal from the motor. First, we stepped down the 24 V pulse to 3 V pulse using our voltage divider circuit. We then connected the 3 V pulse to an external interrupt EXTI9_5 to increment or decrement a counter inside the interrupt. The interrupt is configured to trigger on rising edges. We increase the counter if the object moves forward and decrement if it moves backward. We then multiplied the count by 0.5 inches which is the approximate length of one tile width and tried to display it on GLCD. However, we were not able to get correct ASCII numbers to appear. Our implementation is described in the *further considerations* section after the C program.

Detailed Schematic

Below is a detailed schematic of the whole system, including appropriate buffers for all signals:



C program

The entire process was devised to run in a single infinite while-loop with brief interrupts for certain features. Within this while-loop, the process continually repeats through various stages dependent on the input control signals. – START#, STOP#, E_STOP#, and DIRECTION. Descriptions will be given for each major section of code, along with detailed comments on what the program is doing.

[main.c]

To start off, the `stdio.h` and `string.h` libraries are included:

```
/* Private includes -----*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN Includes */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
/* USER CODE END Includes */
```

Next, an assortment of statements are defined:

```
/* Private define -----*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN PD */
#define START      HAL_GPIO_ReadPin(GPIOD, START_Pin)    // get START value
#define STOP       HAL_GPIO_ReadPin(GPIOD, STOP_Pin)     // get STOP value
#define E_STOP     HAL_GPIO_ReadPin(GPIOD, E_STOP_Pin)   // get EMERGENCY STOP value
#define DIRECTION  HAL_GPIO_ReadPin(GPIOD, REVERSE_Pin)  // get DIRECTION value
#define IR_LED_ON  HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOD, IR_LED_Pin, GPIO_PIN_SET) // IR LED on
#define IR_LED_OFF HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOD, IR_LED_Pin, GPIO_PIN_RESET) // IR LED off
#define LED_ON     HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOD, LED_Pin,    GPIO_PIN_SET)   // LED on
#define LED_OFF    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOD, LED_Pin,    GPIO_PIN_RESET) // LED off
/* USER CODE END PD */
```

Then a handful of private variables are created:

```
/* USER CODE BEGIN PV */
uint8_t state;           // state of process
uint32_t time1, time2;   // input capture times
uint32_t diff;           // difference between time1 and time2
uint32_t f;              // frequency of input signal
int16_t dutycycle;       // duty cycle percentage
uint16_t highduty;       // high duty cycle portion

uint8_t array[3];        // array for LCD commands
uint8_t count;           // count to track # of belt tiles moved
uint8_t distance;        // distance of object from end of belt
uint8_t remainder;       // used for distance output as a string
uint8_t firstDigit, secondDigit; // distance displayed in two digits
char distanceString[2];  // string holding distance value
/* USER CODE END PV */
```

Functions are created to work with the LCD:

```

/* USER CODE BEGIN PFP */
// -----
// LCD functions

// startup initialization sequence:
void startup()
{
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOE,Reset_Pin,GPIO_PIN_RESET);
    HAL_Delay(100); // wait >40ms after power is applied
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOE,Reset_Pin,GPIO_PIN_SET);
    HAL_Delay(10); // wait >100us
    Sendcmd(0x30); // wake up
    HAL_Delay(10); // wait >100us
    Sendcmd(0x30); // wakeup
    HAL_Delay(10); // wait >37us
    Sendcmd(0x0C); // display ON, cursor ON
    HAL_Delay(10); // wait >100us
    Sendcmd(0x01); // display clear
    HAL_Delay(15); // wait >10ms
    Sendcmd(0x06);
    HAL_Delay(10);
}

// send command to LCD:
void Sendcmd(uint8_t cmd)
{
    array[0] = 0xF8; // send 1111 1000 to sync LCD
    array[1] = (cmd & 0xF0);
    array[2] = ( (cmd << 4) & 0xF0);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOE,RS_Pin,GPIO_PIN_SET);
    HAL_SPI_Transmit(&hspi4,array,3,1);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOE,RS_Pin,GPIO_PIN_RESET);
}

// send data directly to LCD:
void sendData(uint8_t temp)
{
    array[0] = 0xFA; // send 1111 1010 to write to LCD (Rs=1, RW=0)
    array[1] = (temp & 0xF0);
    array[2] = ( (temp << 4) & 0xF0);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOE,RS_Pin,GPIO_PIN_SET);
    HAL_SPI_Transmit(&hspi4,array,3,1);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOE,RS_Pin,GPIO_PIN_RESET);
}

// write a string onto the LCD:
void writeString(char* string)
{
    int length = strlen(string);
    for(int i = 0; i < length; i++)
    {
        sendData(string[i]);
    }
}

// -----
/* USER CODE END PFP */

```

Then the LCD startup runs:

```
/* USER CODE BEGIN 2 */
    startup();
/* USER CODE END 2 */
```

Finally, the while-loop handles the process flow. Note that there are many nested if-else statements. The outermost if-else block is a polling method for detecting the emergency stop, which is active low.

Hence if E_STOP# is high, then the finite state machine will begin carrying out the assigned process. The process runs in three separate states. State 0 sounds a buzzer and blinks an LED to signify the startup sequence. State 1 turns the motor and IR LED on. State 2 contains the bulk of the functionality, such as calculating the captured frequency, updating the PWM motor driving signal, writing to the LCD the conveyer direction, and checking for the STOP# command. Once STOP# goes low, the process halts. The halt sequence runs by sounding the buzzer and blinking an LED. Moreover, an additional LCD message is displays. The process repeats indefinitely so long as START# is low.

Lastly, if E_STOP# is low, then an emergency stop immediately shuts the system down.

```
/* Infinite loop */
/* USER CODE BEGIN WHILE */
while (1)
{
    // first check if an emergency stop (active low) has not been activated (when it is 1):
    if (E_STOP)
    {
        //-----
        // state 0:
        if (START == 0 && state == 0 && E_STOP)
        {
            HAL_TIM_IC_Start_IT(&htim5, TIM_CHANNEL_1); // start input capture
            TIM4->ARR = 20000-1; // set auto reload register
            highduty = 10000; // set 50% duty cycle
            HAL_TIM_PWM_Start_IT(&htim4, TIM_CHANNEL_1); // start buzzer
            for(int i = 0; i < 6; i++) // blink LED 6 times
            {
                LED_ON;
                HAL_Delay(500); // on for .5 seconds
                LED_OFF;
                HAL_Delay(500); // off for .5 seconds
            }
            HAL_TIM_PWM_Stop_IT(&htim4, TIM_CHANNEL_1); // stop buzzer
            state = 1; // move to next state
        }
        //-----
        // state 1:
        if (START == 0 && state == 1 && E_STOP)
        {
            IR_LED_ON; // turn on IR LED while motor moves
            TIM4->ARR = 3000-1; // set ARR for 30kHz PWM signal
            highduty = 1500; // initialize to 50% duty cycle
            HAL_TIM_PWM_Start_IT(&htim4, TIM_CHANNEL_2); // generate signal to start motor
            state = 2; // move to next state
        }
    }
}
```

```

//-----
// state 2:
if ((state == 2) && E_STOP)
{
    // calculate the frequency, ensuring it is not mistakenly negative
    // (note that the frequency uses the APB1 timer clock of 90MHz):
    if (time1 > time2)
    {
        diff = (time1-time2);
        f = 90000000/diff;
    }
    else if (time2 > time1)
    {
        diff = (time2-time1);
        f = 90000000/diff;
    }

    // update the duty cycle according to the captured frequency
    // (this equation relates duty cycle of PWM to the captured encoder frequency):
    dutycycle = (-f/20 + 325);
    highduty = (uint16_t)dutycycle*3000/100 + 24; // calculate high portion

    // if reversing, display "Moving Backward" on the LCD:
    if (DIRECTION)
    {
        HAL_Delay(100); // 100ms delay
        Sendcmd(0x90); // write on line 2
        writeString("Moving Backward"); // display message
    }

    // otherwise display "Moving Forward":
    else
    {
        HAL_Delay(100); // 100ms delay
        Sendcmd(0x90); // write on line 2
        writeString("Moving Forward"); // display message
    }

    // check if STOP is active. If so, the conveyer belt halts
    // and a buzzer sounds. A message is also displayed:
    if (STOP == 0) // STOP is active low
    {
        HAL_TIM_PWM_Stop_IT(&tim4, TIM_CHANNEL_2); // stop motor
        HAL_TIM_IC_Stop_IT(&tim5, TIM_CHANNEL_1); // stop input capture

        TIM4->ARR = 25000-1; // update auto reload register
        highduty = 12500; // set 50% duty cycle
        HAL_TIM_PWM_Start_IT(&tim4, TIM_CHANNEL_1); // start buzzer

        Sendcmd(0x01); // clear screen
        HAL_Delay(100); // brief delay
        Sendcmd(0x90); // send command to write on line 2
        writeString("Halted"); // display "Halted" message

        for(int i = 0; i < 10; i++) // blink LED 10 times
        {
            LED_ON;
            HAL_Delay(250); // on for .5 seconds
            LED_OFF;
            HAL_Delay(250); // off for .5 seconds
        }
    }
}

```

```

        IR_LED_OFF;                                // turn off IR LED
        HAL_TIM_PWM_Stop_IT(&htim4, TIM_CHANNEL_1); // stop buzzer
        state = 0;                                  // reset state to 0
        Sendcmd(0x01);                              // clear screen
    }
}
//-----

// if emergency stop activated (active low), immediately shut off:
else
{
    HAL_TIM_PWM_Stop_IT(&htim4, TIM_CHANNEL_1); // stop buzzer
    HAL_TIM_PWM_Stop_IT(&htim4, TIM_CHANNEL_2); // stop motor
    HAL_TIM_IC_Stop_IT(&htim5, TIM_CHANNEL_1);  // stop input capture
    LED_OFF;                                    // turn off LED
    IR_LED_OFF;                                // turn off IR LED
    state = 0;                                  // return to state 0
    HAL_Delay(100);                             // 100ms delay
    Sendcmd(0x90);                              // write on line 2
    writeString("Emergency stop ");             // display message
}

/* USER CODE END WHILE */
/* USER CODE BEGIN 3 */
}
/* USER CODE END 3 */
}

```

[stm32f4xx_it.c]

Interrupts are used for three purposes. First, an external interrupt on lines 10 – 15 toggles the direction. Second, the TIM4 module controls the duty cycle of two PWM channels which either sound the buzzer (channel 1) or drive the conveyor belt motor (channel 2). Third, the TIM5 module is set to input capture for recording the motor encoder input frequency.

The interrupt file begins with external variable declarations:

```

/* USER CODE BEGIN EV */
extern uint32_t time1, time2;
extern uint16_t highduty;
extern uint8_t count;
/* USER CODE END EV */

```

Then moves on to the external interrupt request handler for lines 10 – 15:

```

void EXTI15_10_IRQHandler(void)
{
    /* USER CODE BEGIN EXTI15_10_IRQn 0 */
    /* USER CODE END EXTI15_10_IRQn 0 */
    HAL_GPIO_EXTI_IRQHandler(GPIO_PIN_12);
    /* USER CODE BEGIN EXTI15_10_IRQn 1 */

    // toggle the REVERSE pin:
    HAL_GPIO_TogglePin(GPIOD, REVERSE_Pin);
    // update the FORWARD pin accordingly:
    if (HAL_GPIO_ReadPin(GPIOD, REVERSE_Pin))

```

```

{
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOD, FORWARD_Pin, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
}
else
{
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOD, FORWARD_Pin, GPIO_PIN_SET);
}
/* USER CODE END EXTI15_10_IRQn 1 */
}

```

Followed by the PWM duty cycle control for the buzzer and motor driving signals:

```

void TIM4_IRQHandler(void)
{
    /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM4_IRQn 0 */
    /* USER CODE END TIM4_IRQn 0 */
    HAL_TIM_IRQHandler(&htim4);
    /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM4_IRQn 1 */
    if (TIM4->ARR == 19999) // if using startup buzzer:
    {
        TIM4->CCR1 = highduty; // set CCR1 to relevant highduty value
        TIM4->CCR2 = 0; // set CCR2 to zero
    }
    else if (TIM4->ARR == 24999) // if using stop sequence buzzer:
    {
        TIM4->CCR1 = highduty; // set CCR1 to relevant highduty value
        TIM4->CCR2 = 0; // set CCR2 to zero
    }
    else // otherwise generate 30kHz motor signal:
    {
        TIM4->CCR1 = 0; // set CCR1 to zero
        TIM4->CCR2 = highduty; // update CCR2 high portion of duty cycle
    }
    /* USER CODE END TIM4_IRQn 1 */
}

```

Finally, the input capture collects two timestamps from the wavegen input:

```

void TIM5_IRQHandler(void)
{
    /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM5_IRQn 0 */
    /* USER CODE END TIM5_IRQn 0 */
    HAL_TIM_IRQHandler(&htim5);
    /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM5_IRQn 1 */
    // if the first time hasn't been captured yet:
    if(temp2 == 0) {
        time1 = TIM5->CCR1; // get first timestamp
        temp2 = 1; // prepare for second timestamp
    }
    // otherwise, if the first value has been captured already:
    else if (temp2 == 1) {
        time2 = TIM5->CCR1; // get second timestamp
        temp2 = 0; // prepare for new timestamp
    }
    /* USER CODE END TIM5_IRQn 1 */
}

```

That concludes the C program.

Further Considerations

We also attempted to calculate the objects distance using the conveyor belt tiles. Since the system outputs a 24v pulse for every tile moved, and it takes roughly 25 tiles to reach the end of the belt, then a few simple calculations can reasonably estimate the distance traveled by the object. However, our implementation did not operate as expected. For this reason, the code was removed from the previous `main.c` and `stm32f4xx_it.c` descriptions. Yet for the sake of completion, here is a further description of that removed code.

[main.c]

The primary change to `main.c` is to include the distance calculations, conversion to ASCII, and LCD display commands. The distance is calculated as `(count % 25) >> 1`. The modulus restarts the distance after every 25 tiles moved, and since the tiles were measured to be roughly half an inch long, we can right shift which is the equivalent of dividing by two or multiplying by 0.5 inches. Two methods were tested separately:

```
// method 1:
distance = ((count % 25) >> 1) + 0x30;    // calculate distance
Sendcmd(0x88);                            // write on line 3
sprintf(distanceString, "%x", distance);   // convert distance to a string
writeString(distanceString);               // transmit string to LCD

// method 2:
distance = (count % 25) >> 1;              // calculate distance
remainder = distance;                     // assign distance to remainder
firstDigit = remainder%10;                 // get first digit (lsb)
secondDigit = (remainder - firstDigit)/10; // get second digit (msb)
sendData(secondDigit + 0x30);              // transmit second ASCII number
sendData(firstDigit + 0x30);               // transmit first ASCII number
```

[stm32f4xx_it.c]

An additional external interrupt would be used to increment or decrement a counter for every tile moved. The decision to increase or decrease the count would be determined by the conveyor belt direction. With this information we can estimate the net distance traveled, as shown above.

```
void EXTI9_5_IRQHandler(void)
{
    /* USER CODE BEGIN EXTI9_5_IRQn 0 */

    /* USER CODE END EXTI9_5_IRQn 0 */
    HAL_GPIO_EXTI_IRQHandler(GPIO_PIN_9);
    /* USER CODE BEGIN EXTI9_5_IRQn 1 */
    if (HAL_GPIO_ReadPin(GPIOD, REVERSE_Pin))
    {
        count--;
    }
    else
    {
        count++;
    }
    /* USER CODE END EXTI9_5_IRQn 1 */
}
```

Conclusion

Throughout the course of this project, we were met with many difficulties. Yet we ultimately succeeded in completing the main design with additional bonus work included. We gained experience with new more advanced circuit elements throughout the project and used what we have learned in previous labs to see it to fruition. Moreover, we learned about how debounced SPST switches, an H-bridge motor driver and a buzzer (specifically PSR-29F08S02-JQ speaker) work. We also learned about the Fischertek Conveyor Belt. We used our knowledge of voltage dividers, amplifier circuitry, timer input capture, timer PWM generation and SPI communication with graphical LCD to complete the project. Overall, it was a great learning experience.

“If you want something you never had, you have to do something you’ve never done”

-Thomas Jefferson

Appendix

Code

[main.c]

```

/* USER CODE BEGIN Header */
/**
  * *****
  * @file           : main.c
  * @brief          : Main program body
  * *****
  * @attention
  *
  * <h2><center>&copy; Copyright (c) 2021 STMicroelectronics.
  * All rights reserved.</center></h2>
  *
  * This software component is licensed by ST under BSD 3-Clause license,
  * the "License"; You may not use this file except in compliance with the
  * License. You may obtain a copy of the License at:
  *
  *                                     opensource.org/licenses/BSD-3-Clause
  *
  * *****
  */
/* USER CODE END Header */
/* Includes ----- */
#include "main.h"

/* Private includes ----- */
/* USER CODE BEGIN Includes */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
/* USER CODE END Includes */

/* Private typedef ----- */
/* USER CODE BEGIN PTD */

/* USER CODE END PTD */

/* Private define ----- */
/* USER CODE BEGIN PD */
#define START      HAL_GPIO_ReadPin(GPIOG, START_Pin) // get START value
#define STOP       HAL_GPIO_ReadPin(GPIOG, STOP_Pin)  // get STOP value
#define E_STOP     HAL_GPIO_ReadPin(GPIOG, E_STOP_Pin) // get EMERGENCY STOP value
#define IR_LED_ON  HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOD, IR_LED_Pin, GPIO_PIN_SET) // IR LED off
#define IR_LED_OFF HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOD, IR_LED_Pin, GPIO_PIN_RESET) // IR LED off
#define LED_ON     HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOD, LED_Pin,   GPIO_PIN_SET)   // LED off
#define LED_OFF    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOD, LED_Pin,   GPIO_PIN_RESET) // LED off
/* USER CODE END PD */

/* Private macro ----- */
/* USER CODE BEGIN PM */

/* USER CODE END PM */

/* Private variables ----- */
SPI_HandleTypeDef hspi4;
TIM_HandleTypeDef htim4;
TIM_HandleTypeDef htim5;

```

```

/* USER CODE BEGIN PV */
uint8_t state;           // state of process
uint32_t time1, time2;   // input capture times
uint32_t diff;           // difference between time1 and time2
uint32_t f;              // frequency of input signal
int16_t dutycycle;       // duty cycle percentage
uint16_t highduty, lowduty; // high & low duty cycle values

uint8_t array[3];        // array for LCD commands
uint8_t count;           // count to track # of belt tiles moved
uint8_t distance;        // distance object is from end of belt
uint8_t remainder;       // used for distance output as a string
uint8_t firstDigit, secondDigit; // distance displayed in two digits
char distanceString[2];  // string holding distance value
/* USER CODE END PV */

/* Private function prototypes ----- */
void SystemClock_Config(void);
static void MX_GPIO_Init(void);
static void MX_TIM5_Init(void);
static void MX_TIM4_Init(void);
static void MX_SPI4_Init(void);
/* USER CODE BEGIN PFP */

// LCD functions:
void Sendcmd(uint8_t cmd)
{
    array[0] = 0xF8;      //send 1111 1000 to sync LCD
    array[1] = (cmd & 0xF0);
    array[2] = ( (cmd << 4) & 0xF0);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOE,RS_Pin,GPIO_PIN_SET);
    HAL_SPI_Transmit(&hspi4,array,3,1);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOE,RS_Pin,GPIO_PIN_RESET);
}

void sendData(uint8_t temp)
{
    array[0] = 0xFA;      //send 1111 1010 to write to LCD (Rs=1, RW=0)
    array[1] = (temp & 0xF0);
    array[2] = ( (temp << 4) & 0xF0);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOE,RS_Pin,GPIO_PIN_SET);
    HAL_SPI_Transmit(&hspi4,array,3,1);
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOE,RS_Pin,GPIO_PIN_RESET);
}

void startup()
{
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOE,Reset_Pin,GPIO_PIN_RESET);
    HAL_Delay(100); //Wait >40ms after power is applied
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOE,Reset_Pin,GPIO_PIN_SET);
    HAL_Delay(10); //wait > 100us
    Sendcmd(0x30); //wake up
    HAL_Delay(10); //wait > 100us
    Sendcmd(0x30); //wakeup
    HAL_Delay(10); //wait >37us
    Sendcmd(0x0C); //Display ON Cursor on
    HAL_Delay(10); //Wait >100us
    Sendcmd(0x01); //Display Clear
    HAL_Delay(15); //wait >10ms
    Sendcmd(0x06);
    HAL_Delay(10);
}

```

```

}

void writeString(char* string)
{
    int length = strlen(string);
    for(int i = 0; i < length; i++)
    {
        sendData(string[i]);
    }
}

/* USER CODE END PFP */

/* Private user code ----- */
/* USER CODE BEGIN 0 */

/* USER CODE END 0 */

/**
 * @brief The application entry point.
 * @retval int
 */
int main(void)
{
    /* USER CODE BEGIN 1 */

    /* USER CODE END 1 */

    /* MCU Configuration----- */

    /* Reset of all peripherals, Initializes the Flash interface and the Systick. */
    HAL_Init();

    /* USER CODE BEGIN Init */

    /* USER CODE END Init */

    /* Configure the system clock */
    SystemClock_Config();

    /* USER CODE BEGIN SysInit */

    /* USER CODE END SysInit */

    /* Initialize all configured peripherals */
    MX_GPIO_Init();
    MX_TIM5_Init();
    MX_TIM4_Init();
    MX_SPI4_Init();
    /* USER CODE BEGIN 2 */
    // Initialize the LCD:
    startup();
    /* USER CODE END 2 */

    /* Infinite loop */
    /* USER CODE BEGIN WHILE */
    while (1)
    {
        // first check if an emergency stop has been activated:
        if (E_STOP)
        {

```

```

//-----
// state 0:
if (START == 0 && state == 0 && E_STOP)
{
    HAL_TIM_IC_Start_IT(&htim5, TIM_CHANNEL_1); // start input capture
    TIM4->ARR = 20000-1; // set auto reload register
    highduty = 10000; // set 50% duty cycle
// lowduty = 10000;
    HAL_TIM_PWM_Start_IT(&htim4, TIM_CHANNEL_1); // start buzzer
    for(int i = 0; i < 6; i++) // blink LED 6 times
    {
        LED_ON;
        HAL_Delay(500); // on for .5 seconds
        LED_OFF;
        HAL_Delay(500); // off for .5 seconds
    }
    HAL_TIM_PWM_Stop_IT(&htim4, TIM_CHANNEL_1); // stop buzzer
    state = 1; // move to next state
}
//-----
// state 1:
if (START == 0 && state == 1 && E_STOP)
{
    IR_LED_ON; // turn on IR LED while motor moves
    TIM4->ARR = 3000-1; // set ARR for 30kHz PWM signal
    highduty = 1500; // initialize to 50% duty cycle
// lowduty = 1500;
    HAL_TIM_PWM_Start_IT(&htim4, TIM_CHANNEL_2); // generate signal to start motor
    state = 2; // move to next state
}
//-----
// state 2:
if ((state == 2) && E_STOP)
{
    // calculate the frequency:
    if (time1 > time2)
    {
        diff = (time1-time2); // period calculated by difference in time
        f = 90000000/diff; // ABP1 timer clock to get frequency
    }
    else if (time2 > time1)
    {
        diff = (time2-time1); // period calculated to always be positive
        f = 90000000/diff; // again, use ABP1 clock for frequency
    }

    // update the duty cycle according to the captured frequency:
    dutycycle = (-f/20 + 325); // calculate cycle length
    highduty = (uint16_t)dutycycle*3000/100 + 24; // calculate high portion
// lowduty = (100 - (uint16_t)dutycycle)*3000/100 - 24;

    // if reversing, display "Moving Backward" on the LCD:
    if (HAL_GPIO_ReadPin(GPIOD, REVERSE_Pin))
    {
        HAL_Delay(100); // 100ms delay
        Sendcmd(0x90); // write on line 2
        writeString("Moving Backward"); // display message
        // method 1:
// distance = (int)0.5*count + 0x30; // calculate distance
// distance = ((count % 25) >> 1); // calculate distance
// Sendcmd(0x88); // write on line 3

```

```

//      sprintf(distanceString, "%x", distance);
//      writeString(distanceString);
// method 2:
//      remainder = distance;
//      firstDigit = remainder%10;
//      remainder = (remainder - firstDigit)/10;
//      secondDigit = remainder;
//      sendData(secondDigit + 0x30);
//      sendData(firstDigit + 0x30);
//  }

// otherwise display "Moving Forward":
else
{
    HAL_Delay(100);           // 100ms delay
    Sendcmd(0x90);           // write on line 2
    writeString("Moving Forward"); // display message
//    Sendcmd(0x88);
//    distance = (count % 25 );
//    distance = 'y';
//    sprintf(distanceString, "%x", distance);
//    writeString(distanceString);
//  }

// check if STOP is active. If so, the conveyer belt halts
// and a buzzer sounds. A message is also displayed:
if (STOP == 0) // STOP is active low
{
    HAL_TIM_PWM_Stop_IT(&htim4, TIM_CHANNEL_2); // stop motor
    HAL_TIM_IC_Stop_IT(&htim5, TIM_CHANNEL_1); // stop input capture

    TIM4->ARR = 25000-1;           // update auto reload register
    highduty = 12500;             // set 50% duty cycle
//    lowduty = 12500;
    HAL_TIM_PWM_Start_IT(&htim4, TIM_CHANNEL_1); // start buzzer

    Sendcmd(0x01);                // clear screen;
    HAL_Delay(100);               // brief delay
    Sendcmd(0x90);                // send command to write on line 2
    writeString("Halted");        // display "Halted" message

    for(int i = 0; i < 10; i++)    // blink LED 10 times
    {
        LED_ON;
        HAL_Delay(250);           // on for .5 seconds
        LED_OFF;
        HAL_Delay(250);           // off for .5 seconds
    }
    IR_LED_OFF;                  // turn off IR LED
    HAL_TIM_PWM_Stop_IT(&htim4, TIM_CHANNEL_1); // stop buzzer
    state = 0;                   // reset state to 0
    Sendcmd(0x01);               // clear screen;
}
}
//-----
}

// if emergency stop activated (active low), immediately shut off:
else
{
    HAL_TIM_PWM_Stop_IT(&htim4, TIM_CHANNEL_1); // stop buzzer

```

```

        HAL_TIM_PWM_Stop_IT(&htim4, TIM_CHANNEL_2); // stop motor
        HAL_TIM_IC_Stop_IT(&htim5, TIM_CHANNEL_1); // stop input capture
        LED_OFF; // turn off LED
        IR_LED_OFF; // turn off IR LED
        state = 0; // return to state 0
        HAL_Delay(100); // 100ms delay
        Sendcmd(0x90); // write on line 2
        writeString("Emergency stop "); // display message
    }

    /* USER CODE END WHILE */
    /* USER CODE BEGIN 3 */
}
/* USER CODE END 3 */

/**
 * @brief System Clock Configuration
 * @retval None
 */
void SystemClock_Config(void)
{
    RCC_OscInitTypeDef RCC_OscInitStruct = {0};
    RCC_ClkInitTypeDef RCC_ClkInitStruct = {0};

    /** Configure the main internal regulator output voltage
    */
    __HAL_RCC_PWR_CLK_ENABLE();
    __HAL_PWR_VOLTAGESCALING_CONFIG(PWR_REGULATOR_VOLTAGE_SCALE1);
    /** Initializes the RCC Oscillators according to the specified parameters
    * in the RCC_OscInitTypeDef structure.
    */
    RCC_OscInitStruct.OscillatorType = RCC_OSCILLATORTYPE_HSE;
    RCC_OscInitStruct.HSEState = RCC_HSE_ON;
    RCC_OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLState = RCC_PLL_ON;
    RCC_OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLSource = RCC_PLLSOURCE_HSE;
    RCC_OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLM = 4;
    RCC_OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLN = 180;
    RCC_OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLP = RCC_PLLP_DIV2;
    RCC_OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLQ = 4;
    if (HAL_RCC_OscConfig(&RCC_OscInitStruct) != HAL_OK)
    {
        Error_Handler();
    }
    /** Activate the Over-Drive mode
    */
    if (HAL_PWREx_EnableOverDrive() != HAL_OK)
    {
        Error_Handler();
    }
    /** Initializes the CPU, AHB and APB buses clocks
    */
    RCC_ClkInitStruct.ClockType = RCC_CLOCKTYPE_HCLK|RCC_CLOCKTYPE_SYSClk
                                |RCC_CLOCKTYPE_PCLK1|RCC_CLOCKTYPE_PCLK2;
    RCC_ClkInitStruct.SYSClkSource = RCC_SYSClkSource_PLLCLK;
    RCC_ClkInitStruct.AHBCLKDivider = RCC_SYSClk_DIV1;
    RCC_ClkInitStruct.APB1CLKDivider = RCC_HCLK_DIV4;
    RCC_ClkInitStruct.APB2CLKDivider = RCC_HCLK_DIV2;

    if (HAL_RCC_ClockConfig(&RCC_ClkInitStruct, FLASH_LATENCY_5) != HAL_OK)
    {

```



```

    Error_Handler();
}
}

/**
 * @brief SPI4 Initialization Function
 * @param None
 * @retval None
 */
static void MX_SPI4_Init(void)
{
    /* USER CODE BEGIN SPI4_Init 0 */

    /* USER CODE END SPI4_Init 0 */

    /* USER CODE BEGIN SPI4_Init 1 */

    /* USER CODE END SPI4_Init 1 */
    /* SPI4 parameter configuration*/
    hspi4.Instance = SPI4;
    hspi4.Init.Mode = SPI_MODE_MASTER;
    hspi4.Init.Direction = SPI_DIRECTION_2LINES;
    hspi4.Init.DataSize = SPI_DATASIZE_8BIT;
    hspi4.Init.CLKPolarity = SPI_POLARITY_LOW;
    hspi4.Init.CLKPhase = SPI_PHASE_1EDGE;
    hspi4.Init.NSS = SPI_NSS_SOFT;
    hspi4.Init.BaudRatePrescaler = SPI_BAUDRATEPRESCALER_256;
    hspi4.Init.FirstBit = SPI_FIRSTBIT_MSB;
    hspi4.Init.TIMode = SPI_TIMODE_DISABLE;
    hspi4.Init.CRCCalculation = SPI_CRCCALCULATION_DISABLE;
    hspi4.Init.CRCPolynomial = 10;
    if (HAL_SPI_Init(&hspi4) != HAL_OK)
    {
        Error_Handler();
    }
    /* USER CODE BEGIN SPI4_Init 2 */

    /* USER CODE END SPI4_Init 2 */

}

/**
 * @brief TIM4 Initialization Function
 * @param None
 * @retval None
 */
static void MX_TIM4_Init(void)
{
    /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM4_Init 0 */

    /* USER CODE END TIM4_Init 0 */

    TIM_ClockConfigTypeDef sClockSourceConfig = {0};
    TIM_MasterConfigTypeDef sMasterConfig = {0};
    TIM_OC_InitTypeDef sConfigOC = {0};

    /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM4_Init 1 */

    /* USER CODE END TIM4_Init 1 */

```

```

    htim4.Instance = TIM4;
    htim4.Init.Prescaler = 0;
    htim4.Init.CounterMode = TIM_COUNTERMODE_UP;
    htim4.Init.Period = 3000-1;
    htim4.Init.ClockDivision = TIM_CLOCKDIVISION_DIV1;
    htim4.Init.AutoReloadPreload = TIM_AUTORELOAD_PRELOAD_DISABLE;
    if (HAL_TIM_Base_Init(&htim4) != HAL_OK)
    {
        Error_Handler();
    }
    sClockSourceConfig.ClockSource = TIM_CLOCKSOURCE_INTERNAL;
    if (HAL_TIM_ConfigClockSource(&htim4, &sClockSourceConfig) != HAL_OK)
    {
        Error_Handler();
    }
    if (HAL_TIM_PWM_Init(&htim4) != HAL_OK)
    {
        Error_Handler();
    }
    sMasterConfig.MasterOutputTrigger = TIM_TRGO_RESET;
    sMasterConfig.MasterSlaveMode = TIM_MASTERSLAVEMODE_DISABLE;
    if (HAL_TIMEx_MasterConfigSynchronization(&htim4, &sMasterConfig) != HAL_OK)
    {
        Error_Handler();
    }
    sConfigOC.OCMode = TIM_OCMODE_PWM1;
    sConfigOC.Pulse = 0;
    sConfigOC.OCpolarity = TIM_OCPOLARITY_HIGH;
    sConfigOC.OCFastMode = TIM_OCFAST_DISABLE;
    if (HAL_TIM_PWM_ConfigChannel(&htim4, &sConfigOC, TIM_CHANNEL_1) != HAL_OK)
    {
        Error_Handler();
    }
    if (HAL_TIM_PWM_ConfigChannel(&htim4, &sConfigOC, TIM_CHANNEL_2) != HAL_OK)
    {
        Error_Handler();
    }
    /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM4_Init 2 */

    /* USER CODE END TIM4_Init 2 */
    HAL_TIM_MspPostInit(&htim4);
}

/**
 * @brief TIM5 Initialization Function
 * @param None
 * @retval None
 */
static void MX_TIM5_Init(void)
{
    /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM5_Init 0 */

    /* USER CODE END TIM5_Init 0 */

    TIM_ClockConfigTypeDef sClockSourceConfig = {0};
    TIM_MasterConfigTypeDef sMasterConfig = {0};
    TIM_IC_InitTypeDef sConfigIC = {0};

    /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM5_Init 1 */

```

```

/* USER CODE END TIM5_Init 1 */
htim5.Instance = TIM5;
htim5.Init.Prescaler = 0;
htim5.Init.CounterMode = TIM_COUNTERMODE_UP;
htim5.Init.Period = 4294967295;
htim5.Init.ClockDivision = TIM_CLOCKDIVISION_DIV1;
htim5.Init.AutoReloadPreload = TIM_AUTORELOAD_PRELOAD_ENABLE;
if (HAL_TIM_Base_Init(&htim5) != HAL_OK)
{
    Error_Handler();
}
sClockSourceConfig.ClockSource = TIM_CLOCKSOURCE_INTERNAL;
if (HAL_TIM_ConfigClockSource(&htim5, &sClockSourceConfig) != HAL_OK)
{
    Error_Handler();
}
if (HAL_TIM_IC_Init(&htim5) != HAL_OK)
{
    Error_Handler();
}
sMasterConfig.MasterOutputTrigger = TIM_TRGO_RESET;
sMasterConfig.MasterSlaveMode = TIM_MASTERSLAVEMODE_DISABLE;
if (HAL_TIMEx_MasterConfigSynchronization(&htim5, &sMasterConfig) != HAL_OK)
{
    Error_Handler();
}
sConfigIC.ICPolarity = TIM_INPUTCHANNELPOLARITY_RISING;
sConfigIC.ICSelection = TIM_ICSELECTION_DIRECTTI;
sConfigIC.ICPrescaler = TIM_ICPSC_DIV1;
sConfigIC.ICFilter = 0;
if (HAL_TIM_IC_ConfigChannel(&htim5, &sConfigIC, TIM_CHANNEL_1) != HAL_OK)
{
    Error_Handler();
}
/* USER CODE BEGIN TIM5_Init 2 */

/* USER CODE END TIM5_Init 2 */

}

/**
 * @brief GPIO Initialization Function
 * @param None
 * @retval None
 */
static void MX_GPIO_Init(void)
{
    GPIO_InitTypeDef GPIO_InitStruct = {0};

    /* GPIO Ports Clock Enable */
    __HAL_RCC_GPIOE_CLK_ENABLE();
    __HAL_RCC_GPIOH_CLK_ENABLE();
    __HAL_RCC_GPIOA_CLK_ENABLE();
    __HAL_RCC_GPIOD_CLK_ENABLE();
    __HAL_RCC_GPIOG_CLK_ENABLE();

    /*Configure GPIO pin Output Level */
    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOE, RS_Pin|Reset_Pin, GPIO_PIN_RESET);

    /*Configure GPIO pin Output Level */

```

```

HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOD, LED_Pin|IR_LED_Pin|FORWARD_Pin|REVERSE_Pin, GPIO_PIN_RESET);

/*Configure GPIO pins : RS_Pin Reset_Pin */
GPIO_InitStruct.Pin = RS_Pin|Reset_Pin;
GPIO_InitStruct.Mode = GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT_PP;
GPIO_InitStruct.Pull = GPIO_NOPULL;
GPIO_InitStruct.Speed = GPIO_SPEED_FREQ_LOW;
HAL_GPIO_Init(GPIOE, &GPIO_InitStruct);

/*Configure GPIO pins : LED_Pin IR_LED_Pin FORWARD_Pin REVERSE_Pin */
GPIO_InitStruct.Pin = LED_Pin|IR_LED_Pin|FORWARD_Pin|REVERSE_Pin;
GPIO_InitStruct.Mode = GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT_PP;
GPIO_InitStruct.Pull = GPIO_NOPULL;
GPIO_InitStruct.Speed = GPIO_SPEED_FREQ_HIGH;
HAL_GPIO_Init(GPIOD, &GPIO_InitStruct);

/*Configure GPIO pin : DISTANCE_Pin */
GPIO_InitStruct.Pin = DISTANCE_Pin;
GPIO_InitStruct.Mode = GPIO_MODE_IT_RISING;
GPIO_InitStruct.Pull = GPIO_NOPULL;
HAL_GPIO_Init(DISTANCE_GPIO_Port, &GPIO_InitStruct);

/*Configure GPIO pins : E_STOP_Pin START_Pin STOP_Pin */
GPIO_InitStruct.Pin = E_STOP_Pin|START_Pin|STOP_Pin;
GPIO_InitStruct.Mode = GPIO_MODE_INPUT;
GPIO_InitStruct.Pull = GPIO_NOPULL;
HAL_GPIO_Init(GPIOG, &GPIO_InitStruct);

/*Configure GPIO pin : DIRECTION_Pin */
GPIO_InitStruct.Pin = DIRECTION_Pin;
GPIO_InitStruct.Mode = GPIO_MODE_IT_RISING_FALLING;
GPIO_InitStruct.Pull = GPIO_NOPULL;
HAL_GPIO_Init(DIRECTION_GPIO_Port, &GPIO_InitStruct);

/* EXTI interrupt init*/
HAL_NVIC_SetPriority(EXTI9_5_IRQn, 0, 0);
HAL_NVIC_EnableIRQ(EXTI9_5_IRQn);

HAL_NVIC_SetPriority(EXTI15_10_IRQn, 0, 0);
HAL_NVIC_EnableIRQ(EXTI15_10_IRQn);
}

/* USER CODE BEGIN 4 */

/* USER CODE END 4 */

/**
 * @brief This function is executed in case of error occurrence.
 * @retval None
 */
void Error_Handler(void)
{
    /* USER CODE BEGIN Error_Handler_Debug */
    /* User can add his own implementation to report the HAL error return state */
    __disable_irq();
    while (1)
    {
    }
    /* USER CODE END Error_Handler_Debug */
}

```

```
#ifndef USE_FULL_ASSERT
/**
 * @brief Reports the name of the source file and the source line number
 *        where the assert_param error has occurred.
 * @param file: pointer to the source file name
 * @param line: assert_param error line source number
 * @retval None
 */
void assert_failed(uint8_t *file, uint32_t line)
{
    /* USER CODE BEGIN 6 */
    /* User can add his own implementation to report the file name and line number,
       ex: printf("Wrong parameters value: file %s on line %d\r\n", file, line) */
    /* USER CODE END 6 */
}
#endif /* USE_FULL_ASSERT */

/***** (C) COPYRIGHT STMicroelectronics *****END OF FILE*****/
```

[stm32f4xx_it.c]

```

/* USER CODE BEGIN Header */
/**
  * *****
  * @file      stm32f4xx_it.c
  * @brief     Interrupt Service Routines.
  * *****
  * @attention
  *
  * <h2><center>&copy; Copyright (c) 2021 STMicroelectronics.
  * All rights reserved.</center></h2>
  *
  * This software component is licensed by ST under BSD 3-Clause license,
  * the "License"; You may not use this file except in compliance with the
  * License. You may obtain a copy of the License at:
  *
  *                                     opensource.org/licenses/BSD-3-Clause
  *
  * *****
  */
/* USER CODE END Header */

/* Includes ----- */
#include "main.h"
#include "stm32f4xx_it.h"
/* Private includes ----- */
/* USER CODE BEGIN Includes */
/* USER CODE END Includes */

/* Private typedef ----- */
/* USER CODE BEGIN TD */

/* USER CODE END TD */

/* Private define ----- */
/* USER CODE BEGIN PD */

/* USER CODE END PD */

/* Private macro ----- */
/* USER CODE BEGIN PM */

/* USER CODE END PM */

/* Private variables ----- */
/* USER CODE BEGIN PV */
uint8_t temp0, temp1, temp2;
/* USER CODE END PV */

/* Private function prototypes ----- */
/* USER CODE BEGIN PFP */

/* USER CODE END PFP */

/* Private user code ----- */
/* USER CODE BEGIN 0 */

/* USER CODE END 0 */

/* External variables ----- */
extern TIM_HandleTypeDef htim4;

```

```

extern TIM_HandleTypeDef htim5;
/* USER CODE BEGIN EV */
extern uint32_t time1, time2;
extern uint16_t highduty, lowduty;
extern uint8_t count;
/* USER CODE END EV */

/*****
/*          Cortex-M4 Processor Interruption and Exception Handlers          */
*****/
/**
 * @brief This function handles Non maskable interrupt.
 */
void NMI_Handler(void)
{
    /* USER CODE BEGIN NonMaskableInt_IRQn 0 */

    /* USER CODE END NonMaskableInt_IRQn 0 */
    /* USER CODE BEGIN NonMaskableInt_IRQn 1 */
    while (1)
    {
    }
    /* USER CODE END NonMaskableInt_IRQn 1 */
}

/**
 * @brief This function handles Hard fault interrupt.
 */
void HardFault_Handler(void)
{
    /* USER CODE BEGIN HardFault_IRQn 0 */

    /* USER CODE END HardFault_IRQn 0 */
    while (1)
    {
        /* USER CODE BEGIN W1_HardFault_IRQn 0 */
        /* USER CODE END W1_HardFault_IRQn 0 */
    }
}

/**
 * @brief This function handles Memory management fault.
 */
void MemManage_Handler(void)
{
    /* USER CODE BEGIN MemoryManagement_IRQn 0 */

    /* USER CODE END MemoryManagement_IRQn 0 */
    while (1)
    {
        /* USER CODE BEGIN W1_MemoryManagement_IRQn 0 */
        /* USER CODE END W1_MemoryManagement_IRQn 0 */
    }
}

/**
 * @brief This function handles Pre-fetch fault, memory access fault.
 */
void BusFault_Handler(void)
{
    /* USER CODE BEGIN BusFault_IRQn 0 */

```

```
/* USER CODE END BusFault_IRQn 0 */
while (1)
{
    /* USER CODE BEGIN W1_BusFault_IRQn 0 */
    /* USER CODE END W1_BusFault_IRQn 0 */
}
}

/**
 * @brief This function handles Undefined instruction or illegal state.
 */
void UsageFault_Handler(void)
{
    /* USER CODE BEGIN UsageFault_IRQn 0 */

    /* USER CODE END UsageFault_IRQn 0 */
    while (1)
    {
        /* USER CODE BEGIN W1_UsageFault_IRQn 0 */
        /* USER CODE END W1_UsageFault_IRQn 0 */
    }
}

/**
 * @brief This function handles System service call via SWI instruction.
 */
void SVC_Handler(void)
{
    /* USER CODE BEGIN SVC_IRQn 0 */

    /* USER CODE END SVC_IRQn 0 */
    /* USER CODE BEGIN SVC_IRQn 1 */

    /* USER CODE END SVC_IRQn 1 */
}

/**
 * @brief This function handles Debug monitor.
 */
void DebugMon_Handler(void)
{
    /* USER CODE BEGIN DebugMonitor_IRQn 0 */

    /* USER CODE END DebugMonitor_IRQn 0 */
    /* USER CODE BEGIN DebugMonitor_IRQn 1 */

    /* USER CODE END DebugMonitor_IRQn 1 */
}

/**
 * @brief This function handles Pendable request for system service.
 */
void PendSV_Handler(void)
{
    /* USER CODE BEGIN PendSV_IRQn 0 */

    /* USER CODE END PendSV_IRQn 0 */
    /* USER CODE BEGIN PendSV_IRQn 1 */

    /* USER CODE END PendSV_IRQn 1 */
}
```



```

}

/**
 * @brief This function handles System tick timer.
 */
void SysTick_Handler(void)
{
    /* USER CODE BEGIN SysTick_IRQn 0 */

    /* USER CODE END SysTick_IRQn 0 */
    HAL_IncTick();
    /* USER CODE BEGIN SysTick_IRQn 1 */

    /* USER CODE END SysTick_IRQn 1 */
}

/*****
 * STM32F4xx Peripheral Interrupt Handlers
 * Add here the Interrupt Handlers for the used peripherals.
 * For the available peripheral interrupt handler names,
 * please refer to the startup file (startup_stm32f4xx.s).
 *****/

/**
 * @brief This function handles EXTI line[9:5] interrupts.
 */
void EXTI9_5_IRQHandler(void)
{
    /* USER CODE BEGIN EXTI9_5_IRQn 0 */

    /* USER CODE END EXTI9_5_IRQn 0 */
    HAL_GPIO_EXTI_IRQHandler(GPIO_PIN_9);
    /* USER CODE BEGIN EXTI9_5_IRQn 1 */
    if (HAL_GPIO_ReadPin(GPIOD, REVERSE_Pin))
    {
        count--;
    }
    else
    {
        count++;
    }
    /* USER CODE END EXTI9_5_IRQn 1 */
}

/**
 * @brief This function handles TIM4 global interrupt.
 */
void TIM4_IRQHandler(void)
{
    /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM4_IRQn 0 */

    /* USER CODE END TIM4_IRQn 0 */
    HAL_TIM_IRQHandler(&htim4);
    /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM4_IRQn 1 */

    if (TIM4->ARR == 19999)    // if using startup buzzer:
    {
        TIM4->CCR1 = highduty;    // set CCR1 to relevant highduty value
        TIM4->CCR2 = 0;           // set CCR2 to zero
    }
    else if (TIM4->ARR == 24999) // if using stop sequence buzzer:

```

```

    {
        TIM4->CCR1 = highduty;    // set CCR1 to relevant highduty value
        TIM4->CCR2 = 0;           // set CCR2 to zero
    }
    else                          // otherwise generate 30kHz motor signal:
    {
        TIM4->CCR1 = 0;           // set CCR1 to zero
        TIM4->CCR2 = highduty;    // update CCR2 high portion of duty cycle
    }
}
/* USER CODE END TIM4_IRQn 1 */
}

/**
 * @brief This function handles EXTI line[15:10] interrupts.
 */
void EXTI15_10_IRQHandler(void)
{
    /* USER CODE BEGIN EXTI15_10_IRQn 0 */

    /* USER CODE END EXTI15_10_IRQn 0 */
    HAL_GPIO_EXTI_IRQHandler(GPIO_PIN_12);
    /* USER CODE BEGIN EXTI15_10_IRQn 1 */

    // toggle the REVERSE pin:
    HAL_GPIO_TogglePin(GPIOD, REVERSE_Pin);
    // update the FORWARD pin accordingly:
    if (HAL_GPIO_ReadPin(GPIOD, REVERSE_Pin))
    {
        HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOD, FORWARD_Pin, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
    }
    else
    {
        HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOD, FORWARD_Pin, GPIO_PIN_SET);
    }

    /* USER CODE END EXTI15_10_IRQn 1 */
}

/**
 * @brief This function handles TIM5 global interrupt.
 */
void TIM5_IRQHandler(void)
{
    /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM5_IRQn 0 */

    /* USER CODE END TIM5_IRQn 0 */
    HAL_TIM_IRQHandler(&tim5);
    /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM5_IRQn 1 */

    // if the first time hasn't been captured yet:
    if(temp2 == 0) {
        time1 = TIM5->CCR1; // get first timestamp
        temp2 = 1;         // prepare for next timestamp
    }
    // otherwise, if the first value has been captured already:
    else if (temp2 == 1) {
        time2 = TIM5->CCR1; // get second timestamp
        temp2 = 0;         // prepare for next timestamp
    }

    /* USER CODE END TIM5_IRQn 1 */
}

```

```
}  
  
/* USER CODE BEGIN 1 */  
  
/* USER CODE END 1 */  
/***** (C) COPYRIGHT STMicroelectronics *****END OF FILE*****/
```

List File

[main.lst]

```
#####
#
# IAR ANSI C/C++ Compiler V8.50.9.278/W32 for ARM          21/Mar/2021  21:35:17
# Copyright 1999-2020 IAR Systems AB.
#
#   Cpu mode
#   Endian          = little
#   Source file      = C:\Users\Mitch\Desktop\HW4\Core\Src\main.c
#   Command line     =
#       -f C:\Users\Mitch\AppData\Local\Temp\EW179C.tmp
#       (C:\Users\Mitch\Desktop\HW4\Core\Src\main.c -D USE_HAL_DRIVER -D
#       STM32F429xx -lC C:\Users\Mitch\Desktop\HW4\EWARM\HW4\List -o
#       C:\Users\Mitch\Desktop\HW4\EWARM\HW4\Obj --debug --endian=little
#       --cpu=Cortex-M4 -e --fpu=VFPv4_sp --dlib_config "C:\Program Files
#       (x86)\IAR Systems\Embedded Workbench 8.4\arm\inc\c\DLib_Config_Full.h"
#       -I C:\Users\Mitch\Desktop\HW4\EWARM\..\Core\Inc\ -I
#       C:\Users\Mitch\Desktop\HW4\EWARM\..\Drivers\STM32F4xx_HAL_Driver\Inc\
#       -I
#       C:\Users\Mitch\Desktop\HW4\EWARM\..\Drivers\STM32F4xx_HAL_Driver\Inc\Legacy\
#       -I
#       C:\Users\Mitch\Desktop\HW4\EWARM\..\Drivers\CMSIS\Device\ST\STM32F4xx\Include\
#       -I C:\Users\Mitch\Desktop\HW4\EWARM\..\Drivers\CMSIS\Include\ -Ohz)
#   Locale          = C
#   List file       =
#       C:\Users\Mitch\Desktop\HW4\EWARM\HW4\List\main.lst
#   Object file     =
#       C:\Users\Mitch\Desktop\HW4\EWARM\HW4\Obj\main.o
#   Runtime model:
#       __SystemLibrary = DLib
#       __dlib_file_descriptor = 1
#       __dlib_version   = 6
#       __size_limit     = 32768|ARM.EW.LINKER
#
#####

C:\Users\Mitch\Desktop\HW4\Core\Src\main.c
1          /* USER CODE BEGIN Header */
2          /**
3
4          * @file          : main.c
5          * @brief        : Main program body
6
7          * @attention
8          *
9          * <h2><center>&copy; Copyright (c) 2021 STMicroelectronics.
10         * All rights reserved.</center></h2>
11         *
12         * This software component is licensed by ST under BSD 3-Clause license,
13         * the "License"; You may not use this file except in compliance with the
14         * License. You may obtain a copy of the License at:
15         *                                     opensource.org/licenses/BSD-3-Clause
16         *
```

```

17
*****
18      */
19      /* USER CODE END Header */
20      /* Includes -----
-*/
21      #include "main.h"
22
23      /* Private includes -----
-*/
24      /* USER CODE BEGIN Includes */
25      #include <stdio.h>
26      #include <string.h>
27      /* USER CODE END Includes */
28
29      /* Private typedef -----
-*/
30      /* USER CODE BEGIN PTD */
31
32      /* USER CODE END PTD */
33
34      /* Private define -----
-*/
35      /* USER CODE BEGIN PD */
36      #define START      HAL_GPIO_ReadPin(GPIOG, START_Pin) // get START value
37      #define STOP      HAL_GPIO_ReadPin(GPIOG, STOP_Pin) // get STOP value
38      #define E_STOP    HAL_GPIO_ReadPin(GPIOG, E_STOP_Pin) // get EMERGENCY STOP
value
39      #define IR_LED_ON  HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOD, IR_LED_Pin, GPIO_PIN_SET) // IR
LED off
40      #define IR_LED_OFF HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOD, IR_LED_Pin, GPIO_PIN_RESET) // IR
LED off
41      #define LED_ON    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOD, LED_Pin,      GPIO_PIN_SET) //
LED off
42      #define LED_OFF   HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOD, LED_Pin,      GPIO_PIN_RESET) //
LED off
43      /* USER CODE END PD */
44
45      /* Private macro -----
-*/
46      /* USER CODE BEGIN PM */
47
48      /* USER CODE END PM */
49
50      /* Private variables -----
-*/

\          In section .bss, align 4
51      SPI_HandleTypeDef hspi4;
\          hspi4:
\          0x0          DS8 88
52

\          In section .bss, align 4
53      TIM_HandleTypeDef htim4;
54      TIM_HandleTypeDef htim5;
55
56      /* USER CODE BEGIN PV */
57      uint8_t state; // state of process
\          state:
\          0x0          DS8 1

```

```

\      0x1          DS8 1
58      uint32_t time1, time2;      // input capture times
59      uint32_t diff;              // difference between time1 and time2
60      uint32_t f;                 // frequency of input signal
61      int16_t  dutycycle;          // duty cycle percentage
\      dutycycle:
\      0x2          DS8 2
62      uint16_t highduty, lowduty;  // high & low duty cycle values
\      highduty:
\      0x4          DS8 2
\      lowduty:
\      0x6          DS8 2
\      htim4:
\      0x8          DS8 72
\      htim5:
\      0x50         DS8 72
\      time1:
\      0x98         DS8 4
\      time2:
\      0x9C         DS8 4
\      diff:
\      0xA0         DS8 4
\      f:
\      0xA4         DS8 4
63
\
\      In section .bss, align 4
64      uint8_t array[3];           // array for LCD commands
\      array:
\      0x0          DS8 4
\
\      In section .bss, align 1
65      uint8_t count;              // count to track # of belt tiles moved
\      count:
\      0x0          DS8 1
\
\      In section .bss, align 1
66      uint8_t distance;           // distance object is from end of belt
\      distance:
\      0x0          DS8 1
\
\      In section .bss, align 1
67      uint8_t remainder;          // used for distance output as a string
\      remainder:
\      0x0          DS8 1
\
\      In section .bss, align 1
68      uint8_t firstDigit, secondDigit; // distance displayed in two digits
\      firstDigit:
\      0x0          DS8 1
\
\      In section .bss, align 1
\      secondDigit:
\      0x0          DS8 1
\
\      In section .bss, align 2
69      char distanceString[2];      // string holding distance value
\      distanceString:
\      0x0          DS8 2
70      /* USER CODE END PV */
71

```

```

72      /* Private function prototypes -----
-*/
73      void SystemClock_Config(void);
74      static void MX_GPIO_Init(void);
75      static void MX_TIM5_Init(void);
76      static void MX_TIM4_Init(void);
77      static void MX_SPI4_Init(void);
78      /* USER CODE BEGIN PFP */
79
80      // LCD functions:

\          In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
81      void Sendcmd(uint8_t cmd)
82      {
\          Sendcmd: (+1)
\          0x0    0xB538      PUSH    {R3-R5,LR}
83          array[0] = 0xF8;    //send 1111 1000 to sync LCD
\          0x2    0x....'....  LDR.W   R4,??DataTable8
\          0x6    0x21F8      MOVS    R1,#+248
84          array[1] = (cmd & 0xF0);
\          0x8    0x....      B.N     ?Subroutine0
85          array[2] = ( (cmd << 4) & 0xF0);
86          HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOE,RS_Pin,GPIO_PIN_SET);
87          HAL_SPI_Transmit(&hspi4,array,3,1);
88          HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOE,RS_Pin,GPIO_PIN_RESET);
89      }

\          In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
\          ?Subroutine0: (+1)
\          0x0    0xF000 0x02F0  AND     R2,R0,#0xF0
\          0x4    0x0100      LSLS    R0,R0,#+4
\          0x6    0x7021      STRB     R1,[R4, #+0]
\          0x8    0x7062      STRB     R2,[R4, #+1]
\          0xA    0x70A0      STRB     R0,[R4, #+2]
\          0xC    0x2201      MOVS     R2,#+1
\          0xE    0x....'....  LDR.W   R5,??DataTable8_1 ;; 0x40021000
\          0x12   0x2108      MOVS     R1,#+8
\          0x14   0x....'....  BL      ??Subroutine1_1
\          ??CrossCallReturnLabel_4: (+1)
\          0x18   0x2301      MOVS     R3,#+1
\          0x1A   0x2203      MOVS     R2,#+3
\          0x1C   0x4621      MOV      R1,R4
\          0x1E   0x....'....  LDR.W   R0,??DataTable8_2
\          0x22   0x....'....  BL      HAL_SPI_Transmit
\          0x26   0x4628      MOV      R0,R5
\          0x28   0xE8BD 0x4038  POP     {R3-R5,LR}
\          0x2C   0x2200      MOVS     R2,#+0
\          0x2E   0x2108      MOVS     R1,#+8
\          0x30   0x....'....  B.W     HAL_GPIO_WritePin

\          In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
\          ?Subroutine1: (+1)
\          0x0    0x2200      MOVS     R2,#+0
\          ??Subroutine1_0: (+1)
\          0x2    0x2101      MOVS     R1,#+1
\          ??Subroutine1_1: (+1)
\          0x4    0x4628      MOV      R0,R5
\          0x6    0x....'....  B.W     HAL_GPIO_WritePin
90
\          In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next

```



```

91     void sendData(uint8_t temp)
92     {
\         sendData: (+1)
\         0x0    0xB538      PUSH      {R3-R5,LR}
93         array[0] = 0xFA; //send 1111 1010 to write to LCD (Rs=1, RW=0)
\         0x2    0x....'....  LDR.W    R4,??DataTable8
\         0x6    0x21FA      MOVVS    R1,#+250
94         array[1] = (temp & 0xF0);
\         0x8                                REQUIRE ?Subroutine0
\         0x8                                ;; // Fall through to label ?Subroutine0
95         array[2] = ( (temp << 4) & 0xF0);
96         HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOE,RS_Pin,GPIO_PIN_SET);
97         HAL_SPI_Transmit(&hspi4,array,3,1);
98         HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOE,RS_Pin,GPIO_PIN_RESET);
99     }
100

\                                     In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
101     void startup()
102     {
\         startup: (+1)
\         0x0    0xB510      PUSH      {R4,LR}
103         HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOE,Reset_Pin,GPIO_PIN_RESET);
\         0x2    0x....'....  LDR.W    R4,??DataTable8_1 ;; 0x40021000
\         0x6    0x2200      MOVVS    R2,#+0
\         0x8    0x....'....  BL       ?Subroutine4
104         HAL_Delay(100); //Wait >40ms after power is applied
\         ??CrossCallReturnLabel_21: (+1)
\         0xC    0x....'....  BL       ?Subroutine2
105         HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOE,Reset_Pin,GPIO_PIN_SET);
\         ??CrossCallReturnLabel_14: (+1)
\         0x10   0x2201      MOVVS    R2,#+1
\         0x12   0x....'....  BL       ?Subroutine4
106         HAL_Delay(10); //wait > 100us
\         ??CrossCallReturnLabel_20: (+1)
\         0x16   0x....'....  BL       ?Subroutine3
107         Sendcmd(0x30); //wake up
\         ??CrossCallReturnLabel_18: (+1)
\         0x1A   0x2030      MOVVS    R0,#+48
\         0x1C   0x....'....  BL       Sendcmd
108         HAL_Delay(10); //wait > 100us
\         0x20   0x....'....  BL       ?Subroutine3
109         Sendcmd(0x30); //wake up
\         ??CrossCallReturnLabel_17: (+1)
\         0x24   0x2030      MOVVS    R0,#+48
\         0x26   0x....'....  BL       Sendcmd
110         HAL_Delay(10); //wait >37us
\         0x2A   0x....'....  BL       ?Subroutine3
111         Sendcmd(0x0C); //Display ON Cursor on
\         ??CrossCallReturnLabel_16: (+1)
\         0x2E   0x200C      MOVVS    R0,#+12
\         0x30   0x....'....  BL       Sendcmd
112         HAL_Delay(10); //Wait >100us
\         0x34   0x....'....  BL       ?Subroutine3
113         Sendcmd(0x01); //Display Clear
\         ??CrossCallReturnLabel_15: (+1)
\         0x38   0x2001      MOVVS    R0,#+1
\         0x3A   0x....'....  BL       Sendcmd
114         HAL_Delay(15); //wait >10ms
\         0x3E   0x200F      MOVVS    R0,#+15
\         0x40   0x....'....  BL       HAL_Delay

```

```

115         Sendcmd(0x06);
\         0x44 0x2006        MOVS     R0,#+6
\         0x46 0x....'....   BL       Sendcmd
116         HAL_Delay(10);
\         0x4A 0xE8BD 0x4010   POP      {R4,LR}
\         0x4E 0x200A        MOVS     R0,#+10
\         0x50 0x....'....   B.W      HAL_Delay
117     }

\
\             In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
\             ?Subroutine4: (+1)
\         0x0 0x2110        MOVS     R1,#+16
\             ??Subroutine4_0: (+1)
\         0x2 0x4620        MOV      R0,R4
\         0x4 0x....'....   B.W      HAL_GPIO_WritePin

\
\             In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
\             ?Subroutine3: (+1)
\         0x0 0x200A        MOVS     R0,#+10
\         0x2 0x....'....   B.W      HAL_Delay

\
\             In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
\             ?Subroutine2: (+1)
\         0x0 0x2064        MOVS     R0,#+100
\         0x2 0x....'....   B.W      HAL_Delay
118

\
\             In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
119     void writeString(char* string)
120     {
\         writeString: (+1)
\         0x0 0xB570        PUSH     {R4-R6,LR}
\         0x2 0x4604        MOV      R4,R0
121         int length = strlen(string);
\         0x4 0x....'....   BL       strlen
\         0x8 0x4605        MOV      R5,R0
122         for(int i = 0; i < length; i++)
\         0xA 0x2600        MOVS     R6,#+0
\         0xC 0xE003        B.N      ??writeString_0
123         {
124             sendData(string[i]);
\             ??writeString_1: (+1)
\         0xE 0x5DA0        LDRB     R0,[R4, R6]
\         0x10 0x....'....   BL      sendData
125         }
\         0x14 0x1C76        ADDS     R6,R6,#+1
\             ??writeString_0: (+1)
\         0x16 0x42AE        CMP      R6,R5
\         0x18 0xDBF9        BLT.N   ??writeString_1
126         }
\         0x1A 0xBD70        POP      {R4-R6,PC}        ;; return
127
128     /* USER CODE END PFP */
129
130     /* Private user code -----
-*/
131     /* USER CODE BEGIN 0 */
132
133     /* USER CODE END 0 */
134
135     /**

```

```

136      * @brief The application entry point.
137      * @retval int
138      */

\                                     In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next
139      int main(void)
140      {
\          main: (+1)
\          0x0    0xE92D 0x4FF0    PUSH    {R4-R11,LR}
\          0x4    0xB08D          SUB     SP,SP,#+52
141          /* USER CODE BEGIN 1 */
142
143          /* USER CODE END 1 */
144
145          /* MCU Configuration----- */
146
147          /* Reset of all peripherals, Initializes the Flash interface and the
Systick. */
148          HAL_Init();
\          0x6    0x....'....    BL      HAL_Init
149
150          /* USER CODE BEGIN Init */
151
152          /* USER CODE END Init */
153
154          /* Configure the system clock */
155          SystemClock_Config();
\          0xA    0x....'....    BL      SystemClock_Config
156
157          /* USER CODE BEGIN SysInit */
158
159          /* USER CODE END SysInit */
160
161          /* Initialize all configured peripherals */
162          MX_GPIO_Init();
\          0xE    0x2114          MOVVS   R1,#+20
\          0x10   0x4668          MOV     R0,SP
\          0x12   0x....'....    BL      __aeabi_memclr4
\          0x16   0x2000          MOVVS   R0,#+0
\          0x18   0x9005          STR     R0,[SP, #+20]
\          0x1A   0xF44F 0x5980   MOV     R9,#+4096
\          0x1E   0x....'....    LDR.W   R0,??DataTable8_3 ;; 0x40023830
\          0x22   0x....'....    LDR.W   R4,??DataTable8_1 ;; 0x40021000
\          0x26   0x6801          LDR     R1,[R0, #+0]
\          0x28   0x....'....    LDR.W   R5,??DataTable8_4 ;; 0x40020c00
\          0x2C   0x....'....    LDR.W   R6,??DataTable8_5 ;; 0x40021800
\          0x30   0xF041 0x0110   ORR     R1,R1,#0x10
\          0x34   0x6001          STR     R1,[R0, #+0]
\          0x36   0x2700          MOVVS   R7,#+0
\          0x38   0x6802          LDR     R2,[R0, #+0]
\          0x3A   0xF002 0x0210   AND     R2,R2,#0x10
\          0x3E   0x9205          STR     R2,[SP, #+20]
\          0x40   0x2200          MOVVS   R2,#+0
\          0x42   0x9905          LDR     R1,[SP, #+20]
\          0x44   0x9205          STR     R2,[SP, #+20]
\          0x46   0x6803          LDR     R3,[R0, #+0]
\          0x48   0xF043 0x0380   ORR     R3,R3,#0x80
\          0x4C   0x6003          STR     R3,[R0, #+0]
\          0x4E   0x6801          LDR     R1,[R0, #+0]
\          0x50   0xF001 0x0180   AND     R1,R1,#0x80

```

```

\      0x54  0x9105      STR      R1,[SP, ++20]
\      0x56  0x9905      LDR      R1,[SP, ++20]
\      0x58  0x9205      STR      R2,[SP, ++20]
\      0x5A  0x6803      LDR      R3,[R0, ++0]
\      0x5C  0xF043  0x0301  ORR      R3,R3,#0x1
\      0x60  0x6003      STR      R3,[R0, ++0]
\      0x62  0x6801      LDR      R1,[R0, ++0]
\      0x64  0xF001  0x0101  AND      R1,R1,#0x1
\      0x68  0x9105      STR      R1,[SP, ++20]
\      0x6A  0x9905      LDR      R1,[SP, ++20]
\      0x6C  0x9205      STR      R2,[SP, ++20]
\      0x6E  0x6803      LDR      R3,[R0, ++0]
\      0x70  0xF043  0x0308  ORR      R3,R3,#0x8
\      0x74  0x6003      STR      R3,[R0, ++0]
\      0x76  0x6801      LDR      R1,[R0, ++0]
\      0x78  0xF001  0x0108  AND      R1,R1,#0x8
\      0x7C  0x9105      STR      R1,[SP, ++20]
\      0x7E  0x9905      LDR      R1,[SP, ++20]
\      0x80  0x9205      STR      R2,[SP, ++20]
\      0x82  0x2118      MOVVS     R1,++24
\      0x84  0x6803      LDR      R3,[R0, ++0]
\      0x86  0xF043  0x0340  ORR      R3,R3,#0x40
\      0x8A  0x6003      STR      R3,[R0, ++0]
\      0x8C  0x6800      LDR      R0,[R0, ++0]
\      0x8E  0xF000  0x0040  AND      R0,R0,#0x40
\      0x92  0x9005      STR      R0,[SP, ++20]
\      0x94  0x9805      LDR      R0,[SP, ++20]
\      0x96  0x....'....    BL      ??Subroutine4_0
\                                     ??CrossCallReturnLabel_19: (+1)
\      0x9A  0x2200      MOVVS     R2,++0
\      0x9C  0x210F      MOVVS     R1,++15
\      0x9E  0x....'....    BL      ??Subroutine1_1
\                                     ??CrossCallReturnLabel_3: (+1)
\      0xA2  0x2118      MOVVS     R1,++24
\      0xA4  0x9100      STR      R1,[SP, ++0]
\      0xA6  0x2201      MOVVS     R2,++1
\      0xA8  0x2100      MOVVS     R1,++0
\      0xAA  0x9102      STR      R1,[SP, ++8]
\      0xAC  0x9103      STR      R1,[SP, ++12]
\      0xAE  0x9201      STR      R2,[SP, ++4]
\      0xB0  0x4669      MOV      R1,SP
\      0xB2  0x4620      MOV      R0,R4
\      0xB4  0x....'....    BL      HAL_GPIO_Init
\      0xB8  0x210F      MOVVS     R1,++15
\      0xBA  0x9100      STR      R1,[SP, ++0]
\      0xBC  0x2201      MOVVS     R2,++1
\      0xBE  0x9201      STR      R2,[SP, ++4]
\      0xC0  0x2100      MOVVS     R1,++0
\      0xC2  0x9102      STR      R1,[SP, ++8]
\      0xC4  0x2202      MOVVS     R2,++2
\      0xC6  0x9203      STR      R2,[SP, ++12]
\      0xC8  0x4669      MOV      R1,SP
\      0xCA  0x4628      MOV      R0,R5
\      0xCC  0x....'....    BL      HAL_GPIO_Init
\      0xD0  0x....'....    LDR.W   R1,??DataTable8_6  ;; 0x10110000
\      0xD4  0x9101      STR      R1,[SP, ++4]
\      0xD6  0x2200      MOVVS     R2,++0
\      0xD8  0xF44F  0x7400  MOV      R4,++512
\      0xDC  0x9202      STR      R2,[SP, ++8]
\      0xDE  0x9400      STR      R4,[SP, ++0]
\      0xE0  0x4669      MOV      R1,SP

```

```

\      0xE2      0x4630      MOV      R0,R6
\      0xE4      0x....'....      BL      HAL_GPIO_Init
\      0xE8      0xF44F 0x40D0      MOV      R0,#+26624
\      0xEC      0x2100      MOV      R1,#+0
\      0xEE      0x9000      STR      R0,[SP, #+0]
\      0xF0      0x9101      STR      R1,[SP, #+4]
\      0xF2      0x9102      STR      R1,[SP, #+8]
\      0xF4      0x4630      MOV      R0,R6
\      0xF6      0x4669      MOV      R1,SP
\      0xF8      0x....'....      BL      HAL_GPIO_Init
\      0xFC      0x....'....      LDR.W   R1,??DataTable8_7 ;; 0x10310000
\      0x100     0x9101      STR      R1,[SP, #+4]
\      0x102     0x2200      MOV      R2,#+0
\      0x104     0x9202      STR      R2,[SP, #+8]
\      0x106     0xF8CD 0x9000      STR      R9,[SP, #+0]
\      0x10A     0x4669      MOV      R1,SP
\      0x10C     0x4630      MOV      R0,R6
\      0x10E     0x....'....      BL      HAL_GPIO_Init
\      0x112     0x2200      MOV      R2,#+0
\      0x114     0x2100      MOV      R1,#+0
\      0x116     0x2017      MOV      R0,#+23
\      0x118     0x....'....      BL      HAL_NVIC_SetPriority
\      0x11C     0x2017      MOV      R0,#+23
\      0x11E     0x....'....      BL      HAL_NVIC_EnableIRQ
\      0x122     0x2200      MOV      R2,#+0
\      0x124     0x2100      MOV      R1,#+0
\      0x126     0x2028      MOV      R0,#+40
\      0x128     0x....'....      BL      HAL_NVIC_SetPriority
\      0x12C     0x2028      MOV      R0,#+40
\      0x12E     0x....'....      BL      HAL_NVIC_EnableIRQ
163      MX_TIM5_Init();
\      0x132     0xA806      ADD      R0,SP,#+24
\      0x134     0x2100      MOV      R1,#+0
\      0x136     0x2200      MOV      R2,#+0
\      0x138     0x2300      MOV      R3,#+0
\      0x13A     0xE880 0x008E      STM      R0,{R1-R3,R7}
\      0x13E     0xA802      ADD      R0,SP,#+8
\      0x140     0xE880 0x008E      STM      R0,{R1-R3,R7}
\      0x144     0xE9CD 0x1200      STRD     R1,R2,[SP, #+0]
\      0x148     0xF04F 0x30FF      MOV      R0,#-1
\      0x14C     0x....'....      LDR.W   R7,??DataTable8_8
\      0x150     0x....'....      LDR.W   R1,??DataTable8_9 ;; 0x40000c00
\      0x154     0x65F8      STR      R0,[R7, #+92]
\      0x156     0x6539      STR      R1,[R7, #+80]
\      0x158     0x2080      MOV      R0,#+128
\      0x15A     0x66B8      STR      R0,[R7, #+104]
\      0x15C     0x657A      STR      R2,[R7, #+84]
\      0x15E     0x65BA      STR      R2,[R7, #+88]
\      0x160     0x663A      STR      R2,[R7, #+96]
\      0x162     0xF107 0x0050      ADD      R0,R7,#+80
\      0x166     0x....'....      BL      HAL_TIM_Base_Init
\      0x16A     0xB108      CBZ.N   R0,??main_0
\      0x16C     0x....'....      BL      Error_Handler
\      ??main_0: (+1)
\      0x170     0xF8CD 0x9018      STR      R9,[SP, #+24]
\      0x174     0xA906      ADD      R1,SP,#+24
\      0x176     0xF107 0x0050      ADD      R0,R7,#+80
\      0x17A     0x....'....      BL      HAL_TIM_ConfigClockSource
\      0x17E     0xB108      CBZ.N   R0,??main_1
\      0x180     0x....'....      BL      Error_Handler
\      ??main_1: (+1)

```

```

\      0x184  0xF107 0x0050  ADD      R0,R7,#+80
\      0x188  0x....'....  BL        HAL_TIM_IC_Init
\      0x18C  0xB108      CBZ.N    R0,??main_2
\      0x18E  0x....'....  BL        Error_Handler
\
\      0x192  0x2100      MOV.S    R1,#+0
\      0x194  0x9100      STR      R1,[SP, #+0]
\      0x196  0x9101      STR      R1,[SP, #+4]
\      0x198  0xF107 0x0050  ADD      R0,R7,#+80
\      0x19C  0x4669      MOV      R1,SP
\      0x19E  0x....'....  BL        HAL_TIMEx_MasterConfigSynchronization
\      0x1A2  0xB108      CBZ.N    R0,??main_3
\      0x1A4  0x....'....  BL        Error_Handler
\
\      0x1A8  0x2201      MOV.S    R2,#+1
\      0x1AA  0x9203      STR      R2,[SP, #+12]
\      0x1AC  0x2100      MOV.S    R1,#+0
\      0x1AE  0x9102      STR      R1,[SP, #+8]
\      0x1B0  0x9104      STR      R1,[SP, #+16]
\      0x1B2  0x2200      MOV.S    R2,#+0
\      0x1B4  0x9205      STR      R2,[SP, #+20]
\      0x1B6  0xA902      ADD      R1,SP,#+8
\      0x1B8  0xF107 0x0050  ADD      R0,R7,#+80
\      0x1BC  0x....'....  BL        HAL_TIM_IC_ConfigChannel
\      0x1C0  0xB108      CBZ.N    R0,??main_4
\      0x1C2  0x....'....  BL        Error_Handler
164      MX_TIM4_Init();
\
\      0x1C6  0xA809      ADD      R0,SP,#+36
\      0x1C8  0x2100      MOV.S    R1,#+0
\      0x1CA  0x2200      MOV.S    R2,#+0
\      0x1CC  0x2300      MOV.S    R3,#+0
\      0x1CE  0x468C      MOV      R12,R1
\      0x1D0  0xE880 0x100E  STM      R0,{R1-R3,R12}
\      0x1D4  0xE9CD 0x1200  STRD    R1,R2,[SP, #+0]
\      0x1D8  0xA802      ADD      R0,SP,#+8
\      0x1DA  0x211C      MOV.S    R1,#+28
\      0x1DC  0x....'....  BL        __aeabi_memclr4
\      0x1E0  0x2000      MOV.S    R0,#+0
\      0x1E2  0x60F8      STR      R0,[R7, #+12]
\      0x1E4  0x2100      MOV.S    R1,#+0
\      0x1E6  0xF640 0x30B7  MOV.W   R0,#+2999
\      0x1EA  0x6178      STR      R0,[R7, #+20]
\      0x1EC  0x6139      STR      R1,[R7, #+16]
\      0x1EE  0x61B9      STR      R1,[R7, #+24]
\      0x1F0  0x6239      STR      R1,[R7, #+32]
\      0x1F2  0xF107 0x0008  ADD      R0,R7,#+8
\      0x1F6  0x....'....  LDR.W   R8,??DataTable8_10 ;; 0x40000800
\      0x1FA  0xF8C7 0x8008  STR      R8,[R7, #+8]
\      0x1FE  0x....'....  BL        HAL_TIM_Base_Init
\      0x202  0xB108      CBZ.N    R0,??main_5
\      0x204  0x....'....  BL        Error_Handler
\
\      0x208  0xF8CD 0x9024  STR      R9,[SP, #+36]
\      0x20C  0xA909      ADD      R1,SP,#+36
\      0x20E  0xF107 0x0008  ADD      R0,R7,#+8
\      0x212  0x....'....  BL        HAL_TIM_ConfigClockSource
\      0x216  0xB108      CBZ.N    R0,??main_6
\      0x218  0x....'....  BL        Error_Handler
\
\      0x21C  0xF107 0x0008  ADD      R0,R7,#+8

```

```

\      0x220  0x....'....    BL      HAL_TIM_PWM_Init
\      0x224  0xB108         CBZ.N    R0,??main_7
\      0x226  0x....'....    BL      Error_Handler
\
\          ??main_7: (+1)
\      0x22A  0x2100         MOV.S    R1,#+0
\      0x22C  0x9100         STR      R1,[SP, #+0]
\      0x22E  0x9101         STR      R1,[SP, #+4]
\      0x230  0xF107 0x0008    ADD      R0,R7,#+8
\      0x234  0x4669         MOV      R1,SP
\      0x236  0x....'....    BL      HAL_TIMEx_MasterConfigSynchronization
\      0x23A  0xB108         CBZ.N    R0,??main_8
\      0x23C  0x....'....    BL      Error_Handler
\
\          ??main_8: (+1)
\      0x240  0x2160         MOV.S    R1,#+96
\      0x242  0x9102         STR      R1,[SP, #+8]
\      0x244  0x2200         MOV.S    R2,#+0
\      0x246  0x9203         STR      R2,[SP, #+12]
\      0x248  0x9204         STR      R2,[SP, #+16]
\      0x24A  0x9206         STR      R2,[SP, #+24]
\      0x24C  0x....'....    BL      ?Subroutine9
\
\          ??CrossCallReturnLabel_39: (+1)
\      0x250  0xB108         CBZ.N    R0,??main_9
\      0x252  0x....'....    BL      Error_Handler
\
\          ??main_9: (+1)
\      0x256  0x2204         MOV.S    R2,#+4
\      0x258  0x....'....    BL      ?Subroutine9
\
\          ??CrossCallReturnLabel_38: (+1)
\      0x25C  0xB108         CBZ.N    R0,??main_10
\      0x25E  0x....'....    BL      Error_Handler
\
\          ??main_10: (+1)
\      0x262  0xF107 0x0008    ADD      R0,R7,#+8
\      0x266  0x....'....    BL      HAL_TIM_MspPostInit
165      MX_SPI4_Init();
\      0x26A  0xF44F 0x7282    MOV      R2,#+260
\      0x26E  0x....         LDR.N    R0,??DataTable8_2
\      0x270  0x....         LDR.N    R1,??DataTable8_11 ;; 0x40013400
\      0x272  0x6042         STR      R2,[R0, #+4]
\      0x274  0x2300         MOV.S    R3,#+0
\      0x276  0x2238         MOV.S    R2,#+56
\      0x278  0x61C2         STR      R2,[R0, #+28]
\      0x27A  0x6001         STR      R1,[R0, #+0]
\      0x27C  0x220A         MOV.S    R2,#+10
\      0x27E  0x6083         STR      R3,[R0, #+8]
\      0x280  0x60C3         STR      R3,[R0, #+12]
\      0x282  0x6103         STR      R3,[R0, #+16]
\      0x284  0x6143         STR      R3,[R0, #+20]
\      0x286  0x6203         STR      R3,[R0, #+32]
\      0x288  0x6243         STR      R3,[R0, #+36]
\      0x28A  0x6283         STR      R3,[R0, #+40]
\      0x28C  0x62C2         STR      R2,[R0, #+44]
\      0x28E  0x6184         STR      R4,[R0, #+24]
\      0x290  0x....'....    BL      HAL_SPI_Init
\      0x294  0xB108         CBZ.N    R0,??main_11
\      0x296  0x....'....    BL      Error_Handler
166      /* USER CODE BEGIN 2 */
167      // Initialize the LCD:
168      startup();
\
\          ??main_11: (+1)
\      0x29A  0x....'....    BL      startup
\      0x29E  0xF107 0x0998    ADD      R9,R7,#+152
\      0x2A2  0xF240 0x5ADC    MOV.W   R10,#+1500

```



```

\      0x2A6  0xF242 0x7B10      MOVW      R11,#+10000
\      0x2AA  0xE012      B.N      ??main_12
169      /* USER CODE END 2 */
170
171      /* Infinite loop */
172      /* USER CODE BEGIN WHILE */
173      while (1)
174      {
175
176          if (E_STOP)
177          {
178
179              if (START == 0 && state == 0 && E_STOP) // START is active low
180              {
181                  HAL_TIM_IC_Start_IT(&htim5, TIM_CHANNEL_1);
182                  TIM4->ARR = 20000-1;
183                  highduty = 10000;
184                  lowduty = 10000;
185                  HAL_TIM_PWM_Start_IT(&htim4, TIM_CHANNEL_1);
186
187                  for(int i = 0; i < 6; i++) // Blink LED 6 times
188                  {
189                      LED_ON;
190                      HAL_Delay(500); // on for .5 seconds
191                      LED_OFF;
192                      HAL_Delay(500); // off for .5 seconds
193                  }
194                  state = 1;
195                  HAL_TIM_PWM_Stop_IT(&htim4, TIM_CHANNEL_1);
196              }
197
198
199              if (START == 0 && state == 1 && E_STOP)
200              {
201                  IR_LED_ON;
202                  TIM4->ARR = 3000-1;
203                  highduty = 1500;
204                  lowduty = 1500;
205                  HAL_TIM_PWM_Start_IT(&htim4, TIM_CHANNEL_2);
206                  state = 2;
207              }
208
209
210              if ((state == 2) && E_STOP)
211              {
212                  // calculate the frequency:
213                  if (time1 > time2)
214                  {
215                      diff = (time1-time2);
216                      f = 90000000/diff;
217                  }
218                  else if (time2 > time1)
219                  {
220                      diff = (time2-time1);
221                      f = 90000000/diff;
222                  }
223
224                  // update the duty cycle according to the captured frequency:
225                  dutycycle = (-f/20 + 325);
226                  highduty = (uint16_t)dutycycle*3000/100 + 24;
227                  // lowduty = (100 - (uint16_t)dutycycle)*3000/100 - 24;

```

```

228
229          // if reversing, display "Moving Backward" on the LCD:
230          if (HAL_GPIO_ReadPin(GPIOD, REVERSE_Pin))
231          {
232              HAL_Delay(100);
233              Sendcmd(0x90);
234              writeString("Moving Backward");
235              //      Sendcmd(0x88);
236              //      distance = (int)0.5*count + 0x30;
237              //      distance = (count % 25 );
238              //      sprintf(distanceString, "%x", distance);
239              //      writeString(distanceString);
240              //      remainder = distance;
241              //      firstDigit = remainder%10;
242              //      remainder = (remainder - firstDigit)/10;
243              //      secondDigit = remainder;
244              //      distance = 'y';
245              //      sendData(secondDigit + 0x30);
246              //      sendData(firstDigit + 0x30);
247          }
248
249          // otherwise display "Moving Forward":
250          else
251          {
252              HAL_Delay(100);
253              Sendcmd(0x90);
254              writeString("Moving Forward");
255              //      Sendcmd(0x88);
256              //      distance = (count % 25 );
257              //      sprintf(distanceString, "%x", distance);
258              //      writeString(distanceString);
259          }
260
261          // check if STOP is active. If so, the conveyer belt halts
262          // and a buzzer sounds. A message is also displayed:
263          if (STOP == 0) // STOP is active low
264          {
265              HAL_TIM_PWM_Stop_IT(&htim4, TIM_CHANNEL_2); // stop motor
266              HAL_TIM_IC_Stop_IT(&htim5, TIM_CHANNEL_1); // stop input capture
267
268              TIM4->ARR = 25000-1; // update auto reload
269
270              //      highduty = 12500; // set 50% duty cycle
271              //      lowduty = 12500;
272              HAL_TIM_PWM_Start_IT(&htim4, TIM_CHANNEL_1); // start buzzer
273
274              Sendcmd(0x01); // clear screen;
275              HAL_Delay(100); // brief delay
276              Sendcmd(0x90); // send command to
277
278              writeString("Halted"); // display "Halted"
279
280              for(int i = 0; i < 10; i++) // blink LED 10 times
281              {
282                  LED_ON;
283                  HAL_Delay(250); // on for .5 seconds
284                  LED_OFF;
285                  HAL_Delay(250); // off for .5 seconds
286              }
287              IR_LED_OFF; // turn off IR LED

```

```

286             HAL_TIM_PWM_Stop_IT(&htim4, TIM_CHANNEL_1); // stop buzzer
287             state = 0; // reset state to 0
288             Sendcmd(0x01); // clear screen;
289         }
290     }
291 }
292
293 else
294 {
295     HAL_TIM_PWM_Stop_IT(&htim4, TIM_CHANNEL_1); // stop buzzer
296     ??main_13: (+1)
297     \ 0x2AC 0x....'.... BL ?Subroutine6
298     HAL_TIM_PWM_Stop_IT(&htim4, TIM_CHANNEL_2); // stop motor
299     ??CrossCallReturnLabel_28: (+1)
300     \ 0x2B0 0x....'.... BL ?Subroutine10
301     HAL_TIM_IC_Stop_IT(&htim5, TIM_CHANNEL_1); // stop input capture
302     ??CrossCallReturnLabel_41: (+1)
303     \ 0x2B4 0x....'.... BL ?Subroutine8
304     LED_OFF; // turn off LED
305     ??CrossCallReturnLabel_37: (+1)
306     \ 0x2B8 0x....'.... BL ?Subroutine1
307     IR_LED_OFF; // turn off IR LED
308     ??CrossCallReturnLabel_9: (+1)
309     \ 0x2BC 0x2200 MOVs R2,#+0
310     \ 0x2BE 0x2102 MOVs R1,#+2
311     \ 0x2C0 0x....'.... BL ??Subroutine1_1
312     HAL_Delay(100); // brief delay
313     ??CrossCallReturnLabel_2: (+1)
314     \ 0x2C4 0x....'.... BL ?Subroutine2
315     Sendcmd(0x90); // write on line 2
316     ??CrossCallReturnLabel_13: (+1)
317     \ 0x2C8 0x....'.... BL ?Subroutine5
318     writeString("Emergency stop "); // display message
319     ??CrossCallReturnLabel_25: (+1)
320     \ 0x2CC 0x.... ADR.N R0,?_3
321     \ 0x2CE 0x....'.... BL writeString
322     }
323     ??main_12: (+1)
324     \ 0x2D2 0x....'.... BL ?Subroutine7
325     ??CrossCallReturnLabel_35: (+1)
326     \ 0x2D6 0x2800 CMP R0,#+0
327     \ 0x2D8 0xD0E8 BEQ.N ??main_13
328     \ 0x2DA 0xF44F 0x5100 MOV R1,#+8192
329     \ 0x2DE 0x....'.... BL ??Subroutine7_0
330     ??CrossCallReturnLabel_31: (+1)
331     \ 0x2E2 0x2800 CMP R0,#+0
332     \ 0x2E4 0xBF04 ITT EQ
333     \ 0x2E6 0x7838 LDRBEQ R0,[R7, #+0]
334     \ 0x2E8 0x2800 CMPEQ R0,#+0
335     \ 0x2EA 0xD128 BNE.N ??CrossCallReturnLabel_27
336     \ 0x2EC 0x....'.... BL ?Subroutine7
337     ??CrossCallReturnLabel_34: (+1)
338     \ 0x2F0 0xB328 CBZ.N R0,??CrossCallReturnLabel_27
339     \ 0x2F2 0x2100 MOVs R1,#+0
340     \ 0x2F4 0xF107 0x0050 ADD R0,R7,#+80
341     \ 0x2F8 0x....'.... BL HAL_TIM_IC_Start_IT
342     \ 0x2FC 0xF644 0x601F MOVW R0,#+19999
343     \ 0x300 0xF8C8 0x002C STR R0,[R8, #+44]
344     \ 0x304 0xF8A7 0xB004 STRH R11,[R7, #+4]
345     \ 0x308 0xF8A7 0xB006 STRH R11,[R7, #+6]
346     \ 0x30C 0x2100 MOVs R1,#+0

```

```

\      0x30E  0xF107 0x0008  ADD      R0,R7,#+8
\      0x312  0x....'....  BL        HAL_TIM_PWM_Start_IT
\      0x316  0x2406          MOVS      R4,#+6
\
\      ??main_14: (+1)
\      0x318  0x2201          MOVS      R2,#+1
\      0x31A  0x....'....  BL        ??Subroutine1_0
\
\      ??CrossCallReturnLabel_6: (+1)
\      0x31E  0xF44F 0x70FA  MOV       R0,#+500
\      0x322  0x....'....  BL        HAL_Delay
\      0x326  0x....'....  BL        ?Subroutine1
\
\      ??CrossCallReturnLabel_8: (+1)
\      0x32A  0xF44F 0x70FA  MOV       R0,#+500
\      0x32E  0x....'....  BL        HAL_Delay
\      0x332  0x1E64          SUBS      R4,R4,#+1
\      0x334  0xD1F0          BNE.N     ??main_14
\      0x336  0x2001          MOVS      R0,#+1
\      0x338  0x7038          STRB      R0,[R7, #+0]
\      0x33A  0x....'....  BL        ?Subroutine6
\
\      ??CrossCallReturnLabel_27: (+1)
\      0x33E  0xF44F 0x5100  MOV       R1,#+8192
\      0x342  0x....'....  BL        ??Subroutine7_0
\
\      ??CrossCallReturnLabel_30: (+1)
\      0x346  0x2800          CMP       R0,#+0
\      0x348  0xBF04          ITT       EQ
\      0x34A  0x7838          LDRBEQ    R0,[R7, #+0]
\      0x34C  0x2801          CMPEQ     R0,#+1
\      0x34E  0xD116          BNE.N     ??main_15
\      0x350  0x....'....  BL        ?Subroutine7
\
\      ??CrossCallReturnLabel_33: (+1)
\      0x354  0xB198          CBZ.N    R0,??main_15
\      0x356  0x2201          MOVS      R2,#+1
\      0x358  0x2102          MOVS      R1,#+2
\      0x35A  0x....'....  BL        ??Subroutine1_1
\
\      ??CrossCallReturnLabel_1: (+1)
\      0x35E  0xF640 0x30B7  MOVW     R0,#+2999
\      0x362  0xF8C8 0x002C  STR       R0,[R8, #+44]
\      0x366  0xF8A7 0xA004  STRH      R10,[R7, #+4]
\      0x36A  0xF8A7 0xA006  STRH      R10,[R7, #+6]
\      0x36E  0x2104          MOVS      R1,#+4
\      0x370  0xF107 0x0008  ADD      R0,R7,#+8
\      0x374  0x....'....  BL        HAL_TIM_PWM_Start_IT
\      0x378  0x2002          MOVS      R0,#+2
\      0x37A  0x7038          STRB      R0,[R7, #+0]
\      0x37C  0xE002          B.N      ??main_16
\
\      ??main_15: (+1)
\      0x37E  0x7839          LDRB     R1,[R7, #+0]
\      0x380  0x2902          CMP      R1,#+2
\      0x382  0xD1A6          BNE.N    ??main_12
\
\      ??main_16: (+1)
\      0x384  0x....'....  BL        ?Subroutine7
\
\      ??CrossCallReturnLabel_32: (+1)
\      0x388  0x2800          CMP      R0,#+0
\      0x38A  0xD0A2          BEQ.N    ??main_12
\      0x38C  0xF8D9 0x1004  LDR       R1,[R9, #+4]
\      0x390  0xF8D9 0x2000  LDR       R2,[R9, #+0]
\      0x394  0xF8D9 0x0008  LDR       R0,[R9, #+8]
\      0x398  0x4291          CMP      R1,R2
\      0x39A  0xD206          BCS.N    ??main_17
\      0x39C  0x1A50          SUBS     R0,R2,R1
\      0x39E  0x....          LDR.N    R1,??DataTable8_12 ;; 0x55d4a80
\      0x3A0  0xFBB1 0xF1F0  UDIV     R1,R1,R0

```

```

\      0x3A4  0xF8C9 0x100C    STR      R1,[R9, #+12]
\      0x3A8  0xE007          B.N      ??main_18
\
\      ??main_17: (+1)
\      0x3AA  0x428A          CMP      R2,R1
\      0x3AC  0xD205          BCS.N   ??main_18
\      0x3AE  0x1A88          SUBS    R0,R1,R2
\      0x3B0  0x....          LDR.N   R2,??DataTable8_12  ;; 0x55d4a80
\      0x3B2  0xFBB2 0xF2F0    UDIV    R2,R2,R0
\      0x3B6  0xF8C9 0x200C    STR      R2,[R9, #+12]
\
\      ??main_18: (+1)
\      0x3BA  0x2214          MOVS    R2,#+20
\      0x3BC  0xF8D9 0x100C    LDR      R1,[R9, #+12]
\      0x3C0  0xF8C9 0x0008    STR      R0,[R9, #+8]
\      0x3C4  0x4249          RSB.S   R1,R1,#+0
\      0x3C6  0xFBB1 0xF1F2    UDIV    R1,R1,R2
\      0x3CA  0xF201 0x1145    ADDW    R1,R1,#+325
\      0x3CE  0xB28B          UXTH    R3,R1
\      0x3D0  0xF640 0x30B8    MOVW    R0,#+3000
\      0x3D4  0x4343          MULS    R3,R0,R3
\      0x3D6  0x2464          MOVS    R4,#+100
\      0x3D8  0xFB93 0xF4F4    SDIV    R4,R3,R4
\      0x3DC  0x8079          STRH    R1,[R7, #+2]
\      0x3DE  0x3418          ADDS    R4,R4,#+24
\      0x3E0  0x80BC          STRH    R4,[R7, #+4]
\      0x3E2  0x2108          MOVS    R1,#+8
\      0x3E4  0x4628          MOV     R0,R5
\      0x3E6  0x....'....    BL      HAL_GPIO_ReadPin
\      0x3EA  0xB128          CBZ.N   R0,??main_19
\      0x3EC  0x....'....    BL      ?Subroutine2
\
\      ??CrossCallReturnLabel_12: (+1)
\      0x3F0  0x....'....    BL      ?Subroutine5
\
\      ??CrossCallReturnLabel_24: (+1)
\      0x3F4  0x....          ADR.N   R0,?_0
\      0x3F6  0xE004          B.N      ??main_20
\
\      ??main_19: (+1)
\      0x3F8  0x....'....    BL      ?Subroutine2
\
\      ??CrossCallReturnLabel_11: (+1)
\      0x3FC  0x....'....    BL      ?Subroutine5
\
\      ??CrossCallReturnLabel_23: (+1)
\      0x400  0x....          ADR.N   R0,?_1
\
\      ??main_20: (+1)
\      0x402  0x....'....    BL      writeString
\      0x406  0xF44F 0x4180    MOV     R1,#+16384
\      0x40A  0x....'....    BL      ??Subroutine7_0
\
\      ??CrossCallReturnLabel_29: (+1)
\      0x40E  0x2800          CMP     R0,#+0
\      0x410  0xD132          BNE.N   ??main_21
\      0x412  0x....'....    BL      ?Subroutine10
\
\      ??CrossCallReturnLabel_40: (+1)
\      0x416  0x....'....    BL      ?Subroutine8
\
\      ??CrossCallReturnLabel_36: (+1)
\      0x41A  0xF246 0x10A7    MOVW    R0,#+24999
\      0x41E  0xF8C8 0x002C    STR      R0,[R8, #+44]
\      0x422  0xF243 0x01D4    MOVW    R1,#+12500
\      0x426  0x80B9          STRH    R1,[R7, #+4]
\      0x428  0xF107 0x0008    ADD     R0,R7,#+8
\      0x42C  0x2100          MOVS    R1,#+0
\      0x42E  0x....'....    BL      HAL_TIM_PWM_Start_IT
\      0x432  0x2001          MOVS    R0,#+1
\      0x434  0x....'....    BL      Sendcmd
\      0x438  0x....'....    BL      ?Subroutine2

```

```

\          ??CrossCallReturnLabel_10: (+1)
\ 0x43C 0x....'.... BL      ?Subroutine5
\          ??CrossCallReturnLabel_22: (+1)
\ 0x440 0x.... ADRL.N   R0,?_2
\ 0x442 0x....'.... BL      writeString
\ 0x446 0x240A MOVSL    R4,#+10
\          ??main_22: (+1)
\ 0x448 0x2201 MOVSL    R2,#+1
\ 0x44A 0x....'.... BL      ??Subroutine1_0
\          ??CrossCallReturnLabel_5: (+1)
\ 0x44E 0x20FA MOVSL    R0,#+250
\ 0x450 0x....'.... BL      HAL_Delay
\ 0x454 0x....'.... BL      ?Subroutine1
\          ??CrossCallReturnLabel_7: (+1)
\ 0x458 0x20FA MOVSL    R0,#+250
\ 0x45A 0x....'.... BL      HAL_Delay
\ 0x45E 0x1E64 SUBSL    R4,R4,#+1
\ 0x460 0xD1F2 BNE.N    ??main_22
\ 0x462 0x2200 MOVSL    R2,#+0
\ 0x464 0x2102 MOVSL    R1,#+2
\ 0x466 0x....'.... BL      ??Subroutine1_1
\          ??CrossCallReturnLabel_0: (+1)
\ 0x46A 0x....'.... BL      ?Subroutine6
\          ??CrossCallReturnLabel_26: (+1)
\ 0x46E 0x2000 MOVSL    R0,#+0
\ 0x470 0x7038 STRB     R0,[R7, #+0]
\ 0x472 0x2001 MOVSL    R0,#+1
\ 0x474 0x....'.... BL      Sendcmd
\          ??main_21: (+1)
\ 0x478 0xE72B B.N      ??main_12
304
305      /* USER CODE END WHILE */
306      /* USER CODE BEGIN 3 */
307  }
308      /* USER CODE END 3 */
309  }

\          In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
\          ?Subroutine10: (+1)
\ 0x0 0x2104 MOVSL    R1,#+4
\ 0x2 0xF107 0x0008 ADD     R0,R7,#+8
\ 0x6 0x....'.... B.W     HAL_TIM_PWM_Stop_IT

\          In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
\          ?Subroutine8: (+1)
\ 0x0 0x2100 MOVSL    R1,#+0
\ 0x2 0xF107 0x0050 ADD     R0,R7,#+80
\ 0x6 0x....'.... B.W     HAL_TIM_IC_Stop_IT

\          In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
\          ?Subroutine7: (+1)
\ 0x0 0xF44F 0x6100 MOV     R1,#+2048
\          ??Subroutine7_0: (+1)
\ 0x4 0x4630 MOV     R0,R6
\ 0x6 0x....'.... B.W     HAL_GPIO_ReadPin

\          In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
\          ?Subroutine6: (+1)
\ 0x0 0x2100 MOVSL    R1,#+0
\ 0x2 0xF107 0x0008 ADD     R0,R7,#+8
\ 0x6 0x....'.... B.W     HAL_TIM_PWM_Stop_IT

```

```

\                                     In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
\                                     ?Subroutine5: (+1)
\      0x0  0x2090      MOVS      R0,#+144
\      0x2  0x....      B.N      Sendcmd
310
311      /**
312      * @brief System Clock Configuration
313      * @retval None
314      */

\                                     In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
315      void SystemClock_Config(void)
316      {
\          SystemClock_Config: (+1)
\      0x0  0xB580      PUSH      {R7,LR}
\      0x2  0xB092      SUB      SP,SP,#+72
\      0x4  0x2130      MOVS      R1,#+48
\      0x6  0xA806      ADD      R0,SP,#+24
\      0x8  0x....'....  BL      __aeabi_memclr4
\      0xC  0x2114      MOVS      R1,#+20
\      0xE  0xA801      ADD      R0,SP,#+4
\      0x10 0x....'....  BL      __aeabi_memclr4
317      RCC_OscInitTypeDef RCC_OscInitStruct = {0};
318      RCC_ClkInitTypeDef RCC_ClkInitStruct = {0};
319
320      /** Configure the main internal regulator output voltage
321      */
322      __HAL_RCC_PWR_CLK_ENABLE();
\      0x14 0x2000      MOVS      R0,#+0
\      0x16 0x9000      STR      R0,[SP, #+0]
323      __HAL_PWR_VOLTAGESCALING_CONFIG(PWR_REGULATOR_VOLTAGE_SCALE1);
324      /** Initializes the RCC Oscillators according to the specified parameters
325      * in the RCC_OscInitTypeDef structure.
326      */
327      RCC_OscInitStruct.OscillatorType = RCC_OSCILLATORTYPE_HSE;
328      RCC_OscInitStruct.HSEState = RCC_HSE_ON;
\      0x18 0xF44F 0x3380  MOV      R3,#+65536
\      0x1C 0x....      LDR.N     R0,??DataTable8_13  ;; 0x40023840
\      0x1E 0x6801      LDR      R1,[R0, #+0]
\      0x20 0xF041 0x5180  ORR      R1,R1,#0x10000000
\      0x24 0x6001      STR      R1,[R0, #+0]
\      0x26 0x2100      MOVS      R1,#+0
\      0x28 0x6800      LDR      R0,[R0, #+0]
\      0x2A 0xF000 0x5080  AND      R0,R0,#0x10000000
\      0x2E 0x9000      STR      R0,[SP, #+0]
\      0x30 0x9800      LDR      R0,[SP, #+0]
\      0x32 0x....      LDR.N     R0,??DataTable8_14  ;; 0x40007000
\      0x34 0x9100      STR      R1,[SP, #+0]
\      0x36 0x6802      LDR      R2,[R0, #+0]
\      0x38 0xF442 0x4240  ORR      R2,R2,#0xC000
\      0x3C 0x6002      STR      R2,[R0, #+0]
\      0x3E 0x2201      MOVS      R2,#+1
\      0x40 0x6800      LDR      R0,[R0, #+0]
\      0x42 0xF400 0x4040  AND      R0,R0,#0xC000
\      0x46 0x9000      STR      R0,[SP, #+0]
329      RCC_OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLState = RCC_PLL_ON;
330      RCC_OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLSource = RCC_PLLSOURCE_HSE;
331      RCC_OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLM = 4;
332      RCC_OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLN = 180;
333      RCC_OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLP = RCC_PLLP_DIV2;

```

```

334         RCC_OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLQ = 4;
335         if (HAL_RCC_OscConfig(&RCC_OscInitStruct) != HAL_OK)
\         0x48 0xA806          ADD      R0,SP,#+24
\         0x4A 0x9900          LDR      R1,[SP, #+0]
\         0x4C 0x9206          STR      R2,[SP, #+24]
\         0x4E 0x2102          MOVS     R1,#+2
\         0x50 0xF44F 0x0280    MOV      R2,#+4194304
\         0x54 0x910C          STR      R1,[SP, #+48]
\         0x56 0x920D          STR      R2,[SP, #+52]
\         0x58 0x2104          MOVS     R1,#+4
\         0x5A 0x22B4          MOVS     R2,#+180
\         0x5C 0x910E          STR      R1,[SP, #+56]
\         0x5E 0x920F          STR      R2,[SP, #+60]
\         0x60 0x2102          MOVS     R1,#+2
\         0x62 0x2204          MOVS     R2,#+4
\         0x64 0x9307          STR      R3,[SP, #+28]
\         0x66 0x9110          STR      R1,[SP, #+64]
\         0x68 0x9211          STR      R2,[SP, #+68]
\         0x6A 0x....'....     BL       HAL_RCC_OscConfig
\         0x6E 0xB108          CBZ.N    R0,??SystemClock_Config_0
336         {
337             Error_Handler();
\         0x70 0x....'....     BL       Error_Handler
338         }
339         /** Activate the Over-Drive mode
340         */
341         if (HAL_PWREx_EnableOverDrive() != HAL_OK)
\             ??SystemClock_Config_0: (+1)
\         0x74 0x....'....     BL       HAL_PWREx_EnableOverDrive
\         0x78 0xB108          CBZ.N    R0,??SystemClock_Config_1
342         {
343             Error_Handler();
\         0x7A 0xB672          CPSID     I
\             ??SystemClock_Config_2: (+1)
\         0x7C 0xE7FE          B.N      ??SystemClock_Config_2
344         }
345         /** Initializes the CPU, AHB and APB buses clocks
346         */
347         RCC_ClkInitStruct.ClockType = RCC_CLOCKTYPE_HCLK|RCC_CLOCKTYPE_SYCLK
348                                     |RCC_CLOCKTYPE_PCLK1|RCC_CLOCKTYPE_PCLK2;
349         RCC_ClkInitStruct.SYSCLKSource = RCC_SYSCLKSOURCE_PLLCLK;
\             ??SystemClock_Config_1: (+1)
\         0x7E 0x2102          MOVS     R1,#+2
\         0x80 0x9102          STR      R1,[SP, #+8]
350         RCC_ClkInitStruct.AHBCLKDivider = RCC_SYSCLK_DIV1;
\         0x82 0x2200          MOVS     R2,#+0
\         0x84 0x9203          STR      R2,[SP, #+12]
\         0x86 0x200F          MOVS     R0,#+15
351         RCC_ClkInitStruct.APB1CLKDivider = RCC_HCLK_DIV4;
\         0x88 0xF44F 0x51A0    MOV      R1,#+5120
\         0x8C 0x9001          STR      R0,[SP, #+4]
\         0x8E 0x9104          STR      R1,[SP, #+16]
352         RCC_ClkInitStruct.APB2CLKDivider = RCC_HCLK_DIV2;
\         0x90 0xF44F 0x5280    MOV      R2,#+4096
\         0x94 0x9205          STR      R2,[SP, #+20]
353
354         if (HAL_RCC_ClockConfig(&RCC_ClkInitStruct, FLASH_LATENCY_5) != HAL_OK)
\         0x96 0x2105          MOVS     R1,#+5
\         0x98 0xA801          ADD      R0,SP,#+4
\         0x9A 0x....'....     BL       HAL_RCC_ClockConfig
\         0x9E 0xB108          CBZ.N    R0,??SystemClock_Config_3

```



```

355         {
356             Error_Handler();
\         0xA0    0xB672          CPSID    I
\             ??SystemClock_Config_4: (+1)
\         0xA2    0xE7FE          B.N      ??SystemClock_Config_4
357     }
358 }
\             ??SystemClock_Config_3: (+1)
\         0xA4    0xB013          ADD      SP,SP,#+76
\         0xA6    0xBD00          POP      {PC}                ;; return
359
360 /**
361  * @brief SPI4 Initialization Function
362  * @param None
363  * @retval None
364  */
365 static void MX_SPI4_Init(void)
366 {
367     /* USER CODE BEGIN SPI4_Init 0 */
368
369     /* USER CODE END SPI4_Init 0 */
370
371     /* USER CODE BEGIN SPI4_Init 1 */
372
373     /* USER CODE END SPI4_Init 1 */
374     /* SPI4 parameter configuration*/
375     hspi4.Instance = SPI4;
376     hspi4.Init.Mode = SPI_MODE_MASTER;
377     hspi4.Init.Direction = SPI_DIRECTION_2LINES;
378     hspi4.Init.DataSize = SPI_DATASIZE_8BIT;
379     hspi4.Init.CLKPolarity = SPI_POLARITY_LOW;
380     hspi4.Init.CLKPhase = SPI_PHASE_1EDGE;
381     hspi4.Init.NSS = SPI_NSS_SOFT;
382     hspi4.Init.BaudRatePrescaler = SPI_BAUDRATEPRESCALER_256;
383     hspi4.Init.FirstBit = SPI_FIRSTBIT_MSB;
384     hspi4.Init.TIMode = SPI_TIMODE_DISABLE;
385     hspi4.Init.CRCCalculation = SPI_CRCCALCULATION_DISABLE;
386     hspi4.Init.CRCPolynomial = 10;
387     if (HAL_SPI_Init(&hspi4) != HAL_OK)
388     {
389         Error_Handler();
390     }
391     /* USER CODE BEGIN SPI4_Init 2 */
392
393     /* USER CODE END SPI4_Init 2 */
394
395 }
396
397 /**
398  * @brief TIM4 Initialization Function
399  * @param None
400  * @retval None
401  */
402 static void MX_TIM4_Init(void)
403 {
404     /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM4_Init 0 */
405
406     /* USER CODE END TIM4_Init 0 */
407
408     /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM4_Init 1 */
409

```

```

410     TIM_ClockConfigTypeDef sClockSourceConfig = {0};
411     TIM_MasterConfigTypeDef sMasterConfig = {0};
412     TIM_OC_InitTypeDef sConfigOC = {0};
413
414     /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM4_Init 1 */
415
416     /* USER CODE END TIM4_Init 1 */
417     htim4.Instance = TIM4;
418     htim4.Init.Prescaler = 0;
419     htim4.Init.CounterMode = TIM_COUNTERMODE_UP;
420     htim4.Init.Period = 3000-1;
421     htim4.Init.ClockDivision = TIM_CLOCKDIVISION_DIV1;
422     htim4.Init.AutoReloadPreload = TIM_AUTORELOAD_PRELOAD_DISABLE;
423     if (HAL_TIM_Base_Init(&htim4) != HAL_OK)
424     {
425         Error_Handler();
426     }
427     sClockSourceConfig.ClockSource = TIM_CLOCKSOURCE_INTERNAL;
428     if (HAL_TIM_ConfigClockSource(&htim4, &sClockSourceConfig) != HAL_OK)
429     {
430         Error_Handler();
431     }
432     if (HAL_TIM_PWM_Init(&htim4) != HAL_OK)
433     {
434         Error_Handler();
435     }
436     sMasterConfig.MasterOutputTrigger = TIM_TRGO_RESET;
437     sMasterConfig.MasterSlaveMode = TIM_MASTERSLAVEMODE_DISABLE;
438     if (HAL_TIMEx_MasterConfigSynchronization(&htim4, &sMasterConfig) !=
HAL_OK)
439     {
440         Error_Handler();
441     }
442     sConfigOC.OCMode = TIM_OCMODE_PWM1;
443     sConfigOC.Pulse = 0;
444     sConfigOC.OCpolarity = TIM_OCPOLARITY_HIGH;
445     sConfigOC.OCFastMode = TIM_OCFAST_DISABLE;
446     if (HAL_TIM_PWM_ConfigChannel(&htim4, &sConfigOC, TIM_CHANNEL_1) != HAL_OK)
447     {
448         Error_Handler();
449     }
450     if (HAL_TIM_PWM_ConfigChannel(&htim4, &sConfigOC, TIM_CHANNEL_2) != HAL_OK)
451     {
452         Error_Handler();
453     }
454     /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM4_Init 2 */
455
456     /* USER CODE END TIM4_Init 2 */
457     HAL_TIM_MspPostInit(&htim4);
458
459 }
460
461 /**
462  * @brief TIM5 Initialization Function
463  * @param None
464  * @retval None
465  */
466 static void MX_TIM5_Init(void)
467 {
468
469     /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM5_Init 0 */

```

```

470
471      /* USER CODE END TIM5_Init 0 */
472
473      TIM_ClockConfigTypeDef sClockSourceConfig = {0};
474      TIM_MasterConfigTypeDef sMasterConfig = {0};
475      TIM_IC_InitTypeDef sConfigIC = {0};
476
477      /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM5_Init 1 */
478
479      /* USER CODE END TIM5_Init 1 */
480      htim5.Instance = TIM5;
481      htim5.Init.Prescaler = 0;
482      htim5.Init.CounterMode = TIM_COUNTERMODE_UP;
483      htim5.Init.Period = 4294967295;
484      htim5.Init.ClockDivision = TIM_CLOCKDIVISION_DIV1;
485      htim5.Init.AutoReloadPreload = TIM_AUTORELOAD_PRELOAD_ENABLE;
486      if (HAL_TIM_Base_Init(&htim5) != HAL_OK)
487      {
488          Error_Handler();
489      }
490      sClockSourceConfig.ClockSource = TIM_CLOCKSOURCE_INTERNAL;
491      if (HAL_TIM_ConfigClockSource(&htim5, &sClockSourceConfig) != HAL_OK)
492      {
493          Error_Handler();
494      }
495      if (HAL_TIM_IC_Init(&htim5) != HAL_OK)
496      {
497          Error_Handler();
498      }
499      sMasterConfig.MasterOutputTrigger = TIM_TRGO_RESET;
500      sMasterConfig.MasterSlaveMode = TIM_MASTERSLAVEMODE_DISABLE;
501      if (HAL_TIMEx_MasterConfigSynchronization(&htim5, &sMasterConfig) !=
HAL_OK)
502      {
503          Error_Handler();
504      }
505      sConfigIC.ICPolarity = TIM_INPUTCHANNELPOLARITY_RISING;
506      sConfigIC.ICSelection = TIM_ICSELECTION_DIRECTTI;
507      sConfigIC.ICPrescaler = TIM_ICPSC_DIV1;
508      sConfigIC.ICFilter = 0;
509      if (HAL_TIM_IC_ConfigChannel(&htim5, &sConfigIC, TIM_CHANNEL_1) != HAL_OK)
510      {
511          Error_Handler();
512      }
513      /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM5_Init 2 */
514
515      /* USER CODE END TIM5_Init 2 */
516
517  }
518
519  /**
520   * @brief GPIO Initialization Function
521   * @param None
522   * @retval None
523   */
524  static void MX_GPIO_Init(void)
525  {
526      GPIO_InitTypeDef GPIO_InitStruct = {0};
527
528      /* GPIO Ports Clock Enable */
529      __HAL_RCC_GPIOE_CLK_ENABLE();

```

```

530     __HAL_RCC_GPIOH_CLK_ENABLE();
531     __HAL_RCC_GPIOA_CLK_ENABLE();
532     __HAL_RCC_GPIOD_CLK_ENABLE();
533     __HAL_RCC_GPIOG_CLK_ENABLE();
534
535     /*Configure GPIO pin Output Level */
536     HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOE, RS_Pin|Reset_Pin, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
537
538     /*Configure GPIO pin Output Level */
539     HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOD, LED_Pin|IR_LED_Pin|FORWARD_Pin|REVERSE_Pin,
GPIO_PIN_RESET);
540
541     /*Configure GPIO pins : RS_Pin Reset_Pin */
542     GPIO_InitStruct.Pin = RS_Pin|Reset_Pin;
543     GPIO_InitStruct.Mode = GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT_PP;
544     GPIO_InitStruct.Pull = GPIO_NOPULL;
545     GPIO_InitStruct.Speed = GPIO_SPEED_FREQ_LOW;
546     HAL_GPIO_Init(GPIOE, &GPIO_InitStruct);
547
548     /*Configure GPIO pins : LED_Pin IR_LED_Pin FORWARD_Pin REVERSE_Pin */
549     GPIO_InitStruct.Pin = LED_Pin|IR_LED_Pin|FORWARD_Pin|REVERSE_Pin;
550     GPIO_InitStruct.Mode = GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT_PP;
551     GPIO_InitStruct.Pull = GPIO_NOPULL;
552     GPIO_InitStruct.Speed = GPIO_SPEED_FREQ_HIGH;
553     HAL_GPIO_Init(GPIOD, &GPIO_InitStruct);
554
555     /*Configure GPIO pin : DISTANCE_Pin */
556     GPIO_InitStruct.Pin = DISTANCE_Pin;
557     GPIO_InitStruct.Mode = GPIO_MODE_IT_RISING;
558     GPIO_InitStruct.Pull = GPIO_NOPULL;
559     HAL_GPIO_Init(DISTANCE_GPIO_Port, &GPIO_InitStruct);
560
561     /*Configure GPIO pins : E_STOP_Pin START_Pin STOP_Pin */
562     GPIO_InitStruct.Pin = E_STOP_Pin|START_Pin|STOP_Pin;
563     GPIO_InitStruct.Mode = GPIO_MODE_INPUT;
564     GPIO_InitStruct.Pull = GPIO_NOPULL;
565     HAL_GPIO_Init(GPIOG, &GPIO_InitStruct);
566
567     /*Configure GPIO pin : DIRECTION_Pin */
568     GPIO_InitStruct.Pin = DIRECTION_Pin;
569     GPIO_InitStruct.Mode = GPIO_MODE_IT_RISING_FALLING;
570     GPIO_InitStruct.Pull = GPIO_NOPULL;
571     HAL_GPIO_Init(DIRECTION_GPIO_Port, &GPIO_InitStruct);
572
573     /* EXTI interrupt init*/
574     HAL_NVIC_SetPriority(EXTI9_5_IRQn, 0, 0);
575     HAL_NVIC_EnableIRQ(EXTI9_5_IRQn);
576
577     HAL_NVIC_SetPriority(EXTI15_10_IRQn, 0, 0);
578     HAL_NVIC_EnableIRQ(EXTI15_10_IRQn);
579
580 }
581
582 /* USER CODE BEGIN 4 */
583
584 /* USER CODE END 4 */
585
586 /**
587  * @brief This function is executed in case of error occurrence.
588  * @retval None
589  */

```

```

\                                     In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
590     void Error_Handler(void)
591     {
592         /* USER CODE BEGIN Error_Handler_Debug */
593         /* User can add his own implementation to report the HAL error return state
*/
594         __disable_irq();
\         Error_Handler: (+1)
\         0x0    0xB672      CPSID    I
595         while (1)
\         ??Error_Handler_0: (+1)
\         0x2    0xE7FE      B.N      ??Error_Handler_0
596         {
597         }
598         /* USER CODE END Error_Handler_Debug */
599     }

\                                     In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
\                                     ?Subroutine9: (+1)
\         0x0    0xA902      ADD      R1,SP,#+8
\         0x2    0xF107 0x0008  ADD      R0,R7,#+8
\         0x6    0x....'....  B.W      HAL_TIM_PWM_ConfigChannel

\                                     In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next
\                                     ??DataTable8:
\         0x0    0x....'....  DC32     array

\                                     In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next
\                                     ??DataTable8_1:
\         0x0    0x4002'1000  DC32     0x40021000

\                                     In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next
\                                     ??DataTable8_2:
\         0x0    0x....'....  DC32     hspi4

\                                     In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next
\                                     ??DataTable8_3:
\         0x0    0x4002'3830  DC32     0x40023830

\                                     In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next
\                                     ??DataTable8_4:
\         0x0    0x4002'0C00  DC32     0x40020C00

\                                     In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next
\                                     ??DataTable8_5:
\         0x0    0x4002'1800  DC32     0x40021800

\                                     In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next
\                                     ??DataTable8_6:
\         0x0    0x1011'0000  DC32     0x10110000

\                                     In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next
\                                     ??DataTable8_7:
\         0x0    0x1031'0000  DC32     0x10310000

\                                     In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next
\                                     ??DataTable8_8:
\         0x0    0x....'....  DC32     state

\                                     In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next

```

```

\           ??DataTable8_9:
\      0x0    0x4000'0C00      DC32      0x40000c00

\           In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next
\           ??DataTable8_10:
\      0x0    0x4000'0800      DC32      0x40000800

\           In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next
\           ??DataTable8_11:
\      0x0    0x4001'3400      DC32      0x40013400

\           In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next
\           ??DataTable8_12:
\      0x0    0x055D'4A80      DC32      0x55d4a80

\           In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next
\           ??DataTable8_13:
\      0x0    0x4002'3840      DC32      0x40023840

\           In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next
\           ??DataTable8_14:
\      0x0    0x4000'7000      DC32      0x40007000

\           In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next
\           ?_0:
\      0x0    0x4D 0x6F      DC8  "Moving Backward"

\           0x76 0x69

\           0x6E 0x67

\           0x20 0x42

\           0x61 0x63

\           0x6B 0x77

\           0x61 0x72

\           0x64 0x00

\           In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next
\           ?_1:
\      0x0    0x4D 0x6F      DC8  "Moving Forward"

\           0x76 0x69

\           0x6E 0x67

\           0x20 0x46

\           0x6F 0x72

\           0x77 0x61

\           0x72 0x64

\           0x00

\      0xF           DS8  1

\           In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next

```

```

\          ?_2:
\          0x0  0x48 0x61          DC8 "Halted"

\          0x6C 0x74

\          0x65 0x64

\          0x00
\          0x7          DS8 1

\          In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next
\          ?_3:
\          0x0  0x45 0x6D          DC8 "Emergency stop "

\          0x65 0x72

\          0x67 0x65

\          0x6E 0x63

\          0x79 0x20

\          0x73 0x74

\          0x6F 0x70

\          0x20 0x00

600
601  #ifdef  USE_FULL_ASSERT
602  /**
603   * @brief  Reports the name of the source file and the source line number
604   *         where the assert_param error has occurred.
605   * @param  file: pointer to the source file name
606   * @param  line: assert_param error line source number
607   * @retval None
608   */
609  void assert_failed(uint8_t *file, uint32_t line)
610  {
611      /* USER CODE BEGIN 6 */
612      /* User can add his own implementation to report the file name and line
number,
613         ex: printf("Wrong parameters value: file %s on line %d\r\n", file, line)
*/
614          /* USER CODE END 6 */
615      }
616  #endif /* USE_FULL_ASSERT */
617
618  /***** (C) COPYRIGHT STMicroelectronics *****/
FILE****/

```

Maximum stack usage in bytes:

.cstack Function

```

0   Error_Handler
16  Sendcmd
    0   -> HAL_GPIO_WritePin
    16  -> HAL_GPIO_WritePin
    16  -> HAL_SPI_Transmit
80  SystemClock_Config
    80  -> Error_Handler

```

```

80  -> HAL_PWREx_EnableOverDrive
80  -> HAL_RCC_ClockConfig
80  -> HAL_RCC_OscConfig
80  -> __aeabi_memclr4
88  main
88  -> Error_Handler
88  -> HAL_Delay
88  -> HAL_GPIO_Init
88  -> HAL_GPIO_ReadPin
88  -> HAL_GPIO_WritePin
88  -> HAL_Init
88  -> HAL_NVIC_EnableIRQ
88  -> HAL_NVIC_SetPriority
88  -> HAL_SPI_Init
88  -> HAL_TIMEx_MasterConfigSynchronization
88  -> HAL_TIM_Base_Init
88  -> HAL_TIM_ConfigClockSource
88  -> HAL_TIM_IC_ConfigChannel
88  -> HAL_TIM_IC_Init
88  -> HAL_TIM_IC_Start_IT
88  -> HAL_TIM_IC_Stop_IT
88  -> HAL_TIM_MspPostInit
88  -> HAL_TIM_PWM_ConfigChannel
88  -> HAL_TIM_PWM_Init
88  -> HAL_TIM_PWM_Start_IT
88  -> HAL_TIM_PWM_Stop_IT
88  -> Sendcmd
88  -> SystemClock_Config
88  -> __aeabi_memclr4
88  -> startup
88  -> writeString
16  sendData
0   -> HAL_GPIO_WritePin
16  -> HAL_GPIO_WritePin
16  -> HAL_SPI_Transmit
8   startup
0   -> HAL_Delay
8   -> HAL_Delay
8   -> HAL_GPIO_WritePin
8   -> Sendcmd
16  writeString
16  -> sendData
16  -> strlen

```

Section sizes:

Bytes	Function/Label
4	??DataTable8
4	??DataTable8_1
4	??DataTable8_10
4	??DataTable8_11
4	??DataTable8_12
4	??DataTable8_13
4	??DataTable8_14
4	??DataTable8_2
4	??DataTable8_3
4	??DataTable8_4
4	??DataTable8_5
4	??DataTable8_6


```
4  ??DataTable8_7
4  ??DataTable8_8
4  ??DataTable8_9
52 ?Subroutine0
10 ?Subroutine1
10 ?Subroutine10
6  ?Subroutine2
6  ?Subroutine3
8  ?Subroutine4
4  ?Subroutine5
10 ?Subroutine6
10 ?Subroutine7
10 ?Subroutine8
10 ?Subroutine9
16 ?_0
16 ?_1
8  ?_2
16 ?_3
4  Error_Handler
10 Sendcmd
168 SystemClock_Config
4  array
1  count
1  distance
2  distanceString
1  firstDigit
88 hspi4
1'146 main
1  remainder
1  secondDigit
8  sendData
84 startup
168 state
    dutycycle
    highduty
    lowduty
    htim4
    htim5
    time1
    time2
    diff
    f
28  writeString
```

267 bytes in section .bss

1'700 bytes in section .text

1'700 bytes of CODE memory

267 bytes of DATA memory

Errors: none

Warnings: none

[stm32f4xx_it.lst]

```
#####
#
# IAR ANSI C/C++ Compiler V8.32.2.178/W32 for ARM          20/Mar/2021  21:47:03
# Copyright 1999-2018 IAR Systems AB.
#
#   Cpu mode      =
#   Endian        = little
#   Source file   = C:\Users\ecelab\Desktop\HW4\Core\Src\stm32f4xx_it.c
#   Command line  =
#       -f C:\Users\ecelab\AppData\Local\Temp\EW93A.tmp
#       (C:\Users\ecelab\Desktop\HW4\Core\Src\stm32f4xx_it.c -D USE_HAL_DRIVER
#       -D STM32F429xx -lC C:\Users\ecelab\Desktop\HW4\EWARM\HW4\List -o
#       C:\Users\ecelab\Desktop\HW4\EWARM\HW4\Obj --debug --endian=little
#       --cpu=Cortex-M4 -e --fpu=VFPv4_sp --dlib_config "C:\Program Files
#       (x86)\IAR Systems\Embedded Workbench 8.2\arm\inc\c\DLib_Config_Full.h"
#       -I C:\Users\ecelab\Desktop\HW4\EWARM\..\Core\Inc\ -I
#       C:\Users\ecelab\Desktop\HW4\EWARM\..\Drivers\STM32F4xx_HAL_Driver\Inc\
#       -I
#       C:\Users\ecelab\Desktop\HW4\EWARM\..\Drivers\STM32F4xx_HAL_Driver\Inc\Legacy\
#       -I
#       C:\Users\ecelab\Desktop\HW4\EWARM\..\Drivers\CMSIS\Device\ST\STM32F4xx\Include\
#       -I C:\Users\ecelab\Desktop\HW4\EWARM\..\Drivers\CMSIS\Include\ -Ohz)
#   Locale        = C
#   List file     =
#       C:\Users\ecelab\Desktop\HW4\EWARM\HW4\List\stm32f4xx_it.lst
#   Object file   = C:\Users\ecelab\Desktop\HW4\EWARM\HW4\Obj\stm32f4xx_it.o
#
#####

C:\Users\ecelab\Desktop\HW4\Core\Src\stm32f4xx_it.c
1      /* USER CODE BEGIN Header */
2      /**
3
4      * @file    stm32f4xx_it.c
5      * @brief   Interrupt Service Routines.
6
7      * @attention
8      *
9      * <h2><center>&copy; Copyright (c) 2021 STMicroelectronics.
10     * All rights reserved.</center></h2>
11     *
12     * This software component is licensed by ST under BSD 3-Clause license,
13     * the "License"; You may not use this file except in compliance with the
14     * License. You may obtain a copy of the License at:
15     *                                     opensource.org/licenses/BSD-3-Clause
16     *
17
18     */
19     /* USER CODE END Header */
20
21     /* Includes -----
-*/
22     #include "main.h"
23     #include "stm32f4xx_it.h"
24     /* Private includes -----
-*/
```

```

25      /* USER CODE BEGIN Includes */
26      /* USER CODE END Includes */
27
28      /* Private typedef -----
-*/
29      /* USER CODE BEGIN TD */
30
31      /* USER CODE END TD */
32
33      /* Private define -----
-*/
34      /* USER CODE BEGIN PD */
35
36      /* USER CODE END PD */
37
38      /* Private macro -----
-*/
39      /* USER CODE BEGIN PM */
40
41      /* USER CODE END PM */
42
43      /* Private variables -----
-*/
44      /* USER CODE BEGIN PV */
45
46      \           In section .bss, align 1
47      uint8_t temp0, temp1, temp2;
48      \           temp0:
49      \           0x0           DS8 1
50
51      \           In section .bss, align 1
52      \           temp1:
53      \           0x0           DS8 1
54
55      \           In section .bss, align 1
56      \           temp2:
57      \           0x0           DS8 1
58      /* USER CODE END PV */
59
60      /* Private function prototypes -----
-*/
61      /* USER CODE BEGIN PFP */
62
63      /* USER CODE END PFP */
64
65      /* Private user code -----
-*/
66      /* USER CODE BEGIN 0 */
67
68      /* USER CODE END 0 */
69
70      /* External variables -----
-*/
71      extern TIM_HandleTypeDef htim4;
72      extern TIM_HandleTypeDef htim5;
73      /* USER CODE BEGIN EV */
74      extern uint32_t time1, time2;
75      extern uint16_t highduty, lowduty;
76      extern uint8_t count;
77      /* USER CODE END EV */
78
79
80

```

```

67
/*****
68      /*          Cortex-M4 Processor Interruption and Exception Handlers
*/
69
/*****
70      /**
71      * @brief This function handles Non maskable interrupt.
72      */

\
\          In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
73      void NMI_Handler(void)
74      {
75          /* USER CODE BEGIN NonMaskableInt_IRQn 0 */
76
77          /* USER CODE END NonMaskableInt_IRQn 0 */
78          /* USER CODE BEGIN NonMaskableInt_IRQn 1 */
79          while (1)
\
\          NMI_Handler: (+1)
\          ??NMI_Handler_0: (+1)
\          0x0      0xE7FE          B.N          ??NMI_Handler_0
80          {
81          }
82          /* USER CODE END NonMaskableInt_IRQn 1 */
83      }
84
85      /**
86      * @brief This function handles Hard fault interrupt.
87      */

\
\          In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
88      void HardFault_Handler(void)
89      {
90          /* USER CODE BEGIN HardFault_IRQn 0 */
91
92          /* USER CODE END HardFault_IRQn 0 */
93          while (1)
\
\          HardFault_Handler: (+1)
\          ??HardFault_Handler_0: (+1)
\          0x0      0xE7FE          B.N          ??HardFault_Handler_0
94          {
95          /* USER CODE BEGIN W1_HardFault_IRQn 0 */
96          /* USER CODE END W1_HardFault_IRQn 0 */
97          }
98      }
99
100     /**
101     * @brief This function handles Memory management fault.
102     */

\
\          In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
103     void MemManage_Handler(void)
104     {
105         /* USER CODE BEGIN MemoryManagement_IRQn 0 */
106
107         /* USER CODE END MemoryManagement_IRQn 0 */
108         while (1)
\
\          MemManage_Handler: (+1)
\          ??MemManage_Handler_0: (+1)
\          0x0      0xE7FE          B.N          ??MemManage_Handler_0
109         {

```

```

110          /* USER CODE BEGIN W1_MemoryManagement_IRQn 0 */
111          /* USER CODE END W1_MemoryManagement_IRQn 0 */
112      }
113  }
114
115  /**
116   * @brief This function handles Pre-fetch fault, memory access fault.
117   */
118
119  \
120          In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
121  void BusFault_Handler(void)
122  {
123      /* USER CODE BEGIN BusFault_IRQn 0 */
124      /* USER CODE END BusFault_IRQn 0 */
125      while (1)
126      \
127          BusFault_Handler: (+1)
128      \
129          ??BusFault_Handler_0: (+1)
130      \
131          0x00 0xE7FE          B.N          ??BusFault_Handler_0
132      {
133          /* USER CODE BEGIN W1_BusFault_IRQn 0 */
134          /* USER CODE END W1_BusFault_IRQn 0 */
135      }
136  }
137
138  /**
139   * @brief This function handles Undefined instruction or illegal state.
140   */
141
142  \
143          In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
144  void UsageFault_Handler(void)
145  {
146      /* USER CODE BEGIN UsageFault_IRQn 0 */
147      /* USER CODE END UsageFault_IRQn 0 */
148      while (1)
149      \
150          UsageFault_Handler: (+1)
151      \
152          ??UsageFault_Handler_0: (+1)
153      \
154          0x00 0xE7FE          B.N          ??UsageFault_Handler_0
155      {
156          /* USER CODE BEGIN W1_UsageFault_IRQn 0 */
157          /* USER CODE END W1_UsageFault_IRQn 0 */
158      }
159  }
160
161  /**
162   * @brief This function handles System service call via SWI instruction.
163   */
164
165  \
166          In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
167  void SVC_Handler(void)
168  {
169      /* USER CODE BEGIN SVC_Call_IRQn 0 */
170      /* USER CODE END SVC_Call_IRQn 0 */
171      /* USER CODE BEGIN SVC_Call_IRQn 1 */
172      /* USER CODE END SVC_Call_IRQn 1 */
173  }
174
175  \
176          SVC_Handler: (+1)
177  \
178          0x00 0x4770          BX          LR          ;; return

```

```

157
158      /**
159       * @brief This function handles Debug monitor.
160       */

\          In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
161 void DebugMon_Handler(void)
162 {
163     /* USER CODE BEGIN DebugMonitor_IRQn 0 */
164
165     /* USER CODE END DebugMonitor_IRQn 0 */
166     /* USER CODE BEGIN DebugMonitor_IRQn 1 */
167
168     /* USER CODE END DebugMonitor_IRQn 1 */
169 }
\          DebugMon_Handler: (+1)
\          0x0    0x4770      BX      LR          ;; return
170
171      /**
172       * @brief This function handles Pendable request for system service.
173       */

\          In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
174 void PendSV_Handler(void)
175 {
176     /* USER CODE BEGIN PendSV_IRQn 0 */
177
178     /* USER CODE END PendSV_IRQn 0 */
179     /* USER CODE BEGIN PendSV_IRQn 1 */
180
181     /* USER CODE END PendSV_IRQn 1 */
182 }
\          PendSV_Handler: (+1)
\          0x0    0x4770      BX      LR          ;; return
183
184      /**
185       * @brief This function handles System tick timer.
186       */

\          In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
187 void SysTick_Handler(void)
188 {
189     /* USER CODE BEGIN SysTick_IRQn 0 */
190
191     /* USER CODE END SysTick_IRQn 0 */
192     HAL_IncTick();
\          SysTick_Handler: (+1)
\          0x0    0x....'....      B.W      HAL_IncTick
193     /* USER CODE BEGIN SysTick_IRQn 1 */
194
195     /* USER CODE END SysTick_IRQn 1 */
196 }
197
198
199      /**
200       * @brief This function handles the interrupt handlers for the used peripherals.
201       * For the available peripheral interrupt handler names,
202       */

```

```

202      /* please refer to the startup file (startup_stm32f4xx.s).
*/
203
/*****
204
205      /**
206      * @brief This function handles EXTI line[9:5] interrupts.
207      */

\
\          In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
208      void EXTI9_5_IRQHandler(void)
209      {
\          EXTI9_5_IRQHandler: (+1)
\          0x0      0xB580      PUSH      {R7,LR}
210      /* USER CODE BEGIN EXTI9_5_IRQn 0 */
211
212
213
214
215      /* USER CODE END EXTI9_5_IRQn 0 */
216      HAL_GPIO_EXTI_IRQHandler(GPIO_PIN_9);
\          0x2      0xF44F 0x7000      MOV      R0, #+512
\          0x6      0x....'....      BL      HAL_GPIO_EXTI_IRQHandler
217      /* USER CODE BEGIN EXTI9_5_IRQn 1 */
218      if (HAL_GPIO_ReadPin(GPIOD, REVERSE_Pin))
\          0xA      0x2108      MOVS      R1, #+8
\          0xC      0x....      LDR.N      R0, ??DataTable4 ;; 0x40020c00
\          0xE      0x....'....      BL      HAL_GPIO_ReadPin
\          0x12      0x....      LDR.N      R1, ??DataTable4_1
\          0x14      0x780A      LDRB      R2, [R1, #+0]
\          0x16      0x2800      CMP      R0, #+0
\          0x18      0xBF14      ITE      NE
\          0x1A      0x1E52      SUBNE      R2, R2, #+1
\          0x1C      0x1C52      ADDEQ      R2, R2, #+1
219      {
220      count--;
221      }
222      else
223      {
224      count++;
\          0x1E      0x700A      STRB      R2, [R1, #+0]
225      }
226      /* USER CODE END EXTI9_5_IRQn 1 */
227      }
\          0x20      0xBD01      POP      {R0,PC}      ;; return
228
229      /**
230      * @brief This function handles TIM4 global interrupt.
231      */

\
\          In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
232      void TIM4_IRQHandler(void)
233      {
\          TIM4_IRQHandler: (+1)
\          0x0      0xB510      PUSH      {R4,LR}
234      /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM4_IRQn 0 */
235
236      /* USER CODE END TIM4_IRQn 0 */
237      HAL_TIM_IRQHandler(&tim4);
\          0x2      0x....      LDR.N      R0, ??DataTable4_2
\          0x4      0x....'....      BL      HAL_TIM_IRQHandler

```

```

238      /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM4_IRQn 1 */
239      // if (temp1 == 1)
240      // {
241      if (TIM4->ARR == 19999) {
\      0x8  0x....      LDR.N  R1,??DataTable4_3
\      0xA  0x8808      LDRH   R0,[R1, #+0]
\      0xC  0x....      LDR.N  R1,??DataTable4_4  ;; 0x4000082c
\      0xE  0x680A      LDR    R2,[R1, #+0]
\      0x10 0xF644 0x631F  MOVW  R3,#+19999
\      0x14 0x429A      CMP    R2,R3
\      0x16 0xBF1E      ITT    NE
\      0x18 0x680C      LDRNE  R4,[R1, #+0]
\      0x1A 0xF246 0x12A7  MOVWNE R2,#+24999
\      0x1E 0x4294      CMPNE  R4,R2
242          TIM4->CCR1 = highduty;
243          TIM4->CCR2 = 0;
244      }
245      else if (TIM4->ARR == 24999)
\      0x20 0xBF07      ITTEE   EQ
\      0x22 0x6088      STREQ   R0,[R1, #+8]
\      0x24 0x2000      MOVEQ   R0,#+0
\      0x26 0x2200      MOVNE   R2,#+0
\      0x28 0x608A      STRNE   R2,[R1, #+8]
246      {
247          TIM4->CCR1 = highduty;
248          TIM4->CCR2 = 0;
249      }
250      else
251      {
252          TIM4->CCR1 = 0;
253          TIM4->CCR2 = highduty;
\      0x2A 0x60C8      STR     R0,[R1, #+12]
254      }
255      // temp1 = 0;
256      // }
257      // else
258      // {
259      //     if (TIM4->ARR == 19999) {
260      //         TIM4->CCR1 = lowduty;
261      //         TIM4->CCR2 = 0;
262      //     }
263      //     else
264      //     {
265      //         TIM4->CCR1 = 0;
266      //         TIM4->CCR2 = lowduty;
267      //     }
268      //     temp1 = 1;
269      // }
270      /* USER CODE END TIM4_IRQn 1 */
271  }
\      0x2C 0xBD10      POP     {R4,PC}          ;; return
272
273  /**
274   * @brief This function handles EXTI line[15:10] interrupts.
275   */

\      In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
276  void EXTI15_10_IRQHandler(void)
277  {
\      EXTI15_10_IRQHandler: (+1)
\      0x0  0xB510      PUSH    {R4,LR}

```



```

278          /* USER CODE BEGIN EXTI15_10_IRQn 0 */
279
280          /* USER CODE END EXTI15_10_IRQn 0 */
281          HAL_GPIO_EXTI_IRQHandler(GPIO_PIN_12);
\      0x2  0xF44F 0x5080      MOV      R0,#+4096
\      0x6  0x....'....      BL       HAL_GPIO_EXTI_IRQHandler
282          /* USER CODE BEGIN EXTI15_10_IRQn 1 */
283          HAL_GPIO_TogglePin(GPIOD, REVERSE_Pin);
\      0xA  0x....      LDR.N      R4,??DataTable4 ;; 0x40020c00
\      0xC  0x2108      MOV.S      R1,#+8
\      0xE  0x4620      MOV      R0,R4
\      0x10 0x....'....      BL       HAL_GPIO_TogglePin
284          if (HAL_GPIO_ReadPin(GPIOD, REVERSE_Pin))
\      0x14 0x2108      MOV.S      R1,#+8
\      0x16 0x4620      MOV      R0,R4
\      0x18 0x....'....      BL       HAL_GPIO_ReadPin
\      0x1C 0x2800      CMP      R0,#+0
285          {
286              HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOD, FORWARD_Pin, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
287          }
288          else
289          {
290              HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOD, FORWARD_Pin, GPIO_PIN_SET);
\      0x1E 0x4620      MOV      R0,R4
\      0x20 0xE8BD 0x4010      POP      {R4,LR}
\      0x24 0xBF14      ITE      NE
\      0x26 0x2200      MOVNE      R2,#+0
\      0x28 0x2201      MOVEQ      R2,#+1
\      0x2A 0x2104      MOV.S      R1,#+4
\      0x2C 0x....'....      B.W     HAL_GPIO_WritePin
291          }
292          /* USER CODE END EXTI15_10_IRQn 1 */
293      }
294
295      /**
296       * @brief This function handles TIM5 global interrupt.
297       */
\
\      In section .text, align 2, keep-with-next
298      void TIM5_IRQHandler(void)
299      {
\      TIM5_IRQHandler: (+1)
\      0x0  0xB580      PUSH      {R7,LR}
300          /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM5_IRQn 0 */
301
302          /* USER CODE END TIM5_IRQn 0 */
303          HAL_TIM_IRQHandler(&tim5);
\      0x2  0x....      LDR.N      R0,??DataTable4_5
\      0x4  0x....'....      BL       HAL_TIM_IRQHandler
304          /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM5_IRQn 1 */
305
306          // if the first time hasn't been captured yet:
307          if(temp2 == 0) {
\      0x8  0x....      LDR.N      R1,??DataTable4_6
\      0xA  0x....      LDR.N      R2,??DataTable4_7 ;; 0x40000c34
\      0xC  0x7808      LDR.B      R0,[R1, #+0]
\      0xE  0xB920      CBNZ.N      R0,??TIM5_IRQHandler_0
308              time1 = TIM5->CCR1;
\      0x10 0x6810      LDR      R0,[R2, #+0]
\      0x12 0x....      LDR.N      R2,??DataTable4_8
\      0x14 0x6010      STR      R0,[R2, #+0]

```

```

309          temp2 = 1;
\          0x16  0x2301      MOVS      R3,#+1
\          0x18  0xE005      B.N       ??TIM5_IRQHandler_1
310      }
311      // otherwise, if the first value has been captured already:
312      else if (temp2 == 1) {
\          ??TIM5_IRQHandler_0: (+1)
\          0x1A  0x2801      CMP       R0,#+1
\          0x1C  0xD104      BNE.N     ??TIM5_IRQHandler_2
313          time2 = TIM5->CCR1;
\          0x1E  0x6810      LDR       R0,[R2, #+0]
\          0x20  0x....      LDR.N     R2,??DataTable4_9
\          0x22  0x6010      STR       R0,[R2, #+0]
314          temp2 = 0;
\          0x24  0x2300      MOVS      R3,#+0
\          ??TIM5_IRQHandler_1: (+1)
\          0x26  0x700B      STRB      R3,[R1, #+0]
315      }
316
317      /* USER CODE END TIM5_IRQn 1 */
318  }
\          ??TIM5_IRQHandler_2: (+1)
\          0x28  0xBD01      POP       {R0,PC}          ;; return

\          In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next
\          ??DataTable4:
\          0x0   0x4002'0C00      DC32      0x40020c00

\          In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next
\          ??DataTable4_1:
\          0x0   0x....'....      DC32      count

\          In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next
\          ??DataTable4_2:
\          0x0   0x....'....      DC32      htim4

\          In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next
\          ??DataTable4_3:
\          0x0   0x....'....      DC32      highduty

\          In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next
\          ??DataTable4_4:
\          0x0   0x4000'082C      DC32      0x4000082c

\          In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next
\          ??DataTable4_5:
\          0x0   0x....'....      DC32      htim5

\          In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next
\          ??DataTable4_6:
\          0x0   0x....'....      DC32      temp2

\          In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next
\          ??DataTable4_7:
\          0x0   0x4000'0C34      DC32      0x40000c34

\          In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next
\          ??DataTable4_8:
\          0x0   0x....'....      DC32      time1

\          In section .text, align 4, keep-with-next

```

```

\          ??DataTable4_9:
\          0x00 0x....'.... DC32    time2
319
320          /* USER CODE BEGIN 1 */
321
322          /* USER CODE END 1 */
323          /***** (C) COPYRIGHT STMicroelectronics *****/
FILE****/

```

Maximum stack usage in bytes:

.cstack Function

```

-----
0  BusFault_Handler
0  DebugMon_Handler
8  EXTI15_10_IRQHandler
8  -> HAL_GPIO_EXTI_IRQHandler
8  -> HAL_GPIO_ReadPin
8  -> HAL_GPIO_TogglePin
0  -> HAL_GPIO_WritePin
8  EXTI9_5_IRQHandler
8  -> HAL_GPIO_EXTI_IRQHandler
8  -> HAL_GPIO_ReadPin
0  HardFault_Handler
0  MemManage_Handler
0  NMI_Handler
0  PendSV_Handler
0  SVC_Handler
0  SysTick_Handler
0  -> HAL_IncTick
8  TIM4_IRQHandler
8  -> HAL_TIM_IRQHandler
8  TIM5_IRQHandler
8  -> HAL_TIM_IRQHandler
0  UsageFault_Handler

```

Section sizes:

Bytes	Function/Label
4	??DataTable4
4	??DataTable4_1
4	??DataTable4_2
4	??DataTable4_3
4	??DataTable4_4
4	??DataTable4_5
4	??DataTable4_6
4	??DataTable4_7
4	??DataTable4_8
4	??DataTable4_9
2	BusFault_Handler
2	DebugMon_Handler
48	EXTI15_10_IRQHandler
34	EXTI9_5_IRQHandler
2	HardFault_Handler
2	MemManage_Handler
2	NMI_Handler
2	PendSV_Handler
2	SVC_Handler
4	SysTick_Handler

```
46 TIM4_IRQHandler
42 TIM5_IRQHandler
2  UsageFault_Handler
1  temp0
1  temp1
1  temp2
```

```
3 bytes in section .bss
230 bytes in section .text
```

```
230 bytes of CODE memory
3 bytes of DATA memory
```

```
Errors: none
Warnings: none
```